THE MONTREAL COURIER.

Price Two-Pence.] MORNING EDITION—MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1851. [Vol. XVII.—New Series, No. 313.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

THE Undersigned have received their annual supply of ENGLISH and AMERICAN GARDEN SEEDS, comprising in part many approved varieties

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
194 and 196, St. Paul Street.

March 21, 1851. 308

GARDEN SEEDS.

2000 LBS. LARGE RED CLOVER SEED, positively raised in Vermont

1000 lbs. Red Dutch Clover Seed
5000 lbs. Ordinary Red Clover Seed
200 minots Clean Scraped Timothy, &c., &c.

For Sale low, by

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
194 and 196, St. Paul Street.

March 21, 1851. 309

INDIA RUBBER GLOVES.

A FRESH Supply of Superior Wool-Lined INDIA RUBBER DRIVING GLOVES.

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
Drug Warehouse, 194 & 196, St. Paul Street.

December 23. 271

HEALTHY SWEDISH LEECHES.

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
194 & 196, St. Paul Street.

December 23. 271

ARTIFICIAL LEECHES.

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
Corner St. Paul & St. Nicholas Streets.

December 23. 271

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

THE attention of the TRADE is called to a superior assortment of the celebrated TURKISH BLACK SALVE, just received, and in Lots to suit Purchasers.

For Sale by

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
Wholesale Drug Store, St. Paul Street.

September 23. 216

GENUINE ERVALENTA,
FOR CHRONIC CONSTIPATION.

THE Undersigned, at the request of parties acquainted with the virtues of this remedy, have obtained a further supply, and will warrant the article to be the GENUINE FRENCH ERVALENTA. Sold in *sealed packets* of 14 lbs. each.

WILLIAM LYMAN & Co.,
Prize Medicine Warehouse,
194 & 196, St. Paul Street.

December 23. 271

PRIZE MEDICINES.

Drug Warehouse, 194 & 196, St. Paul Street.

MESSRS. WILLIAM LYMAN & Co., having received the FIRST PRIZE and DIPLOMA for "MEDICINAL SUBSTANCES" at the recent Provincial Industrial Exhibition, have on Sale a large and complete Stock of GENUINE DRUGS and MEDICINES, and other articles of family consumption, which will be Sold low, for cash, or approved credit.

December 23. 271

NEW PERFUMES.

JUST RECEIVED from LUBIN, of Paris, a supply of the following choice PERFUMES;

Extracts Bouquet Jenny Lind
Jockey Club
Marechale
Patouly
Foin d'Odeur
Violette
Bouquet d'Caroline
Rose
Millefleur
&c., &c.

—ALSO,—

Lubin Bandoline
Cere a Moustache
&c., &c.

S. J. LYMAN & Co.,
Place d'Armes.

Montreal, Oct. 16, 1850. 235

DR. PHELPS' TRUSSES.

NO better proof can be given of the superior excellence of Dr. PHELPS' TRUSSES than their rapidly increasing sale. Orders are daily received from all parts of the United States and British America, together with testimonials of the most decisive character. These TRUSSES are at once easy to be worn, convenient, durable, and afford immediate relief.

Agents for Montreal,

S. J. LYMAN & Co.,
Place d'Armes.

November 11, 1850. 253

MEDICAL HALL.

JUST RECEIVED and FOR SALE:—

Hecker's Farina
French Gelatine
Genuine Bermuda Arrow Root
Tapioca
Pearl Sago

—ALSO,—

Orange and Raspberry Gum Drops
Liverwort Paste
Jujube Paste,
&c., &c., &c.

ALEX. URQUHART.

November 18, 1850. 256

MEDICAL HALL.

JUST RECEIVED and FOR SALE:—

25 boxes Citron Peel (a superior article.)

ALEXANDER URQUHART.

November 23. 261

MEDICAL HALL.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., &c., just received, and for Sale:—

Dissecting Instruments
Pocket Instruments
Brass and White Metal Patent Enema Syringes
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Respirators, &c., &c.

ALEX. URQUHART.

November 20, 1850. 257

STOVES! AXES!! SCALES!!! &c.

Montreal Foundry and City Works.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Public that he has OPENED

A WARE-ROOM

In *McGill Street, (DeWitt's Buildings,)* Where may be seen Samples of his Manufactures of CASTINGS, Cooking, Parlour, Fancy, and Plain Box, Single and Double STOVES;

American Cooking Stoves of the latest and best pattern, selected by himself;

Coal and Coke Stoves, in great variety.

Parlour, Nursery, and Office Stoves, both for wood and coals.

Warranted Axes, of his own manufacture;

American Axes, of M. White, Cohoes, "said to be superior to the "Simmons" Axe.

Patent Portable Platform Scales, from 250 lbs to 3000 lbs;

Dormant Platform Scales, made to order, of any required draft, suited for Hay, Forwarders, Railroads, &c., &c., either of Iron or Wood Levers, warranted durably correct.

Orders for CASTINGS, REPAIRS, &c., will be received at the Office of the Foundry, and executed with neatness and dispatch, at very low rates.

C. P. LADD,
William Street.

October 8, 1850. 228

NEW YORK
PROTECTION FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN STAYKER, Esq.....President.
JESSE MATTESON, Esq.....Vice-President.
GEORGE R. THOMAS, Esq.....Treasurer.
T. JONES, Jun., Esq.....Secretary.

ELON COMSTOCK, Esq., General Agent, Rome, N. Y.

AGENTS.

Jas. Wright, Esq., 60, Wall Street, New York.
Oliver Brewster, Esq., 4, State Street, Boston.

BANKERS.

Hon. Washington Hunt, Governor Elect, State of New York.
Hon. Horatio C. Seymour.
Erastus Corning, Esq., President City Bank, Albany.

PROMPT adjustment and payment of LOSSES, combined with fair rates of Premium, have entitled this Corporation to rank among the first of similar Institutions in the United States.

The Undersigned will give immediate personal attention to applications for INSURANCE against FIRE on every description of Property, either in Town or Country.

M. H. GAULT,
Agent.

Office—College Street, first door from McGill Street.

N. B.—STEAM and CANAL BOATS, in Dock or Repairing, INSURED.

Montreal, January 8, 1851. 278

NORTHERN (OGDENSBURGH) RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

CHANGE OF HOURS!

ON and after THURSDAY, December 26th, 1850, TRAINS will run as follows:—

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Ogdensburgh at 8 o'clock, A. M.; arrives at Rouse's Point at 4, P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Ogdensburgh at 2, P. M.; arrive at Rouse's Point at half-past 7, P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Rouse's Point at 8, A. M.; arrives at Ogdensburgh at half-past 1, P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Rouse's Point at 1, P. M.; arrives at Ogdensburgh at 8, P. M.

CHARLES L. SCHLATTER,
Superintendent.

December 24, 1850. 280

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

RUTLAND & BURLINGTON RAIL-ROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS.

TWO TRAINS DAILY TO BOSTON, TROY AND NEW YORK!

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JANUARY 6th, 1851,
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves BURLINGTON at EIGHT o'clock, A. M.
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves BURLINGTON at a QUARTER PAST TWELVE o'clock, P. M.

Passengers taking EXPRESS TRAIN will connect at Rutland with Railroad to Troy—arriving at 3, P. M., thence by Cars to New York City, arriving at 11.30, P. M., *of same day.* Also connecting at Rome with Ashuelot Railroad—thence on Springfield to New York City, arriving at 11.30, P. M., *of same day.* Also connecting at Pittsford with Railroad to Worcester—thence by Cars to Albyn's Point and New York City, arriving at 5. A. M., *of following day.* Passengers for Boston will arrive at 6, P. M., *same day.*

Passengers taking ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will connect at Rutland with Cars to Troy, arriving at 7, P.M., *same day*—or to Schenectady, arriving in season to take EVENING EXPRESS TRAIN from Albany to Buffalo—or lodging at Rome, connect at 7.30, A. M., with Ashuelot R. R., thence on Springfield to New York City, arriving at 4.30, P. M., of following day—or at Pittsford with Train to Worcester. Passengers for Boston will arrive at 3, P. M., following day.

Passengers from Montreal will take Stage at Montreal for Plattsburgh and lodge—arriving at Burlington per Steamer *Samoa* from Plattsburgh in season to take the Express Train at 8, A. M.—thence through to Boston at 6, P. M., or to New York, with choice of routes, at 11.30, P. M., of same day, being the shortest and quickest route, New York City, or intermediate Stations.

Ample time at Bellows' Falls for Dinner each way.

Tickets to Boston, Lowell, Worcester, Springfield, or to New York City by any of the above routes—or to Troy, Albany, Schenectady, Buffalo, and intermediate Stations, can be procured of R. B. LOANE, Agent, 16, McGill Street, Montreal. L. BIGELOW, Superintendent.

January 27, 1851. 288

FARE REDUCED.

1851. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1851.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

MONTREAL, PRESCOTT, KINGSTON, AND TORONTO.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public, that the arrangements of this Line are now completed, and trusts that they will continue to warrant a continuance of that patronage so long and so liberally bestowed on him.

AN ACCOMMODATION LINE has been established between COBOURG and TORONTO, the connection with the Mail Line, leaving both places EVERY MORNING at EIGHT o'clock, giving Passengers the privilege of remaining one night at Cobourg, and proceeding by the Accommodation Line the following Morning, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE—the Fare being reduced to an unusually low rate, and being provided with comfortable and commodious COVERED STAGES, renders the Mail Line unequalled for cheapness and comfort.

RATES OF FARE.

Montreal to Prescott, and vice versa.....$ 5
Montreal to Kingston, and vice versa..... 7 6
Montreal to Cobourg, and vice versa..... 12
Montreal to Toronto, and vice versa..... 15

The Stage leaves as follows:—

UPWARDS.

Leaves Montreal daily, Sundays Excepted, at 10 o'clock, and on Sundays at 10½ o'clock, A. M., arriving at Prescott at 7 o'clock the following Morning, and Kingston at 5 o'clock in the Afternoon; leaves Kingston at 7 o'clock, A. M., arriving at Toronto the following day at Noon.

DOWNWARDS.

Leaves Toronto daily at 8 o'clock, P. M., arriving at Kingston the following Night at 11 o'clock; leaves Kingston at 3 o'clock, A. M., arriving at Prescott at 6 o'clock same Evening, and Montreal the following Afternoon at 2 o'clock.

EXTRAS furnished at short notice, on reasonable terms.

AGENTS.

Alexander Milne.....Montreal.
Charles Greenwood.....Kingston.
Lorenzo R. Waller.....Toronto.

WM. WELLER,
Proprietor.

Urgent Express Brass Orders,
40, McGill Street.

Montreal, January 6, 1851. 275

DAGUERREOTYPE.

MR. DOANE begs respectfully to acquaint his friends and the public that, by the aid of a recent improvement, he is enabled to take Pictures almost instantaneously, so that the expression of the countenance may be retained more accurately than by a long sitting. Children may be taken with much more certainty than heretofore.

He has for sale a large supply of Daguerreotype material, including a quantity of the finest French Plates, lately imported from France. Also Buffs for taking instantaneous Pictures.

August 29, 1850. 178

BRITISH COMMERCIAL
Life Assurance Company,
Established in 1820, and empowered by Act of Parliament,
FOR THE INSURANCE OF LIVES, ANNUITIES AND ENDOWMENT OF CHILDREN, &c.

LONDON, NEW YORK, AND MONTREAL.

CAPITAL, $2,000,000.

Trustees

John Cathcart, Esq. | Sebastian C. Martinez, Esq.
John Cruz, Esq. | Esq.

Local Directors for Montreal.

Sir Rodrick Alexander, Bart.
Thomas Benson, Esq.
John Cattlet, Esq.
Rev. Wm. Fallowfield, M. A.
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Sebastian C. Martinez, Esq.
Archibald Paul Patton, Esq.
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George R. Weatherhead, M. D.

Managing Director.—Ebenezer Fernie, Esq.

Secretary.

Mr. Francis P. Sandeman.

Medical Examiner.

G. D. Gale, M. D., 48, Craig Street.

Bankers.

Messrs. Glyn, Halifax, Mills & Co.

THIS COMPANY, which has been established 30 years, commenced with a subscribed Capital of $3,000,000, and was the first, 20 years ago, to offer to the Public two Scales of Premium—the lower, to insure only a fixed amount; the higher, entitling the Insurers to a participation in the profits.

Advantages offered to Insurers.

Very low Rates of Premiums on Young Lives.

The security of a large realised and invested Capital.

Large Bonuses on Policies effected on the high Scale.

Prompt settlement of Losses.

The full value given for Policies when discontinued.

On Insurances for the Whole of Life one-half of the Premiums, if desired, permitted to remain unpaid for the first seven years, as a Loan at interest, and then to be paid, or to remain as a permanent Loan, at the option of the Insurer.

Loans upon Policies for the Whole of Life, after payment of three Premiums, in proportion to the value of same.

The acceptance of Naval, Military, Climate, and Special Risks of all kinds, on payment of a commensurate Premium. Age admitted on the Policy when issued, if desired, on proof of date of birth.

Permission for the Lives assured to reside in any part of Europe, without extra premium or special license, and to, at and from California, at a small extra premium.

Insurances, if required immediately, may be effected any day between the hours of 10 and 4.

The Pamphlets published by this Company fully set forth the merits of Life Insurance; and copies thereof may be had, *gratis*, on application to the Agent, who is also prepared to furnish every information that intending Insurers may require.

THOMAS PROCTOR,
3, St. Sacrament Street,
Agent.

May 14, 1850. 103

MONTREAL HIGH SCHOOL,

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED THE ROYAL GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The Classes will be Re-opened on Monday, August 19th, at 11 o'clock, in presence of the Directors, when his Honor Judge McCord *will preside, and make an appropriate Address to the Pupils.—Parents and Guardians are invited to attend.*

Directors:

Hon. J. Ferrier	Robert McKay, Esq
B. H. LeMoine, Esq	Hew Ramsay, Esq
D. Crawford	His Honor Judge M'Cord
J. J. Day, Esq	Dr. M'Culloch
D. Davidson, Esq	Wm. Lunn, Esq
Dr. Campbell	D. Torrance, Esq
John Young, Esq	C. Dunkin, Esq

Joseph Savage, Esquire.

David Davidson, Esq., *Treasurer.*
Hew Ramsay, Esq., *Honorary Secretary.*

Rector:—H. Aspinwall Howe, Esq., *of Trinity College, Dublin.*

Second Master:—T. A. Gibson, M. A.

French:—M. Montier, *Lecturer at McGill College.*

Preparatory Department:—Mr. Johnson.

THE SYSTEM of INSTRUCTION is modelled from that pursued in the great Public Schools of England and Scotland, but undue time and attention are not given to the Classics to the prejudice of other branches of Education equally essential.

The COURSE comprises Latin, Greek, English and French Literature, the general Truths of the Christian Religion, the Elements of various branches of Mathematics, Familiar Lectures on Natural Philosophy, Elocution, History, Geography, the use of the Globes, Writing, Arithmetic, and Book-Keeping.

Drawing is added, if required, but there is an extra charge for it.

The year is divided into four Terms.

The First Term commences	.....	August 20th.
The Second do	do	..... November 6th.
The Third do	do	..... February 1st.
The Fourth do	do	..... April 25th.

The FEES, which are payable in advance, are as follows:—

The First and Second Classes,	£2	10	0	per Term
The Third, Fourth and Fifth do	2	0	0	do
Preparatory School.....	1	5	0	do

and 2s. 6d. per Term for Stationery.

In order to extend the advantages of this School to those who live at a distance, arrangements have been made to receive BOARDERS, to the formation of whose moral character, advancement in learning, and personal comfort, every care and attention will be given.

The Rector's Terms are £50 a Year; those of the First Master at from £35 to £40.

The French Master, also, is prepared to take Boarders on the same terms.

Montreal, August 13, 1850. 181

NEW BOOKS.

B. DAWSON has received by EXPRESS, Nos. 1 to 6 of Byrne's Dictionary of Machinery, Engine-Work and Engineering.

The Maid of Orleans, by the Author of "Whitefriars."

Night and Morning, by Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.

The Fear of the World, by Mayhew.

Part II. of The Bronze Statue.

No. 14 of the Boston Illustrated Shakspeare.

Godey's Ladies' Book for May.

Graham's Magazine for May.

Sartain's Union Magazine for May.

Diary of a Physician in California.

Grimes on Electro-Biology.

For Sale at

No. 2, PLACE D'ARMES.

April 24. 84

JUST RECEIVED, and FOR SALE, by the Subscriber:—

Chambers' Information for the People
Chambers' Miscellany
Chambers' Tracts
Chambers' Library for Young People.

A large assortment of Cheap Religious Books.

CAMPBELL BRYSON.

25th October. 248

P. P. LEVINE,

(LATE OF THE OTTAWA HOTEL, 42 GOLD STREET,)

INFORMS his Friends, and the Public generally, that he has LEASED that Extensive and Commodious Establishment, the "EXCHANGE COFFEE HOUSE," heretofore so favorably known as "GOODENOUGH'S."

The House and Premises have lately been put in thorough repair, and a Wing added thereto, for the purpose of affording additional accommodation.

His Table will be supplied with the Choice of the Market, his Wines and Liquors unexceptionable.

His extensive Stabling will admit of accommodating far more Horses than at his former Hotel.

Montreal, January 15, 1851. 281

HEAD QUARTERS.

FRANCIS FRANCISCO

HAVING taken the above well-known ESTABLISHMENT, begs to solicit a share of Public patronage, and to assure those who may honor him with their support, that he intends to keep every thing of the very best quality.

F. F. trusts that his experience will enable him to give perfect satisfaction, he having been for many Year Cook in the above Establishment; and as he intends giving that department his personal superintendence, he trusts that Gentlemen visiting the City will favor him with their patronage.

FRESH NEW YORK OYSTERS constantly on hand.

N. B.—LUNCHEONS supplied at ANY HOUR.

Bonaventure Street.
Montreal, October 9, 1850. 223

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
BY L. H. BARBER,
Main Street, St. Albans, Vermont.

March 8, 1850. 68

VETERINARY HOSPITAL.

MR. TURNER (late acting V. S. to H. M.'s 7th Regiment of Hussars) begs to inform his numerous Friends, that he has, in compliance with their wish to that effect, RESUMED his PRACTISE as a VETERINARY SURGEON, and is for the present to be found at Mr. Paterson's Stables, in rear of Little St. James Street. Mr. Turner hopes, in a short time, to make arrangements for larger Premises, a Shoeing Establishment, &c.

Montreal, August 23, 1850. 189

DR. MACDONNELL, Radegonde Street, Hay-Market.

Montreal, December 2, 1850. 262

W. E. HOLMES, Advocate, heretofore of the firm of Rose & Holmes, will hereafter practice alone. Office, 25, Little St. James Street.

Montreal, Oct. 14, 1850. 233

P. O. DEMARAY, Advocate, No. 6, Corner St. Lawrence and Fortification Streets, Montreal.

Mr. P. O. Demaray will attend the St. Johns Circuit Court.

January 13, 1851. 280

MACRAE & WOOD,
ADVOCATES,
No. 23, Little St. James Street, Montreal.

George Macrae.
D. R. Wood.

June 5, 1850. 122

FOWLERS & WELLS, Phrenologists, No. 131, Nassau Street, Clinton Hall, NEW YORK, Publish Works on Phrenology, Physiology, Physiognomy and Magnetism. Verbal and Written Descriptions of Character, furnished when desired.

ORSON S. FOWLER,
LORENZO N. FOWLER,
SAMUEL R. WELLS.

January, 1850. 12m-49

THOMAS E. LOVETT & Co.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
42, *WATER STREET, NEW YORK.*

T. E. Lovett,
J. K. Bethune,
L. Dewar.

January, 1850. 61

GEORGE ARMSTRONG,
CABINET MAKER & UPHOLSTERER,
CORNER OF McGILL & CRAIG STREETS,
(Hay-Market Square,)
MONTREAL.

G. A. has REMOVED to the above Stand, and begs leave respectfully to tender his thanks to his Friends, and the Public generally, for the liberal patronage they have hitherto bestowed upon him, and hopes, by strict attention to Business, and promptitude in execution of Orders, to merit a continuance thereof.

N. B.—FUNERALS attended to.

August 29, 1850. 194

PIANO TUNING.

REGAR, being no longer in the employ of Mead, Brothers & Co., has made arrangements to REPAIR and TUNE PIANOS on his own account.

Orders may be left for him at Mr. BROWN'S PIANO FACTORY, George Street (off Craig St.)

Montreal, December 6, 1850. 264-f

MONTREAL BATHING ROOMS,
No. 23, *McGILL STREET,*

WILL BE OPEN EVERY DAY, during WINTER, from SEVEN o'clock in the Morning till NINE o'clock at Night.

H. ENNIS.

December 6. 264

C. DORWIN,
EXCHANGE AND MONEY BROKER,

Brock, No. 24, St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.

COLLECTIONS MADE and CASH ADVANCED on NEGOTIABLE SECURITIES; AMERICAN and UPPER CANADA BILLS, DRAFTS on NEW YORK BOUGHT and SOLD on the most reasonable terms.

Also, DRAFTS on BOSTON FOR SALE.

April 18. 84

THE highest Market Price paid for AMERICAN BANK NOTES.

C. DORWIN.

Montreal, November 4, 1850. 250

DANCING ACADEMY.

W. H. LEVINE informs his Friends and the Public, that he has RESUMED his CLASSES for DANCING, on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY evenings, at the EXCHANGE COFFEE-HOUSE, St. Paul Street.

Mr. L. is the only Master in the City who teaches the Hideaux, Waltz, and the Waltz of Closed Versus.

Families and Schools attended.

Montreal, November 8, 1850. 252

MR. McDONALD begs to intimate to the Young Ladies and Gentlemen of Montreal, that he has completed his arrangements for the Season, when his CLASSES will recommence MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at his DANCING ACADEMY, (Beaver Rooms) 4th Mount Street.

A JUVENILE CLASS on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday AFTERNOONS, from 4 to 6 o'clock.

Montreal, October 22, 1850.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Wednesday, March 26, 1851.

Present:—The Hon. Mr. Justice Rolland and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aylwin.

Mr. Chamberlin hooted up a petition from William Marvin, a lad convicted a few days ago, on his confession, of larceny, (accompanied by certificates of character,) praying for as lenient a sentence as the law would admit.

James McGill was placed at the bar on a charge of larceny.

Mr. Morison was sorry to interrupt the trial, but as another Court was sitting, the Court would confer a great favor on him by receiving an application, for making which he had the consent of the Crown. It was, that John A. Hungerford, accused of forgery, might be arraigned and allowed to go at large upon his bail, stating that he was so unwell as to render his confinement highly dangerous, of which he produced the affidavit of a medical man. After some remarks from Mr. Driscoll, the Court took the matter *in deliberation.*

Mr. Chamberlin regretted being called upon to continue the interruption.

Mr. Justice Rolland said he could not allow it to be continued.

Mr. Chamberlin had the consent of the Crown Officer, and it was a simple application to renew bail and fix a trial for next term.

Mr. Justice Rolland could not hear Counsel after another trial had commenced, even by consent of the Crown. If the Crown Officer chose to interrupt his own trial he might do so.

Mr. Driscoll said then he would make the application with due submission to the Court. It was, that George Weightman, accused of Bigamy, might be admitted to renew his bail, and that the first day of next term might be fixed for his trial.

The Court granted the application.

The trial of McGill went on.

Samuel Cochran, sworn:—The prisoner came into his store on the 22nd of October last, when he was in a wet, cold, and miserable state; he said he was recommended by Mr. Workman, and had not money to pay his dinner; and that he came from the North of Ireland. He further stated that he was respectably connected, and had, the week before, spent all his money in Quebec. Witness was not in want of his services, but took pity upon him, and took him into his employ, providing him with clothes and other necessaries, for salary until the 1st of May; and afterwards agreed to add £50 a-year. Witness frequently missed money from his cash-box.

Robert A. Becket, sworn:—Is a clerk in the store of Mr. Cochran; he saw the prisoner take money from the till of Mr. C. one Saturday night, the 33rd December; he saw prisoner take a Bill of the British North America Bank of $4, one Bill of $2 of the City Bank, and another of the Bank of Montreal.

Cross-examined by the Prisoner:—He took two shillings in coppers out of the till in January, and bought cheese and ale with them, of which witness partook. In January, prisoner showed him a receipt for £11 lent to Mr. C.'s brother. He took the money out of the till openly and not stealthily. There is a rule in the store by which all the clerks are prohibited from taking money from the till and putting it into their pocket. Prisoner had no business in the shop, his duties were in the office; had known Mr. C. send prisoner to get money from the till.

Mr. Cochran had never given the prisoner permission to take money from his till. He took charge of his cash himself, and never let his boys have anything to do with it. Prisoner had no business at the till.

By the Prisoner:—Prisoner had frequently counted money that had been collected, and witness had frequently found it short.

Samuel Ewing, sworn:—Had seen prisoner several times take bills from the till in the month of December. When Becket was present he saw him take a $4 Bank British North America bill, and other bills, he does not know of what Banks.

Cross-examined by Prisoner:—He put some silver off his hands into the till, and took notes out at different times. He did this openly. He put no money in the till when he took the Bank of British North America bill out in December.

The prisoner stated in his defence that he had lent Mr. Cochran's brother £11, on the 9th Dec., which he had sent him from home. The receipt of it was taken from him, and he had no money to fee a Lawyer to plead his case then. He did not deny he had taken Bank bills from the till, but he had taken them openly, and in the presence of the young man Ewing, who he knew had been in the habit of telling false stories of him, and he had always put silver in the till for the bills he had taken out.

James Cochran, sworn:—Had borrowed £11 from prisoner on the 11th January; he knew the witness Ewing had told false stories of him and prisoner; and that he had tried, with false keys, to open prisoner's box at the Savings' Bank book of prisoner was dated 9th December.

Cross-examined:—A story to the effect, that prisoner had bought a horse and sleigh; was told purposely to try if Ewing was a spy.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Aylwin charged the Jury.

They returned a verdict of guilty.

Attempting to Poison.—Charles Sansouci was placed at the bar, on an indictment for attempting to poison.

Mr. Carter appeared for the prisoner.

Mr. Driscoll, (in French,) stated the case to the Jury.

Joseph Provost, sworn:—I am farmer, lives in the Parish of St. Athanase; Rosalie Millet is my wife; he and his wife paid rent to the prisoner; in the month of December, the prisoner brought some black puddings on a plate, together with some lard, and said he would make my wife a present of them; my wife baked them; he and she partook of the puddings; he went out to work after eating; he fell sick; sicker than ever he had been since he was born; he returned home and found that his wife had been sick in the same manner that he had been; she gave him some liquid and drunk some herself; he vomited, and felt pains in his throat and joints; after vomiting he began to feel better; she told him the prisoner had poisoned them, and it was pretty evening on his part to attempt to do so; the witness was going on to narrate that at a later period he tasted some poisoned bread.

Mr. Carter interrupted, and contended that evidence could not be received of charges not contained in the indictment, and occurring at a later period.

The objection was sustained.

Witness went on to say that he was unwell for three days; he had not consulted a doctor.

Cross-examined:—Witness did not see prisoner when he brought the black puddings; no other person ate of them besides he and his wife; he did not send for a doctor because he was was not rich enough; his wife made him take something hot, some hot liquid, which made him vomit, and made him better; he did not know what it was.

A deposition of the witness, before the magistrate, was here read, in which it was stated, he had taken some tea and absinthe; and further, that the witness had tasted some poisoned bread on the Sunday following, a piece of which had poisoned a dog.

Witness said he could only explain in such manner, he was asked questions if he had taken tea or absinthe, and he replied that he might have done; he had tasted some poisoned bread on the Sunday afterwards following; it tasted bitter, and poisoned a dog; this bread was the same that had been taken on the previous evening and the following morning; he does not recollect the day; he was away at Mass; he did not remember if he had asked a man named Minaud to ask the prisoner to make an omelette, of having attempted to poison his wife.

Rosalie Millet, sworn:—Is the wife of the last witness; the prisoner lived about two leagues from witness; prisoner came to see us; he brought black puddings, which would come on their death; he brought her six black puddings and some lard; on the Wednesday of the second week of Dec., she did not feel the strange, as it was telling them; witness went on to narrate that she had washed the puddings, and ate of them with her husband; she described their sickness, and her suspicions, that the prisoner had endeavoured to poison them to get off paying cost; she had drunk an infusion of absinthe, that had made her vomit, and had also given some to her husband, with the same effect; her little boy had not eaten of the puddings, but tasted a little and spat it out; she had taken some tea before the absinthe, and given her husband some; prisoner gave her six puddings; Madame Lafontaine, the prisoner's sister, also gave her some puddings, and she had put them on the same dish; she cooked prisoner's six puddings and three of Madame Lafontaine's together; they ate them all except a little bit; she knew the prisoner's puddings, as they were much larger than Madame Lafontaine's; she had eaten of Madame Lafontaine's with the prisoner's.

By the Court:—She had not remarked any particular taste to the puddings.

Dr. Nelson, sworn:—The symptoms marked that something had been eaten that disagreed with the stomach, but he explained that this might have been from the corruption of the puddings without poison; but the symptoms might arise from poison; there could not have been any sour sauces present, without a very bitter taste being perceived.

Cross-examined:—The drinking of tea, warm water, and absinthe, might have produced sickness and faintness, after Provost and his wife had eaten too much pudding; it would be impossible in any case to say that poison had been taken without chemical analysis.

Julie Huot, sworn:—Is the wife of Dr. Hanley; the prisoner went to her house in 1849; her husband was now in the United States; witness continued to narrate that, when she was present the prisoner came to buy some noix (nuts) for poisoning foxes. She did not remember at what time in December this was, but he got some; and later still he got some arsenic.

Cross-examined:—She saw her husband give prisoner the nuts.

Joseph Coutu, sworn:—Last March the prisoner, when in prison, told witness that he was imprisoned for having put poison in some bread of Mr. Provost's one Sunday morning while he was at Mass; and that he had tried to put some in some puddings, but had not succeeded in poisoning them; he said he had put arsenic in the bread; he said that had he succeeded in poisoning Provost and his wife, he would have gained 4 acres of land.

Cross-examined:—Witness was himself in prison for a calling some corn, at the time the prisoner told him this; he had been found guilty upon his own confession; he told his brother-in-law of this after leaving prison.

By Mr. Driscoll:—He was in prison 4 months.

Emilie Maynard, sworn:—She went to Provost's house the winter before last, and found him and his wife sick; she learned it was from eating puddings; Mrs. Provost said they had received them from two parties.

Vital ed Vincelet, sworn:—Proved the signature of the copy of a notarial document.

This document was read, and proved that the prisoner had agreed to pay annual rent to the Provosts for some land. The rent to cease on their death.

This closed the case for the Crown.

Mr. Cartier (in French) addressed the Jury.

Hercule Samaud, sworn:—Mr. Provost had asked him to go and ask Mr. Sansouci if he had not attempted to poison him; and if he could get him to say whether he had or not, he (Provost) could get another to say the same thing, and it would be a good thing for him (Provost). He good that he would get a Grand Mass sung on the strength of it. He did not remember the time; but it had reference to the present case of poisoning. Witness did not go to ask Sansouci this.

Joseph Foisie, sworn:—Was at Provost's when they ate the puddings, and heard Mrs. Provost say to her husband that he was sick. He replied, "Yes, I have a kind of indigestion." This was in the evening, and the prisoner was there, who told Mr. Provost that if he was sick he should send for the doctor; but Mr. P. refused, and said that it would go away. He saw Mr. P. up the following day apparently well.

Samuel Fortin, sworn:—Madame Provost told me her son had eat a little of the puddings and was not sick.

Mr. Driscoll addressed the Jury.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Rolland charged the Jury. He commenced by dilating upon the gravity and atrociousness of the crime with which the prisoner stood charged. It was fortunately a crime that was new in this country. The law regarded it in the same light as murder, and if they brought in a verdict of guilty against the prisoner, it would be the duty of the Court to condemn him to death. It was alleged against the prisoner that he had attempted to poison Mr. and Mrs. Provost, for the purpose of getting off the payment of a life rent due to them. It was their duty to enquire whether this was true or not? The indictment had been drawn up in such manner as to prevent the evidence of the poisoning of the bread to be considered, and they would not permit that to enter into their deliberations. The indictment charged the prisoner with having mixed poison, and with having administered it. They would first enquire if there had been any poison put in the puddings. Dr. Nelson, a man of great experience, had told them, that it was impossible to say, from the symptoms that had been stated to them, if there was any poison taken at all; and that it would be in all cases impossible to say if poison had been taken without chemical analysis; the doctor had further stated, that the sickness might have been caused by the puddings having been in a corrupt state, from having been kept too long before they were eaten; but on the other hand, as it was contended by the Crown, (and as they had heard stated, although it was not proof,) other persons who ate of these puddings made at the same time, must have been equally affected by them; the strongest evidence they had, was that of Joseph Coutu, who had told them of a conversation he had with the prisoner, when they were in gaol together, and to whom the prisoner had made admission; but he (the Hon. Judge) was bound to tell them that, ordinarily, great weight was not attached to evidence of that kind; and they did not like to convict a prisoner upon it; prisoners sometimes do gaol conversation, told stories, making boasts of what they had done; and these kind of conversations were always suspected as evidence; but they had to add to this, that the prisoner had bought the poison. He did not think there was proof sufficient that the puddings were the cause of the sickness; but it was for them to judge. If they could make up their minds that there was poison put in the six puddings, given by the prisoner to Mrs. Provost, and that the eating thereof was the cause of their sickness, they would bring in a verdict of guilty; and if not, they would acquit the prisoner.

The Jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Ludger Millier and Maxime Duguette were found guilty of simple larceny, and better handling into the shop of Mr. Bossy, as indicated.

Mr. Counsel (who is the Coroner) was about to defend the last prisoner, but did not, on account of the absence of the Sheriff. The Hon. Mr. Justice Aylwin observed that it was the duty of the Sheriff to be present in the Court from its commencement until its rising, either personally or by deputy. He had no idea of carrying on the business of that Court without the presence of the sheriff.

The Court adjourned at 6 o'clock, after the long easy trial of Daguerre was finished.

Thursday, March 27.

Present:—The Hon. Mr. Justice Rolland, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aylwin.

Cyprien Pinsonnau was placed at the Bar, on an indictment for receiving 4 sacks and bagging from Alexis Thibault, of L'Assomption. This case did not present any features of particular interest. The receipt of the indictment for the receipt of the same was withdrawn by Mr. Driscoll, in conformity with the directions of Mr. Justice Rolland, who insisted on the withdrawal of one of the counts. The Jury returned a verdict of guilty for stealing a robe and bridle; but