

Local and Diocesan News.

LOCAL CALENDAR— Fri. May 27. St. Bede. Sat. " 28. St. Augustine of Canterbury. Sun. " 29. St. Mary Magdalen of Pazzi. Mon. " 30. St. Felix. Tues. " 31. St. Angela of Merici. Wed. June 1. St. Pamphilius. Thurs. " 2. SS. Marcellinus and Peter.

FORTY HOURS' DEVOTION.— Friday, May 27, Notre Dame des Victoires; Sunday, May 24, St. Agnes; Tuesday, May 31, St. Theodora; Thursday, June 2, St. Catherine.

TE DEUM IN HONOR OF ACCESSION OF GEORGE V.—After High Mass on Sunday the Te Deum was chanted in honor of the accession of George V. to the throne, by order of His Grace the Archbishop.

MASS ON FLETCHER'S FIELD.—Perhaps the most imposing ceremony of the coming Eucharistic Congress will be the open air Mass on Fletcher's field. The different choirs of the city will join forces and upwards of two thousand voices will render Dumont's Mass, under the leadership of Prof. Couture. This was decided upon at a meeting presided over by His Grace on Saturday last.

NEXT SUNDAY'S PROCESSION.—A solemn procession in honor of the Most Blessed Sacrament will take place on Sunday next, May 29th, around the grounds of St. Patrick's Church. Benediction will be imparted from the Repository erected in the garden of the Sacred Heart Academy, Alexander street.

REV. FATHER McSHANE ON THE POET OF THE HABITANT.—On the invitation of St. Mary's Court, Catholic Foresters, Rev. Father McShane delivered a lecture on Monday evening, to the members, who turned out in large numbers to extend a welcome to the Rev. Pastor of St. Patrick's.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOME.—When Father Holland called at the Ogdensburg Coal and Towing Company's office to find out how much the balance was on their books against the Home for coal supplied during the last three years, he was told that the amount was something over two hundred dollars. This was a surprise, sure enough, but a still greater one awaited him when a few moments later Mr. J. P. Kavanaugh, the manager, told him that he didn't owe a cent, and that anyway priest's money in general was unlucky and that Father Holland's in particular was bad. Father Holland pocketed the insult with equanimity, as also the hundred that he was ready to pay on account, so that the largest donation that the institution has ever received is herein recorded.

The Board of Erin and Home Rule.

The old gospel of Irish nationality for which all the leaders of Ireland fought since Ireland was first invaded by the foreigner, stands out to-day as fresh as at any period in her history. "Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son," it has stood and will stand unchanged and unchangeable until its final triumph. Home Rule for Ireland, then, is the great question of questions before which all others must sink into insignificance. But let it be well understood that not merely in view of material prosperity is it the great question for Ireland and Irishmen, but for the honor of the Irish race and name. There is a deep national struggle associated with the Irish struggle, as well as the material side, and it is not for that fact the exiles of Ireland who have made up comfortable homes in foreign lands would not be found so ready and willing to aid their people at home in their fight for freedom.

That Ireland has not been forgotten by the Irish of this city was clearly demonstrated a short time ago, when a very representative sum was forwarded to the national war-chest, and to-day the Board of Erin, comprising a great percentage of the Irish who have recently landed on the banks of the St. Lawrence have inaugurated a massive euchar and social on the 27th inst., the proceeds of which will be forwarded to headquarters. With the Board of Erin here devotion to the cause of the land from which their fathers sprung, and for which so many of them suffered and died is an instinct, an inspiration, a passion, a religion. Their belief in the ultimate triumph of their country sanctified, as it has been in the past, is something akin to their belief in God. They know how their race has miraculously survived persecution, misery and bloodshed, such as has fallen to the lot of no other race in the world's history. They believe that their race has been miraculously preserved for great and holy ends, to keep aloft the banner of ideals of high religious, moral, social and political ideas. They look back to their past history with sorrow and pain and their hearts throb when they think of perhaps their comrades and friends who have fallen by the roadside and have not lived to see the triumph of their country's cause. They think of the men who died on the scaffold or suffered in the prison cell, and who at this moment are making sacrifices for Ireland and falling by the roadside. They thank God to-day that through the wise guidance of the present party Ireland's battles are practically fought and won. But if they are fighting and winning battles on the other side of the ocean, they do this through unity alone, and it is the hope of every true Irishman in this city that all the great Irish forces here become as one and speak and act on behalf of their own interests, not in divided tones, but with one great voice. Other nationalities here are combining to guard their interests. Irishmen, be up and doing! Begin now!

Geo. Donohoe, Co. Secretary.

Correspondence.

"JEWS FLOCKING IN."

To the Editor of True Witness: Sir,—Under the above heading the Gazette of the 20th inst. published an item stating that the Jews of this city now number 31,000, and that they were looking for representation in the Council and Legislature. How our old friend the Gazette managed to arrive at the number of Jews in Montreal I cannot understand. Mr. W. D. Lighthall, a few nights ago, put the number at 40,000, and said that about one-third of the children attending the Protestant schools were Jews.

One of our daily papers published an interview had with the Chief of Police, in which the number was placed at 50,000, to prove that (the Jews) should have some of their number on the police force. How these statistics were obtained I do not see. The Gazette states there are about 15,000 in St. Louis ward, also 8000 in St. Lawrence; that about one in five should be voters. According to that showing they should have 3000 votes in St. Louis and 1600 in St. Lawrence. At the municipal elections of 1908, the Jews in St. Louis ward put a candidate in nomination (Mr. Bloomfield), and the result showed that he received 345 votes. It must be presumed that he received the Jewish vote, if not, where is the use of their looking for representation in the Council, if they do not vote for the candidate they put in the field?

At the last election in February Mr. Blumenthal was a candidate in St. Lawrence ward, and he polled 369 votes, which is supposed to represent the full strength of the Jewish vote in that ward. At that time the ward contained 9647 voters. The vote polled by Mr. Blumenthal shows that about one-tenth of the voters are Jewish. That rule applied to St. Louis that rule applied to St. Louis. That rule applied to St. Louis. That rule applied to St. Louis.

Hoping, Mr. Editor, you will find space for the above in your valuable paper, and that it may be the means of placing the facts before an intelligent public for their consideration.

DON'T DRUG CHILDREN.

When you give your child a so-called "soothing" medicine you are not curing his sickness. You are merely drugging it into temporary insensibility. The so-called soothing medicines contain opiates, and an overdose may kill the child. When you give little ones Baby's Own Tablets you have the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine is safe. And you have the word of thousands of grateful mothers that this medicine will promptly cure all minor ailments of childhood. Mrs. Alphonse Roy, Scott Junction, Que., says: "My little one was weak and sickly and used to cry day and night, but since giving him Baby's Own Tablets he has thrived splendidly, and is as good-natured and happy as I could wish." Sold by all medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Important Decree Issued

The Archbishops and Bishops of the United States have just received a copy of a decree of the Consistorial Congregation, of which Pope Pius X. is prefect and Cardinal, Cajetan de Lai is secretary, relative to future proceedings in the matter of submitting to Rome the names of priests as candidates for vacant bishoprics or new dioceses. While the decree specifies that secrecy must be maintained in the matter of recommendations for promotion to the episcopate, it is understood that the intent of the document is to prevent discussion in the public press of any official transaction between members of the American hierarchy and the Vatican. It is declared that the decree was drawn up with the approval "of all the bishops of America." The following is a verbatim translation of important sections of the decree:

"The true nature of ecclesiastical discipline requires that the names of those who are proposed to the Holy See for bishoprics in the United States of North America by the councils of the clergy, according to the laws enforced there, should be kept entirely secret. This is demanded by the decorum of the ecclesiastical election and the importance of the matter by reverence for the supreme judgment of the Roman Pontiff, and in justice to the candidates themselves; for when, as frequently happens, their names become known, by this very fact they are subjected to a discussion which, according to the varying opinions of men and newspapers, is sometimes fair but more often unjust and unfair. Hence it happens that many most excellent men strive by all means in their power to prevent their names from being included in the lists of candidates, not only on account of a most just fear of such an important office, but also as not to become a subject of public talk and to incur abuse of various kinds."

The decree then sets forth that the Pope, after having heard and weighed the wishes of the American clergy, approved of the following order of the Consistorial Congregation: 1. When the consultors and parish priests who have the right for voting for the first proposal of candidates, commonly called theterna, meet together at the beginning of the session all and single of them shall take an oath before the presiding bishop to observe secrecy concerning the names which come under discussion and concerning those which are approved by a majority of the votes to be submitted to the judgment of the bishops. 2. If any consultor violate the oath, which may God forbid, in addition to the other penalties to which he may become subject, he is at once to be removed from the office of consultor; if a parish priest, the penalty shall be perpetual deprivation of the right to vote. 3. The bishops are obliged to the same secrecy under grave sin; and at the beginning of the session concern with the scrutiny of the candidates, the presidents shall suitably admonish them of this obligation. 4. To the same secrecy are bound all officers of the Apostolic Delegation according to the oath customarily taken by them; and those also to whom the Apostolic Delegate may address himself to obtain suitable information concerning the candidates.

Shocking Sacrilege.

The London Morning Leader says: A remarkable case of sacrilege and wanton destruction in a church occurred at the Catholic Church at Wolverhampton, Bucks, yesterday. Between ten o'clock in the morning and one o'clock, according to custom, the building was left open for private prayer. Just after one o'clock two young women entered and found the inside completely wrecked. The rector of the church, Father O'Sullivan, was apprised and on examination the whole of the valuable altar cloths were found to be cut to shreds, the crucifix on the high altar was thrown into the stove, and all the statues and candles on the altars were broken, including a magnificent statue of St. Joseph. The carpets in the sanctuary were cut all over, and the cushions in the pews were slashed, while a candle had been placed in each one ready for lighting. In fact, appearances suggested that everything had been put in readiness to fire the building.

Bishop Paret Denies Story.

The following despatch from Baltimore appeared in the N.Y. Times: Bishop Coadjutor John Gardiner Murray of Maryland, received to-day the first official communication from Bishop Paret in regard to the recent alleged Vatican episode. A cablegram from the Bishop, dated Florence, Italy, read: False report. No refusal. No discourtesy.

Cardinal Gibbons received a similar cablegram. The cablegrams are dated May 16 and it is thought that their despatch followed the first news received by Bishop Paret of the story circulated in America of the Pope's refusal to grant him an audience. Cardinal Gibbons, who gave Bishop Paret several letters of introduction, including one to Cardinal Merry del Val and another to the Rector of the American College in Rome, has all along declined to discuss the matter personally, although a member of his household expressed the opinion that there must have been some mistake about the despatch stating that an audience with the Pope had been refused to Bishop Paret.

Dies at 119 Years.

With the death of "Paddy" Blake, in Clare, there has passed away the oldest man in Ireland, at the ripe age of 119, says a special despatch to the N.Y. Herald. "Paddy" was twice married, and worked as a farm laborer all his life, without ever having gone beyond the boundaries of his native county. All through his life he is said to have been a hearty eater, and to the last he smoked the strongest tobacco. "Paddy's" grandfather, who was one of the defenders of Limerick city during the siege of 1691, died, it is said, at the age of 120.

The Quest of May.

Where wanders April, My Lady April, With feet of fleetness And small hands white— The blush of morning, Her cheeks adorning, Her eyes twin stars and Her hair sunlight?

At dawn she lay in yon ferny hollow— The green moss pillowed her drowsy head, The white narcissi kept watch about her And apple blossoms made soft her bed.

She loved her face in the running water, Her feet of fleetness, her small hands white, She twined her hair with the red wind-flowers, And sped away in the morning light.

Her laughter rang with the woodland's music, But clearer, sweeter, the woods will tell, And far away as the south wind sighing, Her voice went echoing through the dell.

What sang my fair one, My Lady April, With lips of laughter And voice of song— Oh! winds a-blowing, Green grass a-growing, What sang my fair As she sped along?

She filled her hands with the wild wood violets— (So faintly fragrant as joys long dead), She laid them close to her warm white bosom, "For memory's sake, Blue Eyes," she said.

And bending over the yellow jonquils, She kissed them fondly, then cast them wide— "For dreams are often and dreams are golden, But few there are in the world," she sighed.

"Now, Hope will find ye, and Love may bind ye, But Age shall know ye for mine," she said— The gold dream-flowers from Spring's own bowers, In Tir na nOge," then away she fled.

Oh! lost my April, Nor found my April, White flower of Beauty Light breath of song, Up! Joy and Laughter, Swift follow after— Some where she tarries, Time's road along. LOTTIE M. MORGAN. Montreal, May 2, 1910.

WHEREAS, in and by the 1st part of Chapter 79, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, and known as "The Companies Act," it is amongst other things in effect enacted, that the Secretary of State may, by letters patent, under his Seal of Office, grant a charter to any number of persons, not less than five, who having complied with the requirements of the Act, apply therefor, constituting such persons, and others who thereafter become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a Body Corporate and Politic for any of the purposes or objects to which the Legislative authority of the Parliament of Canada extends, except the construction and working of Railways or of Telegraph or Telephone lines, or the business of Banking and the issue of paper money, or the business of Insurance, or the business of a Loan Company, upon the applicants therefor establishing to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State due compliance with the several conditions and terms in and by the said Act set forth and thereby made conditions precedent to the granting of such charter; And whereas George Plunkett Magann, of the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, contractor; John Francis Cahill, journalist; Henry Judah Trihey, advocate; and Michael Thomas Burke, law student, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and William Patrick Kearney, of the Town of Westmount, in the said Province of Quebec, advocate, have made application for a charter under the said Act, constituting them and such others as may become shareholders in the Company thereby created, a Body Corporate and Politic, under the name of "Tribune Press, Limited," for the purposes hereinafter mentioned, and have satisfactorily established the sufficiency of all proceedings required by the said Act to be taken, and the truth and sufficiency of all facts required to be established previous to granting of such Letters Patent, and have filed in the Department of the Secretary of State a duplicate of the Memorandum of Agreement executed by the said applicants in conformity with the provisions of the said Act.

Now know ye, that I, the said Charles Murphy, Secretary of State of Canada, under the authority of the hereinbefore in part recited Act, do by these Letters Patent, constitute the said George Plunkett Magann, John Francis Cahill, Henry Judah Trihey, Michael Thomas Burke and William Patrick Kearney, and all others who may become shareholders in the said Company, a Body Corporate and Politic, by the name of "Tribune Press, Limited," with all rights and powers given by the said Act and for the following purposes and objects, namely: A. To engage in a general printing and publishing business, including the business of embossing, lithographing, engraving, book-binding, electrotyping, stereotyping, photo-engraving, manufacturing and dealing in paper boxes and stationery, and the printing, publishing, circulation and dealing in newspapers, books and publications of all kinds; B. To manufacture and deal in paper, machinery and other articles necessary or useful in carrying out the objects of the Company; C. To carry out the business of general traders in and manufacturers of goods, chattels, and merchandise, and supplies which can to advantage be dealt in by the Company in connection with the above business; and to purchase or otherwise acquire, sell, use, lease or otherwise dispose of buildings, plant and machinery necessary or incidental to the business carried on by the Company; D. To acquire, hold, lease, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of shares, stock, deposits or securities in any corporation carrying on business with objects similar to those of this Company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this Company notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of the said Act; E. To invest or use the moneys or assets of the Company in such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined, including the purchase of stock in any other corporation; F. To sell, lease, exchange or otherwise dispose of in whole or in part the property or undertaking of the Company for such consideration as may be agreed on and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other Company; G. To amalgamate with any other Company having objects in whole or in part similar to those of this Company; H. To do all acts and exercise all powers and carry on all business incidental to the carrying out of the objects for which the Company is incorporated and germane to these objects; I. To purchase or otherwise acquire and take over the undertakings, properties, assets and liabilities, or in the alternative the capital stock of the True Witness Printing and Publishing Company, Limited, and to pay therefor wholly or partly in cash or wholly or partly in paid up shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company. The operations of the Company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere. The place within the Dominion of Canada which is to be the chief place of business of the said Company is the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec. The Capital Stock of the said Company shall be fifty thousand dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred dollars each, subject to the increase of such Capital Stock under the provisions of the said Act. That the said George Plunkett Magann, John Francis Cahill and Henry Judah Trihey are to be the first Provisional Directors of the said Company. Provided always that nothing in these Presents expressed or contained shall be taken to authorize the construction and working of Railways

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Colonist Excursions ONE WAY SECOND-CLASS COLONIST TICKETS to Western Provinces in Canada, and United States on sale until April 15th, 1910, at greatly reduced fares.

Homeseekers' Excursions HOMESEEKERS' ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS to Western Canada via Chicago, on sale Tuesday, April 5th, and every second Tuesday thereafter until September 20th, at very low fares.

Western Canada The Finest Farming Country in the World is to be found along the line of the GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY in the Provinces of Manitoba, Alberta, and Saskatchewan. Descriptive literature with beautifully engraved maps, and giving full information about Free Homesteads and how to obtain them free, can be had at any G.T.R. Ticket Office.

CITY TICKET OFFICES, 130 St. James St. Phone Main 6905, 6906 6907, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

Manitoba, Saskatchewan & Alberta April 5, 1910 May 3, 17, 31 June 14, 28 July 12, 26 August 9, 23 Sept. 6, 20, 1910

TICKETS GOODS FOR 60 DAYS

City Ticket Office 130 St. James Street, near Post Office. Telephone: Main 3732-3733, or Place Viger and Windsor Street Stations.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

BONAVENTURE UNION DEPOT

TRAIN SERVICE

EXPRESS 7 40 a.m. Except Sunday St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Lévis, Québec, Nicolet and St. Francis. 12 noon Daily St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Lévis, Québec, Montigny, Rivière du Loup, Rimouski and St. Francis. 12 noon Except Saturday For above-named Stations and for Little Metis, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Halifax and Sydney. 4 p.m. Except Sunday St. Lambert, St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Nicolet and intermediate stations. All Sleeping, Dining and Passenger Cars leaving Montreal are supplied with purest spring water from the celebrated Sagouin Mountain Springs situated near Campbellton, N.B.

PATENTS

WE SECURE THE BUSINESS OF MANUFACTURERS, ENGINEERS AND OTHERS WHO REALIZE THE ADVANTAGE OF HAVING THEIR PATENT BUSINESS TRANSACTED BY EXPERTS. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Superior Adviser sent upon request. MARION & MARION, NEW YORK (INCORPORATED IN MONTREAL) and Washington, D.C. U.S.A.

MENEELY BELL COMPANY

22, 24 & 26 RIVER ST., 177 BROADWAY, TROY, N.Y., NEW YORK. Manufacture Superior CHIMNEY, SCHOOL & OTHER BELLS.

BELLS

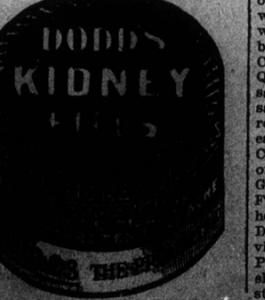
Superior Court, Montreal. Dame Alexina Laurencelle, of Outremont, wife of Béla Barthos, furrier, of the same place, has, this day, instituted an action for separation as to property against her husband. Montreal, March 17th, 1910. GEO. E. MATHIEU, Attorney for Plaintiff.

THE TRUE WITNESS is printed and published at 816 LaGauchetière street west, Montreal, Can., by G. Plunkett Magann.

Oshawa Fireproof Building Materials

You can gain buying from us everything in the line of Fireproof Building Materials for Exteriors and Interiors. Free Catalogue for the asking. PEDLAR People of Oshawa Montreal, Toronto, Halifax, St. John, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at Ottawa, this ninth day of May, 1910. CHAS. MURPHY, Secretary of State. TRIHEY, BERGOVITCH & KEARNEY, Attorneys for applicants.



LIBERAL Outlook of Eng... The following... The Irish... The world... The first... The interval... The Lords... The quality... The mother... The New King... The Tory... The mother... The protection... The on... The lack... The English...