to estimate the amount of the destruction which would have ensued. As near as we can ascertain, the estimated loss of the several parties are as follows:—Messrs. W. & W. Eberts, £10,000, insurance £4,000; the Corporation, from the destruction of the bridge, £1,000, insurance £500; Smith & Co., £1,000, fully insured; John Smith, £750, no insurance; Messrs. Eberts & Robertson, £7,500, insurance £3,500; John E. Brooke, £4,000, insurance, £1,200; Messrs. McLean & Duck's law office, no insurance; Thomas Ireland's printing establishment, £400, no insurance. The losses of the parties occupying the shops west of Messrs. Eberts & Robertson, we have not ascertained, but they must be considerable.

This is the most destructive calamity with which our town has ever been visited. In fact, King street this morning is laid in smoking ruins. There is no doubt at all, but it is the work of an incendiary, as the flames could not have otherwise caught where they did.—*Chatham Planet.*

MORE MINERAL WEALTH IN CANADA.—The *Ottawa Citizen* thus announces the commencement of what we hope will prove a new source of industry and wealth to Canada:—

"A gentleman from Pittsburgh, Mr. Forsyth, who is largely engaged in the manufacture of iron, has purchased the valuable bed of ore in the township of Hull, about five miles from this town. It is his intention to take out the ore and convey it to Pittsburgh, in the state of Ohio, where it is to be mixed with other kinds and smelted. This bed is over 60 feet in width—and it is calculated that three millions of tons of pure iron can be obtained from it without any extraordinary mining works being constructed. The vast impetus given to the iron trade within the last few years by the large demand for railway purposes, has brought into repute a great many deposits which previously had remained unnoticed, or considered of little value. The sudden and great extension of the railway system in this province will, it is to be hoped, create a manufacturing business out of our own ores, in our own country, and by our own labor. The millions which we pay to the workmen of other countries will then be paid to those of Canada. It is said that iron cannot be made with profit in Canada, but with the present high prices, and the certainty of a great demand hereafter, we think the experiment might be made without much danger.

We understand that an arrangement is about to be effected between Mr. Forsyth and the Bytown and Prescott Railway, for the transport of the ore—this will add immensely to the profits of the road. In the meantime a large party o" miners have arrived and commenced operations."

United States.

The Cholera is subsiding, and as to the excitement about it, that has more than proportionately passed away. The thing is seldom mentioned except as people look at their morning or evening papers for the daily bulletin of deaths.—*N. Y. Times.*

The extraordinary number of four thousand four hundred Immigrants landed at this port on Thursday. A very large proportion were Germans, shipped from the ports of Bremen and Hamburg. The remainder came from Havre and Liverpool. There were several births and nine deaths on board the vessels during the passage; and, strangely enough, there were no patients requiring Hospital treatment on their arrival here.—*N. Y. paper.*

SWEET LAND OF LIBERTY.—The Lexington (Mo.) *Express*, has an account of the death of a slave at the hands of his master, Josephus Hinklin, from which we make the following extract:—"The only fault alleged against the negro was that he was dissatisfied with his master, and wanted to be sold, and that he was lazy. For these alleged offences the negro was put to the torture. Outside of Fox's Book of Martyrs it would be hard to find any case that in point of cruelty affords a parallel to this. Mrs. Stowe's imagination furnishes no case upon which this is not an improvement. The lash, fire, gouging, beating over the head with heavy clubs, the rubbing of cayenne pepper and tobacco in his eyes, &c., were some of the appliances used, not for a single hour, or a single day, or a single week, but every day, for more than three weeks, until he died. The fiend has not yet been arrested."—*N. Y. Herald.*

From our English Files.

(From the Colonist, Sept. 4.)

THE PROROGATION OF THE ENGLISH PARLIAMENT.

THE SCENE—THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS—THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

Parliament was prorogued by Her Majesty on Saturday, August 12th, with the usual state formalities. A vast assemblage of persons was collected in St. James's Park and along the line of route, by whom the Queen and Prince Consort were received with enthusiastic demonstrations of loyalty.

The House of Lords met at half-past one, at which hour the body of the house was filled with ladies attired in the lightest textures and gayest hues of summer millinery. The benches reserved for the diplomatic body were, as usual, resplendent with stars, crosses, ribands and orders; but the scarlet and gold and blue and silver of European military and court costume were upon this occasion exposed to a severe ordeal in being brought into juxta position with the magnificent state dress of some Asiatic princes. His Highness Maharajah Dunleep Singh, attired in the superb costume of his rank and nation, occupied a seat upon the woolsack, by command of Her Majesty, facing the throne; and in the side gallery, reserved for distinguished foreign visitors, were His Highness Gholam Mahommed, His Highness Feroze Shah, and the Rajah of Coorg, clad in the most exquisite products of the looms of India. Their shawls and silks of gold and silver tissue, covered with "barbaric peral and gold," attracted many admiring glances, and the eye of royalty itself paused to rest upon the easy and graceful folds of their attire, by the side of which the garments of civilized Europe looked infinitely prosaic and devoid of taste. In the gallery were also Velv Pasha, the Ottoman Ambassador at the Court of France, with his suit and Soloman Pasha, a Lieutenant-General in the Egyptian army of the Sultan. Suleiman Pasha was attended by Iskander Bey and three or four Egyptian attaches, dressed like their chief in blue military uniform and gold epaulets, and wearing the fez. This party of Egyptian visitors were accompanied by the Hon. Colonel Murray, C.B., late Consul-General in Egypt.

Among the earlier diplomatic arrivals were Mr. Buchanan, the American Minister, who, in accordance with the recent circular of the President, discarded the usual diplomatic uniform, and appeared in evening dress. The Austrian and Prussian Ambassadors and the Neapolitan Minister were also present. The Turkish Minister, who wore the red fez and green riband, was soon deep in conversation with the Earl of Aberdeen. M. Musurus appeared to be highly delighted with his reception by the populace, which was, we understand, highly gratifying. Count Walewski, the French Ambassador has, we believe, obtained leave of absence from his court, and is now in France.

The Lord Chancellor took his seat upon the wool-sack at half-past 1 o'clock.

Petitions were presented by the Marquis of Landsdowne, Viscount Canning, and the Earl of Granville, the purport of which did not reach the gallery.

Several peers, among whom were the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishop of London, now entered the house in their robes, and took their seats upon the front benches.

The ministers present were the Earl of Aberdeen, the Earl of Clarendon, the Duke of Newcastle, the Duke of Argyll, Earl Granville, and Viscount Canning. Among the few other peers present (the leading opposition peers having left town) we observed Lord Campbell, Lord Redesdale, and the Earl of Albemarle. A glance round the house showed that the pallid looks of legislators found many counterparts among the fairer and gentler portion of the assemblage, and that the *belles* of a London season need the healthful and invigorating sea breeze and other change of air and scene as much as hard worked and harassed ministers.

The distant boom of cannon announced that the Queen had arrived at her palace at Westminster, and at a quarter past two o'clock a piercing blast of trumpets, winding its way along corridors and galleries, was the prelude to the entrance of her Majesty. The heralds and pursuivants in their richly emblazoned surcoats, led the way, and soon the gorgeous cavalcade of ministers and great officers of state, lords in waiting and pages of honor swept in. Her Majesty was led to the throne by Prince Albert, who thereupon took his usual place in the chair of state on her Majesty's left hand. The Queen, whose features are somewhat embrowned by her trip to the Channel Islands, appeared in excellent health. She wore her diamond tiara and diamond necklace, and a dress of white satin and gold tissue. The Prince consort wore his field marshal's uniform, with the blue ribbon of the Garter. The Earl of Aberdeen, bearing the sword of state, took his place on the Queen's left, the lady in waiting and the Marquis of Winchester, with the cap of maintenance, occupying their usual positions on her Majesty's right hand. The Marquis of Lansdowne, who carried the crown upon a cushion, the Lord Chancellor and the other ministers took their places at the steps of the throne on the Queen's right.

The Speaker, in his gold robe of office, attended by the Sergeant-at-Arms, Lord C. J. Russell, bearing his ponderous mace, and accompanied by Lord J. Russell, Mr. Caldwell, Mr. Walpole, and a numerous attendance of honorable members, having made obeisance to the throne, the Right Hon. gentleman addressed her Majesty as follows:

Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland, attend your Majesty with our last bill of supply for the services of the present year.

In reviewing the labours of the past session we have humbly to thank your Majesty for your gracious permission to bring under our annual review a large amount of public expenditure, connected with the principal revenue departments, which have hitherto been exempt from Parliamentary control. It will be our duty in future years, with a just regard to economy, to make ample provision for these important branches of the public service.

In obedience to your Majesty's commands, we have endeavored to impose an effectual check on bribery and corrupt practices at elections, and we venture to hope that the act lately passed, which clearly defines these offences, applies to them an adequate punishment, and places election expenses under efficient control, will prove successful in repressing a practice which is alike demoralizing to the elector and fatal to the integrity of representative institutions.

We have given the most attentive consideration to a measure for the good government and extension of the University of Oxford, by which certain oaths now required to be taken by students have been abrogated, provision made for the establishment of private halls, and enlarged powers given both to the University and to its colleges. We have every confidence that these enactments will be received by that learned body in the spirit in which they have been framed, and that they will be able to extend the benefits of academical education to classes of the community who, from their circumstances or their religious opinions, have hitherto been precluded from the enjoyment of this privilege.

Various other measures have been submitted to us; but it has been found impossible to mature them during the session, as the progress of our legislation has been interrupted by the commencement of a war which, notwithstanding your Majesty's unremitting endeavors to maintain peace, has been forced upon us by the unwarrantable aggression of Russia on the Turkish empire.

Deploring most deeply the necessity for such a contest, we recognize the imperative duty of protecting an old and faithful ally from oppression, and of vindicating the rights of nations; and we believe it well becomes the character and honor of this great empire, adhering to the faith of treaties, to frustrate, if possible, the designs of a monarch whose ambition, if uncontrolled, would endanger the security of every nation in Europe.

Entertaining these views, your faithful Commons have cheerfully and without hesitation, placed at the disposal of your Majesty whatever supplies have been deemed requisite to carry on this just and unavoidable war, thus enabling your Majesty to send forth fleets and armies complete beyond all former precedent in discipline and equipment.

The efforts of your Majesty to strengthen the arms and aid the cause of Turkey have been cordially seconded by the Emperor of the French, and the joint forces of England and France, their ancient hostility converted into generous emulation, now threaten the coasts and harbors of Russia to the most distant extremity of her vast dominions.

The issue of this momentous struggle is in the hands of an overruling Providence. Confident in the justice of our cause, we look forward with hope to its successful termination, acknowledging with the deepest gratitude that, while war in all its terrors is raging abroad, your Majesty's subjects, under your Majesty's well ordered and beneficent rule, are enjoying the blessings of uninterrupted tranquillity at home.

I have now to pray your Majesty's assent to an act for appropriating the sums voted for the service of the year—the Consolidation Fund (Appropriation) bill—to which I humbly pray your Majesty's assent.

The Lord Chancellor then, kneeling, presented Her Majesty with a copy of her royal speech, which the Queen proceeded to read in a clear and distinct tone of voice, as follows:

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: I am enabled, by the state of public business, to release you from a longer attendance in Parliament.

"GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS: In closing the session, it affords me great pleasure to express my sense of the zeal and energy you have shown in providing means for the vigorous prosecution of the war in which, notwithstanding my efforts to avert it, we are now engaged. This liberality in granting supplies for the public service demands my warmest thanks; and, although I lament the increased burdens of my people, I fully recognize your wisdom in sacrificing considerations of present convenience, and in providing for the immediate exigencies of the war, without an addition being made to the permanent debt of the country.

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: In cordial cooperation with the Emperor of the French, my efforts will be directed to the effectual repression of that ambitious and aggressive spirit on the part of Russia which has compelled us to take up arms in defence of an ally, and to secure the future tranquility of Europe.

"You will join with me in admiration of the courage and perseverance manifested by the troops of the Sultan in their defence of Silistria, and in the various military operations of the Danube.

"The engrossing interest of matters connected with the progress of the war has prevented the due consideration of some of those subjects which at the opening of the session I had recommended to your attention; but I am happy to acknowledge the labor and diligence with which you have perfected various important measures, well calculated to prove of great public utility.

"You have not only passed an act for opening the coasting trade of the United Kingdom, and for removing the last legislative restriction upon the use of foreign vessels, but you have also revised and consolidated the whole statute law relating to merchant shipping.

"The act for establishing the direct control of the House of Commons over the charges incurred in the collection of the revenue will give more complete effect to an important principle of the constitution, and will promote simplicity and regularity in our system of public account.

"I rejoice to perceive that amendments in the administration of the law have continued to occupy your attention; and I anticipate great benefits from the improvements you have made in the forms of procedure in the Superior Courts of common law.

"The means you have adopted for the better government of the University of Oxford and the improvement of its constitution, I trust will tend greatly to increase the usefulness and to extend the renown of this great seminary of learning.

"I have willingly given my assent to the measure you have passed for the prevention of bribery and corrupt practices at elections; and I hope that it may prove effectual in the correction of an evil which, if unchecked, threatens to fix a deep stain upon our representative system.

"It is my earnest desire that, on returning to your respective counties, you may preserve a spirit of union and concord. Deprived of the blessing of peace abroad, it is more than necessary that we should endeavor to confirm and increase the advantages of our internal situation, and it is with the greatest satisfaction that I regard the progress of active industry and the general prosperity which now happily prevail throughout the country.

"Deeply sensible of these advantages, it is my humble prayer that we may continue to enjoy the favor of the Almighty; and that under his gracious protection we may be enabled to bring the present contest to a just and honorable termination.

Arrival of the 'Europa.'

HALIFAX, 30 Aug., 1854.

The steamer "Europa" arrived here this afternoon, and brings Liverpool dates of the 19th—one week later.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

BREADSTUFFS—Market opened firm, but subsequently fell off, and closed on Friday at easier but not quotable prices for flour. Decline 9d on wheat, and an advance of 1s. @ 1s. 6d. on corn.

Brown, Shipley & Co. quote as follows:—Western Canal Flour 31s @ 31s 9d; Baltimore 32s; Canadian 31s @ 31s 6d; sour 28s @ 29s; white wheat 8s 9d @ 10s 6d; red 8s 2d @ 9s 6d. Indian Corn—yellow 35s 6d @ 36s; mixed 35s; white 36s.

Political news is unimportant.

The allies were investing Boomersund.

The Crimea expedition has not sailed.

Other affairs unaltered.

Arrival of the 'Washington.'

NEW-YORK, August 31.

The "Washington" arrived at 1 P. M. Her news is anticipated by the "Europa." She brings 240 passengers, and 450 tons of goods.

Lord John Russell had stated in Parliament, that a communication had been made by the Czar to the Austrian Government, that he intended to evacuate the Principalities The Austrian Minister had intimated to the Ministers of England and France, that his Government was nevertheless ready to interchange notes provisionally agreed upon, with the view of obtaining securities for future peace. It remains to be seen, however, whether Austria would put her armies in action to obtain those securities by force, if they could not be obtained by negociation.

The Queen's speech at the prorogation of Parliament, in reference to the war, was temperate and firm. The effectual repression of the ambitious and aggressive spirit of Russia, she said, was the sole object for which the British and French forces had co-operated, and to which they were devoting all their power.

The French Ambassador at Madrid had been threatened by the populace.

Mr. Buchanan was present at the prorogation of Parliament in his usual citizen's dress.

Trade at Canton showed symptoms of improvement. The excess of imports of tea as compared with the same time last year, was estimated at 31,000,000 lbs.

Arrival of the 'Pacific.'

BREADSTUFFS LOWER.

NEW YORK, 3rd September, 6 P.M.

The Steamer, *Pacific*, Captain Nye, arrived at 3 o'clock. She left Liverpool on the 23rd ult.

Cotton Market, dull, prices are 1s 6d @ 1s 8d lower. Sales, 3 days, 13,000 bales.

FLOUR.—Fair request, 6d @ 9d per brl decline. Wheat declined 3d @ 4d. Corn active for speculation; market 6d lower. Consols buoyant, closing at 94 @ 93¾.

Trade in Manchester quiet, and buyers not disposed to make further contracts.

The ship "Shannon" bound from Glasgow to Montreal was destroyed by fire, on the 3rd ult., passengers, officers and crew all saved.

NEWS OF THE WAR.

The surrender of Boomersund is confirmed, and the Paris "Moniteur" announces that the Austrian forces had actually entered the Principalities, and Archangel is effectually blockaded.

A letter from Boomersund give the details of the capture. The effect of the guns upon its walls were terrific, and large blocks of marble which appeared impregnable fell out in masses. The English loss was 1—French loss trifling. The enemy had 6 killed and 7 wounded. Two thousand prisoners were taken and are to be sent to France in English ships. Among the prisoners are Gen. Bodisco, the Governor, also Lieut. Gov. of the fortress.

The bombardment lasted four days. One of the forts, the "Zee," was blown up, after it had capitulated, whether by the Russian or French, remains as yet uncertain.

All quiet in Spain.

POSTSCRIPT.

By telegraph, received as we are going to press, Monsieur Sicotte, we learn, is elected to the Speakership by a majority of 34—votes 75 to 41. The Ministry voted for him, sooner than have J. S. McDonald elected. Strange to say, they endorsed the verdict of the House, which turned them out last Session, inasmuch as Mr. Sicotte was the person who moved the want of confidence resolution.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills a certain Cure for Eruptions and all Diseases of the Skin.—Extract of a letter from Mr. J. Hird, draper, Ready, dated February 14, 1853.—"To Professor Holloway.—Sir,—My child, when three months old was afflicted with severe eruptions all over the body; I sought every aid and the advice of surgeons and physicians, by all of whom the case was considered hopeless: I then tried your Ointment and Pills, and without exaggeration, the effect was miraculous, for in a short time she was restored to perfect health. Mr. Bowden, bookseller, Gainsborough, or myself, would be happy to satisfy any inquirer as to the truth of this statement."

DIED.

At Cobourg, on Thursday, 17th August, Harriet, the beloved wife of Benjamin Clarke, Esq., and youngest daughter of the late Simon MacNab, Esq.

On August 31st, at Port Sarnia, Captain R. E. Vidal, R.N., aged 69. The deceased officer was warmly attached to the church, and zealously endeavored to advance the interests thereof in the neighborhood in which he resided. His loss will be deeply deplored by a large circle of attached friends and by many whom his unostentatious liberality had befriended. Captain Vidal was brother to Rear-Admiral Vidal, and uncle to the present Bishop of Sierra Leone, and father-in-law to the Rev. J. G. R. Salter.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, Sept. 7, 1854.

		s. d.		s. d.
Flour—Millers' extra sup. per barrel	35	0	a	40 0
Farmers' per 196 lbs.	32	0	a	32 6
Wheat—Fall, per bushel, 60 lbs.	7	6	a	7 8
Oatmeal, per barrel,	37	6	a	40 0
Rye, per bushel, 56 lbs.	5	0	a	5 6
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs.	4	0	a	4 3
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs. new	2	8½	old	2 10
Peas, per bushel,	4	0	a	4 6
Potatoes, per bushel,	3	6	a	4 0
Grass Seed, per bushel,	8	9	a	11 3
Clover Seed, per bushel,	33	9	a	35 0
Hay per ton,	100	0	a	120 0
Straw, per ton,	60	0	a	62 0
Butter—Tub, per lb.	0	8	a	0 10
Fresh, per lb.	1	3	a	1 6
Beef, per 100 lbs.	35	0	a	40 0
Pork, per 100lbs,	20	0	a	25 0
Eggs per dozen	0	9	a	0 10
Fire wood per, cord	22	6	a	25 0

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, TORONTO.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS will commence on MONDAY, October 2nd.

During the Academical Year 1854-'55, Courses of Lectures will be delivered on the following subjects, commencing on Wednesday, October 25th:—

Classical Literature, Logic, and Rhetoric—Rev. J. McCaul, LL.D.
Metaphysics and Ethics—Rev. J. Beaven, D.D.
Chemistry and Chemical Physics—H. H. Croft, D.C.L.
Agriculture—G. Buckland, Esq.
Mathematics and Natural Philosophy—J. B. Cherriman, M.A.
History and English Literature—D. Wilson, LL.D.
Natural History—Rev. W. Hincks, F.L.S.
Mineralogy and Geology—E. J. Chapman, Esq.
Modern Languages—J. Forneri, LL.D.
Oriental Literature—J. M. Hirschfelder, Esq.

Information relative to admission, attendance on lectures, &c., can be obtained on application to the President, the Rev. Dr. McCaul.

Parliament Buildings,
Toronto, Sept ember 1, 1854. 6-td

£15,000 Corporation Debentures FOR SALE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office, up to *Thursday the 14th instant*, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of £15,000 Corporation Debentures, to be issued for Public Works, in amounts payable yearly, not exceeding £750, and extending over a period of 20 years. Interest payable semi-annually at the Bank of Upper Canada.

A. T. McCORD,
Chamberlain.

Chamberlain's Office,
Toronto, September 1, 1854. 6

AS GOVERNESS

AN ENGLISH LADY is desirous of a re-engagement. Her instruction comprises French (acquired in Paris), Music, Drawing, and Italian, with all that relates to a solid and polite education. The highest testimonials off red. Address (post paid) M. B., office of this paper. 5-5t

NOW READY.

THE small edition of the selection of PSALMS, HYMNS and ANTHEMS, for every Sunday and principal Festival throughout the year, for the use of Congregations in the Dioceses of Quebec, Toronto and Montreal,—bound in cloth, 8s. 9d. per dozen, 10d. each; stiff cloth covers 7s. per dozen, 8d. each.

HENRY ROWSELL, *Publisher*,
King Street, Toronto.
August 30, 1854. 5

EDUCATION.

MRS. COSENS' Establishment for the Education of Young Ladies, will be reopened on Monday, September 4th, 1854.

The best Masters are engaged for Music, Singing, and Drawing—French, Italian, and German.

St. George's Square,
21st August, 1854. 4-1m

Upper Canada College

WILL RE-ASSEMBLE after the Midsummer vacation, on Wednesday, the 6th September, 1854.

The following papers will please give the above one month's insertion:—

The City Papers, Cobourg Star, Kingston News, and Herald, Hamilton Spectator, Hamilton Journal, Niagara Chronicle, St Catherine's Constitutional, London Times.

F. W. BARRON, M.A.,
Principal, U. C. Coll.

☞ Pupils will be admitted to the Resident School House in the order they stand on the list of applicants. 4

WANTED—A Gentleman to assist a Clergyman in the instruction of his Junior Pupils. As the time required would be but four or five hours daily, this would be an eligible opportunity for any one wishing to prosecute his own studies.

Address A. B., care of
Rev. T. S. KENNEDY,
Toronto.
Toronto, August 22, 1854. 4

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE CALENDAR

OF THE

University of Trinity College, Toronto,

FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD 1854.

Price 1s. 10½d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Publisher.
King Street, Toronto.
July 1, 1854.

The United Empire Minstrel.

A SELECTION of the best NATIONAL, CONSTITUTIONAL and LOYAL ORANGE SONGS AND POEMS, with a large number of Toasts and Sentiments, and a Chronological Table, showing the most particular events connected with the History of the United Empire and the Orange Institution.

Cloth, 3s. 9d.; half-bound, 5s.

Published and for sale by
HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Printer,
King Street.
Toronto, July 3, 1854.

HAMILTON AND TORONTO.

CALLING AT

Wellington Square, Oakville and Credit.

THE STEAMER

CITY OF HAMILTON,

WILL leave Hamilton every morning (Sunday excepted.) at 7 o'clock, commencing on Monday next, the 10th instant. Returning, will leave Toronto at 2 o'clock, P. M., calling at the above Ports going and returning, weather permitting.

G. B. HOLLAND,
Agent.
Toronto, April 5, 1854. 37-tf

THOMAS BILTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 2, Wellington Buildings,

BEGS to intimate that he is now receiving his usual Choice Assortment of Cloths, Trowserings, Vestings, &c., of the latest styles and qualities, selected from the best English Houses.

In ready made Clothing, Gentlemen will be enabled invariably to meet with an article got up in the best possible style.

In a few days a well-assorted stock of men's Mercery will be to hand, which will be found to be strictly in character with every other branch of the business.

In Official Robes, in their various orders, the same regard to correctness will be adhered to, which for some years has secured to this Establishment so large a portion of business.

Toronto, March 28th, 1854 36-tf

THE REV. C. DADE, M.A., receives one Pupil to prepare for the Universities, &c., and will have a vacancy in October next.

N.B. None need apply who are not of regular and studious habits. Direct Oakville, P.O.

July 19, 1854. 51-8in

New Books just received.

THE Iron Cousin; or Mutual Influence. By Mary Cowden Clarke. Cloth 6 3
Katharine Ashton. By the Author of Amy Herbert. The Earl's Daughter, Margaret Perceval, &c. &c. Two parts, cloth 7 6
Do. Do. paper 5 0
Russia. Translated from the French by the Marquis de Custine 6 3
Lectures on the True, the Beautiful, and the Good. By M. V. Cousin Increased by an Appendix on French Art, by O. W. Wight 7 6
Auscultation and Percussion. By Dr. Joseph Skoda 5 0
The Churchman's Penny Magazine for 1853 . 2 6
Lectures on Tractarianism, delivered in the Town Hall, Brighton. By Rev. Henry Newland, M.A. 3 0
The Church Choir: containing Psalm and Hymn Tunes arranged for the Organ or Pianoforte by Joseph Muenscher . . . . . .

ALSO,

A fresh supply of
Henck's Field Book for Railroad Engineers, containing Formulæ for laying out Curves, determining Frog Angles, Levelling, Calculating Earth Work, &c. &c 8 9

HENRY ROWSELL,
8, Wellington Buildings, King Street,
Toronto.

FINISHING SCHOOL

For Young Ladies.

MRS. FORSTER, having hitherto received a limited number of Pupils for tuition in special subjects, has been requested to extend the advantages of her system of instruction by enlarging her classes.

Mrs. Forster having determined to accede to this request, has secured the assistance of the best Masters, and will be prepared, on the 1st of September next, to give instruction in the following branches of Education.

English, French, Italian, German, Music, Piano and Harp, Drawing, Singing, &c.

In the Senior or Finishing Class, to which pupils are admitted by examination, the course of instruction is specially adapted for completing the education of Young Ladies; including a thorough review of the subjects ordinarily taught, Critical Readings of the French and English Poets, Ancient and Modern Historians, and the Study of Philosophy and Astronomy.

References are kindly permitted to Judge Draper, Dr. Bovell, Mr. Gzowski, and Dr. Ryerson, all of whom have daughters under Mrs. Forster's instruction.

For particulars apply to the Rev. T. S. KENNEDY, Church Society's Office, King Street; or to Mrs. FORSTER, Pinehurst.
Toronto, July 19, 1854. 51

MRS. CROMBIE'S YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY,

GEORGE STREET, TORONTO.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT will be re-opened after the Midsummer Recess, on Monday, the 21st of August, 1854.

Reference kindly permitted to the Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto, the Rev. John McCaul, LL.D., President of the University of Toronto, the Rev. H. J. Grasett, B.D. Rector of Toronto, Rev. Edmund Baldwin, M.A., Assistant Minister of St. James's, Rev. J. G. D. McKenzie, M.A., Incumbent of St. Paul's, Toronto, Rev. R. J. McGeorge, of Streetsville, and the Rev. T. S. Kennedy, Secretary of the Church Society.

Toronto, 17th August, 1854. 3-tf

Niagara District Grammar School.

Principal, The REV. H. N. PHILLIPS.
Second Master, T. PHILLIPPS, T. C. Toronto.

THE Public half yearly Examination of the Pupils of this School, previous to the midsummer Vacation, was held on Thursday 27th ult. The proficiency exhibited by the greater part of the Pupils bore satisfactory testimony both to their own application and diligence, and also to the care and attention of their instructors.

The examination of the junior classes embraced the usual branches of English education, with recitations, which were given correctly and with good taste. The more advanced were examined in 6 books of Euclid, Algebra to the end of Quadratic Equations, Greek Testament, Ovid's Fasti, Cicero and Plato. In addition to other recitations by the senior boys, a scene was given from the Œdipus Rex of Sophocles, first in Greek, and then in English, the parts being taken by Masters McLeod, H. Phillipps, H. D. Cooper, W. Frazer and S. Taylor.

The day's proceedings were conducted in the spacious school room, lately added by the Principal to his own residence, there being as yet no District School House in Niagara.

August 16th, 1854. 3

BAZAAR.

THE Ladies of the Congregation of St. Thomas's Church, Belleville, intend holding a Bazaar in the month of October next, in aid of the funds for the erection of the new Church.

Contributions will be gratefully received by the following Ladies.

Mrs. Grier,	Mrs. Gordon,
Mrs. Davy,	Miss. Levesconte,
Mrs. Finden,	Miss. Walbridge,
Mrs. D. Smith,	Miss. Benjamin,
Mrs. Gream,	Miss. Ridley,
	Miss. Patterson.

Aug. 12, 1854.

THREE TIMES A WEEK TO ROCHESTER.

CALLING AT

Whitby, Oshawa, Darlington, Bond Head Port Hope and Cobourg.

THE STEAMER

MAPLE LEAF,

CAPT. ROBERT KERR.

WILL until further notice (commencing on Saturday next, the 8th instant,) leave this Port for Rochester, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 10 o'clock precisely. Returning, will leave Rochester every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday morning at 9 o'clock, calling at the above Ports going and returning, weather permitting.

G. B. HOLLAND,
Agent.
Royal Mail Steam Packet Office,
Toronto, April 5, 1854. 37-tf

MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

ESTABLISHMENT.

MESSRS. SMALL & PAIGE,
King Street, three doors west of Yonge Street,
TORONTO, C. W.

Have constantly on hand and for sale,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Every article of Musical Merchandize:

Piano Fortes,

From the celebrated establishments of Collard & Collard, London—Bacon & Raven, N. York—Linnard & Weber, Philadelphia—A. W. Ladd, Boston, and from other good makers.

AGENTS FOR WARREN'S AND OTHER CELEBRATED HARMONIUMS,

Melodeons, &c.

BRASS & WOODEN INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS, Genuine Italian Violin Strings; FLUTINAS AND ACCORDEONS

Likewise a very choice selection of the best

Church Music,

consisting of Oratorios, with the separate Vocal Parts, for the use of Choirs. Anthems and Services of Boyce, Green, Croft, Nares, Jeremiah Clarke, Clarke, Whitfield, Jackson, Kent, and others.

☞ The latest music from England, Paris, Germany, and the United States.

Toronto, March 15, 1854. 33tf

Niagara Grammar School.

THE REV. H. N. PHILLIPPS has rented eligible premises for boarders, in the vicinity of the Town of Niagara, and can receive into his Family three or four Pupils, in addition to those he now has. For terms apply to the Principal. The duties of the School will be resumed on Monday, 4th Sept.

WANTED.

An ASSISTANT ENGLISH MASTER,—one who can teach French and Drawing will be well remunerated. 3-3in.

A DESIRABLE OPPORTUNITY FOR ENTERPRISE.

A PART of that property, distant about one mile from the town of Amhersburg, or Fort Malden, known as

Elliott's Point,

and having thereon a spring possessing powerful medicinal properties, is hereby offered to lease for a term of years; with a view to its establishment as a permanent place of public resort, on account of its remarkable salubrity.

The proprietor has been induced to make this offer in compliance with the urgent advice and repeated solicitations of his friends. For years past, the virtues of the above spring have been known to many residents in the immediate vicinity; and some of the medical officers of Her Majesty's forces, at different times stationed at Fort Malden, have given their opinion, that it was entitled to rank with Chittenham and other places of like character; in proof of which, several testimonials might be procured from respectable individuals who have tested its efficacy.

A further advantage in favour of the undertaking will be the almost certain termination of the Southern Railroad very near to the place described; affording to the traveller an agreeable and salubrious resting place. Nor is it devoid of historic incident. It was the scene of the capture of the schooner 'Ann," in 1837. Under the shady groves of its venerable oaks may be pointed out the humble edifice which the immortal Tecumseh used as a temporary abode during the war of 1812.

In order to facilitate the commencement of immediate operations, a house adapted to the object in view, with suitable out-buildings, &c., contiguous to the above-mentioned premises, can also be leased on favourable terms.

The property is within an easy distance of Detroit, which city may be reached by Steam boats, during the navigation, in an hour; and if a good Hotel were opened here, the enterprising proprietor would soon find his most sanguine wishes realized. No epidemic nor malignant disease has ever yet reached it. The scenery is beautiful, and the steamers and vessels on the Lake pass within a few yards of the house.

For terms, &c., apply to the Editor of the *Royal Forester*, by letter, POST PAID.

The Detroit *Free Press, United Empire*, and *Church*, to copy till further orders.

Amherstburgh, Aug. 1, 1854. 3-tf

A LADY recently from Europe wishes to meet with an engagement as French and English Teacher in a Ladies' Seminary, or to travel with an invalid lady, as companion, or as Nursery Governess in a private family.

Unexceptionable references can be given if required.

Address (pre-paid) Box No. 8, Post Office, Picton.
Picton, August 8, 1854. 2tf.

Upper Canada College.

THE Second Classical Master wishes to receive into his House after the Summer Vacation a few Boys under 13 years of age, attending Upper Canada College.

July 8, 1854. 50-tf

AN INDEX

TO THE

STATUTES OF CANADA,

From 3 & 4 Victoria to 12 & 13 Victoria, inclusive.

1840 to 8150.

COMPRISING all the Acts passed and Repealed in Upper and Lower Canada, from the Union Act to the close of last Session, together with a

CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX,

shewing the date of receiving the Roya Assent

By ÆMELIUS IRVING,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW.

Royal vo., Price ONE DOLLAR.

Parties desirous to obtain copies of the above are requested to forward their names and addresses to the Publisher. The work can be sent through the Post, at the cost of three or four pence only, and will be mailed to any address on the receipt of One Dollar—(Post-paid.)

HENRY ROWSELL,
Publisher.
King Street, Toronto.
January 12 1850.

THE TORONTO LADIES' SCHOOL.

This Institution is conducted by

MRS. POETTER, the Lady Principal,

and a Lady Resident, with the following Assistants:

1st English Teacher,
2nd " "
3rd " "
Resident French Governess ... Md'lle Coulon.
Writing and Arithmetic ..... Mr. Barley.
Drawing ..... Mr. Bull.
Music ..... Mr. G. F. Hayter.
Singing ..... Mr. Humphreys.

The studies include a thorough English education, with French, Italian and German, Music, Singing (for Finishing Pupils) and Drawing.

The religious instruction is under the kind superintendence of the Clergymen of St. James's Cathedral.

TERMS.

(*To be paid Quarterly and in advance.*)

Education ..... £15 per annum.
Finishing Pupils ..... 5 " additional.
Boarding and Washing 35 "
(No extras.)

The second year of this Institution having closed with the annual examinations and distribution of prizes in a most satisfactory manner, MRS. POETTER, in order to increase the advantages offered in her school, has sent to England for teachers in several departments of education. She has succeeded in proving that a sound English classical education (which is of the highest importance), combined with accomplishments of every kind, can be obtained at a very moderate rate, and she is determined to employ only teachers of acknowledged ability.

The FINISHING CLASS is under MRS. POETTER's charge, assisted by the best Masters. The studies for this class combine a knowledge of our standard works in Poetry and Prose, with Essays on given subjects, and Extracts from different authors, to improve the style in writing. More time is also devoted to complete the education in foreign languages.

MRS. POETTER feels grateful to the parents of her pupils for their kind expressions of satisfaction at the progress of their children, and begs to assure them that no effort shall be wanting on her part to insure their improvement.

The School will reopen on Monday, the 4th of September next.

Persons wishing for further information are requested to apply (if by letter post-paid) to

MRS. POETTER.
Front Street.
Toronto, 1st August, 1854. 1-tf

A MAP OF TURKEY IN EUROPE, GREECE, AND THE BLACK SEA,

Price 1s. 3d.—For Sale by
HENRY ROWSELL,
8, *Wellington Buildings, King Street.*

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES

116 Queen Street West, Toronto.

THE MISSES McCARTNEY beg to announce their intention of receiving on the first of September next, a limited number of Boarding and Day Pupils, who will be under their own immediate superintendence.

MRS. McCARTNEY will conduct the domestic arrangements.

It is proposed to engage the best *masters* to give instructions in *French, Singing, Music, Drawing* and *Arithmetic.* (German and Italian if required).

*Terms per Quar