INTERESTING INFORMATION Larners, Savers and Investors



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A. N. LYSTER. Secretary-Treasurer. Industry, Thrift, Banking, Insurance, Investments

Educational Campaign

Association of Canada.

out on as career for service, found its first rear opportunity to do something The next work of the association was found in the suggestion that the agents in the direcent provinces should be required to secure a license before taking up the work of a life insurance solicitor. This was to sateguard the thic from being imposed upon by trresponsible agents.

The association has now reached the point where it realizes that with the of the men in the field would be greatly reduced, and the public optain real service if life insurance were better understood; and we pelieve the pest place begin this educational campaign is in the schools and colleges The facts stated in the past president's address, given at Winnipeg las August, are worthy of our consideration. He said in part:

'Considering the rapid increase of life insurance in Canada and the import ant part which as an institution it has come to play in the ousmess econor the country, it seems only reasonable that the teaching of its fundamental principles should be accorded some adequate place in our system of public education. Impued with this idea, I undertook to investigate the situation, and a occasion permitted, on my trip through the Dominion 1 conferred with the educational authorities in the several provinces, as well as with the executive neads of our leading universities and coneges. So far as I have been able to learn, it appears at the present time that, aside from an actuarial course pro-vided by Toronto University, incidental treatment of the economic phases of the subject in the courses on economics provided by several universities and a orief expandatory text contained in the high school arithmetic authorized by the Frovince of British Columbia, no place whatever is given to instruction upon this important subject in the phone schools and universities of Canada. Obviously the Line Underwriters, in co-operation with the Line Officers. Association, should undertake to remedy this undestrable situation. Two lines of action subsest themselves.

"In the first place we should keep in close touch with the educational authorities in each province and see to it that suitable treatment of the subject of like insurance is incorporated in new editions of advanced arithmetics as they Through the courtesy of high School Inspector J. A. Houston, of Toronto, I was able to secure the insertion of a brief explanatory text, accompanied by appropriate problems, into a new high school arithmetic being issued by the Ontano Department of Education. I have also a standing promise from a text-book committee representing the departments of education of the four western provinces, to the effect that they will give suit-able place to the subject of life insurance in a new advanced arithmetic soon to be issued to them. None of the other provinces contemplate the issuance new arithmetics in the near future, but in every case the educational authorities acknowledged the importance of the subject, expressed appreciation of having their attention caned to the omission and promised to incorporate suitable treatment to life insurance in the next editions of their high school text

Another able address along the same lines was delivered by Professor Theo dore Boggs, University of British Columbia, who stated

"We may safely assume the general acceptance of the premise that instruction in such subjects of practical interest as the theory and practice of government, federal, provincial and municipal, the scientific principles underlying the computation of premium rates in life insurance, and a comparative study of rival theories of taxation must involve mental discipline. Indeed the mental discipline incident to a course in the principles of life insurance may be much more severe than that entailed by many of the traditionally so-called disciplinary studies. Accordingly on grounds of intellectual discipline there can be no logical ground against the introduction into the university curriculum of instruction in life insurance and other like subject of practical value. While according full homage to the proven worth and honored past of the humanities, the suggestion is ventured that room might be advantageously found, in the curriculum, among the elective studies in the last two years of the ordinary arts course, for instruction in subjects of practical interest to all students, whatever the subsequent career may be. Indeed courses already are being given as a matter of course in most universities on such subjects of practical application as money and banking, taxation, statistics, labor problems and corporamics. The foundational training in the more clearly cultural studies enjoys the unquestioned right of way during the first two years of the usual course in arts. It is during the last two years of the course that elective subjects in general make their appearance. Then the establishment of a course in the principles and practice of life insurance as electives in the junior and senior years would in no essential way alter or disturb the present system of higher ducation. Such courses would merely take their appropriate place in the group of elective studies."

In an address delivered by Dr. S. S. Huebner, of the University of Pennsylvania, before the New York Life Underwriters' Association on February 24. 1915, he said in part:

"Few institutions so vitally affect the average family. The very basis of our whole social structure is life insurance. . . Life insurance should constitute today a substantial item in every family budget, just like food, clothing, rent and fuel. It is the only sure means of elim. thating one of life's greatest gambles. It alone enables a breadwinner to capitalize his value as such for the benefit of those who depend upon that bread. It should do more than any other institution to eliminate the curse of worry. Not only is it a powerful agency for inculcating thrift, but even for the person who can save it furnishes the only certain method of hedging against the possibility of the saving period being cut short. Thus the public, through an intelligent appreciation of the principles of insurance may protect itself against the loss and misery occasioned by the premature death or improvidence of its productive members. For he who does not insure gambles with the greatest of all chances and, if a loser, makes those dearest to him pay the forfeit."

Pending the establishment in our Canadian universities of professional ols of business administration, which in itself would strengthen the view that the career of business is essentially a profession, it is highly desirable, in the interest of public enlightenment and welfare, that instructions in life insurance be provided in our institutions of learning. By meeting this need the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada would in no small measure serve the general welfare of the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and may I add not without each to the pation at large and general welfare of the nation at large and may I add, not without credit and advantage to that association itself.

WHY I CARRY INSURANCE BY ERNISTINE SCHUMANN-HEINK.

Life insurance was just brought to my attention about twenty years ago. At that time my children were young and I realized that their future could best

be safeguarded by adequate insurance on my life. I, therefore, took out as large a policy as I could afford. From time to time since then I have added to my insurance holdings until I now carry \$187,000,

I am a strong believer in life insurance for professional women, whose income would cease at their death. Some of the policies I carry combine the element of investment with that of protection, so that after a period of fifteen or twenty years the policies provide a fund for the years when one's earning power will have decreased. I believe every self-supporting woman should carry insurance. For a woman with children or others' dependent upon her for support, life insurance is, in my opinion, indispensable

WALL STREET CONDITIONS.

When patriotism and shrewd business succeeded in establishing the \$200,000,000 fund to stabilize the money market during the floating of the present Liberty Loan, it was thought that Wall Street conditions would be encouraging toward a good subscription for the loan, but in many features nothing but disappointment has followed the announcement of that worthy and commendable move. Some of the money-lending shylocks did not like the prospect of 3% money, which has been in plenty for some time now, and have been seeking profits in other ways. Not the least despicable has been the aiding of unpatriotic and ultraselfish bears in raiding the market with large blocks of the choicest dividend-paying securities at daily receding prices. That they have made money, and, in some cases, big money, goes without saying, but it will always have the taint of "ill-gotten gains" to mar the pleasure of but it will always have the taint of "ill-gotten gains" to mar the pleasure of possession. There is absolutely no basic reason for the low price of some of the best railway and industrial stocks. In fact, so well assured are the banks of the continuance of profitable operation of the industrials even under Government price-fixing that little or no discrimination is made between rails and industrials in the loaning of money for carrying purposes. Now that prices of commodities have been officially fixed, attention is being given to the labor situation. High prices obtain, and still higher are urged by some lines, but the employers are recognizing the high cost of living and adjusting other conditions to meet necessitated advances in the cost of production. The United States Steel Company, after digesting the fixed prices for steel see their way to conditions to meet necessitated advances in the cost of production. The United States Steel Company, after digesting the fixed prices for steel, see their way to making a good profit on the finished product, and have led off with a wage advance of 10 per cent, while other companies are about ready to follow. The coal miners are insisting on another readjustment, but cannot establish that the cost of living is any higher than it was last April, when the last settlement was effected to their satisfaction. The railways are handling more traffic than ever before, while operating and maintenance charges will not go much, if any, higher. Present prices look unusually attractive, but, for the buyer who believes in the basic worth of the issue of his choice Chesapeake and Ohlo and Missouri Pacific, among the rails, are worthy of more than passing attention at present prices, while General Motors and some of the other industrials which have suffered unwarranted depreciation offer opportunity for reasonably safe and profitable investment. For those whose pet investment is bonds there are many wonderful bargains.

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