


JOHN HORSMAN, OF GUELPH, THE CELEBRATED HARDWARE IMPORTER.

Is selling off his Immense Stock of over \$100,000 at prices which defy competition.

LOOK AT MY LIST OF PRICES:

Cut Nails \$3.25 per keg, T Hinges 6 1/2 c. per lb., Window Glass, ordinary size, \$2.20 per box, Putty 3 1/2 c.

 **IRON \$2.25 PER ONE HUNDRED LBS.**
Sleigh Shoe Steel Four Cents per lb.

Spring Steel, 4 cents per lb., AXLES 1 inch \$2.25, 1 1/4 inch \$2.50, 1 1/2 inch \$2.50. AXLES, half patent, 1 inch \$2.50, 1 1/4 inch \$2.50, 1 1/2 inch \$2.75, Springs 10 cents per lb.
Borax 17 cents, Shot 8 cents per lb., Cow Chains 25 cents each. Horse Rasps 14 in. 37 1/2 c.; Bellows, 30 in. \$12, 32 in. \$12.75, 34 in. \$13.60, 36 in. \$14.45, 38 in. \$18.70;
Cast Steel 16c; Mould Board Steel 5 cts; Coil Chain 5-16 6c per lb; 3-8 5 1/2 c. per lb., 7-16 5c per lb.

Coal Oil only Eleven cts. per Gallon

BY THE BARREL.

And all other Goods equally low, including Lamps, Glasses, Wicks, &c.

Guelph, 8th February, 1868.

JOHN HORSMAN.

Guelph Evening Mercury

OFFICE: MACDONNELL STREET

WEDNESDAY EV'NG, FEB. 19, 1868.

DRUMMED OUT.

The gallant Knight from Frontenac and the learned member for Lincoln have been ignominiously expelled from the Ministerial camp, and the record of their disgrace perpetuated by an editorial which appeared in the *Leader* of Monday.

One cannot but admire the plainness of the language employed to convey the intended meaning respecting these two political sinners, although one may justly differ from the arguments and reasons adduced by a journal whose vision in former days was ever dull to the blackest deeds of Sir Henry or the most slippery acts of Mr Rykert—provided always they were of the proper Tory dye, and such as suited the conscience—or the want of it rather—of the party. The following is a specimen brick of the article alluded to, and our readers cannot fail to see from its tone and temper that the two munitiners were east drifted with some, thing resembling the honors of war:—

"The member for Lincoln has not a very clear record as a politician. He has had an opportunity of wiping out the old stain, but as a certain animal not remarkable for its cleanliness returns to its nasty operations in the mire, Mr Rykert, somewhat naturally, it would seem, goes back to his old political ways. One's memory is not quite so short as to lose all recollection of what this same gentleman did in Quebec. Very much cannot be expected from the man who, professing to be a Conservative, met in caucus with the Conservative party, and accepted a motion which was there agreed upon to be moved in the House, but who in the House voted on the opposite side amidst the hisses of those whom he had betrayed. Mr Rykert had offered to him a good chance to redeem his character, but his natural instincts have proved too strong for him, and he has gone back to his old ways. Let him rest there. His support is not courted; it is not asked for; it is not desired. He has found more congenial company, and having made the bed of his choice, there let him lie. We might name one or two more whom a 'fellow feeling' of disappointment has made 'wondrous kind' to each other, but they have at least acted with a show of decency and ought not to be thoughtlessly classed with the members for Frontenac and Lincoln. It is infinitely better that the mask should be stripped from the faces of such hollow deceivers than that they should be permitted to follow out their dubious course unnoticed. We only want to place them where they seem anxious to be placed. Ministerial supporters they are not in any sense; nor is their support required. The Ministry is strong in the confidence of the House, and can afford to treat as they merit those double-minded men who, with fair professions on their lips, but seek the first opportunity to make a stab."

Now, what are the true causes for such harsh epithets, and such severe treatment? Really nothing more nor less than that Sir Henry, with much experience and some brains (which some of the members of the Government have not got), ventured to introduce on his own responsibility several bills calculated to benefit the country, without their divine sanction or authority. Hence arose "envy, hatred, malice and all uncharitableness." The Premier was especially active in compassing the defeat of these measures, for he used every effort to give them

the six months' hoist, and in several instances succeeded. Sir Henry naturally felt sore over the unkindness so defiantly manifested, and the want of urbanity on the part of those he had sworn fealty to during the elections. Since the cruel slaughter of these innocents he has used rather a free lance as time and circumstances permitted, without however forswearing party allegiance, for on more than one occasion he has gallantly come forward to the rescue of the Combination Cabinet.

But this independence of character does not suit the model regime in Toronto, which, like military rule, requires blind obedience to every command, and unless rendered with unconditional acerbity is punished with the direst penalties, such as have overtaken poor Sir Harry and his associate from Lincoln, whose names no longer adorn the muster roll of the so-called "Liberal Conservative" ranks, but must henceforth flicker amongst the duller lights of the Opposition, pure and simple.

The member for Lincoln certainly does not deserve all the treatment received from the Ministry and its hirelings. So far as we are able to judge, his fault consists in too much energy, as exhibited of late in pushing through a little too vigorously the Assessment and Municipal Amendment Act, which the Committee, of which he is chairman, had after a month's deliberation recommended to the House. The Premier wanted the measure postponed, but the chairman said "no" very emphatically the other evening, to the great disgust of Mr Macdonald and the Provincial Secretary. He also designated the new Registry Act of the Government as a blundering composition, whereas Sandfield pitched into him without gloves and gave him a lecture before the House which was equivalent to reading him out of the Ministerial ranks. No man with any sense of personal pride or self-respect can fail to appreciate such language and such treatment in a becoming way, and if the member for Lincoln be not a craven of the meanest sort, he will prove a thorn in the side of his old allies, more troublesome than agreeable.

The organ of the Government, of course, must follow up the attacks of Ministers on these two traitors, and officially promulgate their political delinquencies. How faithfully and with what zest it does the dirty work of its masters may be seen by the extract we give above. The attractions of Government patronage outweigh all considerations of decency, and two old political friends receive such treatment at the hands of a shrewd and time-serving journal which the veriest rascal would hardly deserve. But to the people this treatment of two old political cronies is very suggestive of the ingratitude of those who have no genuine attachment for any principles, but to whom all shades of opinion are alike acceptable, if they only lead to place and profit. One thing is clear, that there is no bond of cohesion among professed supporters of the government. The Patent Combination is worthy the name no longer. Our poor friends Sir Harry and Mr Rykert—who have been so ignominiously drummed out of the ranks—may well term it the Government of the cabinet Ismaelite, whose hand threatens to be turned against every one of his followers. Let him beware lest before long their hands may not be turned against him.

The agitation in favor of a renewal of the reciprocity treaty appears to have begun to make itself felt in Congress. Mr Ingersoll, a republican member from Illinois, has offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate "statute as to the trade with Canada since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty, and as to the arrangements for free navigation of the St. Lawrence, and for the privilege of fishing in the waters adjacent to Canada." The resolution was adopted.

A ROLAND FOR AN OLIVER.—A man while passing through a meadow near Cork, was attacked by a large mastiff, and he stabbed the dog with a pitchfork he had in his hands. The master of the dog brought him before a magistrate, who asked him why he had not struck the dog with the butt-end of his weapon. "So I should have done," said the man, "if he had run at me with his tail."

New Advertisements.

TO CONTRACTORS!

Saturday, 22nd inst., at noon

JAS. MASSIE & CO.

TOWN OF GUELPH.

WATER TANKS!

TUESDAY, 3rd day of MARCH,

for the construction and completion of Four or more Water Tanks,

in accordance with specifications which may be seen at this office.

By order, JAMES HUGHES, Town Clerk.

Ladies' Benevolent Society.

Receipts and Expenditure

Of the Ladies' Benevolent Society of the Town of Guelph, from the 15th day of July, 1867, to the 10th February, 1868.

Dr.	
July 15 Balance in hand	\$ 30 08
Sept 25 Entertainment at Drill School	119 12
Donations	34 25
Jan 7, 1868 Dramatic Entertainment	80 75
Money returned	4 00
	\$277 20

To	
Provisions	\$110 00
Firewood	1 75
Clothing	13 41
Small sums to strangers	1 25
Boats	5 94
Rents	6 00
Families sent away	2 00
Washing blankets	1 25
	\$144 60
Feb 10, 1868. To balance in hand	132 60
Total	\$277 20

The Ladies of this Society, while they acknowledge the kindly support and good will accorded them during the past four years, venture to hope that they may continue to receive such substantial proofs of favor as will enable them to afford a more bountiful assistance to the poor during the present severe season.

As the appropriation for wood expenses appears small, it may be as well to state that an arrangement has been entered into by which wood is supplied by the town orders from members of this Society.

ANNA K. BAKER, Treasurer.

Guelph, 19th Feb, 1868.

Dominion Store!

(Late Post Office Store)

JUST RECEIVED, a large assortment of Embroidery for Ladies' Underclothing. Also for Binding on all sorts of Dress Goods.

Some of the Finest Patterns ever seen

Call and see them, they are for sale singly.—Stamping done to order on the shortest notice. Also on hand an assortment of

New Oranges and Lemons.

For sale GATES & CO'S VICTORIA SEWING Machines. Don't forget the stand, next to the Wellington Hotel.

MRS. ROBINSON,
Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph.

STOLEN.

THE party or parties implicated in the stealing of **H. Cuthbert's Watch Sign** are hereby notified to return it forthwith, in order to escape the disagreeable penalty which the law prescribes for such offences.

Guelph, 17th Feb, 1868

HOOK & LADDER COMPANY.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Hook and Ladder Company will be held

On Wednesday Ev'g, 19th Inst., at the usual hour. A full attendance is particularly requested.

WM. SUNLEY, Secretary

Guelph, 18th February, 1868.

Employment Wanted.

TWO young men from New York having been thrown out of employment by the failure of the Guelph Packing Company, desire to obtain immediate employment in any capacity whatever.

All messages to be left at E. Carroll's, No. 2, Day's Block, where the parties may be seen from 8 till 10 on Wednesday. First-class references.

Guelph, 18th Feb, 1868.

TENDERS WANTED

TENDERS WANTED for the mason, carpenter and iron work of

Warehouses to be Erected in Guelph.

Plans and Specifications to be seen at the office of JAMES MASSIE & CO., Guelph, and JAMES SMITH, Esq., Architect, King Street, Toronto.

Tenders to be sent in to the former by the 20th inst.

Guelph, Feb. 15.

FRENCH'S

Condition POWDER,

HEAVE REMEDY.

FOR THE CURE OF

HEAVES

Thick and Broken Wind,

Coughs, Colds, Inflammation of the Lungs,

and all Diseases which affect the wind of Horses.

It is the best medicine known for removing all impurities of the Blood and producing a sleek and Glossy Coat, and they have a peculiarly good effect in clearing the Skin. As a Diuretic Medicine they will be found superior to any other Powder made. Prepared by

A. B. PETRIE

Chemist and Druggist, Apothecaries' Hall, Market Square, Guelph.

Guelph, 29th Jan, 1868.

CASH. CASH. CASH!

Our reasons for adhering to the Cash System are:

1st—Systematic Credit has nothing to do with Goods purchased for our own Consumption.

2nd—The Cash System gives the rich no advantage over the poor.

3rd—It is wrong to charge profits to those who pay to balance the loss of those who don't pay.

4th—A large proportion cannot or will not pay when they agree to; feel more rose when asked to pay, cross to the other side of the street when they see their creditors coming, low self-respect, feel and are demoralized.

5th—It is worth fifteen per cent. to collect small bills.

6th—It is wrong to indulge customers in lush—miserable economy.

7th—If you don't do any such thing, if you want to see the largest, best and cheapest stock of Boots and Shoes West of Montreal, call at the Montreal Boot and Shoe Store, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

JOHN MCNEIL.

Guelph, 18th Feb, 1868.

New Advertisements.

Particular Attention

Is solicited to another lot of

DUNDAS COTTONS.

At 10c., 11c. and 12c., superior to anything in the trade at the present time. OPENED TO-DAY.

Guelph, Feb. 15, 1868.

A. O. BUCHAM.

IN STOCK & FOR SALE

Low PRICES.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

50 cases Martell's Old Brandy.

50 " Hennessy's do

50 " Otard Dupuy Brandy

50 " Ginger Wine.

Barrels of Malt, Old Rye and Common Whiskey.

200 bushels of Dried Apples.

100 doz new green corn Brooms

Porto Rico Molasses, Standard, Golden and Amber Syrups.

Coarse and Fine Liverpool Salt.

Oatmeal and Buckwheat Flour,

AT JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, Feb. 11th, 1868.

The Popular Edition of Dickens

D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 443 and 445, Broadway, New York, are publishing a cheap edition of the **WORKS OF CHARLES DICKENS** for the million. Great type, handsomely printed, and of convenient size, comprising the following volumes, at the annexed prices, varying in price according to the number of pages:

Oliver Twist (now ready).....172 pp. 25c.

American Notes (now ready).....104 pp. 15c.

Dombey and Son (now ready).....348 pp. 35c.

Martin Chuzzlewit.....239 pp. 35c.

Our Mutual Friend.....330 pp. 35c.

Christmas Stories (now ready).....169 pp. 25c.

Tale of Two Cities.....144 pp. 20c.

Hard Times.....189 pp. 25c.

Nicholas Nickleby (now ready).....340 pp. 35c.

Black House.....340 pp. 35c.

Little Dorrit.....339 pp. 35c.

Pickwick Papers (now ready).....325 pp. 35c.

David Copperfield.....320 pp. 35c.

Barnaby Rudge.....257 pp. 30c.

Great Expectations (now ready).....184 pp. 25c.

Great Curiosity Shop.....220 pp. 30c.

Sketches and Pictures from Italy.....170 pp. 25c.

CANVASSERS denominated this edition "The Popular Edition," as every man, woman and child is buying it. For special terms to Canvassers address the Publishers.

NEARLY READY.

THE WAVERLEY NOVELS!
25 vols. Price 25c. each.

Guelph, 17th Feb, 1868.

REMOVAL.

Mrs HUNTER
HAS REMOVED

HER Berlin Wool and Fancy Goods Store to the premises lately occupied by

MR. JAS. CORMACK

Wyndham Street, next door to Harvey's Drug Store, and opposite the English Church.

Guelph, Feb. 16, 1868.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED

BY two men willing to act in any capacity as laborers or general servants. Character excellent. Apply at this office, or to N. Higgins, botham, Druggist.

Guelph, Jan. 24th, 1868.

BOARDERS.

TWO or three gentlemen can be accommodated with good rooms in a first-class private house. A gentleman and his lady not objected to. Apply to

MISS CARL, Quebec Street, Guelph, Feb. 8, 1868.

Barbarossa!

By John Brown, D. D., will be produced for the first time in Canada. To coincide with the marriage of Prince of Wales.

THE HAPPY MAN

Tickets 25c. Reserved seats 50c.

M. ARMOUR, Manager.

Mrs. VALE, Leader of Orchestra.

Guelph, 4th Feb, 1868.

THE BARCLAY SEWING MACHINE.

WITHOUT any exception, the Barclay Sewing Machine, manufactured by the British American Sewing Machine Company,

AT PARIS, ONTARIO,

is the best in the Dominion of Canada for general purposes. An examination is most cordially invited, which will be to the advantage of the purchaser. All machines warranted.

Apply to

Moses Bechtel,

General Agent for the County of Wellington, Blair Post Office.

Agent for Guelph: **MRS. HUNTER,** Fancy Store, Market Square.

Guelph, Jan. 22, 1868.

Medical Dispensary

Hair Brushes,

Tooth Brushes,

Nail Brushes,

Soaps & Perfumery,

Of every description.

No. 1 WHITE COAL OIL

Only 15 cts. per Gallon.

E. HARVEY

Chemist and Druggist,

Opposite the English Church, Wyndham-st., Guelph, Ontario.

Guelph, 25th Jan, 1868.

BOARDERS.

TWO or three gentlemen can be accommodated with good rooms in a first-class private house. A gentleman and his lady not objected to. Apply to

MISS CARL, Quebec Street, Guelph, Feb. 8, 1868.