inquiring into everybody's business, but hermetically sealed up as regards his own; the other a fitting representative of the broad prairies, and wild forests, and mighty rivers of the West. The western man is one of noble impulses—rough and ready—no half-and-half work about him. Whatever he undertakes he puts through with all his soul—open as the noon day, frank and noble in his bearing, full of poetry and tenderness.

We wish to direct attention especially to the fact that there is in the development of religion an exemplification of the same law. To pass by the subject in its more general aspects, and limit ourselves to Methodism, we have ample proof of the correctness of this position. In England, Ireland and Scotland, the Methodist societies are placed substantially under the same form of government, and have a constant interchange of ministers, but yet in the manifestations of the piety of Methodism there is no monotony. Scottish Methodism is characterized by its intelligence, steadiness and perseverance. It requires as much labour to convert one Scotchman as it does to convert three Englishmen or Americans, but when converted, a Scotchman seldom backslides. He is also very firm in his ecclesiastical attachments and friendships. In Ireland there is much fervency and many excellent qualities, but it cannot be considered as the highest type of Methodism. In England, as is well known, there is in Methodism a strictness of discipline that gives it great compactness, but at the same time perhaps interferes with its free development. For efficiency, liberality and order British Methodism is not to be surpassed.

Our own beloved Methodism, generally the same as that of the British Conference, though modified by our Episcopal form of government, varies with the geographical boundaries of this vast continent. New England Methodism, stiff, precise, comparatively cold and logical in its manifestations. As you travel West, becoming a little more loose in its movements, so that when you cross the Allegheny mountains, you find Methodism breathes more freely, and by the time you get out West, it has shaken off every trammel, and as the sturdy pioneer moves along regardless of technicalities, enters only upon the accomplishment of its great mission, order or no order. If our readers have heard a backwoodsman and a Yankee preach on the same day, they will be able to form a pretty correct conception of what we mean.

We glory in this wondrous variety in the developments of our beloved Methodism, and never until the great Creator has tamed down mind to one uniform law, in all its external manifestations or until every nation is divested of its peculiarities and brought down to one common level, shall we attempt to reduce religion to one level plane.—*Central Christian Advocate.*

Provincial Legislature.

TUESDAY, February 8th, 1859.

House met at 3 o'clock.

Hon. Attorney General, from the Revising Committee, reported the following list of standing Committees, which were agreed to by the House:

AGRICULTURE.—Mr. McFarlane, Hon Mr. Young, Hon Mr. McKinnon, Mr. Chipman, Mr. Bill, Mr. Parker, Mr. Chambers.

FISHERIES.—Messrs Ryder, Martell Locke, Borneuf, Smyth, Reinhard, Wier.

POST OFFICE.—Messrs Henry, McFarlane, McDonald, White, Wade, Munro, Annand,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.—Messrs. Killam, Esson, Brown, Archibald, White.

PRINTING AND REPORTING.—Hon. Financial Secretary, Hon Mr. Howe, Hon Mr. Young, Hon C. J Campbell, and Mr. McFarlane.

EDUCATION.—Hon Attorney General, Mr Archibald, Hon Mr. Young, Hon Provincial Secretary, Hon Mr. Howe, Messrs Brown, Tobin McDonald, Moses.

CROWN PROPERTY.—Messrs. Aachibald, Wilkins, Hon Mr. Young, Hon Financial Secretary, Mr. McKeagney, Hon Attorney General Mr. Esson.

NAVIGATION SECURITIES.—Messrs Killam, Ruggles, Reinhard, Fuller, Bent, McKenzie, and Bill.

PENITENTIARY.—Messrs Chipman, Churchill, Robichau, Caldwell, Bailey, Robertson, and Davidson.

RELIEF, viz: Transient Paupers, Wrecked Seamen, Sick Immigrants Poor Asylum.—Messrs Brown, Bennett, Smith, Geldert, P. Smyth, McLearn.

HUMANE INSTITUTIONS.—Viz: Deaf, Dumb, Blind, and Insane, and Hospital for the Insane—Messrs Wier, Moses, McLellan, Bent, and Caldwell.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.—Messrs Webster, Wade, Hon Mr. McKinnon, Morrison and Fuller.

EXPIRING LAWS AND PRIVATE BILLS.—Messrs Wade, Wilkins, Henry, McDonald and Ruggles.

TRADE AND MANUFACTURES.—Messrs Tobin, Wier, Hon J. C. Campbell, McKenzie, and Hon Mr Howe.

ROAD DAMAGES.—Messrs Shaw, Annand, Munro, Killam, B Smith.

AMENDMENTS TO THE LAWS—Hon Attorney General, Messrs McDonald, Archibald Henry, Esson and Tobin.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE.—Hon Fin Secretary, Mr. Archibald, Mr. Esson.

On motion of the Hon Atty. General, the adjourned Debate was resumed.

The following gentlemen addressed the House—Mr Henry, Mr. Churchill, Mr. Killam, and Mr. Wier. The Hon Fin Secretary Hon Attorney General, and Hon Prov. Secretary, in explanation—and Mr. McFarlane on the subject of Debate.

Then the House adjourned until half-past 2 o'clock the next day. F. C.

WEDNESDAY, 9th, 1859

House met at half-past 2 o'clock.

The adjourned debate on hon Mr. Young's amendment was resumed.

The following gentlemen addressed the house—Mr. Wade, Mr. Annand, Mr. McDonald, and Mr. McLellan.

Then the house adjourned until half past 2 o'clock next day. F. C.

THURSDAY, Feby. 10th, 1859.

House met at 2½ o'clock.

The adjourned debate on the Hon Mr. Young's amendment to the Address was moved

After some remarks from Hon Attorney General, Financial Secretary, Hon Mr. Young, Mr. Wade, and Hon Provincial Secretary, on the propriety of shortening the debate—

A call of the house was had.

After a half-an hour's delay—Hon Mr. Howe said he thought after the three argumentative and gentlemanly speeches in attack of the Government given yesterday, he thought the rejoinder should come from that side. He should like to know what the Government intended to do.

Hon Attorney General said that the Provincial Secretary had just stated, that as he considered his speech of the other day had not yet been answered, he would not further trespass on the time of the House. As regards himself, (he, the Attorney General) on the part of the Government, wished to bring the debate to a close as soon as possible, and he merely wished to address the house for a half hour before the Hon leader o the opposition closed the debate.

Mr Chambers then spoke upon the subject of debate

He was followed by the Hon Mr Howe.

The Hon Financial Secretary spoke shortly in explanation.

Then the debate was adjourned.

The House adjourned until 2½ o'clock the next day. F. C.

FRIDAY, February 11.

House met at half past 2 o'clock.

On the opening of the doors, in consequence of the noise made by the crowd on entering, Hon. Mr. Howe moved that the galleries be cleared—which was done by order of the Speaker. The House sat with closed doors for the rest of the day.

The House then adjourned until 12 o'clock the next day.

SATURDAY, Feb. 12, 1859.

House met at 12 o'clock, and sat with closed doors until 2 o'clock.

Then the House adjourned until 3 o'clock, when the doors were opened

The adjourned debate on Mr. Young's amendment was resumed.

The Hon Howe resumed his speech of the previous day

He was followed by Mr, Shaw and the Hon Prov Secretary.

After which the House adjourned until 2 o'clock on Monday.

MONDAY, February 14, 1859.

House met at 2½ o'clock.

On motion of the Hon Attorney General the debate was resumed.

The following gentlemen addressed the House:—Mr, Wade in explanation, the Hon Attorney General, the Hon Mr, Young, Mr, Henry.

After some remarks on the propriety of closing the debate that night—a call of the House was had for the purpose of taking the question.

Hon Mr, Young's amendment to the address was then read and put. On division there appeared for the ammendment 22—against it 27.

For the Amendment—Messrs Esson, Reinhard, Wier, McDonald, B Smith, Davidson, McKenzie, Bailey, Geldert, Locke, Parker, McLellan, Morrison, Chipman, Chambers, Young, Webster, Annand, Robertson, Archibald, Munro, Hon Mr Howe—22

Against—Messrs Churchill, Moses, Wade, Killam, Bent, Caldwell, Bourneuf, Bill, McLearn, C Campbell, McFarlane, Shaw, Brown, Ryder, Hon Attorney General, Hon Financial Secretary, Hon Provincial Secretary, Hon J Campbell, Martell, Henry, P Smyth, Robichau, White, Hon Mr McKinnon—27.

So the amendment passed in the negative.

The address was then moved.

Hon Mr Howe then announced his intention of moving an amendment to the next clause of the address, in order to reply to the speech of Mr Henry. The hon gentleman then spoke in reply. Mr Henry followed. After which Mr Tobin, Hon Mr Howe, Hon Attorney General, Hon Mr Young, and Hon Financial Secretary addressed the House.

Then the remaining clauses of the address passed.

The House adjourned at 9 o'clock until 12½ o'clock the next day. F. C.

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

Domestic.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.—February 7, 1859.—His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, by the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following appointments:

To be the Judge of the Court for the Probate of Wills in the County of Cumberland—John D Kinnear, Esq, in place of the Honble Mr Dickey, resigned.

To be the Registrar of the said Court—Wm. M Fullerton, Esq, in the place of John D. Kinnear, Esq.

To be one of the Justices of the Peace of the County of Cumberland—Robert Ripley.

To be one of the Commissioners of Sewers for the "Bishop Dyke," in the Township of Horton—Henry Narey.

ACCIDENT IN WILMOT.—On Friday evening last, as the Rev. James Robertson L L. D., was returning homeward, at about 10 o'clock, p. m., after holding Divine Service at a place a few miles distant, the Rev. Gentleman, accompanied by one of his sons, in attempting to cross the intervale grounds between the Middleton Bridge and the adjacent highlands, (which were overflowed by the water, caused by the heavy rains of that morning,) was swept away, horse, sleigh, and all into the current of the raging torrent.—Their cries brought some of the nearest residents to their aid and they were saved, though not till the horse was drowned. We rejoice that the accident was not more serious.—*Western News.*

The Annual Mission Meeting of the Presbyterian Church, Poplar Grove, was held there on Wednesday, the 9th inst., at 7 P. M. The Chair was occupied by J. R. Foreman Esq, and the meeting was opened with praise and prayer by the Rev. Mr. Sprague. The Congregation in Poplar Grove collected for Missions during the past year upwards of £80, notwithstanding the large expenditure which they had to bear in the enlargement of their Church.

New Brunswick.

We observe, with much surprise, that a public notice has been issued by the "command of the Postmaster General," to the effect, that the mails, heretofore despatched to the United States and other places to the westward of the city on Saturday afternoon, will, in future, be despatched on *Sunday afternoon.* Surely there must be some mistake. It cannot be possible that the Postmaster General is in earnest. The clerks are now required, very unnecessarily, in our opinion to remain on duty in the office during the greater part of the Lord's Day; but, in future, this additional labor will *compel* them to remain there. We need not say that this is contrary to the expectations of our citizens when they petitioned for the cessation of Sunday labor at the Post Office, and especially when they read the Hon. Mr. Connell's address on the subject. We trust, therefore, that the Postmaster General will reconsider the order in question, and will endeavor to make such arrangements as will secure to the clerks in this department of the public service a rest on the sacred day of rest.—*Church Witness.*

United States.

THE CONGRESSIONAL SNARL.—It is impossible not to see that there is a grave entanglement of affairs at Washington—such entanglement indeed that it would surprise no one if Congress were to break up in general confusion, without even providing the necessary means for carrying on the government. At no former time, probably, since the framing of the constitution were public affairs of every kind in such an unsatisfactory state. The Administration is feeble in the extreme, possessing neither the confidence of its party, nor the respect of its opponents, and yet attempts projects which could only be achieved by a powerful government, backed by an approving people and an overflowing treasury. Scarcely could stronger evidence have been given of the President's inability to comprehend his true position and of his misconception of the true character of the American people, than his last message to Congress, and the course he has since pursued; and the result has been a humiliation which we would much rather the Chief Magistrate of the republic had been spared.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

NEW FILLIBUSTER MOVEMENT.—The leading fillibusters are said to be organizing an expedition to Arizona. A correspondent of the New York *Times* in speaking of the event says: "Nearly all the leading spirits of the former Cuban and Isthmus expeditions, from Henningsen down, are to join this exodus. The administration having taken upon itself the task of reannexing Cuba—washed off from the Florida coast in some former age—like monarchs out of business, these restless spirits are about to seek in agriculture and mining a repose of the mind. When their energies shall have been restored, we may look for a further *anabasis* toward the Mexican Mecca, where they will smoke the final pipe of peace, and take a hasty plate of soup' in the halls of the Montezumas."

KANSAS.—Conflicting accounts continue to be received from this territorry. A fight is reported to have taken place "between a party of Missouri men, who went over the line to hunt for Brown and Montgomery, in which one Kansas man was killed, and two wounded. The Missouri force retired, and their loss is not reported. Brown and Montgomery are said to be quiet—the latter at work on his farm. Gen Lane is lecturing, and anxious to get into public life again"

Another and later report, which wears an aspect of improbability, alleges that "a conflict had taken place between a party of men under Capt. Brown, and a posse under the deputy U S marshal, near Paoli. Five of Capt Brown's men, together with the deputy marshal and two of his assistants, are alleged to have been killed.—*N. Y. Christian Advocate.*

MYSTERY OF THE AMERICAN LAKES.—Lake Erie is only 60 to 70 feet deep, but the bottom of Lake Ontario, which is 502 feet deep, 230 feet below the tide level of the ocean, or as low as most parts of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the bottoms of lake Huron, Michigan and Superior, although their surface is so much higher, are all, from their vast depth, on a level with the bottom of Lake Ontario.

Now, as their discharge, the river Detroit, after allowing for the full probable portion carried off by evaporation, does not appear by any means equal to the quantity of water which the three upper great lakes receive, it has been conjectured that a subterranean river may run from Lake Superior to Huron or Lake Ontario. This conjecture is by no means improbable, and accounts, for the singular fact that salmon and herring are caught in all the lakes communicating with the St. Lawrence, but in no others As the falls of Niagara must have always existed, it would puzzle the naturalists to say how these fish get into the upper lakes without some such subterranean river; moreover, any periodical obstruction of the river would furnish a not improbable solution of the mysterious flux and reflux of the lakes.

Upon this the editor of the Scientific *American* remarks:

"Are salmon and herring found in the lakes and rivers above the Falls of Niagara! If so, it affords strong grounds for supposing there is a subterranean communication between Ontario and the upper lakes; if not, we can see no grounds for such a conclusion"—*Central Adv.*

From Late English Papers.

BY R. M. S. AMERICA.

The lapse of another week, the London *Beacon* of Jan. 26th says, has not tended to confirm those hopes of peace which were so confidently entertained a few days ago. The official papers of the French Government having once given forth their oracular announcement that war was not intended, have since maintained complete silence on the subject; while all the other papers continue their announcements that war is intended, after all. Every other indication from which the intention of a country is wont to be ascertained bears a warlike tendency. The army is kept up to its full war complement, and, what is still more important, the munitions of war are provided on a scale and to an extent which is extremely unusual in a time of peace Shot and shell, loaf and biscuit, horse and waggon—everything which relates to the ordnance, the commissariat, and the transport of an army, are stored up at all the principal military stations; and the universal interference from such unwonted preparations in time of peace, is, that war is not far distant. Perhaps the most decided indication of all is, that the Prince Napoleon has arrived at Turin, and, through General Niel, has made a formal demand of the hand of the young Princess of Sardinia—a demand with which the King of Sardinia has, with some formality, expressed his compliance. There ought certainly to be nothing in a marriage treaty that of necessity implies war; but, notwithstanding, it is certain that both in Italy and in Germany it is considered that the hand of the Princess Clotilde is the price which Sardinia pays for the assistance France has consented to afford in the event of a new war between Austria and Sardinia. In the meantime, the position taken up by Austria is not less significant. Resolved not to yield without a struggle, and not despairing, even though Russia and France should both join Sardinia against her, she is resolved that the quarrel shall not come from her side, while she takes care that whenever it does come she shall not be unprepared to meet it. Hence the reinforcements of troops that for some weeks past have been pouring into Italy; hence their concentration upon various strategical points; hence the placing of the fortresses in a state of efficient repair. If the struggle once begins, it will be a long and desperate one. Our own sympathies, in such an event, would be all for the Italians, if we could only be sure that their most successful endeavors would afford them more than a mere change of masters.

BIRTH OF A PRUSSIAN PRINCE.—Berlin Thursday, Jan. 27.—At 3 o'clock to-day, the Princess Frederick William was safely delivered of a prince. Mother and child are as well as possible.

Berlin, Thursday, 4 p.m.—The Regent and his consort appeared on the balcony of the palace, and amid vociferous cheering, thanked the populace for their sympathy.

Windsor, Jan. 27.—Intelligence of the Princess Frederick William of Prussia having been safely delivered of a son, arrived at Windsor Castle at three o'clock this afternoon. The Royal mother and infant Prince, we are happy to learn, are doing well.

The British Government, it is alleged, has completed a contract with three large iron companies for a supply of 68 pounders as fast as they can be cast. An important contract for gunpowder has also been taken.

The marriage of Prince Napoleon with the Princess Clotilde will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday), the 30th inst., at Turin. The newly married couple will afterwards set off for Paris, and will, it is believed, take up their abode at the Palais Royal Diplomatic notes are said to have been dispatched by the English Cabinet to Austria and Sardinia. In the note addressed to the latter, it is said that, as the sincere ally of Sardinia, England feels it her duty to divert, her from the dangerous path she seems willing to follow. She reminds Piedmont, amongst other things, that her true and noble task in Italy is to exalt and improve the other Italian governments by the efficacy of her own example. The note to Austria is a warm exhortation to the Imperial Government to remedy the serious grievances of Italy, thus destroying the causes and pretexts of the threatened war.

The Paris correspondent of the *Herald*, writing on the night of the 27th, says.—The opinion is now almost universal in Paris that a crisis has arrived in the affairs of Europe more momentous than any which has arisen since the wars of the first empire. A small party, however, belonging chiefly to the monied interest, still fondly cling to the hope that war may be averted, and that the warning voice of Lord Derby's cabinet will succeed in persuading the three powers now preparing for the fight to abandon their dangerous course. Among the lower classes the war feeling, stimulated by *La Presse* and the *Siecle*, is growing daily more intense. This feeling is farther promoted by the present uncertainty which depresses trade, and consequently the labour market.

In the Vienna correspondence of the *Times* it is reported that Austria and Russia appear to be on better terms, and it is related that a letter from the Emperor Alexander to the Emperor Francis Joseph has been received, which the latter considered extremely satisfactory. The pretension of the Emperor Napoleon to play the part of European arbitrator begins, it is supposed, to be regarded at St. Petersburg as somewhat dangerous.

FRANCE—The *Courier de Paris* expresses an opinion that the French navy ought to be placed on an equal footing with that of England.

Paris, Friday, Jan, 28.—At 1 17 p. m. the Bourse opened flat, with a fall of nearly ¼ per cent. in Rentes; 68 65, 2 15 p. m.—The announcement in the *Nord* this morning that a commander in-chief had been appointed to the Piedmontese army and a rumoured insurrection at Ravenna has increased the flatness of the Bourse, and Rentes receded at 68 45. 3 25 p.m. —A considerable improvement has taken place towards the close, and Rentes left off 68 65 for money, and 68 75 for account.

ITALY.—The *Curriere Mercantile* states that the Government of Modena has sent 530 men and two pieces of artillery to watch the piedmontese frontier.

RUSSIA.—St. Petersburg, Jan, 19.—Our diplomatic circles do not believe in war, and our journals express the same opinion; the Government also appears to enter into a like conviction, inasmuch as the for many years the garrisons of the west and south west have not been so weak as they now are, and numerous eminent generals have obtained leave of absence for the spring.

PRUSSIA—The *Augsburg Gazette* repeats that the levy of 12,000 recruits ordered to be effected in February, is not an extraordinary measure, but is designed to complete the peace effective footing of the army

The Prince of Wales arrived at Verona on the 22nd.

IONIAN ISLANDS—Mr Gladstone is *Gazetted* Lord High Commissioner.

THE GREAT EASTERN—The preparations necessary for fitting this noble vessel for sea have at last been decided on, and in the course of another fortnight or so, an army of workmen will be busily engaged in all parts of the ship, inside and out.

Wesleyan Missionary Anniversary.

☞ Sermons in connection with the Halifax branch of the Wesleyan Missionary Society will be preached (D.V.) on Sunday, the 20th inst.:

In the Brunswick St. Chapel, by the Rev. Mr. Stewart, 11 A.M., by the Rev. Mr. Boyd, 7 P.M.

In Grafton St. Chapel, by the Rev. Mr. Hunter, 11 A.M., by the Rev. C. Churchill, 7 P.M.

In the Dartmouth Chapel, by the Rev. Mr. McKnight, 3 P.M., by the Rev. Mr. Stewart, 7 P.M.

Missionary Meetings will be held in Brunswick St. Chapel on Monday the 21st., in Grafton St. Chapel the 22nd, and in the Dartmouth Chapel the 23rd. Chair to be taken at each of the Meetings at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Missionary Meetings will also be held at the following places viz. Cole Harbor, 9th March, Bedford, 10th, Musquodoboit, 16th and 17th, Margarets Bay and Sambro, 16th and 17th—Collections in aid of the funds of the Society will be taken up at all the above services.

Nova Scotia Literary and Scientific Society.

We notice with much pleasure the formation of a Society in this province, with the above designation, whose objects are "to collect useful information that otherwise might be lost or neglected; to give publicity to important discoveries in Science and the Arts—particularly those connected with the Natural History, Products, Manufactures, Arts and general Capabilities of this Province; and to discuss questions and diffuse useful knowledge relating to the Sanitary and Educational condition of the People, Climate, Agriculture, Trade, Finance, Statistics, Political Economy, &c."

"The Society will also be glad to receive original Literary Communications, and papers illustrating the History of the Province."

It has secured the countenance of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor as Patron, has elected A. McKinlay Esq., as President, Rev. Dr. Cramp and Dr. Cogswell as Vice Presidents, S. L. Shannon, Esq., Treasurer, and Hugo Reid and W. Garvie Esqrs, Secretaries. A number on and highly respectable Committee has been formed The terms of admission are, for Life Members £5, ordinary members, in town, £1, and in the country 10s.

Ladies Repository.

The number for February of this Magazine has been received. It contains two excellent engravings and the following articles:

Hon. John M'Lean, LL.D., one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, by Rev. John F. Wright; Mother at Home; The Monk and the Song Bird, an old legend rhymed by Lilly Litchen; The Soul's Endeavour, by H. A Smith; Song of the Mortal to Vega Vel Lyra, by M L Best; An Autumn Dirge, by Annie E Howe; Jean Paul Richter, (from the French,) by Julia Colman; The Human Brain, by T P Wilson, M.D.; Life Pictures, (from Helen Winthrop's Journal,) by Rose Linden; The Lost Pipe, or, Ask an Explanation, by Rev. R M Beach; Labor, or, Striking for Higher Wages, by Mr. H C Gardner; Be Strong, by George Lansing Taylor; By-gones, by a new contributor; My own Sphere, What is it? by Imogen Mercein; A Plea for Action, by T M Griffith; Heaven, by Amanda T Jones; Resignation, by Mrs. Louisa B Fox; Friendship, by Katy Carlisle; Blennerhassett's Island, by W B Watkins; Does the World hate Piety? John Calvin's Marriage to Idellette DeBure, by Hon G P Disosway; Whom the Lord Loveth he Chasteneth, by Sarah E Woodward; Be Kind to the Erring, by Mrs. Jane Phillips; Hymn, by Augusta Moore; "Going Home," by Cynthia A Osborn; The Pioneer Bishop, by Rev John F Marlay; I watched for Morning, by Mrs M A Bigelow; Self-Culture, by Lizzie Mace M'Farland; A Sunset Thought, by J. A Richey; My Dream, by A little Girl; the Happy Man and True Gentleman; Scripture Cabinet; Notes and Queries; Sideboard for Children; Items, Literary, Scientific, and Religious; Literary Notices; New York Literary Correspondence; Editorial Paper; Editor's Table.

New Books.

We are indebted to Messrs J P Jewett, & Co, of Boston, for their most recent publications—a most interesting and worthy contribution to the stores of Religious Biography, and what will be a welcome volume to all interested in the great moral movement of the Temperance Reform—in THE LIFE OF J. W. HAWKINS, the author of what is best known as the Washingtonian movement. It is beautifully written by his son; and ought to be extensively circulated. For sale at the Wesleyan Book Room.

☞ We are indebted to the author for a copy of "A Sermon, preached on Sunday afternoon, Nov., 21st 1858, in St. Stephen's Church, Tusket, N. S, by the Rev. Philip Tocque, A.M." This sermon has been published by request of the reverend gentleman's congregation. It is from the text "If I say the truth, why do ye not believe me?" and exhibits the Gospel as declaring God's existence, the Soul's Immortality and the Resurrection of the Body, Man's Moral Condition before God, and the means of his deliverance from guilt and danger.

MR. MATURIN'S PAMPHLET.—This a most artful and elaborate production; the emanation of a mind *matured* in all the dogmas of Popery. It reflects more credit on the mental powers than on the moral perceptions of its author. We coincide very fully in opinion with the views expressed in the article reprinted from the *Presbyterian Witness* in our present number, and may therefore reserve for the present further remark.

"THE PROMISE OF THE FATHER."—Mrs. Palmer has achieved an enviable reputation in Christian authorship. The work whose title is given above is the latest production of her pen, and bears upon every page the peculiar impress of her mind. It is her exhibition of what she conceives to be woman's true position in the church and as such will be read with interest even by those who do not accept as sound the views which the gifted lady seeks to inculcate. Published by *H. V. Degen*, 22 Cornhill, Boston, and for sale at the Wesleyan Book Room.

JUST RECEIVED PER STEAMER AMERICA.—Since the preparation of the Catalogue in another column, we have received the following:

The Family Friend, 1859,
Tribute to the Memory of Dr Bunting,
The Homilist, Vol VIII,
Fiji and the Fijians, 2 vols,
Companion to the Hymn Book,
Bible and Hymns, in Morocco, with gilt rims and antique clasps

Wesleyan Book Room, Feb. 16, 1959

☞ Some new books just received as we were going to press from E G Fuller will receive notice in our next issue.

LADIES AMERICAN MAGAZINE.—There is a new candidate for public favor, published by Henry White, No. 7 Beekman Street, New York. We have received the January and February numbers. They contain numerous engravings and Fashion plates, poetry and tales which we cannot strongly recommend.

A Pleasant Travelling Companion, and one that no traveller should be without, is Perry Davis' Pain Killer. A sudden attack of diarrhea, dysentery, or cholera morbus, can be effectually and instantaneously relieved by it. It is equally effectual in curing scalds, burns, &c.—Sold everywhere

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

[The current volume is from No. 468 to 520.]

Rev. Thos. B. Smith; Rev Dr. Pickard (book expected next steamer), L. Borden, Esq, (new sub., 20s. for P W. for R F. Black), Rev. D. B Scott; Rev. Jno. Brewster; Rev. G B. Payson (new sub). Rev. Dr. Knight (10s. for B R. 25s. for P. W., for J. H. Hunter 5s, James Dunn 5s, T. Harrison 10s, John Simmons 5s), Rev. T. Angwin (20s. for P.W., for Boyd Magee 10s., Wm. Magee 10s), Rev. D. B. Scott (20s. for P.W., for James A. Belyea 5s., John Courtney 5s., Reuben Williams 5s., J. Williams 5s.), Rev. A. B. Black (20s. for P W., for Stephen Smith 10s., Wm. Parks 5s., Geo. Bings 5s). Rev. Wm. Tweedy (20s. for P.W., for M. Tomlinson 10s., Jos Teasdale 10s), Mr. H. S. Beek (new sub.), Mr. R. McCullly, *Sussex Vale* (10s. for P. W.), Mr. J. Hart; Rev. J. Lathern (new sub., 30s. for P.W., for S. Patterson 10s., Hiram Newcomb 5s., Wm Bowles 10s., J. Spicer 5s. in adv.), Hon. T. D. Archibald (10s. for P W)

PAIN KILLER.—METHUEN, Mass., Aug 26, Messrs P Davis & Son—Dear Sirs: * * * I have had occasion to use your Pain Killer very frequently during my residence in Burmah, and have found it a very useful medicine. I did not think I could visit the Jungles without it In cases of colic, diarrhea and cholera, the Pain Killer gives speedy relief, and for many other ailments I have found it beneficial. It is becoming popular in Burmah, among the natives as well as Europeans I always carry it with me for my own benefit and the good of the people where I go. Sincerely yours, M. H BIXBY.

The Rev. H L Van Meter, writing from Bassein, Burmah, says:—"The Karens praise it very highly indeed. I cannot conceive how a single medicine could better meet their peculiar ailments and habits than does your Pain Killer We are now using it freely in our family and find its excellent qualities confirmed with each renewed trial. Please send me 400 bottles by first opportunity." Sold by all medicine dealers.

Feb, 17, 2w.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, February 17.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	17 6d *a* 19s
" Pilot, per bbl.	17s 6d *a* 20s
Beef, Prime Ca.	55s
" " Am.	65s
Butter, Canada,	10d
" N. S. per lb.	10d *a* 10½d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d *a* 9d
" Jamaica, "	9d
Flour, Am. sfl. per bbl.	32s 6d *a* 35s
" Can. sfl. "	33s 9d *a* 35s
" State, "	32s
" Rye "	22s 6d
Cornmeal "	24s
Indian Corn, per bush.	none
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s 9d *a* 2s
" Clayed, "	1s 6d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$18
" mess "	$22
Sugar, Bright P. R.	50s *a* 52s 6d
" Cuba	45s *a* 47s 6d
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	15s *a* 16s 3d
Hoop "	22s 6d
Sheet "	23s
Nails, cut "	22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d *a* 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d *a* 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 *a* 20½
" 2,	19 *a* 12½
" 3,	16
Mackarel, No. 1,	18
" 2,	11 *a* 12
" 3,	6½ *a* 6¾
" " med.	4½ *a* 5
Herrings No 1	20s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d *a* 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	4s
Firewood, per cord,	17s 6d

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, February 17.

Oats, per bushel	2s 3d
Oatmeal, per cwt.	16s
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	$5½ *a* $7½
Bacon, per lb.	7½d
Cheese, "	6d *a* 6½d
Calf-skins, "	7d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s *a* 1s 1d
Lamb, "	3½d *a* 4½d
Veal, "	3d *a* 4d
Turkey, "	9d
Chickens, "	2s 6d
Geese, "	2s *a* 2s 6d.
Potatoes, per bushel	3s 3d
Eggs, per dozen	1s 1d *a* 1s 2d
Homespun Cloth (wool) per yard,	2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool) "	1s 9d

WILLIAM NEWCOMB
Clerk of Market

Marriages.

At Yarmouth, on the 23rd Janr, by the Rev. T. B. Smith, Mr. George W. Johnson, to Miss ANNA SCOTT, eldest daughter of Mr. L. R. Bradbury.

At Cole Harbour, on the 20th ult, by the Rev Mr. Stewart, Mr. Henry PHENER, of Lunenburg, to MARY, eldest daughter of Mr. Edward Bissett, of Cole Harbour.

Deaths.

At Port Medway, on the 7th of Janr., Mrs Sarah BANGS, aged 86 years who had been an eminently faithful member of the Church of Christ, in connection with the Wesleyan Methodists from her youth. "She rests from her labours and her works follow her.'

Suddenly, at Port Medway, on the 20th Jan., Mr. Leonard REINARD, aged 56 years.

On the 11th inst, in the 9th year of his age, THOMAS, son of the late Thomas Cannon, Esq., of Liverpool, G. B.

In Fort Lawrence, N. S., February 1, Miss Catherine WATSON, in the 80th year of her age.

At Versailles, France, 16th January, Elizabeth D. BLANCKLEY, relict of the late Major Henry S. Blanckley, 13th Lt Dragoons, and eldest daughter of the late James, Foreman, Esq.

At Bridgetown, N. S., suddenly, at the residence of Wm Y. Foster, Esqr., Charles W. DICKSON, Esqr., of Halifax, aged about 47 years

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

WEDNESDAY, February 9.

Brig America, Meagher, Boston.
Schrs Jasper E. Nelson, New York.
Margaret, Odell, Newfld.

THURSDAY, February 10.

Brigt Gen Washington, Longard, Newfld.
Schr Mountaineer, Sterling, Newfld.

FRIDAY, February 11.

Steamer Arabia, Stone, Boston
Schs Julia, Simpson, St John, N. B.
David Campbell, Ludlow, Campobello.

SUNDAY, February 13.

Barque Halifax, McCulloch, Boston.

MONDAY, February 14.

Steamer America, Miller, Liverpool.
Schr Sultan, Day, Boston.

TUESDAY, February 15.

Schrs Amazon, O'Bryen, Boston.
Hiram Cahoon, Boston
Lunenburg Packt, Westhaver, Lunenburg.

CLEARED.

February 9—Brigt Spanish Main, Gange, F W Lawrence, Trinidad; schrs Tartar, Fraser, do; Uncle Tom, Parr, Richmond, Va.

February 10—Steamers Arabia, Stone, Liverpool; Merlin, Sampson, Bermuda and St Thomas; brigt Boston, O'Brien, Boston; schr Martha, Walsh, Newfld.

February 11—Brig Gypsey, Griffin, F W Indies; brigt Milo, Campbell, New York.

MEMORANDA

New York, Feb 14—Arrd brigt Tine, McDougall, Halifax.

Richmond, Jan 31—Arrd schr Osprey, Halifax.

Cienfuegos—Arrd Frank, Jones, Halifax.

New Advertisements.

Albertine, Albertine!

40 CASKS just received
R. G. FRASER, Agent.

The New Brunswick Oil Works COMPANY,

Respectfully give notice that in consequence of various adulterated articles called Paraffine and Coal Oils, manufactured elsewhere, being now offered to the Public, and to protect their customers against imposition, the Illuminating agent manufactured and sold by them will be hereafter designated and known as ALBERTINE, instead of Paraffine as heretofore.

All persons are cautioned against using the title or trademark

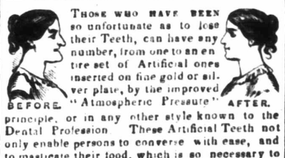
ALBERTINE,

as applied to any other article than that manufactured by the New Brunswick Oil Works Company

Albertine Oil and Lamps,

For Sale by
ROBERT G. FRASER, Chemist,
Agent,
Opposite the Province Building, Upper Side, Halifax, N S
February 17. Terms strictly Cash.

A Beautiful Sett of Teeth.



THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN so unfortunate as to lose their Teeth, can have any number, from one to an entire set of Artificial ones inserted on fine gold or silver plate, by the improved "Atmospheric Pressure" principle, or in any other style known to the Dental Profession These Artificial Teeth not only enable persons to converse with ease, and to masticate their food, which is so necessary to health, but they restore, the face to its original form and beauty, as illustrated in above right hand cut.

Teeth cleansed, regulated, filled, etc.

Also, Teeth extracted by *electricity*, without extra charge, by

DAS MACALLASTER & PAINE,
Surgeon Dentists,
At the Sign of the Golden Tooth,
February 17. 49 Granville Street.

From a Justice of the Peace.

Elgin, A. C., 12th May, 1856.

Messrs Fellows & Co., No. 8 Germain St. Gents—I accidentally sent the other day to a store for some Vermifuge, and the man not having much on hand sent me some of your Worm Lozenges. My children showed symptoms of worms at the time. I gave them according to directions, and in 24 hours from the time they commenced taking the Lozenges, one (a boy about 5 years old) had passed 30 large worms, the other (a girl 3 years old) had passed 15, and I deem it but just to say that from this slight acquaintance with your remedy, I feel satisfied that your Lozenges are cheap, convenient, safe, and more effectual than the ordinary remedies, and as such I cheerfully recommend to all heads of families.

Yours, with respect,
JOHN S. COLPITTS, J. P.

Certificates from persons of the first respectability in New Brunswick, concerning Fellows' Worm Lozenges.

FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES ARE SOLD BY ALL APOTHECARIES.

New Goods per Steamer Arabia.

CHIPMAN & CO'S.
CHEAP DRY GOODS
Warehouse.
144 Granville Street, Halifax.

NEW CLOTH Mantlis Shawls Black and Brown Capes for Spring, New French Flowers.
5 doz all colours Silk Mantle Lawns.
Ladies Cambric Scarfs from 2s 3d each up.
Great display in English Silk Rouches
New Bonnet Ribbons, Chenille Bonnet Rouches.
We have a few of the large Scarf Skin and Black Beaver