

REDS MADE WHITE SOX LOOK LIKE PIKERS IN FINAL AND DECIDING GAME OF SERIES

Final Game of World's Baseball Championship Contest Developed into a Laughable Comedy With Reds on Long End by 10-5 Score.

BETTER TEAM WON OPINION OF ALL

From Start to Finish of Series National Champions Have Had the Edge on Comiskey's Warriors.

Special to The Standard. (By Joe Page.)

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 9.—The World's Series classic for 1919 is at an end, the Reds being on the long end by five to three games over the White Sox. The final game today was nothing more nor less than a farce, which started with the call of play. Williams, who was in the box for Gleason's men, had nothing but his glove and was driven to cover after four runs were corralled of him, with two triples and a pair of doubles. James, who succeeded him, was anything but effective and he was rescued at the half-way station. Wilkinson then started to try and hold his own, but he was out of luck. The Sox were better than his predecessors it was far from being major league twirling. On the other hand, with the exception of the second inning, when Jackson scored a run with a stinging home run drive into the right field bleachers, Eller, with the assistance of some very fine fielding, had his hand on the tiller until the eighth inning, when he eased up, and before he got going again Comiskey's men had scored four runs by hard and timely hitting. Again in the ninth the Sox were better, but Eller tightened up and disposed of them without a run, although Murphy, pinch hitting, reached first on a hit, and after Liebold had died out, Collins drove out another hit which sent Murphy to third, where he was stranded for want of a hit, and the series over.

Looking the team play over, Duncan and Rousch showed marked superiority over Jackson and Felsch in all departments of the game. Collins and Liebold may have had a shade on Neale, but very little. Daubert, Groh and Rath were fully up to the White Sox batmen. Collins, who was looked upon as far superior to Weaver, was lucky to get an even decision in the series, and as for Kopf he had more than his left foot to thank the Swede for his performance. Collins and Liebold may have proved himself a wonderful and game little catcher, but very little on the work of either Rath or Wingo in so far as the World Series games are concerned. There is no doubt but that the better team won with the better manager of the two handling them. Pat Moran's extra, Tom Wall, well and favorably known wherever the Canadian Pacific runs, made the star catch of the game to date, taking a hot foul tip with his bare hand in the prosaic box of Weaver's hit. It is autographed by Hugh Fullerton and Christy Matthewson. (Continued on Page 8.)

HEIRS SEARCHING FOR TREASURE OF AN ECCENTRIC Supposed to Have Hidden \$30,000 in Cash About the House or Buried it in the Field.

Special to The Standard. Moncton, N. B., Oct. 9.—Recently a well-known resident of the eastern end of Westmorland County, who lived in the vicinity of Cape Tormentina, the mainland terminal of the P. E. I. car ferry, died, leaving quite a large estate, real and personal property. The deceased was known to have had in the vicinity of thirty thousand dollars in cash, but no trace of the money has been found since his death. His heirs are making diligent search of the premises for the supposed hiding place of the money, but so far have been unable to locate the small fortune. It is the belief that the deceased had buried his money somewhere on his farm and a vigorous search to find it is now being prosecuted by those who would fall heir to it.

PRESIDENT HAS ANOTHER GOOD DAY

Physicians Report His Progress Will Be Necessarily Slow.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 9.—President Wilson continued to improve today, his doctors said that they expect his recovery to progress very slowly, and it might be considerable time before they would permit him to resume work. Dr. Grayson issued the following bulletin at 10 o'clock tonight: "The President has had another good day."

BOX SCORE. Cincinnati— AB R H PO A E. Rath, 2b. 4 1 2 2 2 0. Daubert, 1b. 4 2 2 8 0 0. Groh, 3b. 6 2 2 1 1 1. Rousch, c. f. 3 2 2 1 0 1. Duncan, i. f. 3 1 1 3 0 0. Kopf, s. 3 0 1 4 0 0. Neale, r. f. 3 0 1 4 0 0. Rariden, c. 5 0 2 7 0 1. Eller, p. 4 1 1 0 0 0. Total 36 10 16 27 6 2. Chicago— AB R H PO A E. Liebold, c. f. 5 0 1 2 2 0. E. Collins, 2b. 5 1 3 4 1 0. Weaver, 3b. 5 1 2 1 5 0. Jackson, i. f. 5 2 2 1 0 0. Felsch, r. f. 4 1 1 9 0 0. Gandil, lb. 3 0 0 2 3 0. Schalk, c. 4 0 1 6 3 1. Williams, p. 0 0 0 0 0 0. James, p. 2 0 0 0 0 0. Wilkinson, p. 1 0 0 0 2 0. Murphy 0 0 0 0 0 0. Total 38 5 10 27 16 1.

\*Batted for Wilkinson in ninth inning. Score by innings— Cincinnati 4 10013010—10 16 2. Chicago 001040000—5 10 1. Summary—Two-base hits, Rousch (2), E. Collins, Weaver, Jackson. Three-base hits, Kopf, Gandil. Home run, Jackson. Stolen bases, Neale, Rath and E. Collins. Sacrifice hits, Duncan, Daubert. Left on bases, Cincinnati 12, Chicago 8. Bases on balls, off Eller 1 (Riesberg); off James 3 (Kopf, Neale, Rath); off Wilkinson 4 (Kopf, Rath, Daubert, Neale). Hits off Williams, 4 in 1-3 inning; off James, 8 in 4-2-3 innings, none out in sixth; off Wilkinson, 4 to 4 innings. Hit by pitcher: By James (Eller), by Wilkinson (Rousch), by Eller (Murphy). Struck out, by James 2 (Neale and Rath), by Wilkinson 2 (Groh and Eller), by Eller 5 (Weaver, Felsch, Riesberg, James, Wilkinson). Lowing pitcher, Williams. Time 2-27.

RETAIL MERCHANTS HAVE NO KIND WORDS FOR METHODS OF BOARD OF COMMERCE

Fifth Annual Convention Came to a Close Yesterday With a Stirring Address by Dominion President Banfield, Who Severely Criticized Mr. O'Connor—Officers Elected For Ensuing Year—Executive Meets in St. John Today.

Special to The Standard. Moncton, Oct. 9.—The fifth annual convention of the New Brunswick Retail Merchants' Association concluded their work this afternoon about 5 o'clock after two busy sessions. The morning session was given over to the introduction and discussion of a large number of resolutions, two of which were referred to the meeting of the executive meeting in St. John tomorrow morning. The afternoon session, which met at 3 o'clock, was given over to an address by the Dominion board president, J. A. Banfield, and the election of officers which resulted as follows:

President, P. L. Higgins, Moncton; 1st vice-president, F. W. Daniel, St. John; 2nd vice-president, W. G. DeWolfe, St. Stephen; treasurer, A. A. MacIntyre, St. John; auditor, H. W. Risling, St. John. For the office of provincial president, there were two nominations, that of P. L. Higgins, moved by William Hawker, of St. John, seconded by A. E. McSweeney, Moncton, and F. W. Daniel, St. John, moved by P. L. Higgins, seconded by T. B. Fricton, Moncton. Mr. Higgins expressed the belief that the interests of the association would be best served by having the principal executive officers all located in the one city, and as a result his name was withdrawn. The nomination was pressed by the mover and seconded, and on the ballot being taken, Mr. Higgins was chosen by 18 ballots to 14. The selection of a provincial organizer and secretary was left over to the executive meeting. The newly selected president took the chair and thanked the convention for the confidence placed in him, receiving three hearty cheers. On motion of A. E. McSweeney, seconded by W. G. DeWolfe, the retiring president, A. O. Skinner, was made honorary president of the N. B. Association and a member of the Dominion board.

Association Praised. Dominion President Banfield in his address dealt exhaustively with the work of the Dominion Association during the year. He expressed gratification at the work accomplished by the N. B. Association during the past year, and referred especially to the progress made by the Moncton branch, holding it up as an example to other associations. Mr. Banfield strongly urged close co-operation on the part of all the associations in order that their voices might be more distinctly heard in the legislative halls. He would not lower himself now to talk to W. P. O'Connor, but would take up his methods with O'Connor's immediate superiors at Ottawa. The interests of the Retail Merchants' Association, he affirmed, were identical from coast to coast. Multiplicity of aims and objects were not good for the life of the body as a whole and should be eliminated. Honest, straightforward dealing with the public should be the motto of the members, and there was

WIFE DESERTION PROBLEM FOR THE BRITISH GOVT

London, Oct. 9.—(Canadian Associated Press.)—The Lambeth Pauper Guardians have decided to approach the Dominion representatives here concerning the problem of wives deserted by dwellers in the Dominion who spent some time here. They propose the establishment of courts here in the Dominions to consider matrimonial cases where the party resides in a different part of the Empire, and that the authority of such courts be respected all over the Empire.

PARLIAMENT TO CONVEY TWO WEEKS LONGER

Vexed Railroad Question Expected to Consume Large Part of Next Week—Interests Working Against Grand Trunk.

MUCH WORK DONE YESTERDAY

Discussion on Oleomargarine Bill Brought Forth Considerable Oratory Productive of Results.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—The railway question will be up for debate again next week. The government, as already announced, contemplates asking parliament for certain legislation, and the occasion is sure to give rise to a long discussion of the railway problem in all of its phases. Certain Montreal interests are said to be making a strong fight against acquisition of the Grand Trunk and a number of spokesmen in their behalf are likely to be heard from the opposition side of the House.

Hopes of propagation by even the most ardent have now definitely passed. The report of the civil service re-classification bill, the railway question and the prohibition measure are bound to take up nearly a fortnight more. Yesterday the House was deadlocked, but did useful work nevertheless. For one thing it extended the time during which oleomargarine may be imported into Canada. Opposition came from Ontario rural members, and the speeches of Dr. Michael Clark and Hon. T. A. Cresser, who between them made out the strongest case for what was proposed, and, in the other fellow, showed themselves consistent in their low tariff views, the opposition died out.

Dr. D. W. Rankine Strongest Man in Car-Vic. Counties

Conservatives and Liberals Alike Flock to Support of Recently Announced Candidate in Federal By-Election for Carleton-Victoria Constituency.

Special to The Standard.

Woodstock, N. B., Oct. 9.—The announcement that Dr. David W. Rankine would be a candidate in the approaching federal election, which appeared in The Standard today, has been received with a great deal of interest throughout Carleton and Victoria counties. Dr. Rankine is looked upon as the strongest possible man in this constituency, and his advent came as a bombshell into the ranks of the Liberal party, which had been looking forward to the unopposed return of the United Farmers' candidates, T. W. Caldwell. Liberals of Carleton were not entirely in favor of Mr. Caldwell, and it is believed that a Liberal would, if successful, take from their party the prestige which might otherwise attach to a Liberal victory, and they were in the main prepared to support his return. The Liberal party, however, is a knock-out for they realize that this year candidates will not only vote in their own county but of Victoria as well, in a measure not enjoyed by the Farmers' nominees, and today all the talk is that the Liberals may get their own man in the field. It is not now probable that a Liberal convention will be held, as time is short, but it will be no great surprise if George W. Upham takes the field to oppose Dr. Rankine. The latter on Wednesday night was visited on an influential delegation from Victoria county, who urged him to run, and this it is said finally persuaded him to enter, for he had previously been impervious to the suggestions of friends nearer home. Dr. Rankine is one of the most prominent medical practitioners in New Brunswick. A man at the head of his profession, he enjoys a reputation reaching far beyond his own home district, and because of his professional practice he will hold the support not of Conservatives alone, but of various shades of Liberals.

MYSTERY SHROUDS DEATH OF MAN AT MONCTON

Moncton, Oct. 9.—Mystery attached to the death of a young man named Foley, who arrived here this afternoon on the Ocean Liner, from Montreal to work for the Railway Construction Company engaged in double tracking the C. N. R. just east of Moncton. Foley was walking into town tonight in company with two companions and not feeling well sat down by the roadside. His companions, the report goes, left him and returned shortly after to find him dead. An inquiry into Foley's death will be held tomorrow.

D'ANNUNZIO HAS SUPPORT OF GEN. CECOPERINI

Fiume, Wednesday, Oct. 8.—(By The Associated Press.)—General Cecoperini, commander of a brigade of Bersaglieri, has reached Fiume. It is announced that he will assume command of the Fiumian army. General Tamato has been appointed chief of staff to D'Annunzio.

GERMANS NOT SATISFIED WITH CONDUCT OF PLEBISCITE IN EUPERM AND MALMEDY

Paris, Oct. 9.—(Havas.)—The chief of the German delegation has sent to the general secretary of the conference a new note, asking that the plebiscite to determine the future of the districts of Eupem and Malmady, which are ceded by the Peace Treaty to Belgium, shall take place under control of a commission appointed by the League of Nations, and including neither Belgian nor German members. By the Peace Treaty, the Belgian authorities in the two districts were to open registers, in which the inhabitants might record within the six months after the treaty is in effect a desire to see the whole or part of the territory returned to German sovereignty. The note asks that the plebiscite, instead, should be constituted under rigorously secret provisions and complaints of several attempts made by Belgian authorities to influence the results of the plebiscite by intimidation of voters desiring German sovereignty.

DEMAND OF BRITISH MINERS AGAIN THREATENS BRITAIN WITH ANOTHER SERIOUS LABOR STRIKE

Backed and Endorsed by the General British Trades Union Congress Their Demands For the Nationalization of British Coal Mines Are Laid Before Prime Minister Lloyd George—Should Government Stick to Its Former Position, Refusal to Accept Sankey Report, Strike Will Follow.

London, Oct. 9.—The demands of the British miners, backed and endorsed by the General British Trades Union Congress for the nationalization of British coal mines, were laid before the prime minister, Lloyd George, by representatives of the parliamentary commission of the miners' federation today. As it happens, J. H. Thomas, secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen and leader of the recent strike, was called upon to head the deputation, which, by presenting to the prime minister the resolution adopted at the Glasgow convention pledging the trades unions to co-operate with the miners' federation compelling the government to accept nationalization of the mines, suggested the nationalization of an industrial crisis of no less importance than that brought about by the railway strike just ended.

Lloyd George, who will be recalled, announced before parliament adjourned, that the government would not accept the minority report of the coal commission, under Sir John Sankey, recommending shorter hours, higher wages and a reform in the ownership system, and suggesting nationalization, but said that the government would substitute some form of joint control of the industry. Robert Smilie, head of the miners' federation, stated the case for nationalization. He was supported by Frank Hodges and William Brace of the miners' federation, the latter president of the South Wales Miners' Federation, and formerly under-secretary for home affairs in the Asquith cabinet. The proceedings of the conference were private. If Lloyd George reiterates this decision today and refuses to accept nationalization, a special Trades Union Congress will be convened to decide upon the form of action to be taken by the miners to compel acquiescence in their demands. The situation is commented upon speculatively in the light of the railway strike, opinions differing as to whether the country may be called upon to face another period of industrial turmoil, or whether the miners will adopt less drastic tactics. The Mail's labor correspondent says, "Should the government prove obdurate it is quite possible the nation will find itself, in a few days, in a position of even greater menace than it faced last week." A general view is that there is not likely to be a resort to another "hitting strike," but may be a lot of miners' meetings throughout the country will be held before anything decisive is done. It is understood that the members of the executive committee of the Miners' Federation are sharply divided, some deprecating strong action following the recent industrial upheaval, while the extremists are said to favor an immediate strike.

DER GOLTZ ARMY TRAVELLING BACK TO GERMANY

Estonians and Letts Making It Uncomfortable for Them and Are Hampering Their Movements.

Berlin, Wednesday, Oct. 8.—The greater portion of the German troops under General Von Der Goltz, whose recall from the Baltic provinces was demanded by the Allies and ordered by the German government, are now on their way back to Germany, according to semi-official information received by the Tagblatt. The advice declare, however, that the Germans are badly hampered in their movements by the enmity of the Estonians and the Letts, who are putting obstructions in the way of their progress along the eighty kilometre stretch between Mitau and Shavil, where an opportunity offers itself to waylay the Germans.

U. S. WILL REPEAL RECIPROcity ACT WITH CANADA

Washington, Oct. 9.—Repeal of the Canadian reciprocity act, passed during the Taft administration and which became a dead letter because Canada did not enact similar legislation, was approved by the house without opposition. The repeal bill now goes to the senate.

SWITZERLAND LUKE WARM TOWARD THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Berne, Oct. 9.—The Swiss committee for the League of Nations is arranging to hold a nation-wide campaign next week in favor of the ad-

STATEMENTS OF SIR THOMAS ARE CONVINCING

In a Concise, Lucid Manner He Reviews the Financial Situation Facing This Dominion.

VETS IMPRESSED BY HIS LOGIC

Gravity of Situation Was Strikingly Confirmed Yesterday by Monthly Balance Sheets of Fin. Dept.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—Sir Thomas White's statement on the financial situation before the parliamentary committee on Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment has created a profound impression among members of both Houses. Sir Thomas' prestige as a successful war financier, as well as his broad knowledge of the economic situation in general, enabled him to speak with authority, and he did not mince words in emphasizing the gravity of the country's position. In a concise, lucid way he showed that the Dominion is bearing colossal burdens; that visible sources of revenue are inadequate to meet our financial obligations; that interest on the national debt, pensions, probable railway deficits and other fixed expenditures, are placing an unprecedented strain upon the treasury; and that finally, even if the country's domestic loan exceeds the most sanguine expectations it will fall far short of bridging the gulf between available income and inevitable expenditure. Grave Situation. The gravity of the situation, thus forcibly depicted by the ex-Finance Minister, received striking confirmation today when the monthly balance sheets of the Finance Department showed that during the past month the national debt was increased by \$55,000,000, or at the rate of over two million dollars a week. Sir Thomas emphasizes that the prospects of increased revenue upon which many base a belief that the future can be depended upon to take care of itself, were not of the brightest. The business profits tax, he points out, was, in the last analysis, a tax upon industry, and, consequently, upon the threshold of world competition in trade and commerce, could not be maintained by Canada without seriously impairing her chances of retaining a factor in the great race for industrial supremacy. The income tax, now at its very peak, could not be relied upon to absorb any considerable portion of expenditure. In the ultimate test, therefore, we had to rely upon an ad valorem basis, and a considerable drop from present high prices would be bound to materially reduce its revenue. Not Desperate. Sir Thomas did not consider the situation desperate, but declares that its seriousness challenged the reflection of the entire nation, and that only the most rigid economy, public and private, can avert the most disastrous consequences. As for the proposition of indiscriminate assistance of any kind, Sir Thomas is absolutely opposed to it. The country, he says, has no money, and what was more, has no possible source from which to get it. He is not, however, in favor of doing nothing. Discriminate assistance he believes possible as well as desirable, and while he does not go into details, he makes it clear that he favors a policy which would enable returned men actually in need to tide themselves over the present trying period. It is fairly probable that Sir Thomas' statement will form the basis of the committee's report. Members of the committee today admitted that they were strikingly impressed, and that, considering the financial position in the light in which Sir Thomas placed it, a report in favor of gratuities was highly improbable. The Liberal members of the committee, including among others such active opponents as Mr. W. G. Kennedy and Mr. Fred Pardee, are placed in a somewhat delicate position. They recognize just as keenly as any other member of the committee that cash gratuities are prohibited by the limitations of the country's financial capacity, but, on the other hand, they are faced with the fact that to take such a stand would be to utterly repudiate the cash bonus plank in the platform adopted by the National Liberal Conference. This plank, they remember, was not blindly launched. It was launched only after prolonged consideration, after the committee responsible for it had the benefit of the knowledge of a number of parliamentarians who had a full grasp of the financial situation, and, therefore, they are not unconscious of the fact that to go against gratuities would be a slap in the face for their political comrades in the House.

herence of Switzerland to the league. Meetings will be held in all important cities and towns.