Bayard Sparham, was situated upon the side and slightly upon the dorsal as ect of the neck. In a line drawn from the internal border of the mastold process of the occipital bone to the centre of the supr. edge of the scapula, lay deeply embedded between the sterno-mastoid and trapezius muscles, also upon and slightly overlapped by the splenius cap. and lev. ang. scap. The anterior portion of the tumor closely approximated the carotid artery, while the posterior reached the transverse processes of the vertebra. Was over three inches in length by two in breadth and thickness.

Having every thing in readiness, and the girl in the proper position, I put her under the influence of chloroform. The steps of the operation, I need not detail. The tumor was of the encysted variety, but having evidence of an adipose nature; the latter occupying about one-tenth of its capsule, the remainder being densely fibrous and intersected within by many bands giving it the appearance of containing a variety of cysts.

These were readily communicable with each other, and were filled with a liquid resembling venous blood. The adhesions were very strong, and the attachment of the condensed cellular tissue to the surrounding parts, with no little difficulty separated. A few small arteries were divided during the operation, which required the ligature. To two or three minor ones, we adopted torsion. One of the muscles upon which the tumor lay, seemed to be extremely vascular. The little girl readily got over the effects of the chloroform, and the wound is healing admirably. Having made so many prefatory remarks, and given a full description of the case, I will now conclude, leaving it to present its own deductions.

Brockville, May 9, 1853.

## REVIEWS & BIBLIOGRAPHICAL NOTICES.

I.—A Practical Treatise on Disease of the Skin. By J. Moore Neligan, M. D., M. R. I. A., &c. Pp. 334. Blanchard & Lea, Philadelphia. B. Dawson, Montreal.

Dr. Neligan is favorably known to the profession as a writer. His work entitled "Medicines; their uses and mode of administration" has passed through two editions, and is an admirable text book of Materia Medica. He is the author of an excellent monograph on eruptive diseases of the scalp, and was associated with that distinguished Plysician, the late lamented Dr. Graves, in bringing out the second edition of his "Clinical Medicine." After a careful perusal of the work, the title of which stands at the head of this article, we can confidently state that it will add to his reputation as a writer, and accurate observer.

There is probably no group of diseases, in which the importance of a