

both sides of us made every attempt to disaffect the parents and children, and even threatened to deprive *both* of the Communion at Easter if they continued to frequent the school. This had but little effect, as only two left in consequence. One woman, a devout Roman Catholic, said: "I do not know what there is in that school different from others, but my boys, who have always been called blockheads, are learning very fast, and if I wish them to remain at home a half day, I am obliged to beat them, whereas I have heretofore beaten them to make them go."

We were ourselves happy in the work, for we felt that the good seed of God's word was being sown in those youthful minds which should one day bring forth fruit to the honor of His name.

We were also encouraged in looking forward to the coming season to the establishment of a Girls' Training School, a project which it had long been the desire of our hearts to accomplish. This state of things continued until the 13th of April, when it pleased the Lord to "smite the shepherd of the flock, and the sheep were scattered."

Mr. Brassart re-opened the school on the 1st of May.

THE REV. CANON BANCROFT'S REPORT OF THE FRENCH TRAINING SCHOOL.

An examination of this Institution was held on the 21st of December, in the presence of the sub-committee, and a few of the inhabitants specially invited. After prayer by the Rector of the Parish, the boys were examined in Reading, Arithmetic, Geography, Scripture and History, and answered to the entire satisfaction of the sub-committee. Their thorough acquaintance with grammar was shown by the readiness with which they analyzed passages submitted to them, and it was easy to perceive that they had been well grounded in the studies which they had pursued. At the request of the head-master the Committee had consented to the admission into the school for the three months previous, as *paid* scholars, the sons of two of the Clergymen composing the Committee. One of the boys only was present at the examination, and the great progress made by him in the short period of three months demonstrated how valuable such Institutions might be made for the acquisition of the French Language, by the children of Protestant parents. Hymns were sung by the boys, in a way to show that this important part of their education had not been neglected. This was Mr. Fronteau's last appearance as the head-master of the school, and a short address was made to him after the examination, expressive of the satisfaction of the sub-committee, with the progress which the boys had made in their studies, and their hope that he would be prospered in the new field of labour which he had selected.

The school has now re-opened after the Christmas recess, with twelve scholars under the temporary charge of Mr. DeMouilpied, assisted in the Eng-