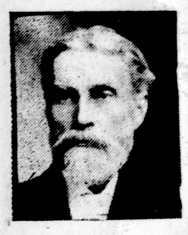
Ald. Cooper Called Down At the Council Meeting

Charged Ald. Greenlees With Voting His Own Son a Job.

City Engineer Graydon Will Have Two New Assistants.

Offer of $1,400 To Be Made the Warren Paving Company—The Threatened Lawsuit.



The regular meeting of the city council was held last evening. The business docket was so light that the aldermen could have been homeward bound in an hour, had not Ald. Cooper persisted in being flowery on several occasions. As it was, an adjournment was not made until 10:15.

The report of the board of works was exceptionally lengthy, but it consisted largely of clauses that went through without debate. The council unanimously approved of the clause recommending that the London Street Railway Company be requested to put on additional cars between 5:30 and 7 p.m., and thus avoid the overcrowding experienced at present.

When the clause was reached recommending that $1,400 be offered, without prejudice, to the Warren Company, for repairs made to the asphalt pavement last summer, Ald. Stevely asked if the committee had made any offer of settlement to the Warrens last year, and if so, what was the amount named.

Ald. Forristal said no offer had been made by the city.

"Well," said Ald. Stevely, "what did you think the account would amount to?"

Ald. Forristal said it was thought the bill would be in the neighborhood of $700.

Better Pay the $1,600.

Ald. Stevely could not understand why the committee should recommend $1,400 for the company. He understood that men employed by the city had made the measurements of the repairs, and he felt that the council had better pay the $1,600 claimed by the Warrens, or else it would have to pay a great deal more in the event of a lawsuit.

Ald. Greenlees said a civil engineer had measured the repairs some time after the account was disputed, and he made the total exceed $1,600.

But Ald. Forristal did not see the matter in the same light. He said he thought it would be an outrage if the city had to pay the Warren Company's bill. Ald. Forristal said that if he had the matter to settle with the company he would fight them as long as he had a dollar.

Ald. Gillean, being a new member of the council, was not very well posted in the matter, but as city employes had made the measurements of the repairs, he felt that the best thing the corporation could do would be to pay the account.

In reply to Ald. Gillean, Ald. Gerry pointed out that the man employed by the city did not do any of the measuring, but simply stood by while the measurements were being taken by the Warren Company's men. Neither did he assist in making up the total measurements for the repairs. He simply pointed out the places repaired. "I won't allow any person to rob the city if I know it," said Ald. Gerry.

On the vote being taken, the clause of the committee report recommending an offer of $1,400, was adopted.

Clause 15 of the committee's report related to Ald. Garratt's idea for the improvement of the roadways outside of the area for permanent pavements. It recommended that in future no roadway outside of the area be graded, graveled and rolled until such time as a cement curb and gutter are constructed on it. The strongest objection offered to this was by Ald. Cooper, who considered it one of the most unfair propositions ever brought before the council, and added that the city was "going too fast altogether with curbs and gutters, and was running the debenture debt up too rapidly."

Would Save Money.

Ald. Garratt, on the other hand, maintained that the adoption of the clause would not prove a hardship on any ratepayer. It would result further in a big saving of money to the city.

The clause was adopted, Ald. Cooper, Matthews and Abram voting nay.

When the area to be effected by Ald. Garratt's motion was considered, Ald. Carson moved an amendment, the object of which was to omit certain blocks on which the owners had already paid for improvements, such as block pavements. The amendment, however, was defeated on the same vote as the motion, with the exception that Ald. Carson was with the minority, making the show of hands 7 to 4. Thus the area is as follows: Commencing at southeast corner of York and Wellington streets, thence west to west side of Ridout street, thence north to north side of Central avenue, thence east to east side of Waterloo street, thence south to north side of Princess avenue, thence east to east side of William street, thence south to north side of Queen's avenue, thence east to west side of Adelaide street, thence south to south side of King street, thence west to east side of Wellington street, thence south to the place of beginning. Also Dundas street, from Ridout to Egerton street, and Richmond street, from Horton to Grosvenor streets.

A Warm Discussion.

The second clause of the finance committee's report gave rise to a warm discussion, which concluded with a lively set-to between Ald. Greenlees and Ald. Cooper. The clause related to assistance for the city engineer, and recommended that one assistant be appointed from April to November at $65 a month, and another from May to November at $9 a week, the selections to be made by the chairman of Nos. 1 and 2 committees and the city engineer.

It was promised by Ald. Cooper that he would "say things" about the move to give the engineer more help, and he kept to his promise.

A desire was expressed by some of the aldermen to have the clause referred back for further information as to the needs of the engineer's department, and Mr. Graydon was called on. He told the council he was not asking for the assistants to relieve himself of any work, but simply to put the office in first-class condition, and have its work properly carried out this summer. "I haven't got one-half the assistance I should have," said Mr. Graydon, who added that the staff was a man short of what it was when he was appointed city engineer, although the city's acreage had nearly doubled since then, and there were now a vastly larger number of local improvements than a few years ago. The improvements alone, he said, involved enough work to keep one bookkeeper steadily employed.

Ald. Cooper asked Mr. Graydon if there was not a part of the work that should be done in the assessment office, instead of in his (the engineer's).

"I guess they have all they can do in there now," was Mr. Graydon's answer.

Ald. Garratt was in favor of increasing the engineer's staff. More help is absolutely necessary, he said.

Ald. Matthews wanted more light on the matter before voting. However, he said, if any assistance was to be given the engineer he wanted to see a first-class man appointed. "This putting in kids is not what the people want," declared Ald. Matthews. He didn't know if more help was required, for he had gone to the engineer's office several mornings at 9 o'clock and was unable to find any person.

Ald. Stevely and Gillean were in favor of the clause.

Ald. Cooper Objects.

Ald. Cooper claimed the engineer now had all the assistance he required in the office. If any further appointment was to be made, it should be a first-class street commissioner. Ald. Cooper charged the engineer with allowing sidewalk inspectors to give levels, and said if this could be done it would relieve the department of a great deal of work.

This brought a most emphatic denial from Mr. Graydon. "Inspectors were never allowed to give levels," he said.

Ald. Cooper went on to say that he objected to going out of London for an engineer's assistant. He didn't want the city to go to Toronto "to bring a fresh Englishman into the engineer's office," and he objected also to Ald. Greenlees voting to place his own son in a job in the city hall.

This brought a warm reply from Ald. Greenlees, who said that a little word spelled with three letters aptly applied to any statement that he was voting for a position for his son. "I defy any man here to say that I uttered a word in behalf of my son," he went on. "I don't know how my son's name was connected with the office. The man who says I have any interest in putting my son there says what is utterly untrue. I may add that the man who says I did anything to forward the interests of my son tells a deliberate falsehood."

City Engineer Graydon, in justice to Ald. Greenlees, said that from his knowledge of the matter, he could say that Ald. Cooper's statement was "unfair and unjust."

The recommendation of the committee was finally carried, Ald. Cooper, Matthews and Abram voting nay. This decision was not reached, however, before the council had voted down an amendment to have the matter referred back and another amendment to appoint one permanent assistant, and to advertise for applicants.

The Threatened Lawsuit

A communication of Mr. R. M. C. Toothe, barrister, re an action to be brought by Mr. F. E. Bennett against the board of health unless compensation be made to the latter for the condemning of his pond in London township, was referred to the board of health.

A communication from Hon. C. S. Hyman re the Canada-Middlesex railway bill, was referred to No. 1 committee for consideration.

A. S. Hopper, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A., presented an application, on behalf of the board of directors, for the remission of the taxes of 1904 on the Y. M. C. A. building. Mr. Hopper also asked that the Y. M. C. A. be given representation on the semi-centennial committee, and permission to issue invitations to all visitors to make the Y. M. C. A. the headquarters when in London. Referred to No. 1 and the semi-centennial committees.

The Sisters of St. Joseph asked for a grant of $500 this year. There are now in the home 113 old people and 65 orphans. No. 1.

L. Paladino, secretary of the Trades and Labor Council, asked for the annual grant of $100. Referred to No. 1.

Thomas Alexander presented an application for an electric light at the corner of Bruce and Cathcart streets, South London. Referred to No. 3.

The members of Beaver Lodge, No. 117, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, asked for the free use of the city hall on April 28 for their annual ball in aid of the relief department of the order. Granted on the usual terms.

John Swanwick, a fireman in No. 2 station, wrote the council that its offer to him of a settlement for injuries he sustained in the Sterling fire, is not fair. The sum, he suggested, without prejudice, should be increased to $500, taking the settlements this year's council had made with other firemen as a criterion. Referred to No. 3.

A Batch of Petitions.

The following petitions against local improvements were received: W. T. Livermore, against a cement walk on the north side of Princess avenue, English to Ontario; Margaret McMillan, against a cement walk on the Wharncliffe road, Byron avenue to Cove road; C. G. Westby, against a cement walk on north side of Empress avenue, St. Andrew's street to lot 43; John Lind, against a cement walk, south side of Piccadilly street, Richmond to Wellington; Daniel Murphy, against a tile sewer, Cartwright street, Princess avenue to Central; John Stokes, against a cement walk, west side of Ridout, Bathurst to York street; C. P. R. and T. H. Smallman, against a cement walk on east side of Adelaide street, Central avenue to Rattle street.

Petitions for local improvements were received as follows: Charles Dunn, for a cement walk, west side Ridout, Elmwood to Chester; Dr. W. M. English, for tiling Carling's Creek, Lorne avenue to Princess avenue; H. Taylor, for cement walk on east side of Ridout street, between Grand and Ferguson avenues; Peter Webster, for a cement curb and gutter on south side of John street, Richmond to St. George.

All were referred to the board of works.

E. L. J. Stein asked to have the Hamilton road, from Inkerman to Mamelon streets, watered. Referred to the assessment commissioner.

Arthur Jolly, assistant to Assessment Commissioner Grant, asked for an increase in salary. Referred to No. 1

Anthony Keenleyside asked the city to pay a part of the expenses incurred by him through instituting a suit against the Arscott rendering works.

D. J. Jackson asked for the dismissal of his son from the Industrial school. Referred to No. 1.

George Henry, photographer, asked the aldermen to favor him with a sitting for a photo, to be used in connection with the semi-centennial. The aldermen agreed to grant the request.

The report of No. 3 committee was adopted, with the exception of the last clause, the council empowering the committee to purchase certain supplies instead of leaving the matter with the chairman and fire chief.

Under the head of inquiries, Ald. Cooper asked if the contractors on the Nurses' Home were being hurried. Ald. Stevely answered that the work was proceeding very slowly.

Ald. Garratt's motion to have competitive plans submitted for all buildings to be erected by the city was laid over.

One of the closing acts of the session was the passing of a resolution to have a group photo of the mayor and aldermen hung in the council chamber, this being semi-centennial year.

Ald. Wyatt was the only absentee.

GERMANY ANXIOUS FOR RECIPROCITY

Kaiser Wants to Make Some Arrangement With the United States.

Washington, March 7. — The Berlin advices through the Associated Press indicating a purpose on the part of the German foreign office to renew its efforts to secure something in the nature of a reciprocity treaty with the United States, have attracted much attention in official circles here, as it has been known for some time past that this was in contemplation. In fact, this matter has taken shape semi-officially through the presentation to Secretary Hay of resolutions adopted by the American Board of Trade of Berlin favoring such an arrangement.

The negotiations by the German Government of a set of new trade treaties with Austria, France and Russia, extending to these countries preferential tariff rates on many natural and manufactured products now imported in great quantities from America, has made it certain that our trade with Germany would be almost extinguished unless some compensating arrangement could be made. Emperor William himself has foreseen the growth of much ill-feeling between Germany and the United States as a result and he has specially charged Baron Sternberg to do everything possible to avert this by negotiating a treaty with this Government that would place the American producers on the same basis as those of Europe.

The ambassador already has cautiously broached the subject here, but he is so well acquainted with the state of feeling in the United States Senate towards reciprocity that he has not been able to report that the prospect is favorable for the consumption of a German-American reciprocity treaty. The present disposition of the executive is to refrain from entering on further negotiations for trade treaties until the Senate has formally indicated its disposition towards the formidable array of reciprocity conventions which have for so many months awaited action by that body and unless the special session which begins for business purposes tomorrow develops a change of heart on the part of the senators towards these pending treaties, there will be no addition to the docket of executive business in the shape of a German-American reciprocity treaty.

BICKLE'S Anti-Consumptive Syrup is agreeable to the taste, and is a certain relief for irritation of the throat that causes hacking coughs. If used according to directions it will break the most persistent cold, and restore the air passages to their normal healthy condition. There is no need to recommend it to those familiar with it, but to those who seek a sure remedy and are in doubt what to use, the advice is—try Bickle's Syrup.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

March 6.—At New York—Zeeland, from Antwerp; Oscar II., from Copenhagen.

At Boston—Romanic, from Naples.

At Liverpool—Georgic, from New York.

At Gibraltar—Pannonia, from New York.

At Cherbourg—Barbarossa, from New York.

At Rotterdam—Amsterdam, from New York.

GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. ywt

Heather is decaying to such an extent on Yorkshire heaths and Scottish moors that sporting lessees and flockmasters are seriously concerned.

COLDS CAUSE SORE THROAT.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide cold and grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c. ywt

Because it contained an article on the Darwinian theory of evolution, a Russian archbishop has suppressed the Georgian almanac.

Coughs, Hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

Women have been doing some of the scene painting at the Imperial Theater, London, lately.

The Kind that has Cured Your Friends and Neighbors in Spring Time...

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Makes Sick People Well

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS. ☞Ask for "PAINE'S."

53-h-t-y

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

SEINING IN CHAMPLAIN

Vermont State Wants Canadian Government to Prohibit It.

Burlington, Vt., March 6. — The attempt made by the State of Vermont, backed by the North America Fish and Game Protective Association, to have Canada prohibit the seining of fish in Missisquoi Bay, Lake Champlain, has failed, and an appeal will now be made to President Roosevelt, asking him to use his influence towards prohibiting the importation of fish caught in the lake with seines. Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, Canadian Minister of Marine and Fisheries, in a letter to the North American Fish and Game Protective Association, says it would not be justifiable to deprive the Quebec fishermen of the rights they have exercised for so many years.

The letter was in reply to a petition signed by the Hon. L. J. Tweedie, Premier of New Brunswick, as president of the North American Fish and Game Protective Association and recently presented to the minister by a deputation of that association, which included former Lieutenant-Governor Nelson, of Vermont.

The fisheries minister in his letter also said:

"Canadian prohibition was enforced about ten years ago, under a mutual arrangement with the adjoining states, but it came to the knowledge of the department that in spite of our action and the understanding arrived at, Vermont State issued a considerable number of licenses, and thus strengthened Canadian fishermen's opposition to the restriction ever since."

The United States fish commission plants annually in the waters of Lake Champlain some 20,000,000 of pike and perch. These fish all spawn in a little corner of Missisquoi Bay in Canada, and since the laws of Canada permit the taking of fish during the spawning season and netting is allowed, the fishing of the whole lake is being destroyed it is claimed.

TO HONOR SHAKESPEARE

All Countries Invited to Aid in Erecting a Memorial.

London, March 7.—The Shakespeare memorial provisional committee, of which Prof. I. Gollancz is secretary, have issued a statement, in which they say that as the direct outcome of the decision of the London county council to provide a site for an adequate Shakespeare monument, a movement has been set on foot to realize the long-discussed point of a Shakespeare memorial in London. Mr. Richard Badger has offered to start the fund with a first subscription of £2,000, a additional sum of £1,000 for a specific purpose, and £500 for the general working expenses of a public appeal. While the London county council have expressed willingness to provide a suitable site, they feel that they cannot in their corporate capacity resolve themselves into a committee for collecting funds and for organizing the movement. Accordingly a number of those interested in the proposal have held meetings during the past year, and the provisional committee has been formed. This committee will in due course give place to a general memorial committee, to consist of leading men and women of the day in all parts of the empire and in the United States of America, and also distinguished representatives of other countries. The general memorial committee, which is to be constituted at a public meeting at the Mansion House, will deal with the ultimate form of the memorial on lines indicated by the promoters of the movement, though this must necessarily depend upon the amount of money collected.

The provisional committee further says:

"The erection of a monument in London — the original proposition — is but the least of the objects in view. The provisional committee have larger views in their desire to do honor to Shakespeare. They would rather aim at the establishment of a great Shakespeare house, to be devoted primarily to the furtherance of the study and interpretation of the poet's works, generally. Therefore, if the response is adequate, it is hoped that there may be erected in London a Shakespeare house or institute, with a Shakespeare library, a lecture theater, and a central hall, to receive a fitting statue of Shakespeare, statues of other famous men being added from time to time. To carry out this suggestion large funds will be necessary. It is hoped that the appeal may come home to everyone, not only to the rich, but also to those of limited means. The memorial should represent the world's homage to the poet, the world's tribute to his genius. In order to collect funds it is proposed to organize a 'Shakespeare Commemoration,' to be observed in all parts of the world during "Shakespeare Week.' Volunteer workers in different countries and localities will be necessary."

PROF. STARR'S NEW SMOKE

It Is Called "Marihumana" and Beat Tobacco All Hollow, He Says.

Chicago, March 7.—A smoke sweeter than cigar, cigarette, or pipe tobacco, an originator of dreamland castles and green vales with daisies growing in them; a tonic, not a stimulant—these are what Prof. Frederick Starr, the well-known anthropological professor of the University of Chicago promises the persons who smoke his newly-discovered "marihumana."

Co-eds at the Midway school have partaken of the weed and declare that it is "simply fine." Prof. Starr himself dotes on it, though he has not touched tobacco since he was a child in knee breeches. He was born in Missouri, and, accordingly, likes company, and each night his comfortable bachelor apartment are the mecca of the younger generation of Midway students.

On his last jaunt into unexplored Mexico Prof. Starr fell in with an Indian chief. This chief took him off to his abode in the foothills. The anthropologist was induced to smoke the new weed.

Prof. Starr is inviting his students to partake of the weed merely for scientific purposes. He has brought back great quantities of it from Mexico and expects to continue with his experiments. He has invited all the members of his classes to bring their friends and visit him at his home to try the new sensation. No more than three at one time will be allowed in the room where the "marihumana" is smoked.

In opening a new pier at Menai Bridge, a Welsh watering place, Mr Lloyd-George said that of the $70,000 the pier had cost, $12,500 had gone in legal expenses.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Cloudy; milder; snow or rain.

Visit Colored Dress Goods Section—Now resplendent with all the New Spring Fabrics.

Special New Wrist Bags.

In colors of black, brown, and gray walrus grain leather, with braided handles and small purse. Each only 49c

Also a large range of other Wrist Bags, in black, brown and green, with braided and strap handles and inside equipment. Prices from $5.00 down to..... 25c

Newest Dress Trimmings

The prettiest dresses are those that are the most prettily trimmed. Have a care in the selection of your Trimmings. We have to hand our new stock and it will both please and pay you to select from it.

Fancy Chiffon Vandyke Ruchings, in white, black, and white and black, suitable for trimming all the new light-weight goods for spring. Good value at 75c yard. Selling special at only 50c

A full assortment of Chiffon Ruchings, in black and white, from 3 to 9 inches wide, with or without narrow ruching at top.

White Net Ruchings for Children's Bonnets, at per yard, only 12½c

Black Silk Neck Ruching, for making Boas. Per yard ..... 60c, 75c and $1.00

New Silks Arrive Every Day.

New Silks are reaching us every day. For the season now upon us we have made big preparations. We devote a large section to Silks alone, so great has the increase been. Our Mail Order Department caters to large numbers who cannot make it convenient to visit the city often. It brings our many advantages to you by mail without a single cent of extra expense. When you compare prices also compare qualities and values. Write today for samples if you live out of town.

A range of all newest colorings in Shepherd's (very small) Checks at, per yard 75c

10 combination colorings in Shot Silks, beautiful rich effects for suits. Per yard 75c

British Quadrille Silk, in hair-line check, in colors of navy, brown, green, black. Price per yard 45c

See our 44-inch Swiss Messaline Taffeta Silk, warranted pure dye, in black and ivory. This is a Silk that gives satisfactory wear. Price $2.50

New Spring Dress Goods.

THE FOLLOWING NEW CHECKS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR HAVE JUST ARRIVED.

Black and White Shepherd's Plaids, small and medium check. Special value at a low price. Per yard only 50c

Black and White Luster, small Shepherd's Check, very dainty. Per yard only 75c

Small Checks, lovely quality, suitable for Children's Dresses, in navy and white, green and white, bright blue and white, pink and white, black and white. Special at only, yard... 85c

Mail Orders for Dress Goods Attended to Same Day as Received. Write for Samples.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street. London.

MRS. CHADWICK COLLAPSES

Nerves Give Out at Opening of Trial —Carnegie in Court.

Cleveland, March 6. — This morning the trial of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick for alleged violation of the national banking laws, was commenced in the United States district court before Judge Tayler.

When Mrs. Chadwick came into court in the custody of two bailiffs, she was calm and self-possessed, and showed no trace of excitement. She took a seat at a long table in the center of the courtroom immediately behind her leading counsel, Jay P. Dawley. Counsel were examining jurors when the door opened, and Andrew Carnegie, followed by S. T. Everett, at whose home he is staying, entered the room. Mr. Carnegie gave one quick glance at the woman sitting by the table, and then walked quietly past her to a seat on the east side of the court room.

Mrs. Chadwick was ignorant of his arrival, and made no sign as he passed her. Later the information was whispered to her that Mr. Carnegie was in the room, but she did not turn her head nor glance in his direction. Mr. Carnegie, on the contrary, seemed to be highly interested in Mrs. Chadwick, and subjected her to close scrutiny.

The jury was accepted within two hours after the opening of court. It consists of one railroad man, one real estate dealer and ten farmers.

A complete nervous collapse by Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick brought the first day of her trial to an abrupt close at 3:45 p.m. E. H. Halter, of Oberlin, the state's second witness, was on the stand when Mrs. Chadwick left the room. When she reached the anteroom, she sank into a chair, fainting. Two trained nurses, who were in the courtroom, revived her, and Judge Tayler adjourned court until tomorrow. Shorn of its legal phraseology, the charge on which Mrs. Chadwick is arraigned is conspiracy against the laws of the United States—the conspiracy, as defined by the Government resting in the agreement between her and the officials of the Citizens' National Bank of Oberlin, Ohio, to issue and negotiate certified checks when she had no money in the bank.

What Is Anti-Pill?

A Somewhat Peculiar Name Explained—How Dr. Leonhardt Came to Call His Famous Prescription "Anti-Pill."

Dr. Leonhardt found in his practice that chronic constipation and its kindred complaints were the result of a dried-up condition of the mucous membrane lining of the stomach and bowels. He investigated further and found that this condition was invariably brought about by the use of cathartics, which all contain a certain amount of resinous matter.

After the first action of such medicines a resinous residue remains behind and this has a drying effect on the lining of the stomach and bowels.

He made up his mind to produce a medicine for all stomach and bowel derangements which would be entirely free from all resinous matter.

After much experiment he succeeded, and to emphasize the difference between his treatment and the old-fashioned treatments, he gave it the name "Anti-Pill."

Anti-Pill will cure dyspepsia, biliousness, or constipation perfectly and for ever—cure to stay cured—with no pill habit left to be overcome later.

50 cents. All druggists, or The Wilson-Fyle Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Sole agents for Canada. 105

CAUGHT IN CANADA

Clerk Who Defrauded British Government Run Down at North Bay.

Ottawa, March 6. — On Saturday, Harry Forder, a petty officer on H. M. S. Pembroke, a trading ship, stationed at Chatham, England, was arrested at North Bay on a charge of falsifying returns for allowances and defrauding the Government. He was arrested in England, escaped the guard and came to Canada. He had been residing in North Bay with his family for six months. This morning Judge MacTavish made an order for his return to England, the prisoner expressing willingness to co-operate in securing a speedy trial. Judge MacTavish also made an order for the extradition of Johannes Peters, wanted in Berlin, Germany, for alleged fraud.

BE SURE TO SEE THAT THE

INDURATED FIBERWARE

TUBS, PAILS, ETC.,

YOU BUY BEAR THE NAME

EDDY

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1851

They are manufactured by NEW PROCESSES and are SUPERIOR to any other makes on the market.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

DONALD McLEAN, AGENT, 426 RICHMOND ST., LONDON.

CHILD EMIGRATION

Dr. Barnardo Strongly Opposed to Scheme of Mrs. Close.

London, March 6.—A meeting of the guardians from all parts of Great Britain at the Mansion House today to consider child emigration generally seemed to dissent from Mrs. Close's scheme chiefly on the grounds urged at a previous meeting by Dr. Barnardo, that it would introduce the English poor law system into Canada, that is proposed to send weak and ailing children, who would be detrimental to the Dominion, and that there was a mortality of 200 in 1,000 amongst children he had sent out under the age of 5 or 6. The chairman of the Fulham Board of Guardians moved that whilst child emigration is desirable the present agencies are sufficient. Mr. Preston, emigration commissioner, strongly combatted Dr. Barnardo's statement regarding child mortality; such percentage in any numbers would not happen in Ontario without the intervention of the authorities. He could produce statistics to show that the death rate in Canada was lower than in any European country. During the last few years hundreds of thousands of emigrants had gone to the Northwest, a fifth probably of whom were children of tender age, yet the Northwest had the lowest death rate of any country in the world.

An Englishman in Canada, writing from Paris, Ontario, to the Pall Mall Gazette, is loud and long in his complaints. A farmer hired him for a year, but when the summer passed discharged him. A dollar goes no further in Canada than a shilling in England. In Brantford and Hamilton no work could be had. No one has any chance in Ontario without capital. The Englishman concludes his lengthy letter by advising emigrants to go far west. Ontario he found far different from what he thought before he left England, and he would advise no one to come out here, that is, to Canada proper, so long as it was possible to make even a bare livelihood in England.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

By means of an accidental short circuit in one of the junction boxes in an electric main in Melbourne, Australia, an alarm was sent in to every fire department station, and 1,500 calls were received at the same instant in the head telephone office.

"SWISS FOOD" THE REAL WHEAT.

Use "SWISS FOOD" and obtain the condensed nutrition of selected wheat. Fifteen-cent packages at all grocers.

Shepherds started the fire which caused a damage of 8,000,000 francs on the island of Corsica. It lasted three days and destroyed many vineyards, orchards and other valuable grounds.

Litebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases. 22

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE AND WHOLESOME. ONE POUND CAN 25c

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.