LIBERAL GOVERNMENT AGAIN SWEEPS CANADA

(Continued from Page One.)

Moose Jaw—Knowles (Liberal) elected by 383.

Assiniboia—Turriff (Liberal), elected by 300 majority.

Qu'Appelle—Brown (Liberal) leading by small majority.

McKenzie—Cash (Liberal) leading 600.

Humboldt—Nealey (Liberal) elected.

Prince Albert—Nominations took place here to-day Jas. McKay (Conservative,) W. W. Rutan (Liberal) Honore Jaron, independent Liberal

ALBERTA.

Liberals 6, Conservatives 1.

Calgary—McCarthy (Conservative) leading by 200 majority. Election conceded.

Edmonton—Hon. F. Oliver, elected by probably over 2,000 majority.

Macleod—Macdonald (Liberal) leading by good majority.

Medicine Hat—Simmons (Liberal) leading by small majority.

Red Deer—Dr. Clark (Liberal) election assured, majority probably 400.

Strathcona — McIntyre (Liberal) elected, majority over 400.

Victoria—White (Liberal) elected by good majority.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Liberals 1, Conservatives 3.

Nanaimo—Ralph Smith (Lib.)
New Westminster—Taylor (Con.)
Vancouver—Cowan (Con.)
Victoria—Barnard (Con.)

The House at Dissolution.

When the House dissolved the standing was approximately as follows:

	Lib.	Con.
Quebec	54	11
Ontario	38	48
New Brunswick	8	5
Nova Scotia	17	1
Prince Edward Island	1	3
Manitoba	7	3
Alberta	2	2
Saskatchewan	5	1
British Columbia	7	0
Yukon	0	1

For this election there were four new seats in Saskatchewan and three in Alberta.

ESCAPED IN MOTORS.

Diamond Robbers Assault Dealer By Shooting Him Three Times.

New York, Oct. 26.—Every patrolman and plain clothes man in the New York police force is searching today for the daring robbers who late last night shot Maurice Tannenholz after robbing the jewelery store of H. Tannenholz in Lexington avenue of diamonds valued at $4,000.

No clue has been found, but the police are still hopeful that something tangible may be obtained from the driver of the taxi-cab in which the men made their escape after the robbery and assault.

This vehicle was one of the several hundred public motor-cars known as the "red taxi-cabs," operated by the New York Taxi-Cab company and every chauffeur employed by that company will be subjected to a searching examination by the police.

Tannenholz, who was taken to a hospital immediately after the shooting last night, was reported to be somewhat better, but still in a serious condition to-day. Only one of the three bullets which entered his body has been found.

FASTEST TYPEWRITER IN WORLD

Eighty-Seven Words a Minute Wins The Championship.

New York, October 26.—Miss Rose Fritz, of Brooklyn, again proved last night that she is the fastest typewriter operator in the world by winning the contest for the championship at the Business Show at Madison Square Garden. Miss Fritz retained the championship by writing eighty-seven words a minute. Emil Trefzger was a close second with eighty-four words, and Otis Blaiselle was third with eighty words.

HEAVY RAINFALL IN OKLAHOMA.

People Forced to Leave Their Homes in Boats.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 26—Topeka reports that snow has fallen almost constantly over that section of Kansas for the last 12 hours. The temperature reached 33 degrees. Trains were delayed. At Bartlesville, Oklahoma, the Caney river today is two feet high or than at any time since 1895. Rain has been falling along its valley almost constantly for the past week.

At Muskogee, Okla., 20,000 persons shivered in a cold north wind as a result of the washing out during the night of a gas main across the Arkansas river. A steady downpour of rain that began 38 hours ago, continues. Several railroad bridges have been washed away and many passenger trains are stalled near Muskogee.

U. S. FLEET HEAVES ANCHOR.

And Leaves Japan for the Philippines.

Yokohama, Oct. 25.—The American battleship fleet, steamed out of Yokohama harbor at eight o'clock this morning for Olongpo, Philippines. The day was beautiful and clear and the warships, passing down the bay with the Japanese escort presented a fine appearance. There was not a single desertion from the fleet while here. Not one blue jacket was absent from his ship last night, and the conduct of the men was remarkably good.

President Roosevelt's message thanking the Emperor and the Japanese people for their splendid reception given to the officers and men of the fleet, was handed to the Emperor through the foreign office. To which it was presented by Ambassador Thomas J. O'Brien.

Night Riders Blackmail.

Trenton, Tenn., Oct. 26—What is regarded as an effort to terrorize men, women and children in this city, the home of Captain Rankin, who was killed by the night riders in Reel Foot Lake district, came to the surface today when in addition to the red-cross, such as has been seen in the strongholds of the night riders, one was found on the new made grave of Captain Rankin. A letter was also received stating that unless the citizens of Trenton, ceased to prosecute the night riders, that all would be asking for water in hell.

SHE IS A CANADIAN.

This the Crime of Woman in Jail at Port Huron.

Port Huron, October 26.—A petition is in circulation here which will be sent to the department at Washington asking the cause of the delay in the case of Mrs. Mary Blevins, a Canadian woman, who has been confined in jail for many weeks on a charge of illegally entering the country, and in whose case the witnesses have been allowed to go away, while the prisoner is held with no prospect of a trial. Mrs. Blevins was arrested here some months ago on a minor charge and was acquitted in the police court. It came out that she was a resident of Canada, and she was at once pounced on by the immigration officials and thrown into jail to await trial." Recently she became ill, and Sheriff Davidson had her removed to the hospital, where it was found she was suffering with appendicitis and she was operated on. For days her life hang in the balance, but the immigration officials paid no attention to her case, and she was again thrust into jail.

CUT OFF BY FIRE.

Old Man and Grandchild Burned to Death.

Uxbridge, October 26.—About 5.50 last night the house of Chas. Jackson, of "Jackson's Hill," about a mile and a half south of the town, was discovered to be on fire. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, who are very old, were alone, except for the presence of two little granddaughters, about three and a half years old. Mrs. Jackson got the children out, but one of them went back into the house again for something. She again took the child out and called to her husband, who was sick and in bed, to get up, as the house was on fire. This the old gentleman did, but the fire seems to have cut off his escape, for despite the best efforts of his wife, both he and one of the little twin granddaughters perished in the flames. The house, with all the contents, was completely destroyed, and only portions of the bodies have been recovered so far.

OPPOSITION TAKE DEFEAT BITTERLY

(Continued from Page One.)

for R. L. Borden, the victorious candidate in Halifax.

Denounces Public Opinion.

J. Burtt Morgan followed in a short speech in denunciation of public opinion. The Conservative party had not been conducting a campaign of scandal but a campaign of the revelation of real facts, he said.

W. A. Griesbach was the next speaker. He prophesied sure victory in the next contest.

H. A. Mackie was the last speaker. Eighteen months ago when he came to Edmonton he had advertised in the papers for the Conservatives and the great Williamson Taylor reported that he was the only one. Now there was a flourishing association. He paid a strong tribute to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and attributed the defeat in the weakness of R. L. Borden. In the one case there was man with a powerful personality who had "done things;" in the other a man who was kicking for a trial to do something.

The meeting then broke up quietly.

PLURAL VOTES FOR HUNGARY.

Curious Franchise Reform Measure Advocated by Count Andrassy.

Budapest, Oct. 26—Count Andrassy, the Hungarian minister of the interior, has formally announced the government's intention of introducing a franchise reform bill based on the system of plural voting, the general effect of which would be to give one vote to every ten electors unable to read and write; two votes to electors having passed four standards of a secondary school, or assessed at 20 kronen ($4.16) direct taxation, or employing a man servant, or having at least three children; three votes to all electors having passed all standards of a secondary school, or assessed at 100 kronen ($20) and upwards of direct taxation.

One effect of this system would be to strengthen the representation of the Magyar and German elements, to reduce that of the Slovaks, and almost to destroy that of the Rumanes and non-Magyar races, whose educational and economic status is low. Working-class representation, now practically nil, should be greatly increased.

Great interest has been aroused in Hungary by a letter from the ex-premier, Count Stephen Tisza, in support of the efforts of the present government to escape from an obligation to introduce universal suffrage pure and simple. "It is a question of the destiny and the future of the Magyar nation," he writes. "The existence of our National state is at stake." Count Tisza thus consistently maintains the point of view he adopted when M. Kristoffy first raised the question of universal suffrage, and ennui, he accused, as some journals are doing, of opportunist or Quixotic support of the coalition that overthrew his cabinet. It is true that the whole future of the Magyar race, if not the Hungarian nation, may be affected by the franchise reform, and for this reason the question of plural or general suffrage cannot be lightly solved.

It is eminently desirable that the leadership of the Magyar element should be preserved in Hungary, and equally desirable that it be preserved under conditions such as to safeguard the civil and political liberties of the non-Magyar half of the population.

Killed Himself to Escape Trial.

New York, October 26—Rather than face a charge of manslaughter growing out of a case of alleged criminal practice, Dr. Irving J. Cook, a young doctor of this city, drank a dose of poison and shot himself at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel yesterday. The dead man left a sealed letter addressed to his wife. Accompanying it was a terse note in which he asked her "Not to take the affair hard." He told her also he had left her $447 in cash and directed her attention to the sealed letter.

Dr. Cook was to have been prosecuted for the death of a young woman at Summit, N.J., last summer. He was under bail of $10,000 for trial.

MAJORITY WILL RUN OVER 2,000

(Continued from Page One.)

club rooms differed from those posted at the same moment in the Conservative headquarters. "Liberals 95, Conservatives 54," read the Bulletin representative on the Liberal screen, and two minutes after when he walked into the Conservative rooms he read Liberals 55, Conservatives 54. While the Liberals were celebrating a great victory the Conservatives were remarking that the returns were not all in and that there was still hope of a good Conservative showing.

Juveniles Celebrate First.

The Jasper avenue throng set in to celebrate the Liberal triumph. A juvenile band was organized and paraded the streets with torches and tin cans. One original fellow attached a huge gasoline can to the rear of his bicycle and rode up and down the street. An automobile followed suit with a larger can, and succeeded in making a greater noise. The enthusiasm of the crowd would not permit them to stand still. They swayed up and down the street jostling one another at every turn. The few stores that were open were deserted. The theatres and music halls played to empty seats. The city turned out en masse to honor the victory of Hon. Frank Oliver and the magnificent victory of the Liberal government.

At nine o'clock the Edmonton band marched down Jasper avenue, and took up their position before the Alberta hotel. A grand serenade followed while an immense crowd packed every portion of the street within view of the hotel balcony.

When the Hon. Frank Oliver appeared to address the gathering, he was greeted by deafening cheers.

Edmonton Is For Great Projects.

Mr. Oliver began by satirically asking: "Is Edmonton for progress or is she against it?" The answer rose up from the surging crowd in a crash of applause. "Are we for the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Hudson Bay railway or are we against it?" Again the same answer from the crowd.

"Edmonton has answered for the West. (Cheers.) We the neither to stand still nor to go back, but to go ahead. (Cheers.) We are to make ourselves busy building railroads and improving this country and not spend our time slandering our neighbors. (Cheers.) We are for honest government and we are for honest politics. (Someone made the remark: 'The Journal's in the bankruptcy court,' and another said, 'Hyndman couldn't help it.')

"The people of Edmonton have given their answer to the campaign of slander against the Liberal government and its candidates. (Hear, hear.) They have given their verdict and from that verdict there is no appeal ('Hurrah!') The slanderers know now that they do not run Edmonton, and they have been told that they cannot run Canada. (Cheers.) The Liberal party has conducted a clean and decent campaign. (Hear, hear and applause.) The victory that they have won in Edmonton, in the West as a whole, and in the East, shows that the people of Canada appreciate good government, a sound policy and clean politics. Every member of the government in the province of Ontario has been returned. (Cheers.) The same in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. The only province in which the Liberal party did not gain followers was Nova Scotia, and the reason they did not gain there was because there was not any more to gain there. (Cheers.)

Thanks to His Supporters.

"To the men and the women who, I think, have also helped to win this election, all credit and honor. They have fought a good battle and they have won it well. For myself, I appreciate the honor of having been chosen to represent Liberal principles and the interests of this city and country. I think that my constituents have done themselves honor in having given such a splendid answer to the campaign of our opponents. They have declared to all the world that we have a sound public policy and a good government—a government that is for progress, for order, and goodwill amongst men. They have declared that the government can depend upon the people for their support—that they are not to be influenced by slander—that it is not necessary to decry the country in order to win elections. (An elector: 'Or to circulate dirty handbills either.')

"I thank you for the support you have given to me and to the Liberal government. I think you still more for the rebuke which you have given to Hooliganism in this city and country. (Cheers.) We can take a new start from this election and everybody will know from now on that if they want to be successful, they will have to conduct their campaign cleanly and decently. (Renewed cheering.)

"The vote that has been given today all over Canada ensures the continued development of Canada. (Hear, hear.) Our opponents tried to stop the Grand Trunk Pacific and to hold up the Hudson Bay railway. They have had their answer. (Cheers.)

"I am happy to have the privilege of continuing to serve you. The magnificent majority, by which you have expressed your confidence in me, strengthens my hands to do your work. You have given me your trust so abundantly that I shall have the strength to represent you. ('Hurrah'). As you have depended upon me in the past, so you may depend upon me in the future. (Cheers.) I believe that so long as I give you good and honest service I can depend upon the good people of Edmonton. (A Voice, 'Sure.')

"I had the pleasure of addressing an assemblage such as this, four years ago. There were not nearly so many people in this country then, and it was a great question, when thousands and thousands of people were coming in, as to what view the newcomers would take of our public affairs. I am sure that we old-timers can congratulate ourselves on the fact that the country which we helped to build—now that it has come to its own and achieved that prominence and progress that we hoped for—is being occupied by people like-minded with ourselves—people who are for progress and honest government. It is true that there are exceptions. (Hear, hear). It is true that these exceptions undertook to ruin the country and they did not succeed. (Some dissent on the edge of the crowd.) The noise they are making now is only an expression of their disappointment. An elector: "They are on the back street, Frank"—(laughter). I commend the wisdom of the people's judgment in rejecting them and what they represent so emphatically. (Cheers). I thank you again, ladies and gentlemen. I ask you to give three cheers for the great leader of the Liberal party—Sir Wilfrid Laurier."

Three lusty cheers went up and the band, in the crowd struck up "He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

CONVERT TO LOCAL OPTION.

Cardinal Gibbons Gives His Views on Temperance Problem.

Baltimore, Oct. 26.—Cardinal Gibbons, head of the Roman Catholic church in America has arrayed himself upon the side of local option. He has done so in an interview granted to H.N.S. in which directness, emphasis and sincerity were shown. "I have pronounced convictions on the question of local option," he said, "I have given study and thought to it and these are my conclusions:"

"First—Do not believe prohibition in the great cities is practicable. The attempts to prevent the sale of liquors by legislation in these great communities would only invite deceptions and law violations by the liquor sellers and consumers. The result would be unfortunate for the city and no good would be served. In such cities I believe high license laws strictly enforced with constant supervision of saloons to be the best possible solution of the problem.

"Second—I am heartily and absolutely in favor of local option for all other communities. I would have the country as it is in elections.

FIGHT CREW; LOOT STEAMER

Modern Pirates Overpower Officers of German Steamer While in Chilean Harbor.

San Francisco, October 26.—The British steamship Strathford, which arrived here today from Chile, reports a successful raid by Chilean coast pirates on the German steamship Serato in the harbor of Antofagasta on the night of September 24. The cutting out expendition was done almost under the guns of a Chilean gunboat. Pursuit was given, but the bandits took to the hills back of Antofagasta and escaped.

The German merchantman was anchored in the harbor loaded to the hatches with a cargo and prepared for sailing on the following morning.

Out of the darkness two dozen pirates leaped on the vessel's decks, and in a twinkling the watch was bound and gagged. The noise of the struggling awoke the captain, who grasped his revolver and rushed on deck. The pirates crept into the shadow as the captain appeared. He was struck from behind with a belaying pin and fell unconscious.

By this time the crew was awakened, and as they appeared on deck the pirates attacked them. A pitched battle with knives followed, in which several of the crew were badly injured and the remainder bound and gagged.

The Chileans then sacked the vessel from stem to stern loading their loot on lighters they had brought with them.

Early next day a Chilean gunboat entered the harbor and the plight of the Serato was discovered. A large party was sent in pursuit of the pirates, who had several hours start and found safety in the hills.

LOST GOWNS AND JEWELS.

Trunk Missing From Back of Automobile.

London, Oct. 20.—A trunk containing gowns and jewels of Mrs. Russell A. Alger, jun., valued at $5,000, has been lost or stolen. Together with Mrs. Maurice Williams, Mrs. Alger set out to make an automobile trip from Detroit to Buffalo through Ontario. The ladies carried with them a number of beautiful gowns and a quantity of jewellery. Those belonging to Mrs. Alger were strapped to the rear of the automobile in a trunk. On alighting at the hotel here Mrs. Alger found there was no trunk attached to the machine.

A search was made over the back roads, but no trace of the missing article was found. The authorities were notified and every effort is being made to locate the property.

FOR G. T. P. ELEVATOR.

Contract to be Let for Plant at Fort William.

Fort William, Oct. 26—When Chas. M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, was in the city, he made an important statement re terminal work construction in that city. Mr. Hays said: "I beg to say that as our bridge over the Kaministiquia river is completed and we have several miles of track on the Mission, and extending back to the elevator site, we have determined to immediately take steps to commence its construction. We now have on the ground the necessary piles for the foundation, and expect on Tuesday to award the contract for the construction of the elevator, including most modern working house and storage house of 3,000,000 bushels capacity. This is the first unit of our elevator plant, which when fully developed will contain a storage of 40,000,000 bushels. We will shortly follow up the work of laying tracks, building our engine house and shops, coal handling plant, wharves, freight sheds, etc., and hope to be utilizing the Mission terminal for the 1909 crop."

Jail for Slave Traffickers.

Chicago, Oct. 26—Sentenced to serve two and a half years in the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., and pay a fine of $2,000 as penalty, Joe Schoenger must pay for having engaged in white slave' traffic. Today the prisoner was brought before Judge Bethea. The court refused to be influenced by the plea for mercy made by the defendant's attorney and pronounced the above severe sentence. This is the first of several such cases to be tried as the result of efforts to stamp out the traffic in foreign girls.

WILL IT BE TAFT OR BRYAN ON NOV. 3?

Elections Will Be Held in Forty-Three States and Two Territories—The Present Senate Comprises Twelve Democrats and Nineteen Republicans—The Various Candidate for Governments.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 25.—One week from next Tuesday there will be elections in forty-three states and two territories. In twenty-nine of the states a governor and other state officers; in the others minor state officers or justices of the supreme court, and in seven, congressmen only are to be elected. The states of the Union, with the exception of Maine, Vermont and Oregon, will vote for members of the House of Representatives. The three states named have held their state elections and will vote only for presidential candidates in the coming election. In Arkansas and Georgia the state officers have been chosen this summer, leaving only the representatives in congress and presidential candidates to be voted for.

The terms of thirty-one United States senators—twelve Democrats and nineteen Republicans—expire March 3, 1909. In a number of the states the senatorial choice already has been made by primary. A national house or representatives is to be elected—the sixty-first congress. The present house is composed o. 223 Republicans and 166 Democrats, with two vacancies caused by death, one Republican and one Democrat. Maine has already elected four Republicans, Vermont two and Oregon two. The congressional situation at large is very mixed. There are between ninety and one hundred close congressional districts scattered through the country, most of them in states now classed as doubtful states. These districts are close in the sense that the Republican or Democratic plurality in the last election was so slender that it would take but a slight change in every voting precinct to bring a reversal of the political complexion in this election.

As usual there is one state ticket, the Democratic, in South Carolina, where Martin F. Ansel has been nominated for governor. For the first time in many years there is no fusion in any state, though in several states the Republican or Democratic candidates for state officers have been nominated or indorsed by one or more of the minor parties.

The Republican candidates for governor in the various states are as follows: Colorado, Jesse F. McDonald; Connecticut, George L. Lilley; Delaware, Simeon S. Pennewill; Florida, John M. Cheney; Idaho, James H. Brady; Illinois, Charles S. Deneen; Indiana, James E. Watson; Iowa, B. F. Carroll; Kansas, Walter I. Stubbs; Massachusetts, Eben S. Draper; Michigan, Fred M. Warner; Minnesota, Jacob F. Jacobson; Missouri, Herbert S. Hadley; Montana, Edward Donlan; Nebraska, George L. Sheldon; New Hampshire, Henry B. Quinby; New York, Charles E. Hughes; North Carolina, J. Bryan Cox; North Dakota, C. A. Johnson; Ohio, Andrew L. Harris; Rhode Island, Aram J. Pothier. South Dakota R. S. Vessey; Tennessee ris; Dakota, R. S. Vessey; Tennessee. G. N. Tillman; Texas, J. L. Simpson; Utah, William F. Spry; Washington S. G. Cosgrove; West Virginia, William E. Glasscock; Wisconsin, James O. Davidson.

Democratic Candidates.

The following have been named as the Democratic candidates for governor in the various states: Colorado, John F. Shafroth; Connecticut, A. Heaton Robertson; Delaware, Rowland G. Poynter; Florida, Albert W. Gilchrist; Idaho, M. A. Alexander; Illinois, Adli E. Stevenson; Indiana, Thomas R. Marshall; Iowa, Fred White; Kansas, J. D. Botkin; Massachusetts, James H. Vahey; Michigan, Lawton T. Hemans; Minnesota, John A. Johnson; Missouri, William S. Cowherd; Montana, Edwin L. Norris; Nebraska, A. C. Shallenberger; New Hampshire, Clarence E. Carr; New York, Lewis S. Chanler; North Carolina, William W. Kitchin; North Dakota, John Burke; Ohio, Judson Harmon; Rhode Island, Olney Arnold; South Carolina, Martin F. Ansel; S. Dakota, Andrew A. Lee; Tennessee, Malcolm R. Patterson; Texas, Thos. M. Campbell; Utah, Jesse Knight; Washington, John Pattison; West Virginia, Louis Bennett; Wisconsin, John A. Aylward.

The Prohibition party has named candidates for governor in twenty-one states, as follows: Colorado, H. L. Murray; Connecticut, Matthew E. O'Brien; Idaho, W. C. Stalker; Illinois, Dan R. Sheen; Indiana, Sumner W. Haynes; Iowa, Karl W. Brown; Kansas, Albert L. Hope; Maine, Jas. H. Amos; Massachusetts, Willard O. Wylie; Michigan, John W. Gray; Minnesota, George D. Haggard; Missouri, H. P. Faris; Nebraska, Roy R. Teeter; New Hampshire, E. B. Tetley; New York, George G. Stockwell; Ohio, J. B. Martin; Rhode Island, Louis E. Remington; South Dakota, G. F. Knappen; Texas, E. C. Heath; Washington, A. S. Caton; West Virginia, E. W. Mills; Wisconsin, W. D. Cox.

The Socialist party has named candidates for governor in twenty-eight states, as follows: Colorado, H. C. Darrah; Connecticut, Chas. T. Peach; Delaware, J. Frank Smith; Florida, A. J. Pettigrew; Idaho, Ernest Untermann; Illinois, James H. Brower; Indiana, Frank S. Goodman; Iowa, I. S. McGillas; Kansas, George E. Hibner; Massachusetts, James F. Carey; Michigan, A. M. Stirton; Minnesota, Beecher Moore; Missouri, W. L. Garver; Montana, Harry Hazelton; Nebraska, C. H. Harbaugh; New Hampshire, Sumner E. Claflin; New York, Joshua Wanhope; North Carolina, J. A. Transon; North Dakota, R. W. Dafzjel; Ohio, Robert Bandlow; Rhode Island, William H. Johnston; South Dakota, J. C. Knapp; Tennessee, W. A. Weatherall; Texas, J. C. Rhodes; Utah, V. R. Bohman; Washington, George E. Boomer; West Virginia, Harold W. Houston; Wisconsin, Harvey D. Brown.

Other Parties.

The Populists have nominated a ticket in Iowa and the Independence party has put up candidates for governor and other state officers in Massachusetts, New York, Indiana, Texas, Ohio, Minnesota, Michigan and several other states.

The state elections, generally speaking, have attracted little attention. Local issues have, nearly everywhere, taken precedence over questions of national importance. Local option and prohibition of the liquor traffic have played a more important part in the contests in many states than ever before. In most of the states, however, neither party has been able to remove the political apathy with which the people generally seem to be afflicted.

A few states afford striking exceptions to the rule. In New York the effort to defeat Governor Hughes for re-election has attracted national attention. In their excitement over the contest between Hughes and Chanler the people of New York have seemingly forgotten the presidential contest. In Illinois the gubernatorial contest between Deneen and Stevenson likewise overshadows the race between Bryan and Taft. The same thing seems to be true of several other states, notably West Virginia, Indiana and Minnesota.

The National Tickets.

The national tickets in the field are as follows:

Republican—For president, William H. Taft, of Ohio; for vice-president, James S. Sherman, of New York.

Democratic—For president, William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; for vice-president, John W. Kern, of Indiana.

Prohibitionist—For president, Eugene W. Chafin, of Illinois; for vice-president, Aaron S. Watkins, of Ohio.

Socialist—For president, Eugene V. Debs, of Indiana; for vice-president, Benjamin Hanford of New York.

People's Party—For president, Thos. E. Watson, of Georgia; for vice-president, Aaron S. Watkins, of Ohio.

Independence Party—For president, Thomas L. Hisgen, of Massachusetts; for vice-president, John Temple Graves, of Georgia.

Socialist-Labor—For president, August Gilhaus, of New York; for vice-president, Donald L. Munro, of Virginia.

CHANCE FOR MANUFACTURERS

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux Makes Statement on Rural Delivery.

Ottawa, October 26.—Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, the postmaster general, gave out the following statement in reference to the charges that a supply of rural mail delivery equipment has been ordered in the United States "I would say that in consequence of the government's determination to at once inaugurate a system of rural mail delivery in Canada, and as no rural mail delivery equipment was immediately available in the Dominion, owing to the fact that none of the Canadian manufacturers had made a specialty of this class of work, a very limited order for immediate delivery was placed with a United States firm, it being distinctly stipulated, however, that if the patented rural boxes and equipment proved entirely satisfactory to the department and public, all of the work in connection with future orders must be undertaken in Canada. It will be observed, therefore, that the post office department has been following its well-known policy of using only articles of home manufacture as far as possible, safeguarding the interests of the Canadian manufacturers and artisans, while it has taken a great step forward in making provision for immediate introduction of a system of rural mail delivery which will prove a great boon to the farmers."

FETED FOR TWO DAYS.

Bridal Party Consume 7,299 Drinks of Liquor.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 23—A most extraordinary marriage was wound up here today, when Annie Elias, twelve years old, who eloped with Raman Mike, received the parental blessing. Annie is not yet out of her short skirts and has not given up her dolls.

The entire Syrian colony, including one hundred priests, took part in the festivities, which have been going on two days without intermission. The amount of malt and spirituous liquors consumed is almost incredible. The drinkables consisted of:

4,850 large glasses of strong lager beer.

500 glasses of old wine.

500 glasses of proof gin.

Exclusive of the wine the drinks averaged sixty-seven for each guest. The wine was not counted in making up the list.

Annie Elias is considered the most beautiful girl in the Syrian colony. She was born in Jerusalem, but has lived in St. Louis ever since she was two years of age. It is the custom of Syrian parents to have their daughters marry when very young and they do the choosing. Annie did not like the young man selected for her, because she loved Raman Mike. So she and Raman planned an elopement. They were assisted by Mrs. Philomena Sears, a nineteen-year-old bride and a cousin of Annie, who married Jos. Sears a week ago on an automobile trip.

The Syrian girl eloped on October 5 and was married to the man of her choice in Sparta, Ill., very much against the wishes of her parents. Returning from their honeymoon, the young couple feared a snub from the girl's parents. They were dumbfounded and overjoyed to be received with outstretched arms and a "God bless you, children" greeting.

CRIME IN MONTREAL.

In Order to Suppress Thugs Maximum Penalties Will be Imposed.

Montreal, Oct. 24—Highway robberies with violence have become so common in Montreal and suburbs that the authorities have caused it to be known that things will receive the maximum penalties. An opportunity to show this came today when Frank Cawthorne and George Drury pleaded guilty to assaulting and robbing a jeweller named Reid, of a gold watch and diamond ring, on a city square at 8 o'clock in the evening. Cawthorne, who had a police record, was given thirteen years. Drury, a first offender, got off with ten years.

Stomach troubles would more quickly disappear if the idea of treating the cause, rather than the effect, would come into practice. A tiny, inside, hidden nerve, says Dr. Shoop, governs and gives strength to the stomach. A branch also goes to the Heart, and one to the Kidneys. When these "inside nerves" fail, then the organs must falter. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is directed specifically to these failing nerves. Within 48 hours after starting the Restorative treatment patients say they realize a gain. Sold by

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS CALIHOO, DECEASED.

Pursuant to an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Beck, dated the 16th day of October, 1908, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Thomas Calihoo, who died on or about the 28th of January, 1874, at Lac St. Anne, in the Province of Alberta, are required on or before the 16th day of December, 1908, to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to the National Trust Company, Limited, of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, Public Administrators, or to Messrs. Gariepy and Landry of the city of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, advocates for the administrators herein, their names, addresses and description, and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of their security (if any) held by them, and after the said last mentioned date, the administrators shall proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated at Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, this 16th day of October, 1908.

GARIEPY & LANDRY,
Advocates for Administrators.

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN GLADU, THE ELDER, DECEASED:

Pursuant to an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Beck, dated the 16th day of October, 1908, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Gladu, the elder, who died on or about the 2nd of November, 1899, at Lac St. Anne in the Province of Alberta, are required on or before the 16th day of December, 1908, to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to the National Trust Company, Limited, of the city of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, Public Administrators, or to Messrs. Gariepy and Landry of the city of Edmonton in the Province aforesaid, advocates for the administrators herein, their names, addresses and description and a full statement of the particular of their claims, and the nature of their security (if any) held by them, and after the said last mentioned date, the administrators shall proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated at Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, this 16th day of October, 1908.

GARIEPY & LANDRY,
Advocates for Administrators.

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF THOMAS J. LACY, DECEASED.

Pursuant to an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Beck, dated the 16th day of October, 1908, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Thomas J. Lacy, who died on or about the 28th day of April, 1908 at Mewassin in the Province of Alberta, are required on or before the 16th day of December, 1908, to send by post, prepaid ,or to deliver to the National Trust Company, Limited, of the city of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, Public administrators, or to Messrs. Gariepy and Landry of the city of Edmonton in the Province aforesaid, advocates for the administrators herein, their names, addresses and description, and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of their security (if any) held by them, and after the said last mentioned date, the administrators shall proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Dated at Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, this 16th day of October, 1908.

GARIEPY & LANDRY,
Advocates for Administrators.

THE LOCAL IMPROVEMENT ACT, VILLAGE ACT AND SCHOOL ASSESSEMENT ORDINANCE.

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of the Local Improvement Act, Village Act and School Assessment Ordinance, the Honourable Mr. Justice Beck has appointed Monday, the 23rd, day of November, 1908, at ten o'clock a.m. at the Court House in the City of Edmonton for the holding of a Court for confirmation of the Returns made under the provisions of Section 91 of The Local Improvement Act in respect of the following Local Improvement Districts.

Local Improvement District 28-M-4, 29-M-4, 30-M-4, 25-N-4, 26-N-4, 27-N-4, 28-N-4, 29-N-4, 30-N-4, 25-P-4, 27-P-4, 28-P-4, 25-R-4, 26-R-4, 27-R-4, 28-R-4, 25-S-4, 26-S-4, 27-S-4, 28-S-4, 29-S-4, 25-T-4, 26-T-4, 27-T-4, 28-T-4, 29-T-4, 30-T-4, 25-A-5, 26-A-5, 27-A-5, 26-B-5, 27-B-5, and Nos. 317, 602, 621 and 622.

And of Section 67 of The Village Act in respect of the following Villages, viz.:

The Village of Athabasca Landing and the Village of Millet.

And of Section 19 of The School Assessment Ordinance in respect of the following School Districts, viz.:—

School Districts Nos. 382, 1438, 1204, 393, 222, 979, 1416, 226, 1074, 1457, 1156, 528, 330, 370, 1526, 978, 790, 1016, 1474, 1433, 737, 431, 571, 412, 524, 841, 1465, 937, 716, 357, 367, 626, 925, 719, 328, 571, 230, 296, 1026, 611, 663, 246, 1001, 1241, 478, 530, 350, 23, 212, 305, 324, 399, 452, 749, 771, 645, 622, 711, 24, 355, 386, 427, 416, 458, 847, 1443, 673, 509, 479, 475, 525, 369, 1020, 626, 322, 415, 459, 418, 381, 470, 429, 1506, 1358, 532, 529, 683, 508, 466, 450, 1319, 381, 1069, 315, 881, 201, 1141, 850, 1337, 29, R.C.P. 2, R.C.P. 4, R.C.P. 6, R.C.P. 34, R.C.P. 42, R.C.P. 45, R.C.P. 47, R.C.P. 51.

Dated at Edmonton this 18th day of September, 1908.

JNO. STOCKS.

FROM LIPS OF FRIEN[DS] CROZIER HEARD [HIS FATE]

Life Story of Ontario Man W[ho Spent] Nine Years for Counterfe[iting—] He Was Tempted by His [Great] Skill—He Had Been an [Honest] and Industrious Farmer.

Milton, Ont., Oct. 26—In the [presence] of the friends of his youth and [manhood], and from the very lips [of a] man with whom he had once [worked] side by side in the harvest toil [Tom] Crozier heard his fate.

For the crime of counterfeiting [he] was last week ordered to spend [many] long years in the penitentiary. [Still] worse still, his young son of [twelve] commanded to spend the new[t] years of his life behind the [same] prison bars.

Even though they were ten[ded] with the memories of past friend[ship,] the words of the magistrate fell [like a] startling horror on the ears of [the] elder man. His tall, broad [form] shook and his bowed head bent [yet] more. Tears filled his eyes, and [his] lips uttered only two brief, [pathetic] words:—

"My God!" half in prayer, half [in] horror.

And the men who filled that [old] court room thought of other, [and] brighter days in which they had [known] Tom Crozier as farmer and [neighbor.] They were stilled by the sadness [of] it all.

Man of Good Family.

Behind the formal legal proceedings which stirred the Halton county [court] today was a tragic life story. [A] stern hand of the law was very [gently] concerned with but the [last] years during which this man and [his] son had stepped aside from the [path] of rectitude. The hand of the law [was] concerned with meting out justice [de]manded by the acknowledgment [of] guilt to the serious charge of counterfeiting. But the old men assembled in the court thought not so much of the criminal of today as of the peaceful, law-abiding citizen of yesterday.

"Tom" Crozier, now a man of perhaps 45 years of age, was born in Halton county. His father was a respected farmer, of high character. His early home life was simple, wholesome, and he was trained as young man should be.

Recalls Other Days.

"I remember," said Jonathan Shields, who had to preside as magistrate, "some thirty years ago I visited the Crozier home. I was impressed by the fact that the old man, down his Bible and had family prayer, and I though of the splendid home life in that house."

In those days down on the farm Jonathan Shields and Thomas Crozier worked side by side in threshing and other harvest operations, leading a simple life and little dreaming that in the years to come they would meet again in much different roles—one as magistrate dispensing justice, the other as criminal seeking mercy.

Was a Good Citizen.

Out of this home, typical of the stern integrity of the pioneers who have made this country what it is went Thomas Crozier. He took to farming himself, and for many years lived at The Boyne, in Trafalgar township, a few miles from the town of Milton. He was always a quiet, decent fellow, who endeavored to do the best he could for his wife and family as long as he could do it honestly.

"I have had many business dealings with him," said J. W. Elliott, K.C., in conversation after the trial, "and I always found him strictly honest and upright. In the course of twenty years' acquaintance I did considerable work for him, and he was always anxious to do what was right."

Lure of City Life.

Years went by and Thomas Crozier prospered in the quiet monotony of his farm life. But there came the lure of the city life, and he yielded to its seductive call. About eight years ago he sold out his farm at a profit of many thousand dollars, and moved to Toronto. The Crozier name was still unsullied in the history of the county, and in departing he left behind brothers, sisters and other relatives, who are still highly respected citizens of this town and community.

Yielded to Temptation.