belly soon began to swell, the vomiting recurred frequently, and the breathing became interrupted. Professor Rossi being called to see her, recognised arupture of the uterus, and after consulting with some of his friends, proceeded to extract the child by the operation of gastrotomy. The incision was made on the left side of the hypogastrium where the feet could be felt, and in no long time the fætus and secundites were extracted. The child gave some signs of life, but soon expired. Forty days after the operation, the woman was restored to a state of perfect health, except that she had a hernial tumour of the size of a large apple in the seat of the incision. Three years afterwards she became again pregnant, and brought forth a seven-month's fætus, which lived fourteen days.

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Protrusion and Wound of the Stomach.—Mr. Travers relates, that a female, aged 53, and the mother of nine.cen children, inflicted on herself a wound in the abdomen, three inches in length, and in a transverse direction. When admitted into St. Thomas' Hospital, at the expiration of six hours, the greater part of the large curvature of the stomach, the arch of the colon, and the entire large omentum, were protruded and strangulated in the wound. The omentum was partially detached from the stomach, which organ was wounded in two places; one, half an inch long through the peritoneal coat; the other, a perforation of all the coats, admitting the head of a large probe, and giving issue to a considerable quantity of mucus. Patient faint; pain slight; pulse 102, and irregular; some hiccup. A silk ligature was placed round the small puncture in the stomach, and the displaced