

THE CARBONEAR HERALD,

AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE

Vol. 2

CARBONEAR, NEWFOUNDLAND, MAY 27, 1880.

No. 1

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

AND
OUTPORT TELEPHONE,
Is Printed and Published from the
Office, west of the Post and Telegraph
Offices, Water Street, Carbonear, every
Thursday Morning.

Terms - - - \$3.00 Per Annum
(Payable half-yearly in advance.)

Advertising Rates.
Fifty cents per inch for first inser-
tion, one-third of the above for each
continuation. Standing Advertisements
inserted monthly, quarterly,
half-yearly or yearly on the most
reasonable terms.

Parties at St. John's having busi-
ness transactions with the "Herald,"
may communicate directly with

J. A. ROCHFORD,

Editor, St. John's
All communications for the "Her-
ald" to be addressed to the Proprietor
and Publisher,

E. J. BRENNAN,
Herald Office, Water St.,
Carbonear, Nfld.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW LANDING

Ex Lady Bird and Harriet from New
York.

100 Barrels Choice EJM PORK,
50 Barrels Lard,
40 Barrels Packet BEEF
25 Barrels ditto ditto
45 Barrels BEEF CUTTINGS
10 Barrels HAMS

J. & T. HEARN.

TERRA NOVA MAR BLEWWORKS

West corner of Duckworth St
East, St John's.

OPPOSITE STAR OF THE SEA HALL

JOHN SKINNER,

Manufacturer of
Monuments, Tombs, Grave
Stones, Counter Tops,
and Table Tops, &c.

All orders in the above line execu-
ted with neatness and despatch from
the latest English and American
designs.

AGENCY CARD.

The undersigned thankful for pa-
vours informs his friends and the
trade, that he continues to manage the
Collection of Debts due by persons resid-
ing in Conception Bay District, New
foundland. Security for future pay-
ment taken by mortgage on property or
otherwise. Holding commissions as
Notary Public, Commissioner Supreme
Court, and Land Surveyor, business
under these heads carefully attended to.
Plans of Land taken.

Inquiries made—questions answered
All business considered confidential. No
greater publicity than necessary given
to any matter.

The proprietor of any newspapers
copying this card will have his news-
paper bills collected as payment for
yearly insertions in the paper and copy
paper sent to my address.

G. W. R. HIERLIHY.

NOTICE.

The Savings' Bank will henceforth
be open to depositors upon every day
of the week at the usual hours.

Savings' Bank, Athanaeum Build-
ing, 20th April, 1880.

A CARD.

T. W. SPRY,
Notary Public,
"EXPRESS" BUILDINGS,
ST. JOHN'S, Nfld.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION.

The Pills Purify the Blood, correct all
disorders of the Liver, Stomach Kid-
neys and Bowels, and are invaluable in
all complaints incidental to Females.
The OINTMENT is the only reliable re-
medy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores,
and Ulcers, of however long standing.
For Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Coughs,
Colds, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin
Diseases it is no equal.

BEWARE OF AMERICAN COUNTERFEITS

I most respectfully take leave to call
the attention of the Public generally to
the fact, that certain Houses in New
York are sending to many parts of the
globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of my
Pills and Ointment. These frauds
bear on their labels some address in
New York.

I do not allow my medicines to be
sold in any part of the United States.
I have no Agents there. My Medi-
cines are only made by me, at 533 Ox-
ford Street London.

In the books of directions affixed to
the spurious make is a caution, warning
the Public against being deceived by
counterfeits. Do not be misled by this
audacious trick, as they are the coun-
terfeits they pretend to denounce.

These counterfeits are purchased by
unprincipled Vendors at one half the
price of my Pills and Ointment, and re-
sold to you as my genuine medicines.

I most earnestly appeal to that sense
of justice which I feel sure I may ven-
ure upon asking from all honorable
persons, to assist me, and the Public, as
far as may lie in their power, in de-
nouncing this shameful Fraud.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine
Medicine, bears the British Govern-
ment Stamp, with the words "HOLLO-
WAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, LONDON"
engraved thereon. On the label is the
address, 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON
where alone they are manufactured.
Holloway's Pills and Ointment bearing
any other address are counterfeits.

The Trade Marks of these Medicines
are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any
one throughout the British Possessions
who may keep the American Counter-
feits for sale, will be prosecuted.

Signed THOS HOLLOWAY,
533, Oxford Street, London.

NEW GARDEN SEEDS

JUST RECEIVED,

AT THOMPSON'S,

MEDICAL HALL,
HARBOR GRACE.

April 29. 1m.

SEEDS. SEEDS.

Cabbage—Enfield Market, Early Dwarf
and York, Drumhead Savoy and Wheel-
ers Imperial.
Carrot—Altringham Belgian.
Parsnip—Hollowed Crow d.
Rutabaga—French Breakfast (mixed).
Turnip—Golden Ball and Snow Ball
Bangholm Swede.

A variety of FLOWER SEEDS
Also some of Nichol's Champions PO-
TATOES.

For sale by
THOMAS CULLEN.

FOR 1880 FISHERIES.

We are prepared to supply to any
extent, made from best New Orleans
Cotton and hard laid TWINE—the
very best—all our STANDARD NETS
for Herring, Cod, Caplin and Lance
SEINES, put together—Roped, Corked
and Leadid in the most approved
manner.

AMERICAN NET & TWINE Co.
81. Boston.

JOHN CASEY,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
WATER STREET—156.

Harbor Grace,
(OPPOSITE POST OFFICE)

All orders in the above line
promptly attended to.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY, April 7.

(Continued.)

it be carried out effectually and economi-
cally and without any undue pressure
upon the fiscal resources of the colony.

Mr. Green—The subject before the
House is of very grave importance, per-
haps the most important that was ever
brought under the consideration of this
legislature. Notwithstanding that his
colleagues in the representation of Twil-
lingate and Fogo were at issue with him
upon this question, and notwithstanding
that it obtained the almost unanimous
support of the House he still felt it his
duty, as a representative, to expose his
individual opinion upon it. He was not
prepared at present to assume the re-
sponsibility of supporting this scheme.
He believed that the construction of a
work of such magnitude was not within
the means of the colony. Should the
imperial guarantee be obtained (and he
earnestly hoped that they would obtain
it) and should they succeed in the suc-
cessful accomplishment of the under-
taking, no one would feel more proud of
it than himself, and no one would feel
more proud of it than himself, and no
one would be more willing to accord all
the work to those who were courageous
enough to initiate it.

Mr. Tessier was glad that one hon.
member of the Government side had the
courage to come forward and express his
opinion upon this subject. He believed
with the hon. member who had just sat
down, that this gigantic undertaking is
not within our means. It is a serious
matter for us to grapple with, looking at
the fact that the beneficial results, if any,
will not necessarily be very far distant.
This must be considered as essentially a
visiting country. He feared very much
that the amount sought for the comple-
tion of this work would be doubled, the
interest of which cannot be raised upon
the credit of the colony. The conse-
quence will be the casting the country
into such a mass of debt as it will
never be able to extricate itself from.
He fully endorsed the remarks of the hon.
and learned member, Mr. Currier, and
very much doubted the success of the
undertaking.

The Bill was then read a second time.
Ordered to be submitted to a Committee
of the Whole on to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. Winter explained that the
object of this Bill was to assimilate the
law of this country to that of England in
relation to civil remedies for the wrong-
ful infringement of trade marks. When
our advances in local manufactures came
the adoption of particularly to distinguish
their wares, and it had already happened
that in some cases these trade marks had
been fraudulently imitated. The present
Bill was designed to provide a remedy.
It also contained provisions for the
protection of purchasers against parties
selling goods, the marks upon which
were fraudulent or spurious.

The Bill was then read a second time;
to be committed to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. Winter said that this Bill was
intended to rectify an error which had
occurred in relation to the time when the
Out-Court of Revision of the Water Com-
pany appraisal was held, and to carry
into effect the intention of the Law in
bringing the assessments under the new
appraisal into force from the 1st day
of January last.

The Bill was then read a second time;
to be committed to-morrow.

On motion the House then adjourned
till to-morrow at half past three o'clock.

FRIDAY, April 9.

The House opened at 3 o'clock pur-
suant to adjournment.

Mr. O'Mara presented several peti-
tions from the inhabitants of Torbay and
Pouch Cove, praying for grants of money
to repair local roads in these settle-
ments.

Third reading Railway Construction
Bill.

Upon motion of the hon. Attorney
General, the Bill was read a third time.
Ordered to be taken to the hon.
Legislative Council for their concurrence
by the hon. the Attorney General and
Mr. Little.

Third reading Trademarks Bill.

Upon motion of the hon. Mr. Winter
the Bill was read a third time.
Ordered to be taken to the hon. the
Legislative Council for their concurrence
by the hon. Mr. Winter and Mr. Parsons.

Third reading of Water Assessment
Bill.

Upon motion of the hon. Mr. Winter
the Bill was read a third time.

Ordered to be taken to the hon. the
Legislative Council by the hon. Mr.
Winter and O'Mara.

Hon. Mr. Shea drew attention to the
fact that an address on the petition for
a light house on Bay Roberts Point, of
which he had given notice, had been
adopted in the ordinary form on motion
of his hon. colleague Capt. Dawe. That
is the usual course where nothing of a
special character was intended. But this
address did not belong to the category
of those that are merely sent up for
presentation to be got rid of or in obedi-
ence to a prescribed form. He (hon.
A. S.) had authority to move in this
matter with a view to its being carried

into immediate practical effect. He
would therefore ask that the address be
read. The address having been accord-
ingly read, was upon motion adopted.

The House then adjourned till Monday
next, at 3 o'clock.

April 9.

The house met at half past three
o'clock.

Mr. Dawe presented a petition from
the inhabitants of Bay Roberts, praying
for the appointment of a stipendiary
magistrate. The settlement was an im-
portant one, having necessarily a large
amount of business. Any disputes aris-
ing had to be settled at a distance of
nine miles distant. He trusted some
satisfactory arrangement would be made.

Hon. Mr. Shea regarded the petition
as deserving consideration. He thought
that without the appointment of a spe-
cial stipendiary magistrate an arrange-
ment might be made with Judge Bonnet
that would be satisfactory to all parties.
He trusted the prayer of the petitioners
would commend itself to the special con-
sideration of the Government. He (hon.
Mr. S.) regarded it as of such importance
that he intended moving an address to
his Excellency the Governor thereon.

The house then resolved itself into
committee of the whole on the Railway
Loan Bill.

Mr. Watson in the chair.
Hon. Attorney General moved the read-
ing of the first section.

Mr. Parsons was in favour of the build-
ing of a railway because he believed it
would benefit the people of the country.
It would give them employment and put
money in circulation. Moreover, he
wanted to see the railway under way at
once. If he thought it would be the
means of unfairly taxing the people, or
would put Newfoundland into confu-
sion, he would be the last man in the
house to vote in favour of it. Upon the whole
he thought many different opinions were
expressed, but comparative unanimity
prevailed within the house as to the
benefits that would be conferred upon
the successful completion of such a
great work. We were in possession of
a valuable country, valuable for its fish-
eries, for its mines, and undeveloped
resources. If a railway connected the
extreme points with St. John's the capital
in a few hours, it would be the means of
developing the country. The market in
St. John's might be largely supplied
with farm produce that we were now
compelled to import. There were fertile
tracts of country in the bottoms of our
great bays, and the great drawback to
the efforts of agriculturists there was
the difficulty of getting their produce to
market. But admitting all the advan-
tages, if the matter were to be a Govern-
ment job he would oppose it. There was
a section in the Bill providing for the
appointment of five commissioners as a
Board of Directors. Here was an oppor-
tunity for some of our hon. members
of the Government. Already a secre-
tary had been appointed, with no doubt
a handsome salary. Now what work had
the directors to do before their appoint-
ment that required the appointment of
a secretary? It had been said by some
parties that this railway was simply an
election dodge, and that after the next
general election it would be abandoned.
A false rumor must tend to make
parties suspicious of the real motives of
the Government. He (Mr. P.) had on
former occasions honestly opposed what
he considered to be a gain as upon the
part of the government, which must act
prejudicially to the general interests of
the community. He believed in the rail-
way enterprise if it were carried out
honestly and with prudence, therefore
he would support it.

Mr. Rountree—So much had already
been said upon the subject before the
chair both in the discussions of the
railway resolutions and upon the meas-
ure itself that he felt it merely neces-
sary to express his entire concurrence
in the views of those who like himself
are anxious for the completion of this
important undertaking as far as he was
personally concerned the Bill had his
entire support but the section referring
to the appointment of commissioners
would have to perform as it was acknow-
ledged by the hon. the introducer of
the Bill that a survey of the route, and
other preliminary acts, would be neces-
sary before the actual work of const-
ruction began. These preliminary steps
could be undertaken by the executive,
and if necessary when the legislature
again met, a board of directors or com-
missioners could be defined by this
House which would then be in a posi-
tion to speak more definitely upon the
subject. He was glad to see the mark-
ed unanimity existing in the House
upon this matter. Unanimity which
argued well for the successful accom-
plishment of the project. He trusted
that the benefits which all concerned
have the interest of the country.
See fourth page.