POOR DOCUMENT

The Semi-Heekly Telegraph.

TERRIBLE STORY OF POMPEII TO BE

VOL XL.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1902.

C. P. R. TRACKMEN TO GET ADVANCE OF TWENTY PER CENT. IN WAGES.

Chancellor Boyd, Arbitrator on Question Between the Company and the Men, Gives His Award-This Applies to the Men and Foremen of Eastern Division.

Montreal, May 8-(Special)-The trackmen on the eastern division of the Cana-dian Pacific railway, numbering 1,500 men, will receive an increase in wages of 20 per cent. This is the decision of Chancellor Boyd, who acted as arbitrator. This award is based on the minimum wage paid to sectionmen and forem

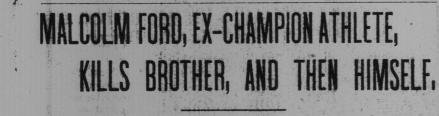
he branch lines, which is \$1.10 per day for the former, and \$1.50 for the latter On the main line it is 10 cents more than this in each case ter hearing evidence of both sides, submitted with respect to the increase

living expenses since 1897, Chancellor Boyd, addressing Mr. Wilson, representin the trackmen, asked: "What would you consider a fair increase in the wages th trackmen now receive?"

Mr. Wilson replied that he believed that 25 per cent. was not too high, men would abide by whatever award the chancellor delivered. eer Gutelius, for the company, was asked the same que

that he thought the increase should not exceed 15 per cent. Chancellor Boyd, a few minutes later, gave his decision as told ab ove. Hereafter the foreman on the branch nes will receive \$1.80 per day, and the sectionmen \$1.32, while the main line mer

get 10 cents more, will receive a cor responding increase. General Manager McNicholl says the company will abide by the award, and tlement cannot be reached in the ordinary way for other divisions, be resorted to. The trackmen are well satisfied with the award.



Murdered Man the Well-Known Author--Tragedy Occurred NUMBER EIGHT WAS ISSUED AT OT- FIVE FOOT SEVEN AND WELL SET UP LORD SALISBURY SAYS SO AT PRIMin His Library When Malcolm Called, Spoke a Few Words

TOLD OF ST. PIERRE, MARTINIQUE. Volcano Totally Destroys the Principal Town of the Island-Believed the

Population of 25,000 Have Been Lost-The Shipping in the Harbor Gone.

CORONATION CONTINGENT,

ilize at Levis May 29; Sail June 7.

the Mont Pelee volcano, wh been killed. The Roddam reports that all Saturday, had completely destroyed the the shipping

stroyed. The Quebe about 150 persons had disappeared an er Roraima is mentioned as lost, with all that a great panic prevailed at St. Pierre

The steamer Roraima, Captain Huggah left New York April 26 for St. Thomas. dated May 7, said advices received that morning from the Island of St. Vincent where she a rived May 2. From St. Thom-(B. W. I.) announced that for some days as she proceeded for St. Croix, Demerara, arthquakes had been experienced in the

the The Roddam

southward from St. Lucia, in the Wind vard Islands, ceased suddenly the same

PEACE

It was reported that the volcanic crater of Dominica (B. W. I.) were showing sign The town

on the west coast. The port there open roadstead. The town Another despatch from St. Thomas The Island of Martinique contains se

eral extinct volcanoes, the highest point being Mont Pelee, with an altitude of 4,-

Put to Sea Thursday-Given a Good Farewell-More Than Seven Hundred Troops on the Ship-The Names of Officers Aboard.

LEAVE HALIFAX ON THE CESTRIAN.

Halifax, May 8-(Special)-Third regi-ent and A and B squadrons of fourth contingent at daylight to row will be on the way to the scene

ing in readiness. At 8 o'clock the me roops and squadrons. They were dres n marching order and wore their great coats, bandoliers, belts, haversacks and horses 813

CANADIANS FOR SOUTH AFRICA

arms, and carried their rifles. A lar mber of citizens had gathered at W w Park to see the start and to accor any the troops to the embarkation pie

entary remarks were made by spe Colon Williams told a reporter he was proud this regiment, the 3rd. Paraded in u TERMS UNCHANGED.

> At 9 o'clock Colonel Willia the men to attention, then to shoulde arms and fall in four and the R. C. R. hand was in waiting at the gate to pla the corps to the transport.

board of officers, with Colonel H pection of the ship at noon today

who left on the Cestrian is: 3rd re grand totals are

NO. 67.

arked today are:

reterinary officer. enants Barker. Tett. Patte enants C. H. Hill, W. R. Kin

Then Fired.

the novelist, was shot and tailed today by his brother, Malcolm Webster Ford, writer and athlete, who immediately sent a bullet into his own breast, dying in-startly. The shooting occurred at 10.20 a. m. in the handsome new mansion which Paul Leicester Ford had built at 37 East 77th street, and had occupied for about a year. There were in the house besides the two brothers, Mrs. Paul Leicester Ford, Edward H. Kidder, of Brooklyn, who was the first person to arrive, after the physician. There were in the novelist's scoretary, and the servants. The novelist's scoretary, and the servants at her desk in an other corner of the room. Mrs. Ford was in her own room on the third floor. Mai colm W. Ford called, as he often had done, and went to his brother at his desk. Words were exchanged in a tore so low that Miss Hall could not hear. Suddenly there was a revolver shot atd Miss Hall darted from the room. Then, according to the police, she said to here self she must act more bravely and re-enter the library. Meanwhile Malcolm Ford had called her. As she turned he placed his revolver to his heart, fired and fell, dying in stantly. When Miss Hall turned to look at Paal he still was standing at his desk but rapidly losing strength. She helped

stantly. When Miss Hall turned to look at Paul he still was standing at his desk but rapidly losing strength. She helped him to a sofa and then ran next door for his physician. Dr. Emanuel Baruch. In but rapidly losing strength. She helped him to a sofa and then ran next door for his physiscian, Dr. Emanuel Baruch. In less than five minutes Doctor Baruch ar rived and the dying man, still conscious, was cartied to a room beside his wife's and placed on his bed. He spoke to his wife and asked the doctor for his opinion, showing that he expected death. A few moments later, about 20 minutes after he was shot, Mr. Ford died. The bullet which killed him just grazed the top of his heart and passed through a large artery ascending from it. The bul-let which killed Malcolm Ford was fired that he enewhich killed his brother. In fact the wounds were almost identical. What disposition of Malcolm Ford's body was made immediately after the shooting could not be ascertained, but it appears that the body lay where it fell, on a rug in the library, for some time, possibly several hours, so great was the excitement in the house. In fact the mur-

the New Horses.

New York, May 8.—Paul Leicester Ford, the novelist, was shot and killed today by his brother, Malcolm Webster Ford, britten and suicide were not known to the coroner until about 2.30 p. m. and not to the police until 4.25 p. m. Doctor Baruch said that the time be-

PREMIER'S DECISION IS READY.

Lord's Day Alliance Complaint as to Sunday Law in St. John

TO INVITE MR. CHAMBERLAIN

TO ATTEND HALIFAX MEETING.

Before the Government--Prohibition Matter Also--To Sell

Classifies the Foreign-Born Population of Canada by Sex, Age, and Countries Whence They Came-Statistics Tell Much of Interest.

ANOTHER CENSUS BULLETIN

Ottawa, May 8-(Special)-The militia Ottawa, May 8-(Special)-Bulletin VIII order setting forth the regulations for the was issued by the census department tocoronation contingent was issued today. day. The tables of this bulletin classify The order states that preference, as far the foreign born population by sex, age, time of immigration and the countries whence they emigrated and the foreign as possible, is to be given to men who have served in the rebellion of 1885 and Boers. in South Africa. Others must have com-

and native born by birthplace. The foreign born are grouped according to age in three periods, namely, under 10 years, 10 and under 20 years, 20 years pleted the training in 1899, 1900 and 1901. The qualifications are:--Five feet seven inches in height, well and upwards; and according to time of set up and thoroughly trained; the comarrival in the country in periods of five years commencing with 1851. manding officer to certify that the men The native born are grouped to show for the various territorial divisions the number of persons born in town and county of each province and territory. They constitute 87 per cent. of the whole

population and the urban is to the rural born in the ratio of three to one. militia. Exclusive of the British islands and pos sessions, the foreign born, as grouped by birthplaces, number 278,804 for 1901; 157,-110 for 1891, and 131,083 for 1881. All imto 10 for 1891, and 131,083 for 1891. All im-migrants of British birth are counted as Canadian citizens, and all of foreign birth are counted as aliens, unless they have become citizens by naturalization. The table of birthplace and citizenship is pre-pared from data supplied by bulletin VII, and it shows the progress of naturalization amongst the immigrant classes. Of the total of 278,804 there are 134,942 aliens according to bulletin VII, but the whole number includes a very large proportion of the 159,200 immigrants who arrived in the five and a quarter years, 1896 to March 31, 1901. The country from which the Iargest number has eome is the United States, and of the total of 127,891 born there, it appears that 84.493 have been nutralized. In the older provinces of Ontario and Quebec there are 72,580 who were born in the United States, and 59,728 of these migrants of British birth are counted as

in the United States, and 59,728 of these are naturalized citizens. The immigration from the United Kingdom does not suffice to supply the loss by death among the British born in the country, especially among immigrants of Irish and Scottish birth, as the following table shows:-Country 1901. 1891. 1881. 1871. England ..203,803 219,688 169,504 144,999

Ireland. ..101,628 149,184 185,526 219,451 cotland .. 83,631 107,584 115,062 121,074 Totals ... 389,062 476,456 470,092 485,524 The figures for 1871 are only for Ontario nebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia

nd Wales is included with England for 1891 and 1901. The immigration figures, show the ar rivals between 1891 and 1895 and between

1896 and March 31, 1901, to be as fol POINTS TO RECOVERY

Cavor, St. John, for the petitioners	Province.	1891-95.	1896-
immediately.	British Columbia	14,280	2
	Manitoba	12,096	2
		1.502	
city on May 23 at 2 o'clock p. m.	Nova Scotia	2.624	
Accounts in connection with the small-	Ontario	18,431	2
years ago were dealt with and the amount	()uchos	13 196	2
which the government decided to pay is			
			• 1
The members of the government with	Assiniboia	4,515	1
the execution of the commissioner of agri-	Saskatchewan.	1.261	
	Introductive. It was decided to sell the horses recent- ly imported by the government in this city on May 23 at 2 o'clock p. m. Accounts in connection with the small- pox epidemic in Gloucester county several years ago were dealt with and the amount which the government decided to pay is in the neighborhood of \$2,800. The members of the government with	Cavor, St. John, for the petitioners immediately. It was decided to sell the horses recent- ly imported by the government in this city on May 23 at 2 o'clock p. m. Accounts in connection with the small- pox epidemic in Gloucester county several years ago were dealt with and the amount which the government decided to pay is in the neighborhood of \$2,800. The members of the government with	Cavor, St. John, for the petitioners immediately.Province.1891-95.It was decided to sell the horses recently ly imported by the government in this city on May 23 at 2 o'clock p. m. Accounts in connection with the smally pox epidemic in Gloucester county several years ago were dealt with and the amount which the government decided to pay is in the members of the government withProvince.1891-95.British Columbia.14.280 Manitoba.Manitoba.12,096 New Brunswick.1,502 Nova Scotia.Pox epidemic in Gloucester county several years ago were dealt with and the amount which the government decided to pay is in the members of the government withProvince.1891-95.British Columbia.12,096 New Brunswick.1,502 Nova Scotia.Nova Scotia.2,624 Ontario.Pox epidemic in Gloucester county several years ago were dealt with and the amount which the government withP. E. Island.219 Quebec.Pox epidemic in flow of \$2,800.5,764 Assiniboia.Assiniboia.4,515

Totals.. 74,632

1901.

porsessions. ... 405,853 Foreign countries. ... 278,804

Montreal, May 8-(Special)-At a meeting today of the executive of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, action was taken with a view to bring about the attendance of the premiers of Canada, Australia and New Zealand at the meeting of the association in Halifax this summr. It is also intended to invite a leading member of the British cabinet, probably the Colonial Secretary, Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.

Repudiates the Assertion That the Govern-Regulations Issued by the Government Yesment is Weakening on the Subject-No terday-Men to Be of Exemplary Charac-Feeling of Bitterness Against the Boers, ter-Will Get Pay of Active Militia-Mob-But Privileges of Colonial System.

ROSE LEAGUE.

London, May 8-Lord Salisbury, during his speech yesterday at the annual grand habitation of the Primrose League here, said the government had not receded an iota from its previous peace terms to the

"As to rights we claimed and the policy we intended to pursue we are exactly where we were. The country must not ex pect the 'ashes of past conflicts' to be extinguished immediately. Great Britain has had a great and serious war; but admit ting that misery and suffering had been

are of exemplary character and to be passed as fit by medical officers. The men will be clothed in the uniform of their re-spective corps. During absence, officers and men will be allowed the pay of active caused, it 'must be recognized that the power, prestige, influence and magic effect of our great empire are more potent, more The corps will be mobilized at Levis. efficient and more admirable than ever Quebec, on May 29 and will sail on June 7. Men of Strathcona's Horse anxious to go are asked to forward their names at once to headquarters. The establishment will be as follows: before.' We have suffered," continued the premier, "but we have greatly won." It was impossible not to feel that the efforts of the people of the country have, in some cases, not been worthily recognized. The other day Mr. Morley asked if there One lieutenant-colonel, one major for was a single member of the cabinet of 1899 who, if he could have forseen the results of the policy on which they were then launching the country, would not have checked the diplomacy leading to such de-plorable results. As a member of that cabinet, he, Lord Salisbury, wished to meet this statement with the most digni-fied denial. The war had been used by some politicians for the squalid purpose of injuring their opponents. When a neighboring power or tribe invaded his majesty's dominions "and made an attack which was a gross and flagrant outrage,

it could be met only by fighting in their own country those who had despised the rights and sovereignty of our sovereign." The premier repudiated the assertion that Great Brtain was weakening on the subject of peace terms. He declared the country could not afford to submit to the Of the garrison artillery, there will be Of the garrison artillety, there will be one captain, one sergeant major and seven men 1st Halifax regiment, 85th British Columbia regiment, 5; 2nd to 6th, four men each; engineers, one lieutenant, nine men. There will be two companies in fantry, one captain, one lieutenant, 70 non-coms. and men; Rifles one company, one captain, one lieutenant and 42 non-coms. and men. The Quebec and mari-time province regiments to be allowed two men each, while the others are al-lowed one man each. The rifle regiments will be allowed two men each. suggestion that affairs should be allowed to slide back into a position where it would be in the power of the enemy, when the opportunity suited him, to renew the issues for which this country had fought during the last three years.

When the conflict was over all possible would be done to mould their present opwill be allowed two men each. The army service sorps sends three men from Kingston company and three from Montreal; bearer companies, one per com-

pany. There will be seven men drawn from field hospitals, 2nd to 8th inclusive. The band master and 25 men of the Royal Garrison Artillery will also be sent.

there was any feeling of bitterness towards the Boers, for there was nothing the gov-OF HOLLAND'S QUEEN, ernment more tarness, at privileges con-they should enjoy all the privileges con-ferred on their brother nations by the ernment more earnestly desired than that

colonial system. Wilhelmina Makes Good Progress--

Service of Thanksgiving.

the corps to the transport. The fourth and part of the sixth regiment were on parade at the time and, as the order "quick march" was given and the R. C. R. band started off with Union Forever march, the fourth and sixth men on par-ade, led by Colonel Irving, gave three hearty cheers for their departing com-rades. The street outside the camp was lined by western men not yet in uniform and they took up the cheering and passed it along as the troops marched between them. The departing detachment was al-most hemmed in by a erowd of civilians and soldiers marching alongside. At 3.15 p. m. the Cestrian cast off her lines and proceeded slowly down the har-bor. Several thousand persons were at deep water terminus as she started and loudly cheered the departing trooper, the cheers being returned by those on ship. As the steamer proceeded down the har-bor steamers in port and the ferry boats shot departing alongside. Aecommodatinons on the troopship are

TEACHERS IN SESSION. INSTITUTE FOR COUNTIES OF AN- EXECUTIVE OF UNITED STATES BODY NAPOLIS AND DIGBY.

> More Than a Hundred Gather to Discuss Educational Matters--Proceedings of Thursday's Meetings Were Interesting--Institute Continue Friday.

Annapolis, N. S., May 8-(Special)-The Teachers' Institute for Digby and An-napolis counties met at Annapolis Royal today. There were more than 100 in at-tendance. An informal meeting for re-ception of the teachers was held last wereing. The institute on and the a m and the

ponents so that they could take up their position in the empire, which had con-ferred so many blessings on the human race. But it must be thoroughly under-stood that the whole government of the country was to be of such a character that at 9 o'clock Friday morning.

this should be made clear, for some people thought the empire might become tired. He did not wish to convey the idea that

PRINCIPAL GRANT RALLIES.

Considers Matters Connected With Recent Action of British Government Relative to Ireland--Will Issue Address to Irish Race in America.

UNITED IBISH LEAGUE.

HIN SESSION THURSDAY.

The institute opened at 9 a. m. and the first hour was spent in enrollment of members and other preliminaries. Then followed an interesting paper on text books by D. Joseph H. Crowe, vice-president of Annapolis Academy. This paper received considerable criticism favorable and other wise. An interesting lesson on English literature was then given by Principal A. W. Smith. The meeting then adjourned to meet at 1.30 p. m.
ation Out Database and other preliminaries. Then followed an interesting lesson on English literature was then given by Principal A. W. Smith. The meeting then adjourned to meet at 1.30 p. m.

to meet at 1.30 p. m. The afternoon session began with a paper on geography in the common schools by Doctor Hall, of the Provincial Normal School The write hald that meaning the provincial Normal The mational treasurer, T. B. Fitzpat-rick, of Boston, reported that nearly \$10,-000 has been subscribed in four months. W. Bourke Cochrane predicted "that Ireland will, sooner than most people im-

by Doctor Hall, of the Provincial Normal School. The writer held that geography was a combination of the sciences and should be taught by observation. This paper provoked considerable discussion as to the necessity of memorizing apparently useless details. Principal Robinson gave a very practical and interesting lesson or geometery to beginners. This lesson re-ceived nothing but commendation from all. Principal I. M. Longley, M. A., gave an interesting and instructive paper on elementary English, after which the meet-ing adjourned until 8 p. m. The evening school, and others spoke. The meeting adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Friday morning.

New York, May 8.—It was said at Bishop Potter's residence today that the bishop was much better today and was resting comfortably in bed.



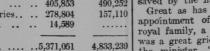
Wife in England.

The Hague, May S.-In the presence of the prince consort and a distinguished congregation which attended Ascension day services at the church delivered an address of thanks siving for the preservation of the life of Queen Withedmina who, he said, had been g saved by the hand of God. Grant continued all day. At 6 of peritorities has been the source and dis appointment of the pious hope of that is was a great grief to the nation, yet, stil the minister, "can we not happily ex-claim triamph." The is understood that the danger of peritorities has now been averted and that all symptoms point to recovery.

ly imported by the government in city on May 23 at 2 o'clock p. m. charge preterred by the Lord's Day Al-liance of St. John against Chief of Police Clark of non-enforcement of the Sabbath observance law, submitted his report, a copy of which will be forwarded to the secretary of the alliance before being made public. The reply to the petition for enactment of a prohibitory law was prepared and a copy will be forwarded to W. P. Mc⁻ o'clock train tomorrow.

The country of birth is as follows:-Country.

Not given,... .. 14,589



159,200 1891.

490.252

1891-95. 1896-1901. 24.70

which is the second and the second a

10.287

