

operation of corruption that existed under State ownership and control, we have no assurance that there would have been any greater purity under corporate management. However this might have been, the case seems perfectly clear that throughout the greater part of their history the public works were used by the political party in power as an available instrument of political corruption, destroying the morals of citizens and squandering the resources of the State. Consequently those who are abashed by the present-day disclosures of corruption in the management of cities and powerful corporations, and who, therefore, sigh for the 'good old days' of political purity, have to face the fact that these did not exist in Pennsylvania at least during the period of State ownership and control of the public works. Nor can the advocates of the extension of State enterprise into various field of activity at present considered dangerously corruptible, find much to substantiate their views by an examination of the same period."

### THE WORLD TRADE OF CANADA: III. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS BY PROVINCES.

The foreign trade relations of Canada have been dealt with at some length in recent issues of THE CHRONICLE. Of no little interest in this connection is a consideration of the share of each Province of the Dominion in the general commercial activity. The accompanying table, compiled from returns to the Customs Department, is not to be taken as a measure of the actual production of exports and consumption of imports by the several provinces. Rather, and especially in the case of exports, it affords an indication of the transportation and trade channels through which commodities leave and enter the Dominion. An apparent decrease in exports in the case of a Province, may indicate a change of shipping route rather than decreased production. Naturally, then, the Province of Quebec leads in the matter of exports with a showing for 1906 of over \$121,000,000; of which amount more than \$81,500,000, or over two-thirds, was from Montreal. Imports to Montreal were over \$82,000,000 for the year.

In the matter of imports, Ontario leads the Provinces with an aggregate for 1906, of well on to \$129,000,000. Of this amount Toronto, as the chief wholesale and distributing centre of the Province, received over \$58,000,000.

The growing importance of the Dominion's Pacific trade outlets is reflected in the record of British Columbia; the exports credited to that Province having increased from about \$18,400,000 in 1902 to well on to \$23,000,000 in 1906.

### THE WORLD TRADE OF CANADA.

Exports and Imports of the Dominion, specified as to individual Provinces, during the Five Fiscal Years 1902 to 1906.

PROVINCES.	1902.		1903.		1904.		1905.		1906.	
	Total Exports	Total Imports	Total Exports	Total Imports	Total Exports	Total Imports	Total Exports	Total Imports	Total Exports	Total Imports
1 Ontario.....	48,597,480	86,232,560	51,312,217	96,765,948	41,941,605	108,172,594	46,618,115	118,536,380	59,725,246	128,654,267
2 Quebec.....	91,057,201	82,014,443	105,841,034	93,183,449	102,815,197	95,046,849	92,437,049	94,029,761	121,273,739	99,872,231
3 Nova Scotia.....	14,978,222	12,510,752	17,016,554	13,481,917	17,086,839	13,167,649	15,289,772	12,687,259	17,622,271	14,104,056
4 New Brunswick.....	17,657,751	7,307,271	18,796,463	7,934,370	17,931,854	8,956,531	17,930,703	8,114,812	23,648,953	8,848,664
5 Manitoba.....	4,896,149	2,063,074	11,791,278	11,791,278	1,049,634	14,234,560	2,575,060	14,311,593	1,935,163	19,077,507
6 British Columbia.....	18,385,335	10,391,256	15,604,896	11,141,068	16,536,328	12,079,088	16,677,862	12,565,019	22,817,578	15,718,579
7 Prince Edward Island.....	801,013	643,829	822,363	586,988	726,414	660,331	654,512	593,780	791,861	535,256
8 North-West Territories.....	1,183,648	2,491,237	3,576,682	4,622,069	3,175,108	4,891,763	753,905	4,207,241	869,547	6,145,436
9 Yukon District.....	14,083,487	2,019,792	10,811,211	1,698,683	12,247,254	1,995,243	10,379,874	1,563,833	8,002,232	1,311,620
10 North-East Territories.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	620	.....	.....
Total.....	211,640,286	212,270,158	225,849,724	241,211,770	213,521,235	259,204,608	203,316,872	266,820,298	256,866,630	294,267,616
British prepaid postal parcels; duty received through P. O. Department.....	.....	.....	.....	3,191	.....	7,195	.....	14,119	.....	18,399
Grand total.....	.....	.....	.....	241,214,961	213,521,235	259,211,803	203,316,872	266,834,417	256,866,630	294,286,015