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BOTTLE OF

a is put up in one-size bottles only. ing else on the plea or promise that I

being no quay wall at the lighters are placed alongs the steamer, upon which

ctually accomplished was in excess rage rate of the port.

al effect of the clauses we have ms, however, to be that while the deliver, and the merchants rethe customary mode or manner of the rate of discharge is to be governed that the requirements and capibilities ipowner. In point of law, thereuther seems from the report to admitted by other parties that the ered from the historic case of Lyle proporation of Cardiff, and it will other than the end from the historic case of Lyle proporation of Cardiff, and it will other than the end of the material words "customship despatch," on which Hultewart largely turned, were missfact, to follow the words of the the charter-party cast upon the an absolute obligation to disparticular contention is correct—ms to us unimpeachable—importers r.c. i. f. contracts, agree to adopt ontaining a discharging clause of lay themselves open to a wide roubles. If geening to use that the

lay themselves open to a wide troubles. It occurs to us that the s would be liable for any cause of iich did not actually arise from ault on the part of the shipowner.

ANCIENT BELL BINGER es Haworth, aged 81 years, into pull the bell rope in St. Paul's dral on coronation day. He rang ell for the death of William IV. accession of Queen Victoria, the of all her children and her two s, and for the accession of Ed-

Annie Laura, before reported oveful Shoals, is likely to go to cargo of laths being landed supervision of underwriters' 60 per cent salvage.

mption uninterrupted means dy and certain death. The nerous offer that is being nade by Dr. Slocum, the great lung specialist. Sunshine and hope for stricken

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### REATMENT FREE.

enable despairing sufferers every-to obtain speedy help before too er. Slocum offers

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re invited to test what this system will do for
ou are sick, by writing for a E TRIAL TREATMENT

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# ST. JOHNSHMI-WERLYSUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1902.

KING EDWARD VII SERIOUSLY ILL

HIS MAJESTY

Was Operated on For Perityphlitis, Ceremony Has Been Indefinitely Bears the

LONDON, June 24, 12,29 p. m.-The opronation has been postponed indefi-

LONDON, June 24, 12.46 p, m.-Sir Francis Knollys, the king's private secretary, has issued the official medical announcement, as follows:

"The king is suffering from perityphlitis. His condition on Saturday was so satisfactory that it was hoped his majesty would be able to go through the ceremony. On Monday evening a recrudescence became manifest, rendering a surgical operation necessary today.

LISTER. THOMAS SMITH. LAKING. THOMAS BARLOW, TREVES.

LONDON, June 24 .- With dramatic suddenness King Edward VII has been stricken down upon the eve of his coronation. Tonight he lies in a critical state at Buckingham Palace. In spite of the intensity of this tragic interruption the lower elements of Lon-don are "Mafficking" through the flag decked streets and a portion of society, in coronation gowns and jewels, has gathered at what is called a gala commation dinner at one of the fashionable hotels. Even at the gates of Buckingham Palace, within which the ablest surgeons and physicians con-stantly remain in the hope of saving the sovereign's life, the tooting of horns and the sound of other revelries can be plainly heard. That slim gathering which still remains beneath the flaring palace lights is now more bent on celebrating than on sympathizing. Boisterous rowdles driving in all sorts of vehicles, are waving flags they make their noisy way from the west end to Whitechapel. They represent that section of the British public which no tragedy can sober into restrained by law in the celebration in connection with the war and King or no King, they will celebrate the

coronation. It must be admitted that the revellers have been misled by the technical language of the bulletins. They seem to have no conception of the gravity of King Edward's condition. The thinking portion of the nation, however, has gone home numbed by the events which the day has brought forth. Indescribable consternation prevails throughout the country and this consternation is reflected in the cablegrams received from all the centres of

King Edward is in a room facing the gardens of Buckingham Palace, far from the street and the crowd. If tonight's progress is maintained, he will probably tide over the effects of his severe operation, which has success- be lost. fully removed the local trouble. But should any complication occur, such as septic peritonitis or bloodpoisoning, it is feared His Majesty's present physical and nervous condition would prove unequal to the strain involved. There is, consequently, intense anxiety as to the outcome.

CORONATION

Majesty would have been dead before now except for the operation. His condition became so alarming and asked: "How does the rang and asked: "How does the rang death might ensue before the surgeon's it "

death might ensue before the surgeon's it "

Upon receiving an assuring reply, exerted herself to panied by alarming symptoms of mortification, constituted the emergency which demanded an immediate opera tion. To the last the King tried to avoid this, and he was willing to be carried to the abbey for the coronation ceremony in order that it should occur Alexandra was enlisted, however, and

operation which, even in the skilful hands of England's best surgeons, was fraught with grave danger, Shortly before 2 o'clock this after-noon His Majesty was moved from his anaesthetic was administered. Sir Frederick Treves made the incision near the patient's groin and carried it upward with an outward slant for nearly four inches. The obstruction

royal patient was prepared for the

in the affected intestine. King Edward's first word when he returned to consciousness were to ask for "George" and the Prince Wales, who was waiting in the next room, was immediately admitted to

his father's presence. While the operation was being utterly deserted and an impressive silence reigned throughout the building. The equerries talked in whis-pers; servants tiptoed about and the tension grew almost unbearable. Then the word was passed around: "All had gone well." Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour then went in to congratulate unbind Queen Alexandra and afterwards as informal and perhaps historic discus sion occurred between the Prince of and hugging demijohns of liquor, as Wales and the Duke of Cannaught and Lord Salisbury, Mr. Balfour and several other members of the cabinet. All the royal princes called personally on the Prince of Wales and bade The majority of their will leave London tomorrow morning

for their respective countries. An order issued tonight by the Arch bishop of Canterbury and the Arch bishop of York, appointed special forms for the intercession services to

be held next Thursday. The best informed opinion places the date of the coronation in about three months, providing King Edward progresses well in the meantime. In spite of the royal wish that the provincial celebrations be carried out as arranged, many towns have abandoned the festivities which were to be held.

Among the hundreds of postpone ments caused by the sudden illness of the King is that of the publication of the list of coronation honors.

The harvest Portsmouth expected to reap from the naval review will nov

Queen Alexandra has borne strain of the past week with the bravest spirit. She was always fearful of what might happen. Her Majesty took her part in the festivities at Asopt and elsewhere without revealing any sign of her inward anxiety, and when she was told today that an The King's doctors believe that His! operation was imperative and that the

poned, she quietly answered: "Have I not felt that this would happen?"

appear cheerful and to devise means to lessen the King's grief and disap-

ential quarters that with a view of preventing the disappointment of the public, Queen Alexandra should be enowned alone next Thursday and the King should be crowned in a comparaat an early hour this morning the tively private manner upon his covery. This idea was disc it was rejected as a procedure calcuto the purely relative importance the Queen consort.

other monarchs have cabled anxious inquiries concerning King Edward's progress, and despatches received from all parts of the world reflect the intensity of feeling occasioned by the unexpected news of His Majesty's illwas removed and a tubing was placed ness and sympathy with the British

> THE SCENE IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, June 24.-Of the scene is While the operation was being performed the great central courtyard of Buckingham Palace, so lately the scene of such brilliant gatherings, was the following account for the Associative of the United Irish League, has written the following account for the Associative of the Irish League, has written the following account for the Associative of the Irish League, has written the following account for the Associative of the Irish League, has written the I

> "The work-a-day world goes on i its usual way, whatever tragedy be in the air, and this is especially true of the house of commons, which is even yet bound down with the iron rules that no high dignity or new crisis can

world of London was shaken by the announcement of the postponement of the coronation and the serious illness of the King; for while everybody was of the King; for while everybody was the glaring colors of the decorations been cancelled. waiting to see the ministers enter and on Westminster bridge, which cuts the to hear some news one way or the other, a clerk at a table read out the words of a petition from a provincia town council in reference to the pending education bill.

"The education bill is important, but o have this petiton with its dreary tautology read when the fate of the monarch was in the balance, was one of the grotesque conditions which exasperated and finally got on the nerves

"As the clerk read stolidly on in a muffled voice, the house began at last to interrupt him with discordant and even indecorous cries. But in spite of all this, and in spite even of these grotesque shouts, there was that about the place which showed that something was in the air that shocked, saddened

and even affrighted men. "It is no exaggeration to say that there was a look of far more profound depression about the house than even in these awful and trying hours for Englishmen when the disaster of Colenso and Spion Kop seemed to make the whole fabric of the Empire reel. Many of the members looked positively broken. They entered the house as if the illness were heirs and as if a blow had fallen upon them.

"The local petition was at last finshed, the cries ceased, and there fell a sombre and solemn stillness on the house when Mr. Balfour and the other ministers filed in Spontaneously and universally hats were taken off whe Mr. Balfour rose and announced that he had a message to deliver in reference to the King. The house of com mons always looks its best and most impressive when it is thus uncovered. It is the custom for hats to be kept on and therefore the mere act of uncovering heads gives to the familiar plac a certain unusualness of look and a certain solemn exaltation, and so it was today when Mr. Balfour rose.

"Mr. Balfour is not a man who ever shows much feeling. As is said of him by some of his most severe critics, he has much sentiment but no feeling. Today, however, nobody could deny that for once Mr. Balfour seemed to be a break in his voice that he announced No chemical the seriousness of the King's condition and the fact that the operation had been already performed.

"There was no display of feeling until Mr. Balfour came to the point where he foreshadowed the statement that the surgeons were hopeful of the result. It was an evidence of how keen the feeling was that he was not allowed to conclude his sentence. There was an anticipatory and big outburst of cheers from all parts of the house.

"Mr. Balfour's statement occupied but a few moments and it was follow-Campbell-Bannerman, the leader of the opposition. Then the whole scene and but for the general air of the scene was not impressive.

curred. But there was a certain life-lessness in it all, and as is usual when something tragic is in the air, the real life of the house was in the lobbles and not on the floor. The members gathered in groups. King Edward was the one topic of conversation. There was nothing but regret and sympathy, the tragic elements of the case broke down all barriers, and men only thought of the suffering fellow man stricken down at the moment when, if ever, the hand of cruel fate ought to have been stayed.

"The excitement was brought to a climax when a report spread like wildfire that the King was sinking. This was soon followed by a report that His Majesty was actually dead. A shiver, as of the passing of the Ange of Death, passed over everybody.

"The place to go at that moment for the latest information was the nouse of lords. The false report of King Edward's death came at twenty inutes past 4 o'clock and at half-past There was an unusually full attendance, and so many ladies press ed for admission that they had to be remonstrated with by the attendants and the poor things were rather hus

"The peers had to begin like the commons, with some commonplace business, the reading in dumb show of some documents and other trivialities, but this did not last long.
"Lord Spencer is now the leader o the liberal party in the house of lords;

the liberal party in the house of lords; the Barl of Kimberley is dead and Lord Rosebery has retired. Lord Spencer used to be a regular Rufus, with red hair and long, flowing red beard. He was called the "Red Earl" the coronation ceremonies, and it is the days when Ireland was in the of the great struggle of the and league, but he has grown gray with the years, and today when he erose he was pallid and evidently un-served. He asked the question with just a sentence and a half of sym-pathy, after the terse fashion of Eng-

"Lord Salisbury was more lengthy, Indeed, to tell the truth, he appears to many as if he was dumsily lookusual felicity of language had desert ed him. It was not a very impressive scene, but it was thought to be rather striking than the scene in the

most fashionable gatherings, has been almost abolished this year by the bad weather. Today the sun was blazing and the ladies came out like butterflies after a shower. Never was the terrace so thronged, so gay and so tumultuous as on this day of fright and grief. There was something and grief. There was something scene and if anything were wanting

flapped lazily sultry air, the vast crowds passed slowly by and the huge and groaning busses stood in rows of six and seven at a time.

"The tide of life flows on strong and tumultuous while the King is fighting with death.

### AT CANADA'S CAPITAL.

OTTAWA, June 24.-It is impossible to adequately describe the feelings of citizens of the capital today, when the news came that in consequence of the serious illness of His Majesty the coronation proceedings had been in-definitely postponed. Everybody wondered what the outcome would be. Hons Scott and Sifton were the only ministers in town, and the responsibil-ity of taking action devolved upon the secretary of state. It did not take Mr. Scott long to make up his mind. Pro? priety as well as expedience pointed to prompt cancellation of arrangements for celebrating the coronation throughout the domonion. Some officials of the government began searching for precedents, but Mr. Scott thought the occasion sufficiently important to war-

rant creating a precedent. He accordingly telegraphed to Sir Richard Cartwright, who was at Kington, and Hon. Mr. Fisher, who was in Montreal, to come to Ottawa at once. The latter arrived at noon and Sir Richard at 5 p. m. Pending their arrival the secretary of state saw Sir Henry Strong, administrator of the government, and the chief justice promptly approved of Mr. Scott's suggestion to issue a proclamation revokng that of May 24th, setting apart Thursday next as a day of public thanksgiving and rejoicing throughout Meanwhile telegrams of enquiry were pouring in from all parts of Canada and Mr Scott saw that decisive action was essential. He accordingly handed to newspaper correspondents a draft of his proclamation in order that the widest publicity might be given to it as early as possible. A curious error appears in the first draft. Usually a royal proclamation is issued in the name of the sovereign. The draftsman, anxious to explain a reason for cancellation of the holiday and to express sympathy with the King in his illness, made it appear that the proclamation was issued by the secretary of state instead of by the sovereign It was therefore telegraphed all over the country this afternoon in this form:

but a few moments and it was followed by a few words from Sir Henry Camada—Edward the Seventh, by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great British and Detailed in an Ireland and of the British dominions beyond the seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India—To all whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern; Greeting:

"The house then went on with the "The house then went on with the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great British dominions beyond the Sex, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India—To all whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern; Greeting:

Proclamation—A. Power, acting deputy of the minister of justice, Canada. Whereas, by our proclamation, dated the twenty-fourth day of May last, Thursday, twenty-sixth day.

of June instant being the day fixed for the coronation of His Majesty King Edward the Seventh, was appointed and set apart as a public holiday to be observed as a day of public thanksgiving rejoicing throughout our dominion of Canada, and whereas owing to the deeply regretted illness of His Majesty the coronation has been indefinitely postponed. Now, therefore, know ye that we have thought fit by and with the advice of our privy council of Canada to withdraw the said proclamation and revoke the same. Of all which our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and to govern themselves accordingly.

The secretary of state has notified all parties concerned in the cancellation of the public holiday.

The council met shortly after 5 0'-

The council met shortly after 5 o'clock, at which there were present Cartwright, Scott, Fisher and Sifton, and shortly before six a royal procla-mation was issued as an extra of the Canada Gazette. It reads as follows: Canada Gazette. It reads as follows:

Whereas, by our proclamation date of the
24th of May last, Thursday, the 25th day of
June inst. being the day fixed for our coronation, was appointed and set apart as a
public holiday to be observed as a day of
public thanksgiving and rejoiding throughout our dominion of Canada, and whereas
owing to our liness the coronation has been
indefinitely postponed.

Now therefore know that we have thought
fit, by and with the advice of our privy
council for Canada, to withdraw the said
proclamation and to revoke and cancel the
same.

Of all which our loving subjects, etc.

Many important questions will have to be considered as the result of the King's regrettable illness. One of the luestions which was frequently heard today was: "What will happen to the coronation contingent?" Col. Pinault said that Wednesday, July 2nd, had been fixed as the day of the departure of the Canadian troops from Liverpool for home, and he had not the

other medical men in Ottawa stated that such an operation as that which was performed today was a most seri-ous one on a man of the King's years. The allment is said to be an aggravated form of appendicitis, affecting not only the yeriform appendix, but extending to the caecam, the main duct of the intestines, Today's bulletins are of an optisiotic character, but it is remarked that this is usually the case with medical men on the occasion of the illness of a distinguished person-

age.
The director of state cabled to of the government. Earlier in the day a message came from the premier ness all coronation arrangements had

LONDON, June 25, 4.45 a. m .- Sir of the crowds was relieved by the ap-Frederick Treves, Sir Francis Laking and Sir Thomas Barlow remained at Buckingham Palace al lnight. The Associated Press learns that Slowly dispersed

about midnight last night His Majesty enjoyed some refreshing sleep. morning the officer of the guard at Buckingham Palace informed a repre- good" from men, many of whom were sentative of the Associated Press that he understood there was no new developments in the King's condition. At that hour the palace was everywhere closed and there were no signs

of life about the building except the sentries outside and a small lot of messengers and reporters awaiting a possible bulletin THE KING'S LAST WORDS. LONDON, June 25 .- The Daily Telegraph this morning says that

King Edward was told that an operaion was imperative he exclaimed: "Operation or no operation, I wont disappoint the people. I must go to

NATURE OF KING'S ILLNESS.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Dr. Cyrus Edson explained the King's illness and the operation today as follows:
"Perityphlitis is inflammation, including the formation of an abscess, of the tissues around the vermiform appendix, and hence perityphlitis is hard to distinguish at once from appendicitis. Usually an operation is perityphlitis is hard to distinguish at once from appendicitis. Usually an operation is necessary to ascertain whether the appendix or the surrounding tissues is diseased. In the King's case there is probably an abscess at the head of the large intestine where the appendix begins, and the operation today was an immediate necessity, because the abscess had to be got at and emptied of its contents or pus. Of course I cannot say what further than the abscess was discovered by the surgeons—that, to what extent the inflammation had affected that part of the King's body. Under ordinary circumstances he ought to recover in three or four Canada. The approval of four ministances he ought to recover in three or four ters, a quorum of council, was required to authorize Sir Henry to issue a proclamation, and this approval could not be secured until after 5 p. m. side, low down."

LONDON, June 24.-Inquirers at Buckingham Palace at ten o'clock tonight were in-formed that King Edward's condition was unchanged and that he was still doing well.

LONDON, June 24.—The following bulletin was issued at 11.10 p. m.:

"The King's condition is as good as could be expected after so serious an operation. His strength is maintained. There is less pain, and His Majesty has taken a little nourishment.

"It will be some days before it will be possible to say that King Edward is out of danger. (gigned) (Eigned) "TREEVES,

"BARLOW."

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The president just before leaving the White House for the railroad station sent the following cable-gram to King/Edward: "His Majesty, Edward VII., London: "I ask Your Majesty to accept my sincere assurances of sympathy and wishes for

(Signed) 'THEODORE ROOSEVELT.'

LONDON, June 24.—Just before the ad-journment of the house of commons Mr. Balfour, the government leader, announced that the condition of King Edward had not

Owing to the illness of His Majesty the King's coronation has been postponed indefinitely and proclamation will therefore issue withdrawing and cancelling the one appointing Thursday as a public holiday. R. W. SCOTT.

Secretary of State.

(Special to the Sun.)

HALIFAX, June 24.—Probably the people in none of Britais's colonies feel more deep sorrowfulness over the liness of King Edward than do those of Halifax, and the officials of the British army and navy quartered here. Arrangements had been completed for a martial display second to none that have been seen in this city for years. These have all been cancelled.

General Parsons and Admiral Bedford, on behalf of both branches of the service, are anxiously waiting news from London.

The synod of the Charch of England is in session, and late in the affermon when a builetin was read stating that the King seemed to be progressing satisfactorily, the members rose and in slow and solemn cadence sang God Save the King.

THE CANADIAN CONTINGENT IN LON-

THE CANADIAN CONTINGENT IN LON-TORONTO, June 24.—The Evening Telegram's London cable says: The Canadian troops quartered at Alexandra Palace have been greatly saddened by news from Buckingham Palace, and are naturally much disappointed at the turn matters have taken. They will return on the date already arranged.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier remarked at six o'clock this evening with reference to celebrations in Canada that the matter of holding them must be left to the discretton of the people.

gramme would be adhered to. It might be weeks before His Majesty would be able to bear the strain of the coronation eeremonies, and it would be utterly impossible for the Canadian soldiers to remain beyond their allotted time. Many had left their business at great personal inconvenience, or had secured leave of absence and employers could hardly be expected to allow the men to remain a way four or five weeks longer.

There is no gainsaying the fact that in official circles the utmost despondency prevalls regarding the outcome of the King's illness. The director of the King's illness and the coronation and one or two other Canadian life insurance companies carry risks aggregating a way four or five weeks longer.

There is no gainsaying the fact that in official circles the utmost despondency prevalls regarding the outcome of the King's illness. The director of the King's illness and the coronation at the product of the coronation at the product of the coronation and one or two other Canadian life insurance companies carry risks aggregating at 100,000 on the lite of King Edward. The rate is 310 per thousand per month, and the insurance was taken four months ago by a firm of brokers in London. The pelicies are payable if the death of the King occurs product of the King occurs product of the coronation and one or two other Canadian life insurance companies carry risks aggregating and one or two other Canadian life insurance companies carry risks aggregating and one or two other Canadian life insurance companies carry risks aggregating and one or two other Canadian life insurance companies carry risks aggregating and the day will be observed quietly. The Canada Life, Crown Life, Manifacturers, Confederation and one or two other Canadian life insurance was taken four months ago by a fine product of the strain of the king of the coronation a

LONDON, June 25 .- Midnight: iKng made a decided improvement, and the feeling at Buckingham Palace is very hopeful. His Majesty is able to take nourishment; he had scrambled eggs and a little hock and soda this evening

eral telegrams.

Quiet and depressed, the crowds
waited outside Buckingham Palace for the night's final news. For several hours they kept their patient vigil, wandering aimlessly, but with palpable anxiety, about the open space which fronts the royal residence. For some reason or another a feeling pervaded the crowd that if the King lived until

tonight he would live to be crowned. Shortly before 11 o'clock the tension pearance of a footman bringing a bulletin. The welcome words were

read in silence and then the crowds Among the comments made on the bulletin one could hear the half whis-LONDON, June 25, 4.50 a. m.-At pered words "Thank God" from women twenty minutes past four e'clock this who had waited hours to hear the best or the worst, and the gruffer "That's

in evening dress.

After night the King's palace was practically deserted. Steamers from all parts of the world. which timed their sailings to bring in passengers for the coronation, are reaching England constantly. When the news of the King's illness is received on board there is consternation tion. This is especially true in the case of the White Star line steamer Teutonic, which sailed from New York June 17th. Litigation is already commencing over contracts made with regard to seats accommodations and other arrangements dependent upon

received from all parts of the world is the extreme sympathetic tone of the Irish nationalist press expressing its fervent hopes for His Majesty's recovery.

the coronation and the naval review.

A feature among the endless expres-

sions of anxiety concerning the King

NEW YORK, June 25 .- The following special cable was received today by the New York Medical Journal from its London correspondent, whom they consider the highest medical authority in Great Britain, and who is in intimate touch with everything that transpires at the bedside of the

LONDON, June 25, 12 noon.—The King's disease is perityphlitis following cold contracted nine days previously. His symptoms became rather acute a week ago, but had subsided. and it was hoped that he would go through the coronation ceremony. Owing to a sudden exacerbation early on Tuesday morning an operation was decided upon at ten o'clock, and the operation was performed at noon on Tuesday by Sir Frederick Treves, the anaesthetic being administered by Dr. Frederick Hewitt. The abscess was opened around the caecum, the pus evacuated and the cavity drained. There was no resection of the bowel, the newspaper reports that tubing was required to preserve the continuity of the intestines being entirely misleading. The recovery from anaesthesia was satisfactory. The patient passed a restless night, succeeded by improvement, his condition being favorable on Wednesday at noon.

A DAY OF INTERCESSION.

LONDON, June 25 .- The medical buletins are rapidly posted about London and the same scenes as vitnessed yesterday were enacted today. By noon long strings of carriages were waiting

(Continued on Page Four.)

## MIXED PAINT

Thorne's Pure Ready-mixed Paint,



a combination of pure white lead, linseed oil and for once Mr. Balfour seemed to be moved, and it was with something of dryers. combination or soap mixture. Insist on having Thorne's. It is the best. Ask for our painters' supply Catalogue.

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