James Little of Montreal, an able and leading lumberman, gives—

To	al in States east o	of Rocky Mount	ains	.105,440,000,000	feet
	west of	do.		70,000,000,000	86
,	in Dominion ( Canada )				
	Total in Unite	d States and Ca	nada	.248.440.000.000	"

This is usually considered too low.

At the Lumbermen's Convention, at Saginaw, E. W. Durant, of the Committee on Statistics, gave the Minnesota pine at 21,000,000,000 feet, and judges that twenty years would exhaust that region. G. W. Lentz, of the same committee, gave the—

Total	pine	on	stream	ms east	of the Alleghanie	s 2,600 000,000 f	eet
**			44	West		1,000,000,000	
	4	in	Penn	sylvani			66
66	heml	ock	in	do.		7,000.000,000	**
66	hard	WO	bo	do.		4 000 000 000	"

With the rapid cutting away of the forests of Maine, New York and Pensylvania, it is plain that within from five to ten years, the Northwest and the growing lumber industry of the South must supply the East and the Middle States, so far as they obtain what they want in this country.

To approximate to our area of pine-lands, we can take Col. Waits' estimate of 200,000,000,000 feet in States east of the Rocky Mountains, and call 4,000 feet to an acre an average yield, and we have 50,000,000 acres, or 78,125 square miles. Of this, but a part is easily accessible, large tracts lying remote from rivers or roads, and only to be gradually reached.

The estimate of Mr. Wait, gives 89,000,000,000 feet of standing pine in the South, and distant southwest, and as the utilizing of these valuable forests by the industry and skill of that section of our country is just vigorously beginning, whatever affects the lumber markets of our country, will reach and affect them, for good or ill.