

THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday Oct. 25, 1848

THE ENGLISH MAIL.—In our Saturday's edition, we gave a brief summary of the news by the Steamship Niagara, and in our present number give a more general summary of the intelligence, which adds but little interest to previous advices. The trial of Smith O'Brien, was proceeding, the Chartist rioters in London, had been convicted. The prices of timber, were somewhat lower in consequence of the arrivals from these Colonies. There are more favourable reports from the manufacturing and mining districts.

FREE CHURCH COLLEGE.—The professors of the Free Church College, arrived by the Niagara, at Halifax, also the Rev. A. Forrester, for the congregation of St. John's Church, in that City.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, that the "Sons" of the two divisions in this place, intend giving a *Soiree* on Wednesday evening next, 1st November. From the well-known taste of our Temperance friends, and the desire to give general satisfaction, there cannot be a doubt that a substantial and rich repast will be provided, and an evening's entertainment afforded, that would do credit to a much larger community. It is probable that some pleasing and animated addresses will be delivered on the occasion. We hope to see the "Long Room" filled to overflowing.

GENERAL INSPECTION.

The 1st battalion of the Charlotte County Militia, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Boyd, were ordered out for drill and general inspection on Saturday last. The day being fine a large number of persons were present to witness the "training." The men assembled at the Western Block-House, and marched through Water street to the parade ground, where they went through the various manoeuvres to the satisfaction of the Colonel, who, ever since his connection with the battalion, has taken much interest in the Militia. The force was not so strong as we have seen it in former years, owing, perhaps, to the removal of many of the men from the Province, and a number of absentees. Col. Boyd is a strict disciplinarian. The "absentees" will, no doubt, be called upon to pay their fines. On the whole, the inspection passed off well; there was not a single person seen intoxicated, as formerly was the case in the streets.

COUNTERFEITS.—Spurious \$5 and \$10 notes, purporting to be issued by the Bank of Lower Canada, at Quebec, and signed M. Williamson, President, and N. Henderson, Cashier, are in circulation in this City. These notes have a vignette of railway trains and steamers. The public should therefore be on their guard, not only against such notes but others of a suspicious character, as issues of a gang of counterfeiters in Canada are supposed to have recently reached Saint John. —[Courier.]

The arrivals of shipping in the Thames have been exceedingly numerous within the last two or three days, and many vessels have brought bullion.

It is said that an insurance company, in which Mr. Smith O'Brien, had effected an insurance on his life sixteen years ago, refused last week to receive the accruing premium.

European Intelligence.

From papers to the 7th October.

ESCAPE OF MR. DOHENY.—This gentleman is now in France. He left home some few days before the Ballingarry business. He had been informed that a second warrant was out against him, and to evade arrest made his way to a distant part of the country. When informed of the facts relative to Ballingarry, &c. he went to a different and more distant part of the country. There he wandered about for a very long time, amid the mountains and woods, seldom venturing into the open country. At length he resolved to face fate, whatever it might be, and about twelve days ago, he proceeded into the city of Cork. He had already disguised himself, but in Cork he completed his disguise—about the 12th ultimo, after walking about Cork for two days, he took a steamer passage on board the Bristol steamer, his dress being a tattered knee breeches, broken stockings, brogues, a hat of curious formation, an old brown wig, and an old blue frieze coat. No suspicion appeared to be entertained respecting him in Cork. He went on board the vessel with perfect self-possession and composure; but in Bristol, owing to his dress, it was with the utmost difficulty he could obtain a lodging; every one objected to receive so *outré* a looking character. He did, however, obtain a place to sleep, and the next day he proceeded to London, where he remained two or three days and having dressed himself in clerical costume, dyed his hair a jet black, and otherwise altered his appearance, he got safe out of London by railway, and at Dover got on board Her Majesty's mail packet, and on the 19th ultimo, landed at Boulogne-sur-Mer. On the 21st, he reached Paris. * This fact relieves him from a load of calumnious misrepresentations. By some he was represented as having been in the pay of Government, and prepared to swear against his associates at the special commission. By others he was circumstantially represented as having been at the scene of the recent disturbances in the neighbourhood of Carrick-on-Suir. —[Cork Examiner.]

Emigration from Glasgow.—The unemployed masses in Glasgow are craving for emigration. A petition from a portion of their number has been sent to the Home Office, through the Lord Advocate, praying that from their poverty, the usual emigration fees may be remitted. The document is signed by 103 married and 83 single men, their dependents amounting to 115 adult females 125 boys, and 134 girls. The poor-rates are increasing on all sides, and, independently of the amount, great discontent prevails in Glasgow and other places where the assessment is regulated by income.

Sir Charles Grey.—A Jamaica paper states that as Sir Charles Grey, the Governor, was proceeding, September 5, to his mountain residence, and upon mounting his mule, which stands 15 hands high, was thrown over the mule's head and remained insensible for two hours after the fall. The medical gentlemen have declared his spine dislocated and one of two ribs broken. At four p. m. on the 7th, Sir Charles's life was despaired of. Sir Charles is a large and heavy man.

COMMERCIAL.

There has been an improved feeling in commercial affairs during the past week. Colonial produce is in better request, as the consumption is increasing and prices still rule low. An opinion prevails that as breadstuffs get cheaper and foreign arrivals increase, our produce markets will resume their former activity. Cotton still continues dull; but prices are steady. The Corn trade had been steady, but not active during the week, and prices for most articles are on the decline. Money is also in abundance, and the rate of interest rules low, whilst in the manufacturing and mining part of the country, trade has a more active and animated appearance, and wages are on the advance. At Dublin, Glasgow, and Hull, the trade rules dull, and prices have a declining tendency. We may just observe, that all the information we can glean in various quarters confirm us in the opinion that Grain will be in tolerable abundance, and at a cheap price, during the present year. The harvest returns for this country are not much, if anything, below an average. The prospect of duties being removed prevents any speculation in home Grain, and rather of-

fers an inducement to bring it forward for sale. The same circumstance will contribute to increase the supply from foreign countries.

The escape of Doheny to France is attested as beyond all doubt.

An attempt to form a subscription in London for the new French Loan failed. Want of faith in the stability of the French Government, is the alleged cause.

A further Overland Mail has arrived from India, bringing dates from Calcutta to the 20th; Madras the 25th, and Bombay the 31st of August. Major Edwards and his gallant troops were still encamped before Moulian.

Timber Markets.

Liverpool October 7.—The latest sales of Quebec Pine have been made at 14d per foot, from the quay, the dealers not being inclined at present to advance beyond that price; a cargo of St. John Pine of 10 inches average has been sold, supposed to be at or about 17d per foot; a cargo of Miramichi Pine and Birch 13d per foot; a cargo of St. John Deals at £6 10s, one of Shediac at £6 10s, and a cargo of Spruce Spars at 15d. per foot.

SUNDERLAND.—On Sunday evening one of the privates of the 93rd Regiment, was taken into custody in Sunderland for being drunk, and obstructing and insulting the passers by on the foot pavement in a very unbecoming manner. On his way to the station another private interfered, and attempted a rescue; he was also taken into custody. Other soldiers joined, and it was a matter of considerable difficulty that they were at length safely secured. On the following morning they were fined each £1 and costs, or 14 days imprisonment. It may be mentioned that in the scuffle several of the police were hurt by the violence and pressure of the military. On Saturday evening many of the privates left the barracks, and meeting with police officers vowed they would be revenged for what had been done to their comrades on the previous day. They shouted and yelled at the constables, and other soldiers joining, a general tumult ensued. The police were quite outnumbered by the military, and several of the officers were seriously cut by the soldiers striking them with their belts, breastplates, &c. At length they retired to the barracks, and on Monday morning the mayor, attended by his clerk, the officers who were injured, with witnesses who witnessed the affray, proceeded to the barracks to identify if possible, the offenders. An investigation was entered into, when the soldiers broke out, and effectually closed the examination as far as regards that day. An indiscriminate attack was made upon the authorities and witnesses. The mayor and his attendants were escorted by an officer of the regiment with drawn sword to the barrack gate and they escaped uninjured. It is expected that the authorities will now leave it to the colonel of the regiment to hand over the ringleaders to justice.

The news from the Continent continues to betray considerable want of political composure. In France much excitement and alarm continue to prevail. The Assembly have decided, by a considerable majority, after a very able discussion, in which Lamartine took an active part, on having but one Legislative Chamber. The Committee of the Constitution have also decided, by a vote of 10 to 4, that the President of the Republic shall be elected by Universal Suffrage, and not by the Assembly itself. Should this vote be ratified by the Assembly, it is thought that General Cavaignac will thus be superseded by Louis Napoleon, and ardent Republicanism will, for a time at least, be thrown into the background. It is quite unsafe, however, to predict future events in France. Socialists banquets, held all over the country last autumn are too frequent to favour any expectations of coming quietude—and the speeches and cries which have characterised more than one of them are of the most treasonable and sanguinary nature.

Mr. C. C. DUFFY.—The statement of a correspondent of the "Daily News," to the effect, that this personage had shown the white feather, and intended to plead guilty, has been contradicted by Mr. Duffy himself, who, in a letter to the "Freeman," dated Newgate prison, Sept. 23, describes it as a lie from beginning to end—a lie so base and ex-

travagant, that I am traduct it."

Nothing is yet done of the negotiations in the north Italy, but from Cavanignac in the assembly on Monday mours that are afflo for hoping that a pition is near at hand teds do not look s of Naples refuses t England, between subjects in Sicily, ate resumption of t

Winter Prospects. county cess, poor r post which the pea to regard as a grie erated, has fairly c counts from differ dom prognosticate which cannot fail f for the constabul serving in Ireland. has already opene Meath, and Cavan vices appear to b of operations agai poor-rates and the

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