# The Weekly Monitor.

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—AND—

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THE BEAR RIVER TELEPHONE

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WE INVITE readers to write for publication on any topic of general interest and to send items of news from their respective localities.

M. K. PIPER
PROPRIETOR AND PUBLISHER.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1909.


—Nova Scotia has immense possibilities as a successful dairy country, states J. A. Ruddick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, and in this opinion he is supported by many agricultural authorities. As it is important that our agriculturists should keep in the line of progress with other agricultural countries the opinion of these students of our conditions and possibilities should be favorably regarded and acted upon.

The value of our present output of dairy products in creamery butter and cheese is but $71.113 and stands lowest in the list of the Provinces excepting Saskatchewan, and is about one-fifth of the output of New Brunswick or Prince Edward Island which come next. Twenty-five million dollars a year is the exceedingly handsome output with which Mr. Ruddick credits the qualifications of our province for this industry.

The little kingdom of Denmark, only two-thirds the size of Nova Scotia, has a greater value of exported dairy products than any country in the world. Their exports of dairy products, bacon and eggs approach the almost incredible sum of $80.-000,000.

"No country can be successful in agriculture for any length of time," says Mr. Ruddick, "unless live stock is made the basis of it." Denmark had become impoverished and its agricultural industry stunted when its leaders came to the conclusion about fifty years ago that it was necessary to institute a radical change in their methods of farming. Turning their attention to dairying they began to improve the degenerate stock of the country and it was not more than thirty years ago that the butter making industry began to flourish. With the growth of dairying and its allied industries, the condition of the people in Denmark has steadily improved. The population increased from 2,172,380 in 1890, to 2,464,770 in 1901. There is probably no agricultural community in the world today which, on the whole, is more progressive, prosperous and happy, than the farmers of Denmark, and they owe their present prosperity entirely to the dairy industry. Without it, declares the Commissioner, the country would have lost a large percentage of its population and would have grown poorer every year.

Dairying does not prosper, says Mr. Ruddick, unless it is made the special business of the farmer, and the Nova Scotia farmer in general has his attention absorbed in fruit growing, lumbering or fishing. Where the conditions are especially favorable for one of these industries, "as in certain beautiful and far-famed valleys of Nova Scotia," he would not expect to find dairying methods conspicuously developed, but wherever there is waste uncultivated land there the dairying industry, by careful cultivation and intelligent methods, should yield profitable returns.

## Address by Pres. E. J. Elliott at Farmers' Association at Digby

(continued from page 1.)

and so essential to the carrying on of agricultural interests.

MR. FULLER'S GOOD WORK.

"I desire to refer to the efficient work of Mr. F. L. Fuller as Superintendent of Agricultural Associations under whose supervision our institute work is carried on. The energetic, active work of Mr. Fuller in acquainting himself with the needs of all localities and the points at which the most effective work may be done commends him to our confidence and support.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

"I come now to a subject which in my opinion far exceeds in interest all other subjects connected with agriculture in Nova Scotia—I refer to the technical education of our young men as agriculturists and the facilities afforded to obtain such instruction at our Agricultural College at Truro under the tutorship of Prof. Cumming and his efficient staff.

"The time has been when the farmer needed to raise a little bit of everything needed to bring comfort to his home and the greater the range of variety the better furnished the home and the little surplus sold was the only source of income. But times have changed, methods have changed. Competition has become keener year by year in all branches of industry and the one that succeeds best is that one that can produce the article in quantities, at the least cost, and to do this he must devote himself to one or at least a limited line of work.

KNOWLEDGE IS POWER.

He must know that his environments are suited to his undertaking. If it is the soil he would cultivate he must know the requirements of the soil for the crop he would produce. If it is fruit he would raise he must know what varieties will succeed best on the particular land which he would plant. If it is stock breeding he would engage in he must know the points which go to make up a good breeding animal. If dairying, he needs to recognize a good cow at sight—and the thousand and one things he must know which cannot be enumerated here. I say HE MUST KNOW—to be successful he must know—and he cannot afford to learn these by years of experience; he must get this knowledge from the experience of others.

SECOND TO NONE.

"To obtain this knowledge in the shortest, in the cheapest and most effective way the Agricultural College at Truro has been established. It has been styled a child of this Association and such it is under the fostering care of the Government. The brightest hopes of its early promoters have been more than realized in its success, not only as to the patronage given to it, but the college has taken character from its leader and we believe stands second to none in its line as an educational centre. Our farmers' sons who do not avail themselves of the great opportunities afforded them at Truro must be heavy losers. Our noble professions call for men, men to take rank amongst men—men better developed, working more understandingly and hence with greater success."

### MONEY INDEMNITY.

It commences to look as if Turkey would be content to accept a money indemnity from Austria for its stolen provinces. Should this be the case it may usher in a new system of international dealings in real estate, and offer a practical suggestion for the consideration of the Hague peace tribunal. When one nation covets a few provinces belonging to another, all it will have to do is to preempt them after the manner of a public corporation; then the Hague tribunal could arbitrate on the price, and the whole thing be settled without warfare or bloodshed. That is exactly what has happened in the present case, except that Turkey seems disposed to take the price tendered without any appeal to arbitration of anykind.

### GAVE TWO QUARTS OF BLOOD TO HIS WIFE.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Doctors today were elated to find Mr. and Mrs. Archie Nicholson doing well after the transfusion yesterday of the extraordinary quantity of two quarts of blood from the veins of the husband into those of the wife. Mrs. Nicholson seemingly was dying from loss of blood when the operation was decided upon. She is now expected to recover.

Thou hast great cause to be encouraged, considering the power of God. The power of God is with thee. It is bound to be thine, by His promise; and if God be able thou shalt obey whatever He hath commanded thee, so thou wilt believe this promise and use the means.—Thomas Hooker.

Repeat it:—"Shiloh's Cure will always cure my coughs and colds."

## Lose Money But Fulfill Contract

Because the well known firm of Waugh and Sproul of 103 High street Boston, whose specialty is artesian and driven wells, persisted in sticking to its contract to bore an artesian well for the Plymouth Rubber Company of Stoughton, the plucky firm lost $2,225 in money and 181 days of valuable time.

"But we delivered the goods, we carried out our contract, and that is worth more to us than all the days and dollars we lost," declared Mr. Waugh, when urged to tell about the remarkable manner in which his firm lived up to its contract.

Last spring Waugh and Sproul contracted with the Plymouth Rubber Company to bore an artesian well at the company's plant in Stoughton. Work was begun on the well June 16 of last year. Ordinarily a well of this sort takes about thirty days to complete. It is very seldom that more than a month's time is needed. The contract was for an artesian well that would supply 75 gallons of water a minute, and the contract price was $1,625.

The start-off went smoothly enough but it was not many days before the Waugh and Sproul workmen found themselves up against a tough proposition. Their apparatus struck some of the hardest sort of rock, ledges that were apparently of feldspar or some such rock of equal hardness. The formation was so hard no steel could be tempered hard enough to withstand it. Day after day the work men labored and from five to eight inches per day was all the progress that could be made on an average. Week after week and month after month the workmen were kept at the task. Expert as these workmen were they advised their employers to give it up as a bad and impossible task.

Other well-digging firms heard of the wonderful ledge of practically impenetrable rock, looked the premises over, shook their heads wisely and advised giving up the attempt altogether, but Waugh and Sproul had contracted to bore that well and they decided to bore it if they lived long enough.

On the 17th of this month, or seven months and one day from the time the well was started, it was completed. The time that had been put in on it was sufficient to dig a well 1,000 feet deep under ordinary conditions. The well, in fact, was exactly 205 feet deep and produced, instead of the stipulated 75 gallons a minute, a little more than 80 gallons to the minute. It cost the contractors $3.-250 to bore it.

## A Simple But Effective Test

(Ottawa Citizen.)

Toronto has been troubled for six weeks past by "demonstrations" of the unemployed led by a small but efficient band of agitators who acted as a deputation to wait upon the mayor every day or two to demand work for the unemployed, and to make vague threats as to what would happen if the deserving out-of-works did not forthwith get bread. The alternative was usually a demand for a hall in which to air their grievances by pouring out torrents of oratory to a sympathetic audience of the out-of-works. While everybody naturally sympathizes with the man who cannot get employment and is in straitened circumstances or actual want, these demonstrations in Toronto were not of a convincing character, and suggested that the demonstrations were more for the purpose of allowing the agitators to air their eloquence than anything else.

In the light of Ottawa's experience last year when an incipient outbreak of "demonstrations" by the unemployed was nipped in the bud, The Citizen suggested a simple receipt to the Toronto authorities for discouraging this form of socialistic agitation, which, while harmless in itself has a tendency to give the country an unenviable reputation abroad. Moreover The Citizen believes no condition exists in any city of Canada at the present which justifies imitations of starving mobs demanding bread. That this impression is correct has been proven by the simple test of offering the agitators work. It was successful here, and we are pleased to see that the mayor of Toronto used the receipt with most edifying success.

A deputation of four agitators has been at the head of the unemployed demonstrations in Toronto nearly all winter. On Saturday last jobs were secured for the whole of them, and notices sent to their houses that the work was waiting for them. When they turned up at the city hall again on Tuesday, still acting as a deputation for the unemployed, they were asked why they were not at work, when one and all declared they had never received the notice. This was too much for his worship who plainly told them that he had come to the conclusion that "Most of you people do not want work." One modest request of the deputation was that the city should build 150 workingmen's houses; another was that they be provided with a public hall in which to talk. When finally they were dismissed by the mayor, a civic official proceeded to take their names with a view of furnishing them with some more employment, when along came another agitator and ingenuously pointed out that they would be betraying the unemployed if they accepted these jobs when the others had no work. This seemed to afford a good excuse, and it was reinforced by the after thought that if they were to go to work the unemployed would have no deputation to agitate their grievances. This latter proved conclusive, but it may be taken for granted that the authorities of the city of Toronto will not be much bothered with demonstrations of the winter.


# AFTER STOCK-TAKING SALE

## FEBRUARY 1909

SAVE THIS AD. FOR FUTURE REFERENCE AS IT WILL NOT BE REPEATED.
ALL PRICES WILL HOLD DURING FEBRUARY TILL ALL LINES ARE SOLD

**Dress Goods**
All qualities colors and prices from .25 to $1.50 to be sold from .15 cts to $1.10.

**Jackets**
Ladies' and Children's Jackets from $2.95 to $15.00 to be cleared at prices ranging from $1.00 up to $9.50 (including all this seasons Jackets).

**Ladies' Vests & Drawers**
Ladies' Vests were .25 .30 .50 .6 .85 $1.10.
Now .18 .19 .35 .39 .55 .75

**Children's Vests**
On account of their being many prices ranging from 20c to 60c, these are to be cleared out regardless of cost.

**Ladies' Wrappers**
Ladies' Wrappers were $1.10 $1.25 $1.35 $1.40.
Now .75 .85 .90 .95

**Ladies' Corsets**
About 100 pair Corsets consist of Crompton's, B. & I. and D. & A. makes. These must be closed out and these are yours at half price.

**Ladies' Hosiery**
Ladies' Hose were - .30 .40 .50
" " now - .19 .29 .39

**Childrens Hosiery**
Misses Hosiery .25 .30 .35 .40 .45
" now .19 .21 .25 .29 .35

**Ladies' Blouses**
Regular prices .50 .75 .83 $1.15 $2.00 $2.50 $3.00.
This sale .35 .59 .57 .79 $1.39 $1.50 $1.98

**Dress Muslins**
50 pieces Dress Muslins, prices were from 12 cents per yard to 40 cents. We are closing these out at two prices, 8 and 15 cents per yard.

**Fancy Flannelettes**
1000 yards Fancy Flannelettes were from 12 cents to 15 cents per yard, will be closed out at 8 cents per yard.

**Men' Underwear**
Stanfields Reg. Price, $1.20, $1.25, $1.30, $1.35, $1.40
Stanfields Sale Price, .90, .95, 1.00, 1.05, 1.10
Stanfields Reg. Price, $1.75, all sizes.
" Sale " $1.10, " "
Plain All Wool Unshrinkable, 75 now 50 cents.
Striped Wool, 75 " 49 "
Men's Fleeced Lined, Reg. Price 50 cents, now 39
Also some sizes Boys' Fleeced Lined at 25 cents.

**Men's Sweaters**
Reg. Price, $1.20 and $1.25.
Sale Price 89c.

**Men's Winter Shirts**
Reg. Price, .65, .80, .90, $1.00.
Sale Price, .49, .60, .65, .75.

**Men's Suspenders**
Reg. Price, .10, .15, .20, .25, .35, .50
Sale Price, .06, .10, .15, .19, .25, .39

**Men's Gloves**
Reg. Price, .65, .75, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 $1.75, $2.25.
Sale Price, .49, .55, .75, .85, $1.10 $1.25, $1.50.

**Men's Caps**
Reg. Price, .50, .60, .75
Sale Price, .39, .42, .49

**Men's Pants**
Reg. Price, $1.15, $1.50, $1.90, $2.25, $2.50.
Sale Price, .79, $1.05, $1.29, $1.50, $1.75.

# WHITEWEAR SALE

--FOR--

# Feb. 5th, 6th and 8th

## Friday, Saturday & Monday.

### Ladies' Gowns

Ladies' Night Robes were .80, $1.50, 1.75, 2.15, 2.25
" " " now .59, .75, .98, $1.39, 149
" " " were .65, 75, $1.10, 1.00, 1.15, 125, 1.35.
" " " now .49, .59, .82, .73, .79, .89, .98
" " " were $1.50, 2.25
" " " now $110, 1.69

### Ladies' Drawers

Ladies' Drawers, were .25, .35, .60, .75, 95
" " " .19, .25, .42, .49, .69,

### Ladies' Skirts

Ladies' Skirts, were .59, .95, .98, .70, $1,05, 1.25, 2.50
" " now .39, 63, .65, .42, .69, .79, $1.48

### Corset Covers

Ladies' Corset Covers, were .22, .25, .28, .50, .60, .35
" " " now .17, .19, .20, .39, .39, .25,

**Ladies' Furs**
1 only Ladies' Mink Marmot Stole Price $3.50 for $2.50
2 " " " " 7.00 " 4.25
1 " " " " 13.75 " 7.50
1 " " " " 16.50 " 12.00
1 " " " " 7.50 " 4.50
1 " " " " 24.00 " 16.25
Several other kinds of Ladies' and Childrens Fur Collars, Stoles and Muffs to be cleared out. Any reasonable offer.

**Ladies' Fur Jackets**
Two only Ladies Wallaby Jackets Reg Price $30.00 now $15.00

**Ladies' Winter Gloves**
Ladies' Gloves, reg. price from .25 to $3.50, now .15 to $1.95

**Ladies' Night Robes**
Ladies' Gowns were .80 $1.10 $1.30
" " now .57 .79 .95

**Prints**
1500 yards of best Canadian Prints, in lengths from 2 to 15 yards. Regular 12ct quality going this sale at 8cts.

**Ginghams**
1000 yards Dress Ginghams will be placed on sale, prices were from 10 cents to 20 cents yard, going at this sale at 7 to 15 cents.

**Flannelettes**
Regular prices were .9 .10 .11 .12 .13 .15
This sale .7 .8 .9 .9 .10 .12

**Ceylon Flannels**
5 pieces Ceylon Flannels (Unshrinkable) prices were .25 .33 .36 going at this sale .19 .25 and 26 cents per yard.

**Carpets**
Union Carpets were .40 .50 .60 .75
Sale Price .29 .38 .42 .49
Tapestry Carpets were .68
Slaughter Price .49
Brussels Carpets were $1.20 $1.30
Slaughter Price .90 .98
Wool Carpets .75 .80 .88 .55
Slaughter Price .53 .63 .67 .69

**Lace Curtains**
Reg. Price .50 .75 $1.00 $1.50 $2.25
Sale Price .35 .55 .75 1.10 1.60

**Boy's Pants**
Reg. Price, .40, .50, .60, .65, .70, .75, .90, $1.00, $1.10, $1.25
Sale Price, .29, .39, .45, .47, .52, .55, .65, .70, .79, .89.

**Men's Overalls**
Reg. Price, .75, .85, .90, .95, $1.00, $1.25, $1.35
Sale Price, .55, .69, .70, .75, .79, .95, $1.10.

**Men's Reefer**
Reg. Price, $4.25, $5.00, $6.00
Sale Price, $2.95, $3.95, $4.25

**Men's Overcoats**
Reg. Price, $6.00, $6.75, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $10.50, $11.00, $12.00, $13.00.
Sale Price, $3.90, $4.25, $4.95, $5.75, $6.25, $7.00, $7.00, $7.50, $9.00, $ 9.95.

**Men's Fur Coats**
Reg. Price, $30.00, $35.00
Sale Price, $19.00, $22.50

**Men's Suits**
Reg. Price, $6.50, $7.00, $7.50, $9.00, $10.00, $11.00
Sale Price, $4.90, $5.00, $5.25, $6.25, $ 7.00, $ 7.90

**Boy's and Youth's Suits**
Reg. Price, $3.50, $3.25, $4.25, $4.75, $5.00
Sale Price, $2.50, $2.40, $3.00, $3.25, $3.90

**Boy's Overcoats**
Reg. Price, $5.50, $6.75
Sale Price, $3.95, $4.90

**Children's Overcoats**
Reg Price, $4.00, $5.50
Sale Price, $2.75, $3.90

**Children's Suits**
Reg. Price, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $2.75, $3.50, $3.50, $3.75
Sale Price, $1.29, $1.45, $1.75, $1.80, $2.25, $2.65, $2.55.

Thousands of yards of remnants of Dress Goods, Velvet, Silks, Flannels, Prints, Gingham Ribbons, Cloths, etc., will be placed on counter during this sale.

# JOHN LOCKETT AND SON