nnl you growing from strongth $t$, and you gowng hat you will fling
atom blo mith,
out of his lair
me hemer and midious oamoable,
and turn the cavern into a holy tomplo, and Ohrist shall outer therg. Furthor, observe tho infinito superionty which Ohrisi has granted to us in those days. The Grouks had noblo ideals, but their conduct foll as far short of thoso ideals as ours does. But ofton thoir idoals are as griovously corrub. Human strongth and knowlodge is at the bost but perfeot weak. ness. But it is the moroy of God that He bas given us in the lifo of our Inal Jesus Ohriat an ideal not haman, lut divino $P$ anotice, that the more carly this ba 'm is undertakon, the more surely ' is wion, Hercules, while yot an anint, strangles tho serpents sent to slay him. Elo who straugles serpents in his youth will slay monstors in his manhood. Ho who has carly had strength ti conquor temptations will not bo so likely later to lose his self-reveronce and his selfcontrol. If in the flush of youth he has sat at the fcet of lsw, ho is little likely to rebel afterwards. And these were the truths which the Greoks succiactly expressed by reprasenting their hero in the skin of the lion he has slain. Thus in carly life men can bcst win this victery while yet they are not dominated by a corrupt preseat, and are still unbampered by a faithless past. Victory is won more easily at lifteen than at twonly; moro easily at twenty than at twenty-five; and ten thousand times mora casily at thirty than at sixty. Samson, whilo ho is young, while yet the sunny locks of his obeuience to the moral law lay in waves upon his illustrious shoulders, could meet the young lion that rose against him as ensily as if it were a kid. Mo could do so no longer after his lecks wore shorn, after his life was sullied, ufter ho had yiolded to sonsaal temptations. Whan his heart had been corruptod, his will made offeminate, his hopes dopravod, you will see him rending lions no longer, but toiling as the drudge of his enemies, the companion of slaves in turning the mill at Gaza. And David, whilo he is tho puro and ruddy shopherd, while his heart was whito as the lilies he twined round his harp-stringa, and his thoughts as puro as the dow upon thoir leave3; whon a young man, uncontaminated by the life of citices, he could fight for his lambs, and with uanaided arm overcome

## the hion and the mear,

he could not do it atter that sin with Uriah and with Bathshobp. Then the rustlo of a shaking leaf was onough to torrify him, and the crown fell from his head; he became weak as water, and fled before his own worthless son, sobbíng, barcfooted, cursed by his enomies, and followed by those dark spirits of lust and murdor. Which of us has not boen in ono way or other defeated as Samson or David was? Whioh of us can encounter that poison-breathing lion in the dark caverns of his heart, and strangle it as fearlessly as he might havo done? Hiow grandly has Milton expressed this idea that sin is woakness, when in "Paradise Lost" he gives Ichuriel's robuke to Satan, and proceds:-
"So apake the ohorub, and his grave robuke
Soyoro in youthful beaty, added grace Soyoro in youthful beatuty, added grace
Invincible. Abashed tho devil stood

And felt how awful goodness is, and waw Virtuo in hor shape, how lovely; baw and pined
Hir loss, but ehiofly to find hore observed llia lustre $v^{\text {fisibly }}$ limpaired
And again, in the caso of our first parents and their unvest and weakness after their first sin. An American writer of genius describes the first tranggrossion which he can remember. "'lime," ho says, "has led mo to louk upon my offonco moro leniently. I do not believe it or any othor ohildish wrong is infinite, as some think, but infinitely finito, but often think-had I but won that battlo!" "Oh, my brothorr, wo may bo unable to recall the first time we do wroug; the momory of your first transgresbion may bo clouded over by time, hat is there one hore who does not from his heart regret that he did not win that battle? But let us not despair. It is never too lato $: 0$ fight, nover impossible to slay that lion, or to feel that you should bread the young lion and the dragon undor foot. If the grace of Cod shows exquisitely in some soul, pure from its youth upwards, growing, like the Lord Jesus, in wisdom and stature, and in favour with God and man, that graco of God shows yet more mightily in the case of those who have been in the fight, those who have lain prostrate in the bloody contest, who have felt the fierce lion's meiciless toeth and merciless clava, yet havo sprung uj again and gathering their strength have turned rout into resistance, and resistanco into victory. Who aro the special proofs of tho irresistible love of Uhrist and of the irresistible power of God's grace? In whos's cases is the grace best shown? Not in Enoch, the Im. maculato; not in Abraham, the friond of God; not in John, the hermit of the desert ; not in John, the exile of Patmos; not in Stephon, with his face liko the face of an angel ; no, but in the Son who was lost and is found, who is

## hescusd from tie rags

and the far land and the husks and the swine and roturned to the pure, rejoicing home ; in the Magdalen out of whom Ho cast seven devils; in the harlot who washed His feet with her tears and wiped thom with the hairs of her head; in the publicsn whom Ho transformed into an apostle; in the demoniac sitting at His feet clothed and in his right mind. These are the produots of His graco, theso are the lost, torn shuep over whom the Good Shepherd xojoices; these are the repentant sons for whom the angels prrike their harps. You may bo weak, you may bo bad, you may be corrupt, you may bo

## a defeatrd man,

all your life may hitherto have been wasted. You may have sunk doeper and deoper into tho awful abyss and miro of $\sin$. Yet I would give you hope. I would fain kindle your courago. I would fain awaken a spark and rouse it to a glow and then into a clear and leaping flame. Though your sing be as scarlet they shall bo white as snow. Do not allow the devil to make you listen to those words 88 though to you they moant nothing. They are God's words to you, they are Christ's message to you, they are the Spixit's appeal even to you. Are you a drunkard? There is not a drunkard hero who may not die a forgiven and a tomperate man. Aro you dishonest? Have you for years boon making profits
by the lies and baye conventionalities of this in that profession? You can this very day amash your balance: you can molt your unjust woights, and abandon your unfair practices. Is your hoart burning with bad passions? Are you a profane person, or a fornioator'l or are you laying waste by any sin the inne: sanctuaries of your being? There 18 not one but may become stroug and pure in Chist. To some it may be there are

## sins like dava

smouldoring by day, lurid by night. But it you will put away the evil thing and seok God on your kuees; if you will summon the shamed and routed and scattored forces of your being to the great battle of God, He will so holp you that far as the east is from the west, so far from you will bo the sin which burns your heart. My brethren, bocause Satan knows that despair is fatal, he will try hard to keep you cynically indifferent or to drive you to despair. He will whispor to you that you are too far gone, that these hopes, these promizes, are for others, not for you. But 0, my breth. ren, they are for you. If you will not put them from you, then you, oven you, can still straugle that full-fed lion, whose claw is in your heart. It is a true saying, and worthy of all acceptation, that Ohxist came into the world to save sinners. To savo sinners, and therefore to savo you; to save the guilty, and thorefore to bave you'; to save the bad, and therstore to save you; and if you will take no words but His very own, take it in these: "I am not sent but to the lost sheap of the House of Israel; I am not come to call the righteons, but sinners to repentance."

At the close of the service the following beautiful hymn was sung:

## "Formahd he our Watchword."

Forward bo our watchword, steps and voices join'd;
Seek the thinge beforo us, not a look behiud ; Burns the fiery pillar at our army's head; shall dream of shrinking, by Jehovah led?
Forward through the desert, through the toil and fight:
Jordan flows before us, Zion beams with light.
Forward when in childhood buds the infant mind;
All through youth and manhood, not a thought bohind;
Speed through realms of nature, climb the steps of grace :
Faint not, till around us gleams the Father's face.
Norward, all the life-time, climb from height to height;
Till the head be hoary, till tho evo be light.
Forward, flook of Jesus, salt of all tho
Till earth,
ill each yearning purpose spring to glorious birth:
Sick, they ask for healing; blind, they grope for day :
lour upon the nations visdom's loving ray, orward, ou
night ;
orward through the darkness, forward into light.
Glorics upong glories hath our God propared,
By the souls that love Him ono day to ba shared;
Eyo hath not behold them, ear hath nover heard;
Nor of theso hath utter'd, thought or apeech a word;
Forward, marching eastward, whore the hoaven is bright,
Till tho vcil he lifted, till our faith bo aight.
Far o'er yon hoxizon rise the city towers,
Where our God abideth ; that fair homo is
Flash the strects with jasper, shino the gates with gold;

Clows tho gladdening rivor al
3 joy: untold.
Piger, onward thith3r, in J ohovah a might: Pilgrims to your country, forward into ight.

Te tha Father's glory loudest anthems raise ; to tho Son and spiri. echo songe of praise; Co tho Lord Jehovan, bleseed Mree in One, Bo by men and angels ond ess honour done.
Weak aro carthly pr sises, dull tho songs of night;
forward into triumph, forward into light.

## Mraining for Sunday-School Tracherg.

Sunday-sohool teachers and senior scholars who desirs to understand tha Bible, and to know how to teach, should sond for the circulars of The Assembly Normal Union This is a course of study contained in outlines and text-books, of which the purpose is to give to Biblo atudents and Sun-day-school workers general views of the word and the work. It may be taken by individual students, or in normal classes, the lessons being contained in the leaflets. Every Sundayschool should have a class for the training of teachers, and every teachers' meeting for the study of the Sundayschool lesson might profitably employ a part of each session in normal study. All who desire further information may address Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, D.D., 805 Broadway, Now York.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, General Mis sionary Secretary, reached home on Tuesday, Soptember 8th. During his absence he visited all the Indian misaions of British Columbia and all the white missions, with the exception of two or three which lie east of the cascades, and which the limited time at his disposal did not admit of his reaching. At Port Essington he ordained Rov. D. Jennings, resident missionary, under commission, as provided by Discipline. At Victoria he found the Chinese school and miession in very successful operation under the ${ }^{\circ}$ labours of Mr. Vrcoman, who is temporarily in charge of the mission under the superintendence of the Victoria minister. Beforo leaving the country Dr. Sutherland had the pleasure and privilege of administering baptism to eleven Chinamen of from eighteen to thirty-five years of age. It is gratifying to learn that the missions generally, both white and Indian, of that part of the Dominion are in a healthy condition. The journey occupied two monthe and two days, involving eight thousand miles of travel and the de livery of thirty-four sermons, lectures, and public addresses, besides sundry Indian councils, baptisms, etc., etc. Dr. sutherland was accompanied throughout the tour by ex-Alderman Moore who rendered excellent service both on pulpit and platform.-Guardian.

Dr. S. G. Samth, of Milwaukee, has written a very readable naper on John Bright, for the October number of The Chautauquan. Comparing him with Gladstone and Beaconsfield, he says "In varied accomplishments, and wide ranging achicvement, Mr. Gladstono is far his superior, and in versatility of gifts, audacity of action, and power over the motives of men, ho cannot for a moment share the honouts of that exceptional genius, Lord Beaconsfiold. Yet John Bright has far more courage than the one, and far more conscionce than the other:"

