

associations established throughout the province. Let us picture branch associations of horse breeders, cattle breeders, sheep breeders, swine breeders, grain growers, poultrymen and horticulturists in the same community. Under the circumstances either the people of the community would select the association which they preferred and would work through it to achieve the objects for which it stood, or they would become members of several of the associations. The first condition would be unsatisfactory, as all of the matters which the associations named are seeking to advance are ones in which the greater number of our people should be interested. The latter condition would reflect upon the good sense of the people, for they could not be more greatly benefited by being members of several separate associations than they would be by having one general society with a number of committees entrusted with the furtherance of special matters. In fact they would be hindered by having many sub-associations, as a multiplicity of organisations leads to confusion of objects, interest and administration. But some person will say that the grain growers' association or some of those other associations will do the work which the Farmers' Club is expected to do. We reply that wherever the grain growers' association or any other association is doing the work which should be done, it is the duty of the farmers to support and aid the association that is doing the work. It may, however, be assumed that horse breeders are not likely to devote much time to horticulture or sheep breeders to poultry raising. But where the people are not getting the information and help which they need they should undertake to get it through their organised institutions, or by organising Farmers' Clubs. Where there is no farmers' organisation a Farmers' Club should be formed.

### *Education is Needed.*

Agriculture is now recognised as a profession and the farmer is beginning to have faith in himself. Great interest is being manifested in questions of public and even of national interest. Matters which a few years ago were regarded with indifference are now the subjects of earnest inquiry. These are evidences of growth and development which promise much for the future of our country. What is now most needed is study and discussion with an abundance of reliable data from which to draw conclusions which shall be sound. Perhaps there is a danger that the cost of producing crops may not be sufficiently considered when so much time is given to solving the problem of marketing them. And methods of production may not be receiving the attention which