

The Star

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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1907

LATEST WEATHER REPORT

FINE and COOL

ONE CENT

NOW ON SALE EDISON GOLD MOULDED RECORDS, AMERICAN SELECTIONS. 9002-Minuet and Gavotte from "Fugliaci" (Leoncavallo)...

Carbo Magnetic Razors Now \$1.50. These celebrated Razors sell in the United States at \$2.50. They are tempered by a secret electrical process...

Our Boys' Clothing Department is a school that forms in boys the habit of wearing good clothing. We take pupils as young as 3 years of age.

American Clothing House, 11-15 Charlotte St., St. John.

LADIES, DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY? If you do, take an interest in our prices. Here are a few of them: Ladies' Pleated Skirts, \$1.25 up.

F. S. THOMAS, Fashionable Furrier, 539 Main St., N. E. MANY PARENTS BUYING SCHOOL CLOTHING HERE

MASONIC GRAND LODGE IS IN SESSION TODAY Reports Show an Increase of 136 in Membership During the Year—Many Prominent Brethren Have Died Since Last Meeting

WORKERS FOR THE BLIND MEET IN CONVENTION C. F. Fraser, of Halifax, Read a Paper Today at the Session in New York

THE PERSIAN FRONTIER TROUBLE TO BE ENDED CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 27.—The Persian Legation having protested against the continued operation of Persian territory by Turkish troops...

THE CZAR IS THANKFUL THAT STOLYPIN STILL LIVES ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 27.—In telegraphing congratulations to Premier Stolypin, on the anniversary of the attempt to blow up the villa of the Premier...

NOT GUILTY OF KILLING CANADIAN LADY SAULT ST. MARIE, Mich., Aug. 27.—The court martial held here to try Private Cyrus Gillette, of Fort Brady, who accidentally shot and killed Miss Elizabeth Cadenhead, of Ferguson, Ont., last July...

HEAVEN AND GOLD STEEL RESPONSIBLE FOR PEACE BERLIN, Aug. 27.—Kaiser Wilhelm, in reply to an address of welcome by the Burgomaster of Hanover yesterday, said: "We have to thank the gracious dispensation of heaven and also the swords of our trusty troops that it has been possible to maintain peace so long."

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—A notable flight was made by the "Parseval" steerable airship late last night. The machine carried four aeronauts. During the thirty minute flight the motors worked most satisfactorily and the airship answered its helm with precision against a wind blowing twenty miles an hour.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—It is announced officially that the amount taken in the alleged \$250,000 mail robbery on a Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway train recently, was \$250.

THE AUDITOR'S REPORT The auditor's report shows the correctness of the accounts and shows that the total assets of Grand Lodge are now \$4,200,000, of which amount \$1,322,871 is in the benevolent fund.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The ninth convention of the American Association of Workers for the Blind was opened here today, had in attendance many persons prominent through their work in the interests of the blind, some of them sightless themselves. The feature of the morning session was a discussion on a paper delivered by Dr. C. F. Fraser, superintendent of the Perkins Institution for the blind, welcomed the delegates at the opening of the convention.

JAPANESE QUESTION BECOMING SERIOUS Canada is Powerless Says Consul Nosse. This Country Must Remain Wide Open—His Opinion Creates a Sensation on the Coast

YANCOUVER, Aug. 27.—The statement of the Japanese consul published here has made a great sensation. What Canada is desirous of doing and what she expects to succeed in doing is to get an arrangement with Japan so that the number of arrivals in this country will be limited to 500 or 600 a year no matter whether they come from Honolulu or Japan, instead of saying that only that number will leave Japan for Canada. A movement is on foot to have a meeting of delegates from various anti-Asiatic Leagues on the Pacific coast including San Francisco. It is claimed that the immigration has now reached a point at which the population of the Pacific coast south of the boundary is attaching the highest importance to the Japanese invasion of Canada as representing possibly the most serious Asiatic peril on this continent threatening the Republic and the Dominion alike. That some of the Japanese landing here are being smuggled into the State of Washington it is claimed has been proved in the courts of the state. The startling statement is made that when Japanese passengers are there examined by the U. S. Immigration officials before proceeding to Seattle they are found to enter the republic calmly turned loose on Canadian soil, boat company would have to take them where if taken to Seattle the steamers would be seized.

G. T. PACIFIC WILL NOT HANDLE MUCH WHEAT Not Yet Ready to Move Any Quantity of the Grain—Vice-President Smithers Coming to Inspect It MONTREAL, Aug. 27.—A. W. Smithers, vice-president of the Grand Trunk, is expected from London next week for an inspection of the system. C. M. Hayes will accompany him. Sir Charles Elvers Wilson will not come out this year owing to ill health. The G. T. P. may also be inspected. The Grand Trunk Pacific will be in a position to carry part of the western wheat crop this fall over certain sections of its line. It was stated in the west that the new road would be able to move wheat from Saskatchewan to Winnipeg but this has been denied by Mr. C. O. Winter, general superintendent of the G. T. P. Mr. Winter, however, states that the Grand Trunk Pacific will be in position to accept wheat for shipment on the line west of Portage la Prairie, transferring it to the other three railways which meet there. As yet there are no elevators along the line. It is not expected that the line will be completed from Portage to Winnipeg this fall, nor will grain be carried east of Winnipeg to the great lakes.

NATIONALIST MEMBER PLACED UNDER ARREST James P. Farrell and Forty Others on Trial for Taking Part in an Unlawful Assembly LONGFORD, Ireland, Aug. 27.—James P. Farrell, Irish Nationalist member of Parliament for North Longford, and forty other persons were arrested early this morning, and are being tried by a special court, convened for the purpose, on the charge of taking part in an "unlawful assembly likely to cause a riot."

WESTERN CLERGYMAN COMMITS SUICIDE NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A despatch to the American from Los Angeles says: The Rev. Dr. Edward H. Jewett, for fifteen years professor of pastoral theology in the General Theological Seminary in New York, committed suicide here yesterday by cutting his throat. Dr. Jewett was seventy-eight years old, and was living with his son-in-law, the Rev. Angus M. Porten, rector of the Episcopal Church at Rockland. The act was committed at Manhattan Beach, 18 miles from this city, and was witnessed by a thousand persons, many of them children playing along the beach.

THE NEW SULTAN IS READY FOR A FIGHT PARIS, Aug. 27.—The correspondent at Constantinople of the Matin telegraphs that a letter has been received in the Arab camp from Mulla Hafiz, the newly proclaimed sultan, announcing that he is marching to attack the French with numerous forces and several cannon. He instructs the besiegers to refrain from action until his arrival.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 27.—It is announced here that peace in Central America is now assured through the intervention of the United States and Mexico. Formal statements giving details will probably be issued within a few days.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 27.—Bulletin 80, which has just been issued by the Census Bureau and was prepared under the supervision of William M. Steuart, chief statistician for manufactures, presents statistics relating to the manufacture of paper and wood pulp. At the census of manufactures taken in 1906 the reported value of the products of this industry was \$188,715,188. The industry gave employment to 65,594 wage-earners, and the capital invested in it was reported as \$27,444,471. At the census of 1900 the value of products was \$127,236,122; the number of wage-earners, 49,646; and the investment of capital, \$167,507,712. Going back ten years further, we find these items, as reported at the census of 1890, were as follows: Value of products was \$127,236,122; the number of wage-earners, 21,650; capital, \$93,823,548.

GROWTH OF THE INDUSTRY. This comparison shows that the growth of the industry in the five years between 1900 and 1906 surpassed the growth in the preceding ten years. Thus the value of products, which increased by \$48,338,978 between 1900 and 1906, increased by \$61,859,027 between 1900 and 1905; the capital employed, which increased by \$77,678,165 in the ten-year period preceding 1900, increased by \$109,926,718 in the next five years. The increase in the number of wage-earners was, however, not quite as great in the later and shorter period as in the earlier and longer, being 218 between 1900 and 1905 as compared with an increase of 15,996 between 1900 and 1906.

When the increases are computed on a percentage basis the results are as follows: The increase in value of products was 61.3 per cent. for the period 1900 to 1906 and 48.2 per cent. for the period 1900 to 1905; the increase in the number of wage-earners was 23.9 per cent. for the earlier period and 23.9 per cent. for the later; and the increase in capital was 85.5 per cent. and 65.6 per cent., respectively. Taking into consideration the fact that the latter period was only one-half as long as the earlier, these percentages indicate a greatly increased rate of growth in the five years following 1900 as compared with the preceding ten years. Probably, however, the actual increments given in the previous paragraph are more significant as a measure of growth than the percentages. The figures presented in this bulletin go back to the census of 1890, when the product of this industry was only \$10,371,771; the number of wage-earners, 3,285; and the capital invested, \$7,260,864. The number of establishments reported for the industry was slightly smaller in 1905 than it was in 1900, being 761 in the later year and 764 in the other year. It is evident, therefore, that the growth of the industry represents production on a larger scale, or concentration in large plants. This movement is more clearly shown by the average product per establishment: in 1890 it was only \$22,966; in 1900 it was \$121,623; in 1905, \$146,376; and in 1906, \$247,983, or nearly one-quarter of a million. The average investment of capital per establishment for the same period increased from \$16,390 in 1900 to \$128,412 in 1905, \$219,528 in 1906, and \$395,470 in 1906.

PRINCIPAL PRODUCING STATES. The leading state in this industry in New York, for which the reported product at the census of 1906 was \$71,750,605. This state ranks next in value of product is Massachusetts, for which the return was \$32,012,347. Maine comes next, with a value of product reported at \$22,951,124. Then come, in the order named, Wisconsin (\$17,544,174), Pennsylvania (\$15,411,023), and Ohio (\$10,961,257). These six states produced in the aggregate products to the value of \$188,500,709, representing 72.4 per cent. of the total production of the United States.

PRODUCTS. Of the total value of the product (\$188,715,188), news paper represented \$35,906,460; book paper, \$37,403,011; fine paper, \$22,249,110; wrapping paper, \$30,455,292; boards, \$18,659,557. The aggregate value of tissue papers was \$5,056,438; of blotting paper, \$1,046,790; of building, roof, asbestos, and sheeting papers, \$4,845,628; and of hanging, or wall paper, \$3,013,464.

In the interval between 1900 and 1905, the production of news paper increased in value \$15,814,886, or 7.7 per cent.; the production of book paper by \$12,522,850, or 56 per cent; and that of fine paper, consisting mainly of writing paper, by \$6,352,196, or 40 per cent.

At the census of 1906, 223,222 tons of news paper were reported; 515,547 tons of book paper; and 131,934 tons of writing paper.

New York leads in the production of news paper, reporting a product of \$13,466,051, which was rather more than one-third of the total product of the United States. In the production of book paper, Massachusetts is the leading state, the reported product of

Dr. Jewett was born in Newington, England, in 1829. He was the author of several works on religious thought and worship.

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