

European Intelligence.

From papers by the Africa.

INDIA.

An Indian mail, with dates from Bombay to the 4th of December, had arrived at Suez, and would be due in London about the 28th ult.

Lucknow had been relieved. Sir Colin Campbell joined the force at Alumbagh on the 11th of November, and on the 19th, after a series of severe struggles with the enemy, the garrison of Lucknow was relieved. On the following day, the sick and wounded and the women and children, were sent under an escort to Cawnpore.

One authority says that the relief of Lucknow was achieved with a loss of only 4 officers killed, and 40 wounded.

The government telegram says the army, under the commander-in-chief, amounted to about 22,000 men, amply sufficient to reduce Oude to entire subjection, a task which will occupy them for some months to come.

Another dispatch places Sir Colin Campbell's force at 12,000 men.

The Malwa field force, under Brigadier Stuart, had relieved Nusserabad, dispersed the Mehidpore rebels, and was clearing Malwa of insurgents.

The columns under Brigadier Shaw, and Col. Cotton and Tiddell, were scouring Rohilound,—complete success attending their operations everywhere.

Reinforcements were pouring into India, and all alarm for the garrisons and outposts had ceased.

The East India Company's dispatch states that Sir Colin Campbell was slightly wounded, but not sufficiently to interfere with the performance of his duties.

The Gwalior rebels had advanced within 15 miles of Cawnpore, but had again retired to Calkee. Gen. Windham, it is stated, has marched to attack them.

Twenty-four inferior members of the royal family, and an influential rebel chief, had been executed at Delhi.

The Jodhpore Legion has been defeated with great slaughter, and the loss of all their guns, by Col. Girard's forces. Col. Girard was, however, killed.

All was quiet in the Punjab.

The fort and town of Saugor remained untouched, but there were large parties of rebels in the surrounding districts.

The Bheel disturbances in Kanderach continued, and a rising of some Berads near Woodhole is reported.

Exchange on Bombay was 2s 2 3/8 for credits. Freights had declined. Business was quiet, and money extremely high.

GREAT BRITAIN.

At a banquet given by the Mayor of Liverpool, to the Siamese Ambassadors, Mr. Beverly Tucker, the United States Consul in that city, was one of the speakers. He congratulated the assembly on the glorious news from India, and trusted that the triumph of English arms would be complete, because it was the triumph of civilization. He said he had no doubt whatever that there was an immense trade to be developed with Siam, and he felt assured that the "Star Spangled Banner" would, like the flag of Great Britain, dip in the water to the vessels of Siam approaching the great Republic of America.

The ship Wallace, bound from Quebec to Glasgow, has been lost at sea. The crew remained on the waterlogged ship for eleven days, with nothing but the body of a dog to subsist upon. Three of them perished.

It is said that the English and French Governments are trying to settle the difficulty between Spain and America in regard to the frigate *Perrolana*.

The London Times, of the 26th, has an article in relation to the portion of the President's Message touching on the commercial crisis. It says:—"It seems likely that the late commercial disasters of the United States will have their due effect on the policy of the Government, and the manners of the people. This time the collapse has been too complete, the calamity too wide spread, and the causes too evident, for the impression to die away, and the speculators to resume their old game as soon as the vibration of the shock has passed. The Message of the American President is bold in its criticism of the existing banking system, and denounces freely the practices to which it has notoriously led; and now the Secretary of Treasury, in his report to the chief Magistrate, does not hesitate to demand the interference of Congress to do that which the several States will probably shrink from themselves. It may indeed be as much out of the power of Congress as of the local legislatures, to act decisively. However, the opinions of the Government are not less evident, and it is fit that they should be known and considered in this country."

The same paper has an article on Kansas affairs. It says:—"Buchanan's style, in his late message to the Congress of the United States, betrays very clearly where he is treading on eggs. There is a cautious balance, an exactness of self-justification and elaborate construction of a basis for himself, as he goes over the ground of the Kansas question. On the whole he gets out of it not amiss, but the process of propping up is too transparent."

The London Times again reviews the Mormon difficulty, and the Government plans for its suppression. It hopes that the Mormons will decide upon a migration before they are involved in the calamity of war.

A mutiny occurred on board the ship *J. J. Boyd*, on the 24th ult., as she was on the point of leaving the river Mersey for New York. The crew armed themselves with

handspikes, knives, &c., threatened the officers, and refused to proceed to sea; on the ground that the ship's provisions were bad. Information of the state of affairs having been conveyed to proper officials, officers were dispatched to the vessel, and arrested 27 of the men, without opposition. An examination was to take place the day the *Africa* sailed. The second mate was badly cut about the mouth by a blow from a hand-spike.

The Board of Trade Returns for the month of November, show a falling off of nearly £2,000,000 in the exports, as compared with the corresponding period last year.

The London Post, taking its cue from the President's Message, advocates the construction of a railroad to the Pacific through the British Provinces.

The screw steamer *Earl of Garrick*, bound from Ayr for Liverpool, was wrecked on the Isle of Man, and all the crew, except two, were lost.

In London, on the 23rd, the funds were steady and firm, and the money market was again easier. The various Joint Stock Banks lowered their rate of discount for best paper to 8 per cent. No new features were reported. On Thursday, the 24th, the Bank of England reduced their rate of discount from 10 to 8 per cent., and simultaneously with this movement repayment was made of the £2,000,000 of over issue. After the reduction of the rate, there was an active demand for money at the Bank. In the discount market choice bills were negotiated at 7 1/2 per cent.

THE PRINCESS ROYAL'S MARRIAGE.—It is understood to be her Majesty's intention to hold a Drawing-room in St. James' Palace in the latter end of January, immediately after the Princess Royal's marriage, at which her Royal Highness and his Royal Highness the Prince Frederick William of Prussia will be present, when her Majesty, the Prince Consort, and their Royal Highnesses will receive congratulations on this happy event. No presentations will take place on this occasion.

We understand that his Royal Highness Prince Frederick William of Prussia, will not again visit this country until he comes for the celebration of his marriage.

On the occasion of her Majesty's marriage, the Queen presented to each of her bridesmaids a diamond and turquoise ornament, to be worn on the shoulder, on the sleeve of the dress; and the ladies so distinguished always wear this badge when they attend at Court. We believe that some such distinction will be conferred on those who occupy a prominent position in the ceremonial of nuptials of the Princess Royal. Fourteen beautiful bracelets of the same pattern, and with similar jewels, are being manufactured for the event, besides a number of brooches and pins. These latter contain, on a shield of blue enamel, the cypher of the Princess in diamonds, surmounted by the Prussian eagle, also in brilliant. The trousseau of the Princess herself approaches completion, and its magnificence will be in every respect worthy of the illustrious Princess.

So great is the influx of distinguished visitors expected for the marriage of the Princess Royal, that the royal domestic establishment, ample as it is, will be considerably augmented, in order to meet the demands. The Queen is determined that every one who is invited to the wedding shall be waited upon by persons in her Majesty's own service.

The marriage treaty of the Princess Royal with the Prince of Prussia, has been signed at the Foreign Office, by the Prussian Minister and by Lord Clarendon, and also by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT had determined, after mature deliberation, to work the gold mines discovered in Upper Senegal.

A further reduction of the French Army had been decided upon, and the Minister of War ordered 30,000 renewable furloughs to be prepared.

NAPLES.

Rumours were current of an intended modification of the tariff.

PORTUGAL.

The epidemic at Lisbon continued to decline.

SWEDEN.

The crisis continued to be severely felt at Stockholm. The failures amounted to upwards of thirty.

Bishop Conolly, while travelling recently from Civita Vecchia to Rome, in company with other travellers, was attacked by a band of armed brigands; one of the travellers showed fight and was wounded; the Bishop was robbed of £140 in money, and several valuable articles of jewelry. [Leader.]

FOUR DROWNED.—The body of a man named John D. Morisy, was found in Leavitt's Slip on Tuesday night, between seven and eight o'clock. Deceased evidently came to his death by drowning. He was said to belong to the brigantine *Charles*, lying in the ship. The body was taken to the Dead House. [Lb.]

BIBLE SOCIETY MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the Auxiliary Bible Society was held at the Institute on Thursday evening. The spacious Hall was crowded to overflowing long before the hour appointed. His Honor Judge Parker, the President of the Society, occupied the Chair, and on the platform were His Honor Judge Wilnot, the Clergy, a belonging to the different Protestant denominations, and a number of other gentlemen. The Report was read by Dr. Patterson, after which several animated addresses were delivered, and it was not un-

til midnight that this interesting meeting broke up. [Newbrunswick.]

CENTRAL BANK.—We learn that the President of this institution has received letters from the agents in London approving of the course, recently adopted by the Bank as the best under existing circumstances. It is also said that authority has been given the Bank to draw upon their agents at home. This is satisfactory news. [Lb.]

SHIPPING OF YARMOUTH, N. S.—We learn from the *Yarmouth Herald*, that on the 1st inst. the number of vessels owned at that port, amounted to 116, comprising 35,712 tons. They are thus classed:—1 steamer, 2 ships, 48 barks, 20 brigs, 22 brigantines, and 28 schooners. Ten vessels were sold during the past year, five lost, and one condemned.

Yarmouth is one of the most enterprising towns in Nova Scotia, and has always held a high position as regards the industry of its inhabitants. [Newbrunswick.]

REMARKABLE ACTIVITY.—We are informed by Mr. Richard Gooden, that Mr. Jas. Chappell of Bay de Verte, now 77 years of age, has cut upwards of 500 bushels of oats and 200 bushels of wheat, last summer, and is now engaged in hewing covering for the Tignish Bridge. [Sackville Border.]

A scientific gentleman, with whom we lately conversed, is of opinion that gas may be generated from birch bark, so as to become available for light. He filled a common-sized tea-kettle with it and set it on a hot stove. A gaseous current soon issued from the spout which ignited on applying a lighted match to it. The light was sufficient to enable a person to read on the opposite side of the room. [Lb.]

A YOUNG HERO.—The royal barge from which the Prince of Wales and the Prince Consort landed at the docks at Southampton, on a recent occasion was steered by a boy-looking naval officer in full uniform. This was Lieut. Hewitt, who distinguished himself in the Crimea. When the Turks were stationed in an advanced position, he retreated before the Russian cavalry at the battle of Balaklava, a 64-pounder from one of her Majesty's ships, in charge of Mr. Hewitt, quite a youth, was in danger of being captured. A military order was received by him to spike the gun and make good his retreat. He declined to obey the order, because it was not sent by the captain of his ship. Instead of spiking the gun, he loaded it to the muzzle, slew it round, and fired it at the Russians, amongst whom it caused dreadful havoc. Although so young, he has the Victoria Cross and other honorary distinctions.

Visiting, Invitation, and other Cards struck off at short notice.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, JAN. 20, 1858.

The Royal Gazette contains a Proclamation summoning the Legislature to meet for the despatch of business, on the 10th February next.

Education.

This important subject has engaged the attention of our contemporaries for the last few weeks, and has been discussed by them in a very able manner without however, their arriving at any satisfactory conclusion. Without any desire to thrust our opinion upon the people, or to set ourselves forward as a judge, on a matter of such vast moment to the Province at large, we wish to record our voice in favor of direct taxation for the support of Schools, and will endeavor in a few words to state our reasons for doing so. It is generally admitted that the present common school system is very defective—that large grants are annually made for the support of schools from the Provincial chest, without a corresponding benefit being derived. This plainly shows that there is something wrong. We are aware that it is much easier to point out defects than to suggest a remedy; this will not deter us, however, from giving our views.

To begin, then, we should like to see a measure introduced embodying as one of its provisions, direct taxation for educational purposes, as it would be one of the best means towards securing to the poor man's children an education, and raising them in the scale of intelligent beings and good subjects. This measure would, perhaps, be opposed by property holders, as they would have to pay it, whether they had children or not. But it is a tax which those persons should not object to, for it is well known that the working classes have heretofore paid the greater proportion of the present indirect tax for this purpose, as indeed every other which swells the revenue. Besides, were a law of this kind passed, the Districts or Parishes in which it would be raised, would have the whole control of its expenditure. Again, the Trustees of Schools in all cases, should be men of at least a good common education. No person should be licensed but those capable of having a first class

certificate; for we hold, that the poor man's child is as much entitled to a thorough education as his more fortunate and rich neighbor. The present system of inspection needs reform, as being expensive and almost useless. Three or four general Inspectors for the whole Province, would be sufficient to perform the duty; they should have an adequate salary to enable them to devote their undivided attention to the duties of their office.

A resident of this Parish informs us, that a neighbor of his a few days ago left her child in the cradle, while she went to the barn to feed the cattle; hearing the child screaming, she returned as quickly as possible, and beheld it in a fainting fit, and the house cat chewing at one of its fingers, which it had nearly devoured. The little sufferer soon recovered to consciousness, but it is feared will lose its finger. This should serve as a warning to parents not to leave their little ones unprotected even for a few minutes.

MASONIC INTELLIGENCE.

PROVINCIAL GRAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER.—E. R.—At the annual convocation of the P. G. Royal Arch Chapter, the M. E. Grand Superintendent, the Rev. Jerome Al-ley, D. D., was pleased to appoint the following Prov. Grand Officers for the ensuing year, viz:

M. E. Comp. A. W. Smith, H. John Aymar, J. E. Comp. C. Kennedy, C. H. Jas. Clark, R. A. C. W. Doak, P. S. C. A. Thompson, T. S. T. Gove, Scribe E. C. Morrison, Janitor.

The Grand Superintendent has authority to grant dispensations for the opening of new Chapters; and also in case of necessity for the exaltation of a Brother to the Royal Arch at the expiration of four weeks from the period of his having received the degree of Master Mason.

S. T. GOVE, Scribe E.

HIBERNIAN LODGE, No. 318.—I. R.—The following Brethren have been elected and installed Officers for the ensuing year:—

A. W. Smith, W. M. T. T. Odell, S. J. Bailey, Jr., S. W. J. Dolby, S. D. W. Ballantine, J. W. W. J. Lord, J. D. S. Getty, T. P. Mabey, I. G. E. DeWolf, Tyler.

HIBERNIAN ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER.—The following Companions have been elected for the ensuing year:—

A. W. Smith, H. P. J. McCoubry, M. 3d V. W. Ballantine, K. C. McGee, M. 2d V. J. Irwin, S. W. Doak, M. 1st V. J. Dolby, C. H. J. McCoubry, I. S. Getty, R. S. Jas. Edwards, S. J. F. Rogers, R. A. C. W. Milligan, Janitor.

HIBERNIAN ENCAMPMENT, K. T. and K. M.—The following is a list of Officers for the ensuing year:—

A. W. Smith, G. C. W. Ballantine, S. W. C. McGee, Gen. W. Milligan, J. W. J. Nesbitt, P. J. Irwin, S. B. C. Kennedy, C. G. J. McCoubry, Sd B. J. Clarke, T. H. Craig, W. Jas. McMaster, R. Jas. Edwards, Guard.

ST. MARKS LODGE, No. 759.—E. R.—The following Brethren have been duly elected and installed Officers for the ensuing year:—

S. T. Gove, W. M. B. R. Stevenson, S. A. Campbell, S. W. R. Waycott, S. D. J. McKinney, J. W. J. McCoubry, J. D. C. Kennedy, T. C. Morrison, Tyler.

SUSSEX LODGE, No. 327.—I. R., St. Stephens.—The following officers have been elected for the ensuing year:—

Wm. Connor, W. M. Phil. J. Meredith, S. John McDermot, S. W. John Frost, S. D. L. L. Judkins, J. W. C. Robinson, J. D. Jas. Waddell, T. M. J. McNelly, Tyler.

ST. GEORGE LODGE, No. 912, E. R.—The following is a list of officers for the ensuing year:—

E. R. Russell, W. M. Dom's Milliken, S. J. N. Seelye, S. W. Mark Hall, S. D. Crozier Stein, J. W. Charles Sutherland J. D. Samuel Elliott, T. Stephen Kelly, Tyler.

The St. John papers speak in eulogistic terms of the Hon. Judge Wilnot's lecture on Nineveh, delivered in the Mechanic's Institute. Judge Wilnot repeated his lecture before the children of the Sabbath Schools in the City, on Monday, and again on Tuesday, for the benefit of those who had not heard him on the previous day.

The Rector of Trinity Church, St. John, was presented with a purse of £81 by his congregation, as a token of their good wishes, at the commencement of the new year.

A man named Goggin, was murdered on Christmas eve, in the city of Fredericton. The Government have offered a reward of £50 for the apprehension and conviction of the murderer or murderers.

REMOVAL OF BODIES FROM SEBASTOPOL.—The French colonel killed at Sebastopol, Lieut. Colonel's Confrede, Jolly, and Deshayes, were exhumed on October 2, with

the permission of the Russian Government, their relatives desiring to remove their remains to France. The garrison of Sebastopol rendered military honors to the coffins. [Paris Letter.]

Dr. Patterson will remain in Town for two or three days longer. Those requiring his services will please make an early call.

BUSINESS OF THE CUNARD STEAMERS.—During the past year the Cunard Line of Steamers from Jersey City has brought to New York 22,600 tons of freight. Most of it being the most valuable goods. In the same time 5,761 passengers have been brought from 2,669 taken to Liverpool. The total of specie taken out amounts to \$21,022,114.94. Their outward cargoes has been generally large, but not equal to the cargoes of last year.

Dressing Poultry.

Pick them dry, taking particular care 'not to tear or bruise the flesh. If scalded at all let it be done quickly and in water not quite boiling hot. Be careful not to rub off the outer thin skin from the legs. If not to be packed in boxes, after picking dry or scalding, wash them in clean, warm soapuds, and 'plump' them, that is, hold them in boiling water about five seconds. If to be packed for carrying a long distance, do not wet them at all, except to wash the neck. Strip back the skin on the neck, cut off the neck-bone, draw the loose skin over, tie it tightly, cut off the bloody portion, a little way beyond the string and wash off any bloody, wiping dry. This will keep them clean and bloodless, and increase their salability.

Davis' Pain Killer gives immediate relief in cases of asthma and phthisis, by taking a tea spoonful in molasses, and bathing the throat and stomach faithfully with the medicine clear. Let the flannel lie on the throat until relief is found. Sold by all respectable dealers in family medicines.

Married.

On 10th inst. at Tower Hill, St. David, by the Rev. William Millen, Mr. Valentine Sherman, senr., to Mrs. Mary Ann Caughlin, both of the above place.

Deaths.

At Bay Side, on the 15th inst., Nancy, wife of Mr. Joshua Hanson, and eldest daughter of Rev. A. D. Thomson.

Suddenly, at Monticello, Florida, on the 17th Dec., George Fausch, son of C. R. Hatheway, Esq. of this town. The deceased was a native of St. Andrews, and possessed of fine abilities, and was truly an open-hearted, kind, generous man. He was universally respected by his numerous acquaintance, and has left a widow to lament the loss of an affectionate husband, and a large circle of relatives and friends here, to mourn the departure of a dutiful son, loving brother, and warm friend.

At Digdegash, on the 31st ult., Catherine, wife of Mr. Robert Ludgate, aged 71 years, deeply regretted by a large circle of friends.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Jan. 14th.—Packet Matilda, McMaster, Eastport—passengers, &c.

HAIR DRESSING AND SHAVING.

THE Subscriber has the honor to announce to the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has taken the shop owned by Capt. McMaster opposite the store of Mr. D. Bradley, where he will give his attention to HAIR DRESSING AND SHAVING, and hopes by attention and a desire to please, to receive their patronage. Any gentleman wishing to have a cup, brush, and soap for his own special use, can have them by payment of 1s. 3d. T. G. BOUNDS.

DR. R. B. PATTERSON, Surgeon Dentist, respectfully announces to the Inhabitants of Saint Andrews and its vicinity, that he has taken rooms at BRADSHAW'S Hotel, where he will remain a few days, and will be happy to attend upon those requiring his professional services. As his stay is limited, an early call would be advisable. Teeth extracted, or filled, and new sets manufactured in the most modern style. January 6, 1858.

JANUARY 4, 1858.

—Flour, Meal, Pork, &c.—

Es. "Gipsy" from New York:—

400 Bbls. superfine and Extra Flour. 40 Half barrels do do 75 Bbls. heavy Mess Pork. 25 Bbls. do do 100 Bags Yellow Corn Meal. 50 Bags Corn.

To arrive per "Mary Fletcher" from Philadelphia 100 Bbls. Extra Flour. 50 Bbls. Bolted Corn Meal.

Together with a good assortment of Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, &c., &c. Will be sold reasonably for prompt payment.

W. WHITLOCK.

Flour, Beef, Pork.

Now landing ex Utica from Boston: 28 Bbls. heavy Mess and Clear Pork. 20 Bbls. Mess Beef. 100 Bbls. Canada FANCY FLOUR, a nice article. Boxes Manufactured Tobacco, Coffee, &c. JAMES W. STAEEL.

Dec. 29, 1857.