

leap!

STERN'S

Best Goods

Winceys

Leens

Laces and Mitts

Wool Goods

Woolen Goods

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

THE HERALD.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

IN ADVANCE.

OFFICES:

Macdonald's Building, West Side

Queen Street, Charlottetown,

Prince Edward Island.

THE HERALD

Largest Circulation of any

paper on this Island,

AND IS INCREASING AT THE RATE OF

TWO HUNDRED COPIES A MONTH

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.

Remittances can be made by registered letter.

Address all letters and correspondence to the

HERALD Office, Queen Street, Charlottetown.

RICHARD WALSH, Publisher.

Great Sale

DRY

GOODS

Clothing

John McPhee & Co.

ARE GIVING

SPECIAL BARGAINS

IN

Dress Goods,

Knit Wool Goods,

Cashmeres,

Winceys,

Velvettes,

Ulster and Mantle Cloths,

Ticking,

Shirtings,

Flannels,

Grey and White Cottons, &c.

Men's & Boys' Ready-made Clothing,

Hats, Caps, &c.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Cash buyers should call and

examine our Goods and prices before

purchasing elsewhere.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

John McPhee & Co.

December 21, 1883.

XMAS!

1883-4!

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

HARDWARE

AT THE

City Hardware Store,

THE CHRISTMAS SEASON.

Big discounts in fine Silverware

for Christmas presents.

Wishing all our customers a Merry

Xmas and a prosperous New Year,

We are, yours truly,

NORTON BROS.

Charlottetown, Dec. 21, 1883.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1883.

"THE CELTIC RACE."

The following is a verbatim report of the

lecture given by the Rev. D. McDonald, D. D., in

Market Hall, Charlottetown, on Tuesday

evening, the 11th December.

Looking back through the ages of the

past, we see Babylon, with its mighty walls,

its towering ramparts, its hanging gardens,

its majestic palaces, its superb temples, and

its public edifices, its vast extent, spreading

over the plains of the Euphrates, its king-

dom extending from the shores of the

Mediterranean Sea to the Indian Ocean—

Babylon, with its long line of Kings, going

back beyond the time when Abraham, a

youth, by the call of Almighty God, left his

father's house in Mesopotamia—back to the

time of Nimrod, the mighty hunter. But

and was the end of the great Babylon, built

on plunder, pride and impurity? Its sacrilegious

King laid his hands on the holy vessels of

Salomon's temple, and, by the aid of the

Phoenicians, carried them to the island of

Cyprus, where they were deposited in the

temple of Paphos, which was destroyed

by the earthquake of 375 B.C. The

Phoenicians, who were the great carriers

of the East, were the first to introduce

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

It was the Phoenicians who first carried

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

It was the Phoenicians who first carried

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

It was the Phoenicians who first carried

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

It was the Phoenicians who first carried

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

It was the Phoenicians who first carried

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

It was the Phoenicians who first carried

the Phoenician alphabet into the West.

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

not even attempted. Thus saved from

imperial proscriptions and praetors, the genius

of the Celtic race found there a full

development, so that when in the middle

of the fifth century Christian missionaries

came to Ireland, they found a system of

civilization superior to that of all other

barbarous nations. It would not be

uninteresting to refer to the early

history of Ireland, but it must be

remembered that the history of a country

cannot be pressed within the limits of an

ordinary lecture. Among the many works

that might be mentioned as books of refer-

ence on the history of Ireland, I might point

out the "ANNALS OF THE FOUR MASTERS."

The "Four Masters" were the compilers of

an immense work on the sacred and profane

history of Ireland, which is now the

property of the British Museum. Their

names are Geoffrey O'Malley, Perseus

O'Mahony, Geoffrey O'Bohannon, and

John O'Keefe. They began their work in

the year 1363, and finished it in the year

1388. What I consider a distinctive fea-

ture of these annals is the concise, matter of

fact style in which the greatest events are

recorded under their respective dates, in a

few words as the matter of a ship would

be recorded in a day's work of an ordinary

book. The style is terse, and the matter is

of the highest quality. It is a work of

the highest antiquity, and one of the most

valuable sources of information on the

history of Ireland. At the time when

these annals were compiled, the Irish

people were still in the possession of

their independence, and were not yet

under the yoke of English rule. It is

therefore a work of the highest interest

and value to all who are interested in

the Celtic race.

the Celtic race.