

Some cough mixtures smother the cough. But the next breeze fans it into life again.

Better put the cough out. That is, better get deeper and smother the fires of inflammation. Troches cannot do this. Neither can plain cod-liver oil.

But Scott's Emulsion can. The glycerine soothes and makes comfortable; the hypophosphites give power and stability to the nerves; and the oil feeds and strengthens the weakened tissues.

TRANSPLANTED.

A Tale of '61 and '68.

(Continued.)

He explained to her how to go about having this done, and she understood readily.

It was a bill for fifty dollars. That would be more than sufficient for her needs.

The wounded man was greatly interested in her, and pleased to see her joy at the prospect of soon being with her husband.

"I am Lucia," she said simply when the door was opened by her gentle tap, and the good woman who opened the door stepped back, and looked at her in wonder.

"It do beat all!" she exclaimed. "Come right in, Miss Anton. Your man said you was a comin', but we didn't set no dependence on that. Set right down. You must be right smart tired."

"Lucia was worn and travel-stained, but she smiled on, in her bright way, that together with her weariness, her youth and frail little figure, clothed her with a pathos that even strangers felt at sight of her.

Gian was raging with fever when she went to him. She laid her cool, firm hand on his forehead, and he grew calm and then fell into a light, refreshing sleep.

Under her unremitting care he recovered, and Lucia was the happiest wife in the United States when he was able to begin with her the life struggle for position and fortune once more.

The sun poured down scorching rays on the Monument lot, but the mothers and wives, sisters, daughters and sweethearts of the Washington "boys" heeded neither dust nor heat.

The First District Volunteers were to leave that bright May day for Tampa. Little groups stood about, almost in picnic fashion, and it was difficult to believe that there was almost tragic sorrow in the vast gathering. Now and then eyes would suddenly fill, and a voice break as a sudden realization of what this parting might mean, and hands were clasped in convulsive closeness for a moment.

When the order came to "fall in" all this was changed. Among those who followed the volunteers on their long, dusty tramp to the station at New York avenue were an old gentleman and a plump little lady, who kept her dark eyes on a tall, handsome soldier boy as long as possible.

The handsome soldier came straight to the elderly couple, and they each took hold of him affectionately.

"Ah, you brave little mother," he said fondly, in Italian, "I have not seen one tear fall yet."

"I learned, I learned, long ago, in '61, when your father marched out of Washington. It does not seem so long ago, does it Gian?"

"No," answered her husband, until I look at him, putting his hand on his son's shoulder. A little longer, and the final moments. The tall soldier bent and took his little mother in his arms.

Do Not Be Fooled

With the idea that any preparation your druggist may put up and try to sell you will purify your blood like Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is a mistake. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a medicine of the highest quality and medicinal effect of all the ingredients used.

7 cases Men's and Boys' Clothing, just opened at J. B. McDonald & Co's.

(Continued from first page.)

"It is impossible to talk for five minutes in business with any one on the streets or in the streets without some allusion occurring to the subject, and it is a painful experience for English men, proud of the parity of the British system of government, to be compelled to listen to the plain-spoken comments of Americans and foreigners.

Apart from the graver charges, there is much dissatisfaction with the imperfections of organization, which are ascribed to ineptitude and inattention to business on the part of the responsible officers. * * * That mining districts cannot be surveyed, that claims in many instances cannot be recorded, that necessary information with regard to districts already staked is not open to the public, are facts which have come to be regarded by the public as so many purposely designed channels for individual bribery.

When there is given to us such an article as that, written by the correspondent of the London Times, which I think it should be sufficient to warrant the Government in having a thorough investigation in order that they may show to the world that the Government of Canada were not a party to any such work as that which has been going on there.

"Admittance to the door marked 'private' could be obtained for \$5, while that containing the sign 'No Admission' could be entered by pay \$10 to \$25. The latter was very largely patronized, to the personal benefit of the Government officials and the detriment of honest miners whose claims were ignored in the absence of tips.

"Mr. Fawcett," said Mr. Semple, "was the most incompetent man ever placed in charge of an executive position. While we do not charge him with personal dishonesty it is a well known fact that his employees were too crooked to lay in bed. Of the seventeen clerks under him there were several over whom he had no control whatever."

"Now, Sir, we find also that there is a gentleman who visited Dawson City who was connected with a paper that was published not very far from Ottawa, the Pembroke Observer, a strong Liberal paper, and therefore, this gentleman was a strong Liberal. But strong Liberal as he was, when he visited Dawson he could not swallow what he saw, and he reported as follows on the situation there. He said that he had to listen to:

"violent railings at the Government and at the officials at Dawson, who were both charged with the most vile and deliberate corruption." He further says:

"I have seen enough to convince myself that it is worse even than the mind of an honest man can conceive." Under these circumstances I must press upon the Government the necessity, in the interests of this country, of having all these matters brought before an independent tribunal and thoroughly thrashed out so that wrong-doing, if any, shall be put on the proper shoulders, and, if there is none, the Government will stand better in the eyes of the country that it does under the present circumstances.

Now, a word or two in respect to cold storage. We who were in the previous parliament know that the then Government and my hon. friend from Haldimand (Mr. Montague) took up the matter of cold storage. We had it at that time before the Committee on Agriculture. It was talked over and approved, and an amount was placed in the estimates of the then Government to facilitate cold storage, but through the opposition of the Liberal party that estimate was prevented from going through Parliament. We know that when they got into power they went around and told the people that, 'We are the boys; we brought in cold storage; we are going to give the farmers a chance to take their choice; their butter, their bacon, their mutton, their beef and all that sort of thing to market in cold storage, and that they inaugurated cold storage. Why, Sir, they are becoming so used to wearing the garments of the Opposition that they hardly know themselves. However, there is no gainsaying the fact, that we have to thank the late Minister of Agriculture, the hon. member for Haldimand, (Mr. Montague), and the late Government for inaugurating that policy. And, Sir, in this connection, I may say that the cold storage that the present Government have given us is only partial cold storage, and that if the present Government had only carried out what the late Government inaugurated and concluded a contract for a fast mail service across the Atlantic we would, by this time, have a proper cold storage system and a fast mail service, instead of which we find that three years have been

frittered away and nothing accomplished. Not only that, Sir, but they started out with the intention of saving a little money, as they thought, by getting a cheaper service, but we find that the price of steel and iron products of all kinds has gone up and the chances are that what they could have got possibly for \$750,000 or \$800,000 two or three years ago will now, in all probability, cost them \$1,000,000.

I think, Sir, I have gone over the different items that are referred to in the Speech from the Throne, and that it is not necessary that I should weary the House by continuing my remarks at any greater length. But, Sir, we find that the present Government are accused, and I think very properly accused, of having forgotten their pledges to the people of this country. They came into power pledged against protection, and they have continued protection. Mr. Speaker, do you suppose, for one moment, that they would have obtained power if they had come out as they now do in favour of protection? They came out in the election in favour of reciprocity with the United States and obtained the votes of the electors who were in favour of that measure. Do you suppose that they would have reached power if they had come out flat-footed as they do now against reciprocity? They came out, Sir, as I have heard year in and year out within the walls of this Parliament, denouncing the Conservative party for interfering with the independence of Parliament by granting offices to their supporters. We have heard the hon. Postmaster General (Mr. Mulock), the hon. member for North Wellington (Mr. McMillen), in fact all of the supporters of the Liberal party, while on this side of the House, denouncing the Conservative party for appointing their friends from Parliament to office, but no sooner do they get into office themselves than they adopt these very tactics. We find that they have already appointed, from this Parliament, as many as six of a son of their supporters to offices of emolument, and, among these, that the hon. member for St. James, Montreal (Mr. Desmarais), who spoke so robustly last night, is to get a judgeship.

Is that the price of his eloquence; it is hard to say, time will tell. We also found that the Liberals rather denounced the fast Atlantic service when it was proposed by the Conservative Government, but as soon as they got into power they commenced tinkering and tampering with it, the result being that we have no fast Atlantic service contracted for yet, and the chances are that before they procure such a service as the Conservative Government contemplated they will have to pay a good deal more money than was offered in the first place. More than that, we will have to do without the service for several years to come. These gentlemen came into power condemning corruption and scandals. I do hope that in the interests of this country they will take the earliest opportunity to appoint an independent tribunal before which the Yukon scandals may be thoroughly thrashed out, and the proof of the charges proved, or the officials and the Government vindicated. I would further say to the Government that they owe a duty to themselves and they owe a duty to the temperance people of Canada to carry out their promises and their pledges by bringing in a Plebiscite Bill. I shall not detain the House longer. I thought it in the interests of my constituents to put these matters before the Parliament of Canada in the best way I possibly could, and I do trust, that I have done so in a manner which will commend itself to my electors and to the hon. members of this House.

"Sunshine in His Heart." The cheerful man not only has sunshine in his own heart, but he diffuses it around him. When he enters a room the company feels the warmth of his presence, and their hearts expand with pleasure. What are wealth and honor to a man? What is a kingdom to him, if the kingdom of his heart is dark and desolate and overshadowed by the clouds of sadness and despair? What was the pomp and splendor of Herod's court; what was the sound of revelry and the most delicious music to him when there was no responsive melody in his soul? What were the bewitching smiles and graceful figures that glided through the dancing hall; what the sumptuous banquet, when his heart sickened at the contemplation of his inebriated and the innocent blood of the Baptist which he had shed? How true are the words of the prophet, 'The wicked are like the raging sea, which cannot rest, and the waves cast up dirt and mire!'

What then should be the basis of our joy? What is the oil which should feed this blessed lamp of cheerfulness? St. Paul tells us when he says: "Rejoice in the Lord." We should rejoice because we can look to heaven and claim as our Father the Creator of the universe. We should be glad of heart because we are the brothers and sisters of Jesus Christ by adoption, that we were redeemed by His precious blood. We should rejoice in the possession of Christian faith, by which we are delivered from the darkness of error, into the brilliant light of the gospel, and that we are rescued from the binds of corruption to enjoy the glorious liberty of children of God. We should rejoice that we are heirs prospective of the kingdom of heaven.

ALACRITY OF SOUL. "Another feature of this alacrity of soul is that it is not reserved for a few or for a particular class of persons, but you will participate in it no matter what may be your condition of life. If we rejoice in all the blessings we have received, we ought certainly to rejoice in everything that contributes to obtain or enhance them. We should therefore, take delight in labors and sufferings, in trials and in tribulations, in calamities and reproaches, in humiliations and contradictions which are endured for the sake of Christ, or fall in the line of our Christian duty. No one surely knows so well as our Savior what is the ground of solid happiness. For He who made our heart, is alone capable of filling it with true delight. "If we study the life of St. Paul, we will find that the dominant note in his character was joy of spirit amid suffering. Notwithstanding all the hardships and sufferings of his ministry, the heart of Paul was habitually joyous, because he knew that every trial would be put to his account on the Lord's day.

"And let me offer you a few practical suggestions: First of all, endeavor to establish the reign of joy and sunshine in your own hearts. To accomplish this, three conditions are necessary; first, you must have a pure and upright conscience; secondly, you must maintain a habitual spirit of benevolence toward your fellow men; thirdly, keep yourselves free from inordinate attachment to anything earthly." From a sermon by Cardinal Gibbons.

M. George Ohnet, a French novel writer, who has spent some years in this country has delivered an interesting opinion on the subject of secular education which prevails in France as in America. "Merely secular education," he writes, "has a fearful share in bringing about decadence of morals. The abandonment of conscience, the recrudescence of crime, the precocity of criminals, are the outcome of the mercenary secularism of the schools. 'Breathought' can no more be a method of instruction than a hailstorm a process of tillage. Were it not that the good sense and the strong piety of the women of France set right the consciences that were warped in the schools, the evil would be a hundred-fold greater." It is too much to hope that M. Ohnet's facts will be as palatable to all readers as his fiction; but as he has never hitherto given evidence of "clerical" sympathies, and as his words were published with full approbation in the Paris Figaro (which is not a Sunday school), we may hope that his judgment may be received with respect in quarters where Catholic opinion would have less weight.—Ave Maria.

THE HERALD FOR 1899. During the coming year the HERALD will contain religious selections from the highest authorities and the most approved sources; brilliant and interesting stories, from the best living authors; accounts of the proceedings in the Dominion Parliament and the Provincial Legislature; the news of the world, condensed for busy people; accounts of all local happenings of importance. It will also discuss in clear and terse language, the different living issues as they present themselves.

Now is the time to subscribe, Price, \$1.00 a Year in Advance.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Women Need Not Suffer

From these terrible headaches, back aches, rheumatisms and the thousand and one other ills which make life full of misery. Most of these troubles are due to impure, imperfectly filtered blood—the Kidneys are not acting right and in consequence the system is being poisoned with impurities.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are daily proving themselves woman's greatest friend and benefactor. Here is an instance: Mrs. Mary Fleming, St. Mary's, N.B., says: "The use of Doan's Kidney Pills restored me to complete health. The first symptoms I noticed in my case were severe pains in the small of my back and around the loins, together with general weakness and loss of appetite. I gradually became worse, until, hearing of Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a box from our druggist. I am pleased to testify to their effectiveness in correcting the troubles from which I suffered."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FORCIBLE SUBSTITUTE. Kilmartin—Did yez sell Maroney the dog he wor either wantin'?

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL cures all pain in man or beast; for sprains, cuts, bruises, callous lumps, swellings, inflammation, rheumatism and neuralgia, it is a specific.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Anxious mothers find DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP the best medicine to expel worms. Children like it—worms don't.

REGULAR ACTION of the bowels is necessary to health. LAXA LIVER PILLS are the best occasion-cathartic for family or general use. Price 25c, any druggist.

THAT aching head can be instantly relieved by taking one of MILBURN'S STERLING HEADACHE POWDERS. 1 powder 5c, 3 for 10c, 10 for 25c.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP is recognized by Mothers as the best remedy they can give their children. It is simple, safe and effectual. Price 25c.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Permanent Cure of Salt Rheum.

The permanent cure after permanent cure that is being published week by week placed Burdock Blood Bitters far above all other remedies in the estimation of the sick and suffering.

Even the severest and most chronic diseases that other remedies fail to relieve yield to the blood purifying, blood enriching properties of B.B.B.

Salt Rheum or Eczema—that most stubborn of skin diseases, which causes such torture and is so difficult to cure with ordinary remedies—cannot withstand B.B.B.'s healing, soothing power.

The case of Mrs. Jas. Sanderson, Emerson, Man., shows how effective B.B.B. is in curing Salt Rheum at its worst, and curing it to stay cured.

This is what she wrote: "Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a bad attack of Salt Rheum three years ago. It was so severe that my finger nails came off. I can truly say that I know of no more valuable medicine in the world than B.B.B. It cured me completely and permanently, as I have never had a touch of Salt Rheum since."

Our Seeds THE BEST THAT GROW.

The above line is a strong one, but we stick by our motto.

The Best that Grow, Our Seeds, The Best that Grow.

Our Specialties. Choice Flower and Garden Vegetable Seeds.

See our 1899 Catalogue for new varieties.

Sweet Pea Seeds. HASZARD & MOORE, Seedsmen, Booksellers and Printers, Sunnyside.

DR. WOOD'S



NORWAY PINE SYRUP. A positive cure for all Throat, Lung and Bronchial diseases. Healing and soothing in its action. Pleasant to take, prompt and effectual in its results.

Mr. Chas. Johnson, Bear River, N.S., writes: "I was troubled with hoarseness and sore throat, which the doctor pronounced Bronchitis and recommended me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I did so, and after using three bottles I was entirely cured."

Take a Laxa-Liver Pill before retiring. 'Twill work while you sleep without a gripe or pain, curing biliousness, constipation, sick headache and dyspepsia and make you feel better in the morning. Price 25c.

MISCELLANEOUS. Teacher—Who can tell me what useful article we get from the whale? Scholar—Whalebone.

Teacher—Right! Now, what little boy or girl knows what we get from the seal? Scholar—Sealing wax.

SEVERE DIARRHŒA. "Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cured my child of a severe attack of Diarrhœa, and I highly recommend it to mothers as the best medicine for bowel complaints of children."—Mrs. O'Flynn, North Valley, Ont.

Rheumatism.—Have you tried all the remedies you ever read or heard of hoping for a cure? If you're afflicted still, take Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. They never fail, guaranteed to cure or your money back. Price 50c.

I was cured of a bad case of Grip by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Sydney, O.B. C. I. LAGUE.

I was cured of loss of voice by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Yarmouth. CHAS. PLUMMER.

I was cured of Sciatica Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Burns, N.B. LEWIS S. DUTLER.

Tobacco Heart. Mr. W. J. Judson, Curtis St., St. Thomas, Ont., says: "I had trouble with my heart for two years, caused by excessive use of Tobacco. I used the box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and have not suffered from palpitation since."

Impure Blood. Always cleansed, purified and enriched by Burdock Blood Bitters. Mrs. John Douglas, Fuller P. O., Ont., says: "I have used B.B.B. for impure blood, pimples on my face and sick headache. Four bottles made my skin clear and free from corruption and cured me completely."

Mrs. Joe Doty, Port Gilbert, N.S., says: "My little girl would grind her teeth so I concluded she had worms. I gave her three doses of Dr. Low's Worm Syrup which acted with good effect. Price 25c."

TOO WEAK TO SEW... An Ottawa Lady Relates Her Experience for Benefit of others.

Mrs. William A. Holmes, 530 Concession St., Ottawa, Ont., testifies as follows: "For some years past I was greatly troubled with weakness both of the nerves and heart. My heart would beat very irregularly, sometimes throbbing, and at other times seeming to go up into my throat, thus causing a terrible smothering sensation. Finally I grew so weak that I could not sew. Although I tried many remedies I could obtain no relief, and was almost in despair of a cure."

"One day, however, I heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and began to use them, and am now better than I have been for years. I work right along now, and the pains and palpitation have left me, much to my relief. My blood seems to be enriched and full of vitality, and my entire system is in a healthy and vigorous state."

Breakfast Foods

For breakfast we have; Pettijohn's Breakfast Food, Necker's Breakfast Hominy, Self-rising Buckwheat, Tillson's pan dried Rolled Oats.

Fresh Ground Oatmeal, Gold Dust Corn Meal, Rolled Wheat, Wheat Farina, Wheatlets.

BEER & GOFF. GROCERS.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING. Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in quarter lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER EPPS'S COCOA Oct. 5, 1898-301

A. A. McLEAN, LL B., Q. C. Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc., Etc.

BROWN'S BLOCK. MONEY TO LOAN.

North British and Mercantile

INSURANCE COMPANY. ASSETS - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses.

P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown. F. W. HYNDMAN, Agent. Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.

A Large Assortment of Finished Monuments AND HEADSTONES

To be cleared out quick, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Agents will tell you they can sell as cheap as you can buy from the manufacturer.

Buy from us direct, and we will convince you that this is told to effect a sale and make something out of you.

We employ no agents, as we prefer to make all sales right in our shop, where customers can see what they are buying.

Cairns & McFadyen. June 8, 1898-y Kent Street, Charlottetown.

NEWS.

It is news to some people that we sell Heating Stoves. We sell Stoves for wood, soft coal or hard coal, and carry the finest assortment of Cooking and Heating Stoves on P. E. I. Our large stove room, 35 x 65, is devoted entirely to stoves.

Quick Sales, Small Profits. Fennell & Chandler.

Tailor-Made -VS- Factory-Made.

Take up the printed announcements of makers and importers of Kerdy-made Clothing, and when they strive to give emphasis to the alleged merits of their clothing they invariably tell how nearly they approach to tailor-made.

Here are some quotations: "Elegantly tailored," "Cut and finished equal to ordered work," "Equal in quality, fit and finish to suits made to order," or similar statements.

Then tailor-made clothes are different from imported factory-made, otherwise there would be no need to make comparisons. If tailor made were not the better clothes they would not be held up as the ideal to which the ready-made strive to reach.

The fact is there is a great deal of difference between a factory-made imported suit and a tailor-made, in style and durability.

The man that is indifferent as to the appearance of his clothes when he buys them and when worn a month, may be satisfied with a factory-made, but if he has regard to looks and economy, he will buy tailor-made garments.

For those who are not disposed to give the prices usually paid for clothes made to special order and are not satisfied with the imported ready-made clothing, we have made, and are daily adding, Suits and Overcoats of superior workmanship that we are selling as low in price as imported makes of inferior quality.

All Wool Oxford Tweed Suits - \$9.25 All Wool Serge Suits - \$9.50 All Wool Worsted Suits - \$9.50

D. A. BRUCE, Morris Block, Victoria Row.