TIMBER NOTICES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date "The Skeena Development Syndicate Limited" intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a "Special License" to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situate in the Coast District of British Columbia:

No. 1. Commencing at a post planted about 18 chains Northwest from the shore of the Kh-Yex River and about three miles from its mouth, thence south 160 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 160 chains, thence west 40 chains to place of commencement.

Staked June 13, 1905.

THE SKEENA DEVELOPMENT SYNDICATE LIMITED.
John Stinson, Agent.

No. 2. Commencing at a post planted about 200 feet west of the Kh-Yex River and about 3 miles from its mouth, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement.

Staker June 13, 1905.

THE SKEENA DEVELOPMENT SYNDICATE LIMITED.
jy5 John Stinson, Agent.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for the purpose of grazing thereon, the following described lands, situated on the right bank of Fraser river, in Cariboo District, British Columbia, and about seventeen miles above Fort George, viz.: Starting from this post marked "E. J. M.—A. L. S. and D. M. H.—N. E.", thence astronomical west forty (40) chains, thence astronomical south two hundred chains about to right bank of Fraser river, thence following said right bank easterly, northerly and westerly to point of commencement.

E. J. MATHEWS,
A. L. SMITH,
D. M. HYMAN,
By their agent,
J. H. Gray.

Date, June 23, 1905.
Witness:
(Sgd.) Jas. A. Hickey. je23

MINERAL ACT.

(Form F)

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

"Westholme," "Westholme Fractional," "Moline Fractional," "Nellens," "Donagan," "Blue Bell," "Estelle," "Golden Rod," "Acme," "Marzie," "Mollie," "Ohio," "Oregon," "Brooklyn," "Lois," "Dewey," "Diamond," "Brick," "Sea Lion," "Ivan," "Klondyke King," "Alaska," "Copper Mint," "Enterprise," "M. A. L. Fractional," "C. L. Fractional," "W. G. Fractional," "Dixie Fractional," and "Mollie Fractional" Mineral Claims, situate Victoria Mining Division of Chemainus and Somenos Districts.

Where located: On Mount Sicker, in Chemainus and Somenos Districts, on Vancouver Island.

TAKE NOTICE that The Vancouver Island Mining and Development Company, Limited, Free Miner's Certificate No. B89463 intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this tenth day of June, A. D. 1905.

VANCOUVER ISLAND MINING AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.
Clermont Livingston,
Local Director.
je15

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

IN THE MATTER of that part of Sections 33 and 101, Esquimalt District, registered in the name of Gilzean Roland Whately Stuart, and in the matter of an application on behalf of the said Gilzean Roland Whately Stuart for an Indefeasible Title to the same.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that it is my intention to issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above land to Gilzean Roland Whately Stuart on the 12th day of August, 1905, unless in the mean time a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by a person claiming an estate or interest therein or in any part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., May 8, 1905. my11

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, situated near HAZELTON, B. C.: Commencing at a post planted at the Northeast corner of Lot 38, marked "W. J. Larkworthy's Southeast corner post," thence north to the south boundary of the KSOO-GU-YA Indian reserve, No. 2A, thence west forty chains, thence south to the Northwest corner of Lot 38, thence east forty chains, more or less, along the northern boundary of Lot 38, to the point of commencement, and containing FORTY ACRES, more or less.

Dated at Hazelton, B. C., this 22nd day of May, 1905.

je18 W. J. LARKWORTHY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following land near Hazelton, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a post marked E. C. Stephenson's S. W. corner (at the N. W. corner of lot 104), thence East 32 chains, thence North 40 chains, thence West 32 chains, thence South to point of commencement, and containing 128 acres, more or less.

E. C. STEPHENSON.
June 6, 1905. je18

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days from date hereof, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at the N. W. corner of Lot 188, Range IV., Coast District, thence West 40 chains, thence South 40 chains, thence East 40 chains, to the Southwest corner of Lot 188, containing 150 acres more or less.

Dated at Victoria, June 13, 1905.
je14 E. McCOSKRIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that two months from date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase the following described land, situate on the east bank of the Ecstall River, about 15 miles from the town of Port Essington, in the Coast District, Province of British Columbia, to wit:

Commencing at a post marked Southwest Corner, thence running north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains to place of beginning, containing 160 acres, more or less.

J. L. PIERCE, Locator.
May 18, 1905. je2

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated on the right bank of the Fraser River in Cariboo District, British Columbia, two miles above Bridge Creek: Starting from this post marked "J. L. T., S.E.," and thence astronomical west eighty (80) chains, thence astronomical south about one hundred and twenty (120) chains to right bank of Fraser River, and thence following said bank northeasterly to point of commencement, and containing about six hundred (600) acres.

MARK HYMAN,
By his Agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Dated May 21, 1905. je13

NOTICE is hereby given that thirty (30) days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special licence to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands, situated on the right bank of Fraser River, Cariboo District, British Columbia, about eighteen (18) miles above Giscombe Portage, viz.: Starting from this post marked "C. B. D., S. W.," and thence astronomical north eighty (80) chains, thence astronomical east eighty (80) chains, thence astronomical south eighty (80) chains, and thence astronomical west eighty (80) chains to point of commencement.

C. B. DRENNAN.
By his Agent, J. H. Gray.
Dated May 21, 1905. je13

B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS.
141 Yates Street, Victoria.
Ladies' and Gents' garments and household furnishings cleaned, dyed or pressed equal to new.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase six hundred and forty (640) acres of land, more or less, situate on Salt Lake, No. 1, on mainland opposite Kalen Island. The initial stake is on the east shore of Salt Lake, No. 1, and running thence from said stake marked S. W. Corner forty (40) chains north; thence eighty (80) chains east; thence forty (40) chains north; thence eighty (80) chains east; thence forty (40) chains to shore of lake; thence following said shore to place of beginning; located in Range Five (5), Coast District, British Columbia.

May 27th, 1905.
C. D. POWER, Locator,
By J. L. Peirce.
je9

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situated in Coast District, Range V.: Commencing at a point near the Southern boundary of the Tsimsean Government Reserve, on the shore of Salt Lake, East of Kalen Island: thence East 20 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence West 20 chains, thence Northerly along the shore 80 chains to point of commencement, and containing 160 acres more or less.

THOMAS BUDGE.
May 20, 1905.

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in Coast District, Range V.: Commencing at a point on the East side of the South arm of Salt Lake, East of Kalen Island. Running from this point East 80 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence West 80 chains near to a post marked G. T. Kane's S. E. Post, thence Northerly along the shore line 80 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

A. G. HOWARD POTTS.
May 19, 1905.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty (30) days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for twenty-one (21) years for grazing purposes, all that parcel of land situated in the Coast District, British Columbia, and about sixteen (16) miles northerly from the east end of Stuart Lake, and more particularly described as follows: Starting from this post marked "J. L. P. S. E.," and thence astronomically north eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically west eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically west eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically south eighty (80) chains, thence astronomically east eighty (80) chains, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

Dated the 17th day of June, 1905.
J. L. PIERCE,
By His Agens,
jy4 J. H. GRAY.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that thirty (30) days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for twenty-one (21) years for grazing purposes, all that parcel of land situated in the Coast District, British Columbia, and about sixteen (16) miles northerly from the east end of Stuart Lake, and more particularly described as follows: Starting from this post marked "D. M. H., S. W.," and thence astronomically north forty (40) chains, thence astronomically east one hundred and twenty (120) chains, thence astronomically south forty (40) chains, and thence astronomically west one hundred and twenty (120) chains, to the point of commencement, containing four hundred and eighty (480) acres.

Dated the 17th day of June, 1905.
D. M. HYMAN,
By His Agents,
jy4 J. H. GRAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated on the right bank of the Fraser River in Cariboo District, British Columbia, four miles above Bridge Creek, to wit: Starting from this post marked "M. H., E. Corner," and thence astronomical west for one hundred and sixty (160) chains, thence south astronomical about eighty (80) chains to right bank of Fraser River, and thence following said bank northeasterly to point of commencement, and containing about six hundred (600) acres.

MARK HYMAN,
By his Agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Dated May 21, 1905. je13

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated on the right bank of the Fraser River in Cariboo District, British Columbia, two miles above Bridge Creek, to wit: Starting from this post marked "J. L. T., S. E.," and thence astronomical north forty (40) chains, thence astronomical west eighty (80) chains, thence astronomical south about one hundred and twenty (120) chains to right bank of Fraser River, and thence following said bank northeasterly to point of commencement, and containing about six hundred (600) acres.

J. L. TILTON,
By His Agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Dated May 21, 1905. je13

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within sixty (60) days from date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a permit to purchase six hundred and forty (640) acres of ground, more or less, situate in the Coast District, Range Five (5), British Columbia, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a stake planted and marked "N. W. Corner: thence running eighty (80) chains east; thence eighty (80) chains south; thence west eighty (80) chains, and north of Lot five hundred and two (502); thence north eighty (80) chains along Lot four hundred and forty-six (446) to place of commencement—the north line follows the south line of Lot four hundred and forty-nine (449) and lot four hundred and fifty (450)—the land lies east of Kalen Island and on east side of Salt Lake No. 2.

May 27th, 1905.
A. B. SIMON, Locator.
je9 By J. L. Peirce, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within sixty (60) days from date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for a permit to purchase six hundred and forty (640) acres of land, more or less, situate in the Coast District, Range Five (5), British Columbia: commencing at a stake on the southeast shore of Salt Lake No. 1, thence running forty (40) chains north; thence one hundred and sixty (160) chains west; thence forty (40) chains to shore line; thence following said shore line to point of commencement, adjoining C. D. Power's location on the mainland—opposite Kalen Island.

May 27th, 1905.
A. L. SMITH, Locator.
je9 J. L. Peirce, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the south shore of Fraser Lake, Coast District, British Columbia, viz: Starting from this post marked "A. B. S., N. E.," thence south astronomically one hundred and ten (110) chains, thence west astronomically one hundred and ten (110) chains, more or less, to said shore, and thence following said shore northeasterly to point of commencement.

A. B. SIMON,
By his agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Date, June 5, 1905. je27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the north shore and about five (5) miles from the west end of Fraser Lake, Coast District, British Columbia, viz: Starting from this post marked "D. M. H., S. E.," thence north astronomically eighty (80) chains, thence west astronomically eighty (80) chains, and thence south astronomically eighty (80) chains to point of commencement, and containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

D. M. HYAMS,
By his agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Date, June 5, 1905. je27

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands situated on the south shore of Fraser Lake, Coast District, British Columbia, viz: Starting from this post marked "J. L. T., N. E.," thence south astronomically eighty (80) chains, thence west astronomically eighty (80) chains, thence north astronomically eighty-five (85) chains, more or less, to the said north shore, and thence easterly along the said shore to point of commencement, and containing six hundred and forty (640) acres.

J. L. TILTON.
By his agent, J. H. Gray.
Witness: J. A. Hickey.
Date, June 5, 1905. je27

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated on the north shore of Ootsa Lake, about 20 miles west of the east end of the Lake, in Range 4 of the Coast District, described as follows: Commencing at a post marked J. G. Steele, S. W. Cor., thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains more or less to the lake; thence westerly along the shore of the lake about 40 chains to the place of beginning. This land is west of and adjoining J. Hinkle's land.

June 7, 1905.
J. G. STEELE.
jy11 A. E. Steele, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situate on the north shore of the east end of the Lake, in Range 4 of the Coast District, described as follows: Commencing at a post marked H. Anderson's S. E. Cor., thence north 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 80 chains more or less to the lake; thence easterly along the lake about 40 chains to the place of beginning.

June 10, 1905.
H. ANDERSON.
jy11 A. E. Steele, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that, 60 days after date, I intend to make application to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated on the north shore of Ootsa Lake, about 20 miles west of the east end of the Lake, in Range 4 of the Coast District, described as follows: Commencing at a post marked A. E. Steele, S. W. Cor., thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains more or less to the lake; thence westerly along the shore of the lake about 40 chains to the place of beginning. This land is west of and adjoining J. G. Steele's land.

June 7, 1905.
jy11 A. E. STEELE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Lot No. 202, Rupert District, containing 240 acres.

GRANT & LIPPY.
Victoria, July 3, 1905. jy5

MARTIN EGAN VIEWS OREL.

Former Victoria Newspaperman Outlines Injuries of Battleship.

Martin Egan, formerly of Victoria and now head of the Associated Press news service in the Orient, recently returned to Tokio from a visit to the captured battleship Orel at the Maizuru naval yard in Japan. In speaking of his inspection of the former Russian battleship, Mr. Egan said:

"The Orel is an object lesson for a naval expert in judging the effects of shells on armored craft. There is nothing graphic about calling her a riddled hulk. Above her waterline she is one mass of holes, although structurally she is sound, and no difficulty was experienced in bringing her into port. The injuries to the hull and the frequency with which the Japanese gunners drilled the fabric above the waterline would appear to suggest that naval designers have to evolve something that will afford more protection to men in that part of a fighting ship. The wonder to me was that more lives were not lost. You could scarcely begin to take tally of the holes. Compare her to a sieve, a colander or any other thing you wish. I hardly think you will strike an extravagant simile providing it suggests holes and plenty of them." The battleship's masts were shot away. Mr. Egan said, and one Japanese shell went clean through her conning tower, entering the opening used by the lookout.

NOTICES IN THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE

Dates for Fall Assizes are Fixed—Some Minor Appointments.

Following are notices of interest appearing in yesterday's issue of the British Columbia Gazette: Henry F. W. Behnsen, of Victoria, and Charles Splisted, of Kimberley, to be Justices of the peace. Lewis A. Lewis and James Cambridge, of New Westminster, to be members of the board of managers of the Royal Columbian Hospital, for two years.

Sittings of the Supreme Court for the transaction of the business of Courts of Assize and Nisi Prius, and of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, will be held at the court house, at 11 a. m., at the places and on the dates following, namely:

City of Nelson, October 3. Civil and criminal.

Town of Clinton, October 3. Civil and criminal.

City of Revelstoke, October 3, 1905. Civil and criminal.

City of Kamloops, October 6. Civil and criminal.

City of Victoria, October 10. Criminal.

City of Vernon, October 11. Civil and criminal.

City of Greenwood, October 17. Civil and criminal.

City of Nanaimo, October 19. Civil and criminal.

City of Vancouver, October 24. Criminal.

City of New Westminster, October 24. Civil and criminal.

And notice is also given that sittings of the Supreme Court, for the trial of civil causes, issues and matters only, will be held in the court house, at 11 a. m., at the places and on the dates following, namely:

City of Victoria, October 3.

City of Rossland, October 10.

City of Vancouver, October 17.

And notice is also given that sittings of the Full Court will be held at the city of Vancouver, beginning on Tuesday, November 7.

Tenders are invited by the deputy commissioner of lands and works for the erection and completion of a wooden bridge across Rowe stream (Parsons Bridge), Esquimalt district; a large one-room frame school house at South Vancouver, and a small one-room frame school house at Okanagan.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon of Wednesday, August 2, from any person who may desire to obtain a special license under the provisions of the Land Act, for the purpose of cutting timber therefrom, of a timber limit situated at Vancouver Bay, Jervis Inlet, known as lot 1,322, group 1, New Westminster district, containing 1,537 acres. The competitor offering the highest cash bonus will be entitled to a special license covering the limits, renewable annually for a term of 21 years. Each tender must be accompanied by a certified check to cover the amount of the first year's fees ($336), and to the amount of bonus tendered. The checks will be at once returned to unsuccessful competitors.

Certificates of incorporation have been granted to the following:

The McArthur & Harper Co., Ltd., with a capital of $100,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $1 each; to carry on the business of wholesale and retail merchants at Kamloops or elsewhere within the province.

The Imperial Timber & Trading Co., Ltd., with a capital of $25,000; to acquire and carry on the business in British Columbia of any person, firm or corporation now or hereafter carrying on business as loggers, sawmillers, timber dealers, manufacturers or merchants, and to pay for the same at such price as may be agreed upon, which price may be paid in cash or in shares of this company or partly in cash and partly in shares as may be agreed.

The Nelson Oil & Coal Co., Ltd., with a capital of $50,000; to acuire, manage, develop, work and sell mines, mineral claims and mining properties, and to win, get, treat, refine and market mineral therefrom; to acquire from the licensees or owners, the licenses to prospect for coal and petroleum and all rights and privileges granted thereby, numbered 285 to 289, inclusive, issued on August 3, A. D. 1904, and to take over, work and turn the same to account, and to pay for same in paid-up shares, or partly paid-up shares, or partly in cash and partly in paid-up or partly paid-up shares or otherwise.

Licenses have been issued to the following extra-provincial companies:

The Great West Life Assurance Co., of Winnipeg, with a capital of $1,000,000; the Dundee Gold Mining & Milling Co., with a capital of $1,000,000; The Caledonian Insurance Co., of Edinburgh, Scotland, with a capital of £537,500; The Kootenay & Columbia Prospecting & Mining Co., with a capital of $100,000, the head office being at Whitewater, Kootenay.

Collins Case in The County Court

Celebrated Figures in 'Frisco Affair Appear Before Judge Lampman.

Extradition Proceedings Stand Over Until Wednesday of Next Week.

(From Friday's Daily.)

George D. Collins, the San Francisco lawyer, who fled from San Francisco by taking an automobile from his home in the early morning to a launch waiting on San Francisco bay, whence he went to Sacramento, where he and his wife boarded a train for the north en route to Victoria, and who was arrested here on a warrant issued at the instance of the San Francisco police through Chief Langley, charging perjury, applied to Mr. Justice Lampman yesterday through H. D. Helmcken, K. C., to discharge him from custody, as the warrant upon which he was arrested was defective.

Mr. Frank Higgins, who was retained to represent the San Francisco police authorities, applied for a remand for a week, when the case was brought before Mr. Justice Lampman yesterday morning.

An adjournment was taken until the afternoon, when Mr. Helmcken and his client came with an armload of legal lore, and proceeded to take exception to the sufficiency of the warrant.

Collins was permitted by the court to make an address in his own behalf, and Mr. Helmcken raised many objections, contending the warrant was defective because it omitted the word "wilful" in its statement of the alleged crime, that it did not show the alleged perjury had been committed before a court having jurisdiction or that accused had been on oath, or, as is necessary under the laws of California, but not under those of Canada, to show that the alleged perjury was material to the adjudication of the cause.

Mr. Higgins pointed out that in an extradition case a detailed statement of the offence was not necessary, and quoted authorities to this end. Judge Lampman remanded Collins for six days, until the 19th inst., to allow of officials and witnesses for the trial of the case to arrive from San Francisco. Chief Langley telegraphed to Chief Dinan of San Francisco last night asking him to send his witnesses to Victoria.

Mr. Helmcken, in opening his defence, said the court could quash the warrant if it had issued on being shown that the information it was based upon was not sufficient. The information, which was that of Chief of Police John M. Langley, was that the accused was suspected of committing perjury under section 118 of the penal code of California. The information, he contended, was wholly insufficient. He quoted from the case of the People vs. Turner, a Californian case in which perjury was charged, in which the prosecution had failed because of the insufficiency of the information, which did not state the perjury was wilful. The wilfulness of the false swearing must be proven. It was not sufficient to swear that the perjury was falsely, feloniously and maliciously committed; wilfulness must also be shown. He quoted from Tascheran to show an indictment had been dismissed because the word feloniously had been used instead of wilfully. The omission of the word wilful, Mr. Helmcken contended, was fatal to the warrant. After quoting several Californian cases he asked that the charge against Collins be dismissed.

Then Mr. Helmcken said his client was a member of the Californian bar, and asked the court to hear him, as he would endeavor to make the case clear. Mr. Justice Lampman expressed willingness and Collins addressed the court. He said that where an offence charged is an offence against the extradition law it is necessary to show the offence to be one against the laws of both states, and it therefore becomes necessary for an understanding of the law of perjury in California. If the offence did not constitute perjury under the laws of California it was not punishable in Canada. He quoted the case of the People vs. Turner in California and went on to show that the charge of perjury in the southern state must be charged as wilful. In the information before Mr. Justice Lampman no attempt is made to charge this statement alleged to have been made by him as wilfully made. True, the warrant reads that the statement was feloniously and falsely made, but not wilfully. The Supreme court of California in the case of People vs. Turner stated that perjury must be wilful. The extradition law, he held, went deep; right to the base of the substance of the offence. He held the offence charged did not constitute perjury according to the laws of California, and therefore was not an offence within the purview of the extradition law. Furthermore, he said, there can be no perjury according to Californian law unless the statement alleged to be falsely made is material to the case. While it is not necessary in Canadian law to show that perjury is material, it is in California, and if a false statement was irrelevant it would not constitute perjury in California, although it might in Canada. Further no assignment of perjury was made in the information upon which the warrant for his arrest was based, nor was it shown that the alleged perjury was made before a court having jurisdiction. Information as to whether he had been sworn was also omitted, and again, the information upon which the warrant was based, merely stated that he, Collins, knew the statement alleged to have been falsely made to be false—it was not an allegation of perjury. No attempt was made to show the statement was false, but that he knew it to be feloniously false. The information was based upon telegraphic information from San Francisco, sworn to by the local chief of police, and did not show the jurisdiction of the court, or whether he, Collins, had been sworn, whether the statement was material to the case, and he argued that the warrant for the reasons shown was void. He cited a case in the Californian law records in which a person for whom a warrant was sought for murder had been released on it being shown that the information upon which the warrant was secured was given on the officer having sworn that it was his opinion the crime had been committed, and so in this case, he argued, the warrant was both insufficient and defective.

Mr. Frank Higgins, appearing for the San Francisco authorities, said he had an authority which he could quote in the case of a Swiss for whose arrest and extradition a warrant had been secured on a charge bearing upon bankruptcy proceedings. In that case it was shown that it was not necessary to go into the particulars of the offence. It was sufficient to specialize the crime alleged. It was clear that the warrant must specialize the crime, crimes for which an accused could be extradited were in two classes, those which could be described and those which could not, unless at length. The law authorised a general description of the offence. For the purpose of the present prosecution it was sufficient to allege perjury in the warrant; that was all that was necessary.

Judge Lampman said he would grant a remand. Accused and his counsel had argued that it was necessary to bring such allegations as could secure conviction under the laws of California. Mr. Higgins' authority had been sufficient to show he had jurisdiction if the case was proceeded with and that the warrant was sufficient. He thought eight days a little long to remand the case, however. A remand was finally given for six days. Mr. Helmcken sought to have an arrangement made to allow of Collins being allowed to remain at his hotel with a special officer, whose expenses would be paid by accused. It was finally arranged, by permission of Chief Langley, that he could be given his freedom in the day time, but would be taken into custody of the city police at nightfall.

Collins is indignant because of the proceedings taken against him, which, he says, is due to the conspiracy against him at San Francisco. He says the indictment was secured at San Francisco in the first instance because the judge who presided over the grand jury at San Francisco was a man who was anxious to ruin him because he had the judge impeached before the governor of the state for conduct unbecoming to the bench. Other judges were opposed to him, one because of antagonism aroused by his having taken the judge to task in the interest of a client and another because he had upset many of his decisions on appeal. Then again he had incurred the enemity of many powerful politicians because of his support of the Schmidt administration in San Francisco. The press of San Francisco, as he stated, was banded to hound him, and he felt that a jury free from the influences of his enemies could not be secured at San Francisco, so had escaped. He considered that he could not get justice, and had he remained he would have been railroaded to the penitentiary.

Collins, it seems, fled from San Francisco on Friday night in the darkness. His absence was not discovered by the San Francisco authorities until the following Monday afternoon, when his case was called in the San Francisco court. The San Francisco Call of Tuesday says: "Worsted in every point of a defence which had been unusual in the number and nature of technicalities raised, Collins produced, and seeing the ultimate defeat ahead, with a term in the penitentiary as the final punishment, Collins evidently feared to face the actual trial, and before one man of the jury had been selected he slipped out of the city he loved in a little launch, landed somewhere on the waterfront of Oakland, purchased two tickets at the Sixteenth street station and boarded the first train for Sacramento. His flight was a complete surprise."

Of the scene in court when Collins' escape was discovered, the San Francisco Examiner of Tuesday says:

"The announcement of his flight became known at 2 o'clock, when the trial was about to be resumed before Superior Judge Thomas J. Lennon. It was whispered about the court room before court convened that a sensation was about to break. The crowd of spectators crowded impatiently waited for the appearance of the central figure in the tragic domestic drama. As the creaking hinges of the court room door told of the arrival of some new spectator, necks were craned in the expectation that Collins, his bride, formerly Miss McCurdy, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Sarah McCurdy, had at last come. They were disappointed. Judge Lennon was pacing the floor of his chambers impatiently. He did not know the reason for the delay. He did not even inquire. At ten minutes after the appointed hour he took his seat upon the bench.

"Once he looked up to scan the crowded room and then, turning to the calendar, called the case of the People vs. Collins. For a second there was no response, but Attorney Thomas F. O'Connor, who had been forced into the case by the peremptory order of the court, rose to his feet.

"'I would ask the court's indulgence for a moment,' he said. 'Mr. Collins is not here as yet.'

"Again there was an ominous silence. Judge Lennon did not reply to the demand of the attorney. He fingered his pen nervously for a minute and then, addressing Clerk J. J. Groom, he directed that a bench warrant be issued for the defendant. The proceedings after that ran rapidly.

"The district attorney was anxious to learn from some one the avenue of escape Collins had selected, and there was a hunning fire of questions and crossquestions in which both the court and the district attorney took part.

"'Issue a bench warrant for the defendant,' directed the court.

"'Do you know where he is?' Byington asked O'Connor.

"'I haven't the slightest idea,' replied O'Connor.

"'Issue a bench warrant without bail,' again ordered the court.

"'Issue bench warrants for Mrs. McCurdy and the other woman'—meaning Mrs. Collins No. 2."

In escaping from San Francisco by means of an automobile, which took him to the sea shore, accompanied by Mrs. Collins, and the launch in which he crossed San Francisco bay, Collins jumped bail amounting to $3,000. The San Francisco Call says: "The bond for $3,000 by which Collins was released immediately after his arrest was ordered forfeited. It was signed by Joseph A. Kelly, a Chinatown guide, and Fisher Ames, a lawyer, with offices in the Hearst building. The case was then ordered continued from day to day until the defendant should be brought into court, the warrants for his arrest were again ordered issued and the police department instructed to use every possible means to effect his capture.

"Word came from Washington Saturday to Jacob S. Meyer of another defeat for Collins. He had applied to the Supreme court of the United States, after being denied by intermediate courts, for a writ of habeas corpus. The telegram says the Supreme court has refused to interfere. It is possible that Collins knew of this reply and that through it he saw his last chance of escape crushed. Flight must have seemed his only means of avoiding the actual trial, and he availed himself of it."

FOLK'S ECCENTRICITY.

Toronto News.

That terrible man, Governor Folk of Missouri, continues to demonstrate his peculiar ideas. He has just cleaned out gambling on a race track by means of the militia. The man actually believes laws were made to be enforced.

FREE CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

Foundation Laid for New System Throughout United States.

New York, July 14.—The Tribune says: Before the close of the annual meeting of the Roman Catholic Educational Association yesterday, the foundation of a free Catholic school system throughout the United States was laid. The plans under which the system is to be inaugurated need now only the approbation of the American hierarchy, headed by Cardinal Gibbons, and if the offer of the colleges is accepted, a system of secondary education extending throughout the land will be established, representing an endowment of not less than $2,500,000. The system is to be established by turning all the Catholic preparatory colleges now conducted by the religious orders and the brothers of the Christian schools into free high schools.

MR. JOHN LEWIS, SURREY CENTRE, B.C.

Suffered For Over a Year With Kidney Disease and Terrible Backache—Dr. Chase's Kidney - Liver Pills Cured Him.

Mr. John Lewis, Surrey Centre, B.C., states: "I have been troubled with kidney disease and terrible pains in the back for over a year. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have taken the pains away and are curing me. They are good pills for the kidneys."

By their direct and wonderfully prompt action on the kidneys, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills call a quick halt to the advance of kidney disease.

By their combined action on kidneys, liver and bowels they prove effective in complicated cases in which ordinary kidney medicines bring little or no relief.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Company, Toronto.

Don't Be Made Miserable By

INDIGESTION

Eat what you like when you are taking these wonderful fruit liver tablets. There is an easy way—a quick way—and a sure way—to be free of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Belching, Heartburn and Constipation. Follow the good advice of Miss Anderson and take Fruit-a-tives:—

"I have purchased two boxes of Fruit-a-tives and find them splendid. My sister was very poorly with Indigestion and they have relieved her wonderfully. We have told our friends how good Fruit-a-tives are." Miss E. C. ANDERSON, Kingston, Ontario.

Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets.

At all Druggists, 50c. a box. Manufactured by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Along the Waterfront

Queen City Brings News of West Coast—Cottage City in From Alaska.

Japanese Brigantine Hagashi Maru at Port Simpson to Get Salt Fish.

(From Friday's Daily.)

The arrivals yesterday included the steamer Cottage City, which came from Alaska in the early morning; the steamer Queen City, from Quatsino and way ports of the Vancouver Island coast, and the steamer Thistle, from Portland, to which port she carried Mr. James Dunsmuir and party. The Cottage City brought a small complement of passengers and proceeded to the Sound after a short stay.

The Queen City brought news that the settlers and Indians of the Quatsino district were delighted because of the seizure of the Seattle gasoline schooner North by the Canadian revenue cutter Kestrel, which captured the poacher within territorial waters in the mouth of Quatsino sound.

Officers of the steamer report that all the coast settlements from Alberni to Quatsino were much interested in the political campaign now being waged in Alberni where two Conservatives (the active candidate) and Saunders were passengers to and from Quatsino by the steamer and during the vessel's stay a rousing meeting was held. Addresses were made to the electors at different ports, and the outlook for Mr. Manson's return was bright.

Mr. Grant of this city, who has been visiting the June group, was a passenger from Quatsino. On the northern trip the steamer had as passengers S. Price, of the iron company recently formed at Seattle, which has an option on iron properties at Quatsino; Mr. Pearson, interested in a coal property at Quatsino; Mr. W. J. Sutton, mining engineer, and Mr. Sandford, a mining man from the Kootenay district, who went to Quatsino to investigate some mining property. The steamer encountered a blow off the Island coast two days ago, but weathered to gale without delay.

WHATCOM WAS BUMPED.

Fishing Steamer Zapora Collided With Her During Tuesday's Trip.

When the steamer Whatcom was on her way from the Sound on Tuesday the fishing steamer Zapora of Tacoma collided with her. No damage was done. The Zapora's bow struck the stern of the Whatcom as the latter passed ahead of her. The two vessels got near together this side of the Point No Point light, and, according to passengers on board the Whatcom, an interesting race was on. The Whatcom was getting the better of the fishing boat and was pulling ahead, when the Zapora turned her bow toward the passenger packet and, as the latter passed, bumped the Whatcom's stern.

JAPS COME TO FISH.

Brigantine Hagashi Maru Is at Port Simpson With 108 Men.

The Japanese brigantine Hagashi Maru, of 600 tons, with 108 men, has arrived at Port Simpson, having come to this coast to engage in a full cargo of dit fish. The Province says the department of marine and fisheries has already received notification of the arrival of the Japanese ship at Port Simpson, and it is likely that clearance from that port will be withheld until officers of the department have further investigated the intentions of the master of the vessel, Captain Yoshida.

Captain Yoshida, it is announced in special despatches from Port Simpson, boldly stated on Sunday night on arrival at the northern port, that he intended to put up dog salmon for the Japanese market, and that he had brought the large crew of men with him to secure the fish.

The Japanese of the Hagashi Maru cannot legally fish within the three mile limit, and law officers have been sent north to see that they do not evade the law. The Japanese vessel was spoken by the Kingfisher, as stated yesterday, and Captain Yoshida offered $300 for a tow to Port Simpson. The Kingfisher did not tow him, and the Japanese master sailed his vessel to the northern port.

THE STANLEY DOLLAR.

Troubles of the British Steamer in Loading Coolies for this Port.

The Stanley Dollar is expected to reach port shortly with a full load of Japanese coolies ,probably 600 men. Concerning her trip the Honolulu correspondent of the San Francisco Examiner writes: "In an effort to carry about 600 Japanese laborers from this place to the mainland the British steamship Stanley Dollar ran afoul of the United States navigation laws. The vessel arrived last week from Yokohama and was to have sailed the following day for Victoria, but the local authorities discovered that she had no passenger-carrying license from either British or American inspectors, so refused to permit her to depart. There are no federal inspectors of hulls and boilers stationed at Honolulu, so the local collector did not feel warranted in passing the vessel. Application was made by the owners of the steamer to Washington for permission to depart with the Japanese, and yesterday the collector received cable orders to inspect the vessel and ascertain whether she had complied with the laws in the matter of life-saving apparatus, and in such an event to grant her clearance. But the vessel will be unable to get away for some days longer, as her captain, J. Bruce, and owner, Stanley Dollar, have both been arrested on charges of gross cheat. It is charged that they induced the Japanese passengers to purchase tickets by the steamer by representing that she was to take them to Seattle or Tacoma, when instead she cannot land passengers at either of those ports, but has to go to Victoria. The cases against the men will come up tomorrow in the police court. A number of Jap