SPORTING NEWS

BASEBALL.

BIG LEAGUE STANDING.

National League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburg	104	36	.743
Chicago	94	46	.671
New York	84	52	.618
Cincinnati	70	70	.500
Philadelphia	69	72	.489
Brooklyn	48	89	.350
St. Louis	46	91	.336
Boston	39	100	.281

Yesterday's Games.

Pittsburg 2, Philadelphia 1.
Cincinnati 9, New York 12.
Chicago 9, Boston 1.
St. Louis 6, Brooklyn 12.

American Association.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Minneapolis	91	75	.548
Milwaukee	88	75	.540
Louisville	87	80	.521
Indianapolis	81	83	.494
St. Paul	79	81	.494
Columbus	78	84	.481
Toledo	75	84	.472
Kansas City	70	90	.438

Yesterday's Games.

Louisville 4, Kansas City 1.
Indianapolis 0, St. Paul 4.
Minneapolis-Toledo rain.
Columbus 4, Milwaukee 2.

American and Eastern League games postponed rain.

Eastern League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Rochester	88	60	.595
Newark	83	66	.557
Providence	79	68	.537
Toronto	77	68	.531
Buffalo	68	77	.469
Montreal	67	78	.462
Baltimore	63	83	.432
Jersey City	61	84	.421

American League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	91	51	.641
Philadelphia	89	53	.627
Boston	83	60	.580
Chicago	70	70	.500
Cleveland	63	75	.479
New York	67	77	.479
St. Louis	59	82	.418
Washington	39	104	.273

HOME FOR INDIGENT PLAYERS.

Chicago, Sept. 24—Bill Everett, the former Cot, who came on from Denver with the body of Herman Long, has a plan to establish at Denver a home for "down and out" ball payers. Bill's idea is for the National, American, American Association and Eastern leagues to set aside one per cent. of their receipts until a sufficient sum has been realized to establish a modest retreat. This plan would do away with benefit games and the sale of lottery tickets, etc. Any player who had served a year in any of the four leagues mentioned would be eligible to enter the home when he had no other means of support. Everett intends to place his idea before the magnates and learn what they think of it.

THE RING.

JOHNSON TO WHIP JEFF.

New York, Sept. 24—Tommy Ryan, as great a fighter as ever lived, says Johnson will whip Jeffries.

In giving this opinion, Ryan makes it plain that it is an honest prophecy and is not prompted by any row he may have had with the big king of the heavies. In a letter to a friend he says:

"I am out of the game myself and take very little interest in the fighters, but when Jeff. and Johnson come together, Uncle Tom will be at the ringside. Don't think that just because Jeff and myself are on bad terms that I am taking the Johnson side of the argument.

"In the first place, Jeff never met a man of his own bulk and in the negro he will hook with a man who is his equal in pounds. Then Johnson is not only as clever as Corbett, but he is a punishing fighter even if he is not strictly a knockout man. He has one punch that will land Jeff—that uppercut. This is the negroe's one best bet and he will use it until he finally wears his man down. I look to see Jeff to fight himself out in ten rounds and then go down from exhaustion as did John L. Sullivan when he fought Jim Corbett."

Bat. Nelson dropped into New York today for a whirl about the town. "Nothing very startling with me, offered the Battler. "I am patiently waiting for some offer from the coast. They know my price, $10,000, tofight the best or the worst man they have. It doesn't matter who they select. One price. Hugh McIntosh is dickering with me again to go to Australia to fight Jimmy Summers. Same with him. One price. He tells me that he is going to get Jim Corbett to go over there and fight Bob Fitzsimmons."

RUGBY.

DOBBIE CAPTAINS TIGERS.

Calgary, Sept. 24—The captain of the Tigers for this coming season is William Dobbie. He was selected at a meeting of the club last night. He has been a rugby player since the game started here and is a good all-round man. In the meeting at the Y.M.C.A. last night W. M. Davidson was elected first vice-president and Dr. Sanson was chosen second vice-president. An offer was made to the club by W. L. Wilson, of a couple of medals for competition in place kicking and dropping. Voting powers in the selection of captain were confined to the members of last year's team. Dobbie, Wark and Pinkham were nominated, but Dobbie was elected on the first ballot.

LACROSSE.

SAYS LALONDE IS DIRTY.

New Westminster, Sept. 24—Resultant from the trouble at Saturday's game here in which both he and Lalonde were ruled off for the balance of the game, George Rennie of the Westminster lacrosse team has made the following statement:

"Lalonde hit me with his stick once before I got the ball, and again after I had thrown the ball. He had been doing it all the time; he is the dirtiest play in the game. He hit Galbraith before the judge of play had spoken to him at all. When he says that Tom held him he is talking through his hat. He also kicked at me and tried to bite, getting my cheek in his mouth once."

THE TRACK.

FITZ DEFEATS ACOOSE.

Calgary, Sept. 24—Fitzgerald won from Acoose in a fifteen-mile race here tonight by almost half a mile, making the trip ran an exhibition five and a half miles, lapping Acoose on the half mile track and beating Fitzgerald for the distance by a quarter of a mile. His time for the five and a half miles was 28.59.

In the Fitzgerald-Acoose race the Calgary boy cast a shoe in the fourth and stopped to change the Indian gained 150 yards.

Fitz caught him in the next lap. In the fifteenth lap just as Fitz had lapped Acoose the latter stopped and took off his shoes running barefoot and limping a little and then put on moccassins. By this time Fitz had made his lead three-quarters of a mile. At the ninth mile the Indian began to make better time and by the end of the race had pulled off a quarter mile. At the finish the Indian was almost half a mile behind. Both were heartily cheered and Acoose made a good showing against hard odds.

Shrubb who was billed all over town to run 15 miles against Acoose and Fitzgerald when he arrived in the city last night stated that the public had been misinformed. He had never agreed to run and could not on account of a bad leg. Nevertheless he managed to run the five and a half mile exhibition in good time.

THE TURF.

COLUMBUS RACES.

Columbus, O., Sept. 24—The pacing of Copa de Oro yesterday for the season's race record was a feature of the events, as was also the failure of two favoring event, however, went to Aileen Wilson. Copa de Oro's time in the opening heat was 2.02.

Czarena, another favorite, in the three-year-old Kentucky stock farm futurity, lost to Baroness Virginia in a half-mile stretch. The Canadian horse The Eel got third in the free-for-all.

MAY APPEAL TO THE COUNTRY ON BUDGET

House of Lords Expected to Withhold Approval of Bill Until Mandate From the People is Received—Challenge From the Peers to be Taken Up by Asquith.

London, Sept. 23—The talk in parliamentary and other political quarters today turned solely on the effects of A. J. Balfour's speech at Birmingham, in favor of tariff reform which, coupled with Joseph Chamberlain's letter on the same subject, read at the Birmingham meeting, is generally regarded as having brought the situation to a crisis.

The question most discussed by the adherents of all parties was not "where," but "when" a general election would be held. The finance bill will get through the House of Commons in about three weeks,after which it will be sent to the House of Lords. Within a week of that time it is expected the decision of the House of Lords will be made known.

The Extremists' Wish.

Extremists of all parties hope the Lords will summarily reject the bill, but the bulk of moderate opinion does not desire such drastic action. One course the Upper House might take is to lay the bill on the table and instead of returning it to the House of Commons, send the latter body a resonable resolution declaring that the proposals concerning the budget in the bill are so revolutionary in principle and intention that the peers will withhold their assent to it until the will of the country shall be ascertained.

It is believed in some well informed quarters that this course will be chosen in preference to other possible methods insuring a verdict from the constituencies. It is inconceivable that the government would attempt to evade on some technical excuse the issue raised in such a manner.

Will go to the Country.

Premier Asquith's recently declared eagerness to accept the Lord's challenge, which was followed tonight by a statement by Mr. Gladstone, home secretary, in a speech at Cinderford, to the effect that if the Lords refuse to pass the budget the opposition's professed longing to get the country's decision would be gratified. The government, he declared, would appeal immediately to the electorate, not only for the budget in its entirety but free trade and also for a change in the constitution of the Upper House.

London, Sept. 23—At 4 o'clock this morning the House of Commons was debating the budget and the government's majority fell unprecedentedly low. An amendment was moved to the bill reducing the proposed increase in the tax on spirits. It had the support of the Irish members, who spoke notly of the proposed increase as an injustice to Ireland and as crippling an important industry of that country. On motion of Mr. Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, the measure was carried by a majority of only 17. The amendment was defeated by a majority of 18.

The opposition loudly shouted "resign."

Later on, a motion to report progress, the government got a majority of only 15.

"The unlucky number," shouted a member, and the opposition cheered boisterously and roared "Resign, resign," until they were hoarse.

The debate on the less dangerous clauses followed and in the voting the government's majority rose again.

Black Hander Arrested in Montreal.

Montreal, Sept. 24.—Augustino Mitigo, one of two Italians who was arrested last night after picking up a decoy letter placed in response to a threatening Black Hand demand for money, received by Leonard Saora, is stated to have coifessed to being the author of the threatening letter. There is great rejoicing in the Italian colony. It is understood that Raso, an Italian, who is now in jail on a charge of killing Toni Pucchini, was a close friend of Mitigo.

GRAND PRAIRIE LOOKS FOR RAIL CONNECTION

Tope of Settlers is Railway From Edmonton—Country would Fill up Very Rapidly Then—Surveyor's Outfit Physician Returns to City—Took Over a Month to Make Trip Out.

Dr. W. S. Proderick and A. W. Babington, of Ottawa, who have been in Grand Prairie this summer, arrived in the city Thursday en route to the Federal capital. Dr. Proderick was engaged to administer to the physical ailments of the men employed by Geo. McMillan, who is surveying the 17th base line from the 6th meridian west to the British Columbia boundary, a distance of 82 miles, a work which was started last April and which will not be completed until November. Twenty men compose McMillan's force. The 17th base line is south of Saskatoon lake, and south of the magnificent Grand Prairie. When the base line survey is completed Surveyor McFarlane,who has been engaged this summer in laying out 30 townships in the Beaver Lodge district of Grand Prairie, will be able to work from this line. Thus within a year the Grand Prairie country will be almost all surveyed and ready for opening to settlement.

Dr. Proderick says the crops in the Grand Prairie country this year have been remarkably good and the settlers are in fine spirits. An optimistic feeling is everywhere evident, and the one thing needed to fill the settlers' cup of joy to the brim is the announcement of a railway from Edmonton. Without a railway the country cannot develop as it should, but with one its growth would be nothing short of marvellous. The country is there to grow crops to feed thousands. There is no doubt of this, and the Grand Prairie people confidently expect one or other of the three railways entering Edmonton will lose no time in tapping this rich and fertile prairie.

Dr. Proderick and Mr. Babington, who was engaged in McMillan's survey outfit, left the camp on August 12, travelling with a freighter through Grand Prairie to Spirit River and to Dunvegan, and then east to Peace River Crossing. From there they made the 80 mile portage to Lesser Slave Lake, where they caught the steamer, Northland Light, which carried them to Norris', on the Little Slave River. From this point they made thetwelve-mile portage to Mirror Landing, at the mouth of the Little Slave river, on the Athabasca, and proceeded in a scow down the Athabasca, 70 miles to Athabasca Landing. They waited for two days at Mirror Landing for the arrival of the steamer, Northland Sun, which, after a difficult trip, the water in the river being exceptionally low, making navigation over the bars next to impossible, finally arrived from Athabasca Landing. But Captain Barber had decided to lay up his steamer in the Little Slave river for the winter, and it was necessary for Dr. Proderick to come down the Athabasca in a scow. Leaving at 1 o'clock last Saturday afternoon they arrived at Athabasca Landing at 10 o'clock Monday morning. They did not attempt to drift at night, but made camp.

Dr. Proderick intends to return to Grand Prairie next summer to establish a medical practice there.

CRUEL FARMER'S WILL OPENED.

Brutal Old Man Killed by Woman Left Her Husband $500.

London, Ont., Sept. 23—Considerable interest attaches to the will of the late Harvey Scott, who was shot by his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Wesley Scott.

His wife, Mrs. Susan Scott, gets $1,000 and $50 per year.

Wesley Scott gets $500.

Alfred Scott, Harvey's oldest son, gets $25.

Arthur Scott, eldest son of Alfred Scott, aged 18, was evidently the favorite, as he is left the entire farm of 200 acres of fine land, complete with large barns, full stock of implements and a large number of thoroughbred horses and cattle. All told, this must be worth over $25,000.

Arthur's youngest brother gets $600.

By the terms of the will Wesley Scott will either have to come to some arrangement for renting or buying the little house and small plot of land he has had since his marriage or else move away. He stated that he does not know yet what he will do.

Wesley's daughter, Clara, aged 15 years, has been working out,and when seen by a reporter stated that her grandfather had always treated her most unkindly. Once when she was a little girl he set a big dog on her when she was passing on the road in front of his place. The dog tore her apron and a large hole in her dress.

Apparently most of the family put up with the old man's abuse for fear he would cut them off when dividing up his property.

NO MASSACRES IN KIEFF

Two Unimportant Fracases All That Have Occurred.

Kieff, Sept. 23.—There has been no massacres in Kieff. On September 7 a reactionary assaulted and beat a Hebrew in Slobodka, a suburb. Then some Jews attacked a tea house where a reactionary leader was holding a meeting, broke windows and demanded that the leader be delivered into their hands. The reactionaries sallied forth, attacked the Jews and a few persons were wounded. The Jews in Kieff knew nothing of it, although Slobodka is just across the river. Again on September 21, there was another unimportant fracas, which was promptly put down by three policemen. Similar clashes occur almost daily, but so little attention is paid to them that they are not even reported in the local newspapers.

SUFFRAGETTES FED WITH STOMACH PUMP.

London, Sept. 24—Two of the suffragettes imprisoned at Birmingham tried the tactics successfully adopted by their London colleagues to get released. They started in to starve themselves. The prison doctor, however, with the sanction of the home office, fed them with a stomach pump. After this experience the prisoners promised to take their food in the usual way. The incident has caused endless amusement throughout Great Britain, but the suffragettes are by no means phased.

BRITAIN IS SWARMING WITH THE UNEMPLOYED

One Person in Every Thirty-Seven a Pauper—Coming Winter Will Be Worse Than Last.—Casual Paupers Have Increased 75 per cent. in Nine Years.

London, Sept. 24—Some appalling figures are being published in the English papers showing the extent of unemployment and pauperism in the country. That one person in every thirty-seven in England and Wales is a pauper is the central fact in the statistics just issued by the local government board.

The year 1909 opened with just a little short of 1,000,000 persons in receipt of relief, an increase of 3.4 per cent. over the previous year. There were 145,735 able-bodied paupers on January 1, 1909, this vast army of unproductive consumers having increased by 18,486 in twelve months. The number of able-bodied men relieved on account of want of work or other temporary causes increased during the same period by 133 per cent. The total number of persons supported or assisted by the community is the highest recorded since 1872, although calculated in relation to the increase of poulation the proportion is lower.

Cost of Poor Relief.

The number of casual paupers has increased by 75 per cent. since 1900. Sixteen million pounds is expended annually by the poor law authorities, and the distribution of the local authorities has risen to £60,000,000; in London alone some £10,000,000 is expended every year on charity.

The outlook for the coming winter here is admittedly worse than last winter, when the authorities had to deal with a greater extent of unemployment than in any year since the Distress Committees of the Local Government Board took up the herculean task. During the winter of 1908-9 distress was twice as bad as in the preceding year, both as regards the total number of applications for work and the number of applications entertained. One in every eighty-five persons in districts covered by Distress Committees registered themselves as out of work last winter. The great majority of the applicants were under fifty years of age.

The Tariff Reform Cry.

These statistics are being paraded as a convincing argument by advocates of tariff reform.

"Economically speaking," it is declared, "the nation for years has been living on its capital and now is steering straight upon disaster, and regarded politically, the present conditions of unemployment and pauperism denote the failure of the Government to insure or maintain national welfare and prosperity. A decision must be made between the death of free trade or the progressive ruin of Great Britain."

Tariff reform thus is brought for the moment once more into the foreground, but there are no indications that it will be made the battle cry of the general election, which, in Liberal as well as in Conservative political clubs, it is generally agreed, will come before many months, possibly before the end of the year.

CAME OUT OF THE CLOUDS.

Kaiser Watches Airship Aiding in Military Manoeuvres.

Mergentheim, Wuertemberg, Sept. 23—Surrounded by a brilliant company, including the King of Wuertemberg, the Grand Dukes of Baden and Hesse, Archduke Francis Ferdinand, Winston Spencer Churchill, and the Earl of Lonsdale, Emperor William yesterday witnessed the dramatic appearance of the military dirigible Grosse II., which emerged from the clouds overhanging the valley of the Tauber. Those on board the airship were spying out the positions of the red army and transmitting their observations by wireless back to headquarters,many miles in the rear. The emperor was intensely interested, and watched with his field glasses every turn of the airship, which answered the helm gracefully.

The emperor spent six hours on a hill-top after the development of the first decisive engagement between the Red and the Blue armies. He partook with his guests of the hot lunch served from the Cuirassers' travelling kitchen, as the imperial automobile kitchen was unable to climb the steep hill. A crowd of spectators which had gathered were entertained by the sight of brilliantly uniformed lieutenants opening meat cans and stirring soup.

The troops are responding splendidly to the demands made on them. There have been few casualties. In spite of the wet weather, the emperor was so delighted with the performance of the Grosse II. that he sent a message to Count Zeppelin to come to the manoeuvres from Frankfort with the Zeppelin III.

Clung to Log Eight Hours.

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 24.—Three loggers, W. Morton, H. McMillan and George Moshri, leaped into the water from a gasoline launch which had exploded and clung to a log. After five hours, Moshri gave up, but the other two were rescued three hours later.

TRADES AND LABOR OFFICERS.

Congress Next Year to Be Held at Fort William.

Quebec, Sept. 24.—Wm. Glockling, of Toronto, was elected president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress at this afternoon's meeting, and Fort William was selected as the place for the next convention.

The elections were all keenly contested and took up the whole afternoon. There were two candidates for the presidency, James Simpson and William Glockling, and there was a tight contest between them, the vote standing 55 for the latter and 46 for the former.

Invitations were received from Fort William, Guelph, and Brantford for the next meeting of the Congress, Fort William and Guelph being the contenders for the honor, but the former won out with a good majority.

When the nomination for a fraternal delegate was reached, Alphonse Verville, M.P., was nominated, but was forced to decline the honor, stating that his parliamentary duties, which would open on November 10 next, would preclude his attendance.

Mr. Bancroft, of Toronto, was then elected.

The elections resulted as follows: President, Wm. Glockling, Toronto; vice-president, Gustave Francq, Montreal; secretary-treasurer, P. M. Draper, Ottawa; vice-president, British Columbia, J. C. Watters, Victoria; Alberta (left over to the incoming executive); Saskatchewan, James Sommerville, Regina; Manitoba, W. J. Bartlett, Winnipeg; Ontario, T. Bancroft, Toronto; Quebec, Fred Robert, Montreal; New Brunswick, L. F. Wallace, Moncton, executive, J. G. Johnson (McAdam Junction) and Alex Gibb; Nova Scotia, John T. Joy, Halifax, executive, H. Clancey (Halifax), George Murray (Truro) and Wm. Gregory (Sydney).

Fraternal delegate to the American Federation of Labor, Fred Bancroft, Toronto.

The congress sat until a late hour tonight in order to clear up its business. A large amount of time was devoted to a spirited debate upon the peace question, one of the motions urging that before any action is taken in connection with the Imperial defence commission the whole matter be referred to a referendum.

TO VISIT DOMINION AGAIN.

Lord Strathcona Speaks of Canada as the "Greatest Country in the World.

Montreal, Sept. 24—"You can say to the people of Canada that this is au revoir and not good bye; I hope by God's help to again visit the shores of the grandest country in the world." These were the words of Lord Strathcona as the private car Earnscliffe left Montreal tonight. His lordship will embark on the Empress of Ireland at Rimouski.

Many of those who were at the station and saw the high commissioner felt he was leaving Canada for the last time, but the message which he left for the people of Canada was full of hope. He said: "This is au revoir and not good bye. I love Canada and the Canadian people. To one who but a few years back knew the North-West as a wilderness it seems like a dream now to recognize it as one of the most progressive and prosperous countries in the world, in agriculture, education as well as in all other industries, which go to make a great people. Canada as a whole must soon be one of the great nations but mark you only as a nation united as one man in its loyalty and devotion to the Motherland and the Empire."

It must be admitted that Lord Strathcona although he professed he was well, showed unmistakably the signs of daily increasing burden of age. When he came into the station leaning heavily on the arm of his secretary he was immediately greeted by a host of admirers, who wished to shake him by the hand, but except to the favored few, his lordship was chary with handshakes and made direct for his car.

SHE IS WORTH $100,000,000.

This is Amount Mrs. Harriman Was Left by Her Husband.

New York, Sept. 24—Wall street estimates that Mrs. Harriman will inherit in realty and personal property between $75,000,000 and $100,000,000. Harriman's private fortune is supposed to have been greater than this by many millions, but there is reason to believe that his unmarried daughters, Mary and Carol, his married daughter, Mrs. Robert Livingstone Gerry, and his two sons, William Averell and Roland, a boy of 14, together with his surviving sister, Mrs. Simons, and other relatives, have all been substantially provided for in gifts of hand and trust funds set aside by Harriman during his lifetime.

On Mrs. Harriman's shoulders will now rest the management of the 43,000 acres of woodland, pasture land and fertile black bottoms in the Ramapo Valley and on the steep sides of Tower Hill; the completion of the great house on which its master had already lavished $2,500,000 without living to see it finished; and those plans of public benefaction—parks and forest reservations—which it is known that Harriman cherished, though he makes no mention of them in his will. If the estate measures up to expectation Mrs. Harriman, according to estimate, is the wealthiest woman in the world. Mrs. Hetty Green's holdings have been estimated at $40,000,000, those of Mrs. Frederick Courtland Penfield, who was Anne Weightman, of Philadelphia, at $80,000,000 and those of Mrs. Russell Sage at at like amount.

Cement Merger Stock Subscribed.

Montreal, Sept. 22—It is officially stated that the $5,000,000 issue of Canada Cement preferred stock was largely oversubscribed by 2 p.m. yesterday. No details were given out, but it was rumored on the street that up to last night applications exceeded the public offerings by about 2,500 shares.

SEMI-WE KLY BULLETIN CLASSIFIED ADS.

LOST.

LOST—ABOUT AUGUST 29TH FROM Glenford, Alta., a buckskin pony about 800 lbs., branded T5 on right shoulder and double anchor on right cheek. Reward for return or information to Alfred Bethell, General Delivery, Edmonton.

WANTED.

TEACHED WANTED— FOR SANDY Lake S.D. 645, Strathcona P.O., one that can speak German preferred, second class certificate. Duties to commence on October 1st. Chairman W. Henschel, Secretary C. Ellett.

Sunday School Lesson

(By Rev. Dr. Lincott.)

October 3, 1909.

Paul a Prisoner—The arrest. Acts 21: 17 to 22: 29.

Golden Text.—Thou therefore endure hardness as a good soldier of Jesus Christ. 2 Tim. 2-3.

Verses 17-9—Why it it that there is no class of people who so love each other and rejoice in each other's fellowship, as real earnest Christians?

Why did the Christians at Jerusalem receive Paul so gladly?

Paul told them about the wonderful things which God had wrought through his ministry among the Gentiles. Should Christians always tell each other of the victories of their faith and works, or is it liable to engender pride and look like boasting?

Verses 20-22—Does a good man always "Glorify God" at the success of others? What, either among men or angels, is the greatest cause for joy? (See Luke 15:7.)

What is it a sign of, when a person criticises or is not glad when he learns of the goodness of another?

Could a Christian either then or now, be fully led of the Holy Spirit, if at the same time guided by, or "Zealous of the law?"

In bridging the two dispensations, is it likely that God, so to speak, winked at the Apostles trying to graft the law of Moses into Christianity, or was it God's plan that Jewish Christians should still keep the law?

It is likely that even James and the elders at Jerusalem knew of the full liberty of Christ's gospel, or that "the law" was to be abandoned? (See Gal. 5; 1-6. Heb. 8:8-13 et seq.)

Verses 23-26. Did James and the elders give Paul good advice in this matter of the vow, and shaving their heads? Can you conceive it as possible that they were directed by God in the advice they gave?

Did Paul do a wise thing to join with these four men in the matter of the vow, and what he must have known to be a useless ceremony in connection therewith?

Paul in one place states in substance that he became all things to all men that he might win men to Christ. How far can we carry out that principle without being guilty of deception? (See 1 Cor. 9:20).

Verses 27-28.—What is the difference between a Christian who, from prejudice, speaks evil of another Christian and those Jews who spake falsely of Paul?

Verses 29-30—Should we ever form an opinion or spread a rumor from mere appearances?

Which generally raises the more excitement and why; a rumor of something very good, or of something very bad about a man?

Verses 32-40—What is it in human nature which makes one class or race, or political party or religious body ,so cruel against another class, or race, or political party or religious body, when their passions get stirred?

Chap. 22: 1-5—Ought the fact that Paul had once been one of themselves, and had changed to be a Christian from convictions of duty to God, to have given him favor with God fearing and reasonable men?

Verses 6-22—Is the narration of our personal Christian experience a duty, and is it an effectual way to preach the gospel to sinners, and a help to believers?

Here is a man with hatred in his heart for Jesus, on a mission of persecution to Jesus followers; on the road he sees (1) a great light from heaven; (2) he is stricken to the ground; (3) he is spoken to by Jesus; (4) he asks Jesus who he is; (5) Jesus answers his questions; (6) those with him saw the light but heard not the voice; (7) he asks Jesus what he shall do; (8) Jesus told him to go on to Damascus and he should there get full instructions; (9) he is blind and led by the hand to Damascus; (10) Ananias restores his sight and gives him instruction what he must do; he is baptised. Now what are most striking features in this experience of Paul's conversion?

Verses 22-29—Did Paul's experience stir their anger because they did not believe his testimony or because they thought it was true and that it was likely to cause his release by the Romans?

Lesson for Sunday, October 10th, 1909. Paul a Prisoner—The Plot. Acts 22: 30 to 23: 35.

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Farm Stock Auction Sales

The well-known firm of Farm Stock Auctioneers Crawford & Weeks, Strathcona, have opened an office in Edmonton.

34 JASPER EAST.

(nearly opposite Ross Bros. Hardware) For the convenience of Farmers living on the north side of the river. Be sure and see them about that Auction Sale.

Phone 3062 or 2421.

NOTICE TO INTENDING SETTLERS.

TAKE NOTICE that on FRIDAY, October 1st, 1909, the following lands will be open for entry:

FOR HOMESTEAD, PURCHASED HOMESTEAD AND PRE-EMPTION.

Sections 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, S.E. 1-4 21, all 22, 23 and 24, in Township 5, Range 4, W. 4th Mer.

All Townships 2 and 3, Range 5, W. 4th Mer.

All Township 3, Range 6, W. 4th Mer.

W. 1-2 1, all 2, 3, 4, 5, S.1-2 9, all 10, W. 1-2 12, all 14, E 1-2 15, W. 1-2 17, S.E. 1-4 22, all 23, W. 1-2 24, W. 1-2 25, N.E. 1-4, 26, S.E. 1-4 35, and S.W. 1-4 36, in Township 4, Range 6, W. 4th Mer.

All Townships 5 and 6, Range 6, W. 4th Mer.

Sections 15 and 17, Township 8, Range 7, W. 4th Mer.

N. 1-2 27, Township 7, range 26, W. 4th M.

(1). A squatter before survey (within the pre-emption area) desiring to secure a pre-emption adjoining his homestead should notify the Dominion Land Agent for the District, in writing, to that effect describing the particular quarter-sections desired for pre-emption. This notice should reach the Agent prior to the land becoming available for entry. The Agent will reserve such quarter-section for the respective squatters for fifteen days from the date upon which such lands were available for entry, according to advertisement.

(2). In case a bona fide squatter before survey fails to notify the Agent before the date when the land becomes available for entry according to the advertisement, then the Agent shall reserve one quarter-section adjoining the quarter squatted upon, and the squatter will be given fifteen days within which to make pre-emption entry for the same.

Plan of any Township above mentioned may be obtained from the Secretary, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada. Price 10 cts.

For further particulars as to the available lands apply to the Agent of Dominion Lands, Lethbridge, Alberta.

J. W. STAFFORD,
Agent of Dominion Lands.

Dated at Lethbridge, 31st August, 1909.

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Westbank, B.C.

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