\$75,000,000 More!

quired.

To Lo Invested by Britain in | will be especially adapted for the passage of the Suez Canal. Her Navv.

Mr. Goschen Announces the Supplementary Programme.

A Report That Italy Will Bombard Cartagena.

The Czarina Forbids Cigarette Smoking by Ladies of the Russian Court -The Powers Object to American or Angle-American Control of the Philippines.

QUEEN LIL RETURNS.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani, attended by her physician, Dr. English, of Washington, and Mr. and Mrs. Heleluke, has arrived from Washington en route to Honolulu. The party will leave next Tuesday for the Hawaiian Islands. DEAD.

London, July 23 .- Prof. Revier, of the University of Brussels, who was appointed arbitrator to fix the amount of indemnity to be paid by Russia to Lieut. Gilchrist, 1st B. F. A., 183rd; Great Britain for the seizure of Canacach winning 80 shillings. Lieut. dian vessels in Russian sealing Forbes, 73rd Battalion, in 224th place, grounds, died at Brussels yesterday. MAY MEAN WAR.

The Sun's Rome cable says the Italian warships Piedmonte and Dogall have sailed from Lisbon. Their destination is not known, but it is believed that they are bound for Colombia. It is stated that Admiral Candiani has been authorized to bombard and occupy Cartagena.

THE POWERS OBJECT. London, July 23 .- The Berlin corre-

spondent of the ally News says: The powers, with he exception of Great Britain, have agreed not to allow an American annexation of the Philippines or an Anglo-American protectorate over the islands.

ROUND-UP OF BANDITS. There has been a round-up of bandits in Corsica lately. One was shot dead near Ajaccio by a gendarme whom he had just mortally wounded, two others were caught near Bonifacio after a fight, and a fourth escaped, wounded, after killing the informer who had betrayed him to the police.

TO BE INVESTIGATED. Havre, July 23 .- The maritime authorities, co-operating with the police, propose to hold an inquiry into the ill-fated La Bourgogne, and drove off by La Bretagne on Sunday.

NEWFOUNDLAND AFFAIRS. London, July 23.-Sir James Winter. the premier of Newfoundland, returns to America on Aug. 6 by the steamer Blair, 57th Battalion, 34th Siberian having completed the min Siberian, having completed the mission which brought him to this country. It is understood that the British colonial office has agreed that Newfoundland should be directly represented at the coming conference American-Canadian affairs, and the Newfoundland premier himself will be the commissioner from that colony. Sir James Winter has also had a satisfactory conference with the first lord of the admiralty, Mr. Geo. J. Goschen, in regard to establishing a naval reserve corps in Newfoundland. The British Government has not reached a decision on the French shore and

other questions. CIGARETTES TABOOED. London, July 23.—The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from St. Petersburg, which says the ladies of the Russian court are greatly upset at the fact that the czarina has forbidden cigarette smoking in her presence. The dispatch adds that the ladies have petitioned her majesty to withdraw the prohibitory ukase, pointing out that ladies smoke cigarettes at all the courts of Europe, and that there are smokers among the crowned heads of Europe and the princesses of royal blood, including the dowager czarina, the Empress of Austria, the Queen of Rou-mania, the Queen Regent of Spain and the Queen of Portugal, while, they allege, the greatest devotee of all is Princess Henry of Prussia, the sister

of the czarina. BRITISH SUPPLEMENTARY PRO-GRAMMES.

London, July 23 .- The eagerly expectthe supplementary naval programme, was made today in the House of Com-mons. He reviewed the original programme, which was considered sufficient when it was framed, being based upon the two-power system, that the navy of Great Britain would be equal to the combined fleets of any two powers. But, in consequence of the action of Russia on the same system, the government was compelled to supplement a supplementary programme, paralleling the Russian increase of six battleships which the Russia proposed to begin in 1898. Only two battleships were taken into account in the original British programme, and the first lord of the admiralty now asked the house to grant four more battleships. (Cheers.) Continuing, Mr. Goschen re-"The Russian programme provides for four cruisers. We pro-pose to build four (cheers) and also

twelve destroyers."

It is estimated that the cost of the new programme will be \$40,000,000, making the entire expenditure for the new ships \$75,000,000. The battleships

Delicate children! What a source of anxiety they are! The parents wish them hearty and strong, but they keep thin and pale.

To all these delicate children Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites comes with the best of news.

It brings rich blood. strong bones, healthy nerves, and sound digestion. It is growth and prosperity to them.

No matter how delicate the child, it is readily taken.

50c. and \$1.00, all druggists.

Passenger Rates To Be Restored

London, July 23 .- In introducing the supplementary estimates. Mr. Goschen pointed out during the course of his remarks that her Majesty's Government desired Europe to note that the proposal was not aggressive, but essential to maintaining a principle laid down: nor was Russia's action a menace to Great Britain. She had the right to build such a fleet as she thought her position re-

CRACK SHOTS

Progress of the Tournament at Bisley.

Prizes Won by the Canadians-Sergeant Broadhurst Takes the Canadian Cup.

Bisley Camp, July 22 .- In the competition for the Queen's prize, second rangs, 600 yards, Lieut. Robertson, 77th Battalion, secured 144th place; Pte. Davidson, 48th Battalion, 149th; and Sergt. Armstrong, 10th Battalion,

233rd, each won 60 shillings. Shooting for the Graphic, squadded competition, open to all comers, seven shots, at 600 yards, the Canadian team made the following scores: Armstrong, 34; Blair, 30; Broadhurst, 32; Crooks, 26; Davidson, 31; Forbes, 28; Gilchrist, 29; Hayhurst, 27; Hutchinson, 30; Logie, 27; Robertson, 27; Ross, 34; McVittie, 28; Miller, 25; Paine, 26; Runion, 23; Simpson, 27; Smith, 34;

Spencer, 30; Swaine, 32. Only Sergt. Armstrong, Ross and Lieut. Smith are in the prize list for the Graphic. Sergt. Broadhurst, 5th Battalion, won the Canada cup, a prize given by the Canada Club for the hignest ag-

gregate in the Canadian team. Lieut. Ross. 13th Battalion, is winner of the cup given by Lord Strathconna, Canadian high commissioner. Sergt, Armstrong, 10th Battalion, was presented with a case of cutlery,

donated by a Sheffield firm. The following members of the team have been selected to compete for the McKinnon Challenge Cup: Lieut. Rob-ertson, 77th Battalion; Gunner Miller, 5th R. C. A.; Pte. McVittie, 48th Battalion; Lieut. Forbes, 73rd Battalion; propose to hold an inquiry into the accusation that Austrian sailors forc-toly seized one of the boats of the Private Donaldson, 48th Battalion; and Lieut. Gilchrist, 1st B. F. A. Capt. all others. The sailors are expected Hutchinson, 43rd Battalion, has been placed in command of the team.

In the Graphic competition, Lieut. Ross, 13th Battalion, secured 23rd place, winning 75 shillings. Col.-Sergt. place; Lieut. Smith. 93rd place; Sergt. Simpson, 10th Battalion, 100th place; and Sergt. Armstrong, 10th Battalion, 117th place. Each won 60 shillings.

Adjutant Smith explains that he handed over the command of the Mc-Kinnon team to Capt. Hutchinson for the reason that he himself had too much other work.

Lieut. Smith, of the 59th Battalion, and Pte. Swaine, of the 14th Battalion, will also be members of the team to compete for the McKinnon Challenge Cup. The Dominion will be represent ed in the third stage of the Queen's prize competition by the five members of the Canadian team who made highest scores in the first and second stages. Scores in the Steward, Burt and Armorer's competitions will not be completed until late tonight.

Rain fell at intervals during the day, and the wind was shifty Some members of the Canadian team have not fired at all in some of the competitions.

During the meeting great complaints have been made about the deduction of entrance fees. If the practice is continued it may be difficult in 1899 to induce men to come over here. The winnings of the Canadian team at the present meeting are almost nothing. Some of the members have not won a cent. In the 500 yards of the Alexandra match, Sergt. Simpson, 10th Battalion, in 51st place, won 80 shillings. Sergt. Broadhurst, 5th Battalion, 65th place, and Sergt. Arm-strong, 88th place, each won 60 shillings. Members of the team are ed statement of the first lord of the at all anxious to shoot for the Meadmiralty, Mr. George J. Goschen, on Kinron Cup, believing they have no Kinron Cup, believing they have no chance of winning for lack of proper preparation.

London, July 22.-In the Queen's prize competition, Lieut. Fletcher, of the 2nd Liverpool Regiment, won the silver medal. Scotland won the national challenge coin trophy. The following C. addians won money prizes: In the St. George's competition, first stage, Ross; in the Daily Graphic competition, Lieut. Smith and Pte. Blair, Broadhurst, Simpson and Armstrong; in the Alexandra competition, Simpson, Broadhurst, Armstrong and McVittie.

EXHAUSTED

The Two Missing Children at Charleston Lake Found.

Athens, Ont., July 23.—On Saturday last Mr. and Mrs. Isaac La Rose and family, who resided at the mouth of Donaldson's Bay, Charleston Lake, went picking berries down the shore of the lake. Their daughter, eight years of age was left near the shore to care for a baby of seven months. while the family went up on the hills. That was the last seen of the little girl and her charge until yesterday

forenoon, when they were discovered in an exhausted condition by Mr. W. G. Parish. They were about five miles from where they had been left. Mr. Parish at once conveyed them to his cottage, where necessary resuscitation was given, and they were then taken by his steam yacht to their nearly distracted parents. Considering that the children had been four days and four nights without food, wandering over the wildest section of the Charleston Lake district, the preservation of their lives is wonderful. Particulars of their

loss and recovery are not yet to hand. A DINNER PILL. - Many persons suffer excruciating agony after par-taking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correc-

THE RAILWAYS

New Road To Be Built Between Brant ford and Woodstock. J. E. Quick, general baggage agent

gage Agents whose convention has just closed at Detroit. The department of railways and can als has just completed arrangements with Mr. A. M. Pearson, of Colborne, Ont., for the use of the Cleveland cylinder, a Canadian invention, which it is claimed will develop a great speed. If entirely satisfactory the locomotives of the government system will all be

for the G. T. R. system, has again been

elected secretary and treasurer of the

American 'Association of General Bag-

at Once.

fitted with the new cylinder. Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific Kailroad, passed through Chicago on Friday on his way east from St. Paul, where he had been in conference with J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern road, on the transcontinental rate matter. No official statement has yet been made regarding the result of the conference. Unofficially, however, it is stated that an agreement was reached, the practical result of which will be the restoration of rates. It is stated that a meeting of the lines will be called immediately on Sir Wm. Van Horne's arrival at Montreal, for the purpose of settling the details of the restoration, which will be put into effect with the least possible delay.

cials were in Buffalo Thursday. Among them were Edward Van Etten, superintndent of the New York Central; R. H. L'riomedieu, general superintendent of the Michigan Central, and P. S. Blodgett, general superintendent of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern. These men were in conference with J. P. Bradfield, superintendent of the western division of the New York Central, and Superintendent Morford, of the Michigan Central. The meeting was held in the office of Superintendent Bradfield, in the Exchange street station. Its purpose was to give to the operating officials an opportunity to consider the through train service and matters of the traffic department. The terminal facilities at Buffalo were talked over, and it was announced, semi-officially, that some freight yard improvements at Depew are being considered by the Central

A number of well known railway offi-

Ex-Mayor Thomas Elliott, of Brantford, representing the syndicate of Brantford, Woodstock, and Toronto capitalists who have undertaken the construction of the proposed new railway between Brantford and Woodstock, is in Toronto, conferring with the Queen City members of the syndicate regarding arrangements for an early start in building the road. D. A. Middleton, C. E., of Ottawa, has just completed a survey of the road, which traverses as fine a stretch of agricultural country as is to be found in Canada, and is particularly well adapted for railroad construction, the average per mile of cost of construction being about ten per cent less than the ordinary estimate. The new line s in length, and will afford a thickly populated part of West-ern Ontario connection with the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo and C. P. R. is expected active operation will commence Sept. 1.

BAD BROTHERS

Four Indians Charged With Eight Murders in Four Years.

Port Arthur, July 28 .- The four Indians arrested here for murder are brothers, and are named Mohawk Moses, Joseph Moses, Lewis Moses and Antoine Moses. They lived in a remote spot on the Pic River, were armed to the teeth, and had terrorized all the surrounding inhabitants. They emerged from their hiding-place to receive the annual treaty allowance from the government, and were arrested after struggle by Provincial Constable Whalen and Officers Connors and Dodds.

They started their career about four years ago, when they went for a cruise up the Pic River with five C. P. R. section men, who had just received their wages, and the foreman of whom had a silver watch, which has been found upon one of the prisoners. The section men never returned from their cruise, and so indignant became the inhabitants of the district that the four Indians erected a fortification in the woods in order to defend themselves from attack, their old father communicating with them by means

of flags. In this stronghold the scoundrels were visited by two cousins, who were loaded with the product of a successful hunt. These were killed in cold blood, stones, it is said, being the weapons used, and their bodies carried The eighth and last murder in which

they are stated to be implicated is that of a fur trader, who had been buying in the vicinity of their camp. Their arrest was made amid a somewhat exciting scene. The three policemen were on hand when the four alleged murderers, accompanied by their aged father, stepped into the agent's office to get their money. The tables in the center of the room were covered with bills and silver, and the eyes of the natives were glued to the shekels when Constable Whalen sprang to Mohawk's side and grabbed his wrists. In a jiffy the other two officers had each a man, and Indian Agent Hodder and his assistant, W. H. Arnold, were prompt with their revolvers. Officer Dodds stood at the door with a cocked pistol in hand, and Officer Connors had his weapon leveled, too. W. H. Arnold jumped on the table and threatened to riddle the first man that moved an inch from his position. The Indians showed some resistance at first, but were soon cowed into submission and placed on the next train.

SHE CAN KEEP HER BABE. Windsor, July 23. - The divisional court at Toronto has reversed the decision of the county judge at Essex, giving the custody of her infant daughter to Mrs. Mathieu, who had left her husband in the south and come to Windsor, bringing the child with her. Mrs. Mathieu is a daughter of Mrs. Barillier, of Windsor, and married Ma-thieu, thinking he was worth \$60,000.

She has left Windsor and taken her

child with her, and wobody seems to

know where she has gone. No More Pale Women Merrill's System Tonic supplies fron necessary to make good rich red blood in anaemic women. It is a positive

Is Pervading the Canadian Market.

Bradstreet's and Dun & Company's Review of the Business Situation

New York, July 23.-Bradstreet's weekly review says: Hot weather seems to have helped rather than hindered trade at Toronto, and imparted an air of activity to a market usually dull at this season. Canadian cotton and woolen mills are active. The Ontario wheat crop promises to be larger and better than last year, and that of Manitoba, though hurt by rain and hail, will equal that of 1897. Considerable is hoped for in the wool and barley trades from the coming conference between the Canadian and American commissioners. Trade in wholesale lines at Montreal is good, and the outlook for fall business generally is encouraging. Fair activity is reported at Halifax, and trade as a whole is better than last year. Though practically at a standstill now, the reports of heavy gold arrivals from the Klondike have made the outfitting trade very hopeful at Victoria. Business failures in the Dominion of Canada this week number 17, against 28 last week, 21 in this week a year ago, 31 in 1896, 25 in 1895, and 32 in 1894. Canadian bank clearings aggregate \$24,551,000-11.1 per cent smaller than last week, but 5 per cent larger than in this week a year ago.

R. G. Dun & Co. say: While Canadian

trade is moderate and in many aspects goes on fairly well. At St. John, prosmonths will be better than in the first part of the year. Shipments of lumber are moving more freely, and though ing damaged by rain; that farmers are likely to suffer and collections are slow. In all lines trade at Quebec is quiet, but collections are good considering the season. Shipments of fall drygoods are active at Montreal, and sugars are quiet, owing to high prices, and metals. oils and paints are seasonably quiet. Leather shows improvement in demand, with some large reported sales of sole to England. Cheese prices are somewhat low, and though exports are fairly large, they are behind last year's. Trade in sugar and tea is fairly active in Toronto, and leather is in moderate demand, with firm prices. Business in other lines is seasonably quiet. Many manufactures at Hamilton continue busy, and retail trade is fair, with products and fruit mode-rately abundant and prices firm. The wholesale trade at Winnipeg is fairly active, with good prospects. In general lines business at Victoria is satisfactory for the season, with some improvement in agricultural implements, owing to prospects of a good crop Jobbing trade at Vancouver is satisfactory, especially in hardware, and retail business is steady, with encourber increases, and building operations are more active than for years past. OVER THE LINE.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s review says: After the surrender at Santiago, barely week of rest has preceded the sailing of the Porto Rico force, but meanwhile the president's proclamation, opening Santiago to trade on terms singularly favorable to the inhabitants there, and the rush to build up business in Eastern Cuba, are occupying the thoughts of many enterprising firms. Reductions of one-half in the tax heretofore paid, with honest, instead or Spanish adminstration, brings home to Cuban residents the meaning of the change, and they also learn to use money, of which the pager dollar is as good as gold. which for them is a long step forward. In the stagnant midsummer season, with business larger than ever before, the great manufacturers nearly all share in the gain. There is an increased demand for woolen goods, although in some lines slow and disap-pointing, but the number of establishments at work increases, though the mills are not yet assured of satisfac-

tory prices.
With abatement of foreign needs and prospects of excellent crops in many foreign countries, wheat has declined during the week 3c, notwithstanding exports from Atlantic ports, amounting to 1,937,092 bushels, against 1,516. 997 last year, and from Pacific ports 577,775, against 89,523. Total exports for three weeks have been 7,399,259 bringing them food regularly, and bushels, flour included, against 5,194, 488 last year. Corn still goes abroad in astonishing quantities, all the circumstances considered, exports having been in three weeks 507,847 bushels, against 6,635,395 last year. The price has not changed, in spite of the decrease in wheat. The closing of some New England mills has doubtless atfected the price of cotton to some extent, and yet the crop reports are sufficiently favorable to depress prices an eighth during the week without other influence. Failures for the week have been 207 in the United States, against 227 last year, and 17 in Canada against

Bradstreet's statement: Midsummer conditions still govern most lines of trade and manufacture, but the volume of business, as indicated by bank clearances, shows little decrease, as is evidently considerably in advance of previous years at this time. A feature in trade this week is the better demand reported for wool east and west. This appearance of activity has given a decidedly more hopeful tone to this business, which, however, is not yet reflected in the manufacturing branch. Eastern wool markets are relatively the lowest in the world, and stocks held now, it is claimed, cannot be replaced at lower prices here or abroad.

Dullness has been a feature of the cereal markets. Old wheat supplies are rapidly decreasing, while the new crop movement, while in excess of last year, does not reach the proportions expect-ed. Millers complain of the scarcity of old wheat for mixing purposes, while the outlook favors world's stocks on Aug. 1, little in excess of one year ago at this time, and invisible supplies are generally thought to be heavily below those held last year. The shipping of Texas wheat to California is one effect of the shortage of supplies reported. Rather more attention is given the Klondike as a result of reported heavy arrivals of gold at Pacific coast points, and estimates of a season's output valued at \$20,000,000 are current. Rather more animation is looked for in the outfitting trade as a result thereof, but that advices from Alaska are not wholly favorable is proved by reports that large numbers of unsuccessful prospectors are anxious to get out of country. Cereal exports continue of a satisfactory volume, wheat shipments for the week, flour included, aggregating 2,303,469 bushels, against 2,910,827 last week, and 1,978,828 in the corre-Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indiges-

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BALLOONS IN WAR

A Novel Battle in Cloudland Nearly Thirty Years Ago.

The announcement that the balloon is destined to play a roll in the present war with Spain recalls the aeronautic experiments made by the French during the great war in 1870 and 1871. As early, as 1792 balloons were used for military signaling France. But, in our times, during the siege of Paris by the German troops, frequent attempts were made Frenchmen to communicate with those inside the beleaguered city, and to disless encouraging than was expected, it patch men and matter from the capital by means of balloons. In Paris pects are that trade in the next six itself, under the direction of Postmaster Ramport, a balloon post and transport service was established for carry-ing persons and governmental as well shore fisheries have a short catch as private mail matter from the beprices abroad are rather improved. sieged capital. Among the public men Unfavorable weather interferes with leaving the city in this way, M. Gam-Halifax trade, and the hay crop is being pigeons were also sent by this route to carry news back to Paris. total of 66 balloons, according to Tissandier's "En Balloon Pendant le Siege de Paris," left the besieged city, and 168 persons, 10,194 kilograms of postal in good request, but teas are somewhat matter, including 3,000,000 letters, 363 homers, five dogs and two boxes of dynamite, were dispatched by the aerial route. Of the balloons, 52 descended in France, 5 in Belgium, 4 in Holland, 2 in Germany and 1 in Norway. Only five of them were captured by the Germans, and two were never heard of, having been lost in the ocean. Of all the voyages of that time, however, none could compare for exciting and perilous incident with that of the well-known aeronaut, M. Nadar, who left Tours for Paris with important government dispatches at 6 o'clock one fine December morning. At 11 he was in view of the capital on the Seine. While floating about 3,000 meters above Fort Charenton, Nadar suddenly observed a second balloon on the Thinking it to be one leaving izon. Paris, the French aeronaut at once displayed tri-colors of his country, and the other responded by exhibiting the same flag. Gradually the two balloons aging outlook. The demand for lum- approached one another, being drawn in the same direction by the same current of air. When they were separated by only a short distance several explosions were heard. The stranger had commenced to fire shots at Nadar's balloon-the "Intrepide"-which began

to descend rapidly. The French flag had by this time been replaced in the other balloon by the Prussian colors. The Parisians, who were watching the affair from the forts below, and who now realized the true character and object of the last arrival, cried out that their plucky compatriot was lost. But they were mistaken. Nadar had scrambled from the car up the network of his airship after the first shot from the enemy, to stop

a hole made in the tissue. Presently he descended to the car as the balloon righted itself, and throwing out a quantity of ballast, caused it to rise higher and higher. Then, seizing his rifle, he fired shots with rapid succession into the Prussian, which suddenly split and sunk to the earth. On reach ing the ground a detachment of Uhlans, who had been watching the combat from the plain, picked up the German aeronauts and rode off to the Prussian outposts. Nadar then alighted in safety within the girdle of the Paris forts, meeting with an enthusiastic ovation for his victory in the first balloon duel.—Baltimore Sun.

AMONG THE FLOWERS.

Go over the garden beds daily and remove all fading flowers. This is very necessary if you would keep your plants blooming. If seed is allowed to form, the plant will throw all its energies into the development of it, and you will get but few flowers; but if the process of nature is interfered with by preventing the plant from forming seed, it will as a general thing, make further efforts to perpetuate itself. In thus thwarting its efforts it can be kept flowering indefinitely. Remove all withered leaves from the lower portion of the gladiolus stalks. If they are left clinging there they soon give an untidy look to the spike. Tie the central stalk of each dahlia to a stout support, or the plant may be broken over by a eudden wind. Give morning stout strings to clamber over; but never attempt to train sweet peas on any support of this kind, for they will stubbornly refuse to make use of it. They like best a support of brush, but they will do very well if trained over wire netting with a coarse mesh. The netting should be at least five feet wide. If the season is a dry one, water must be supplied to plants in the beds. Give it after sundown, to avoid the too ra-pid evaporation which takes place if the application is made while the sun can get at the soil. Apply it close about the roots of the plants, where it will do most good. Keep the soil loose and open. This prevents its crusting over so that water will run off instead of into it. It also enables it to act some thing like a sponge, and absorb whatever moisture comes in the shape of

If weeds were kept down well during the early part of the season they wil not need a great deal of attention now. but the gardener should make it a rule to pull up every one as soon as seen. Never allow a weed to ripen. Grass clippings from the lawn will be found very effective as mulch about dahlias and other plants requiring a constant moisture at the roots. soon as it begins to decay, dig it into the soil about the plant and let it act as a fertilizer—Harner's Regar. as a fertilizer.-Harper's Bazar.



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