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# The Evening Gazette.

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*If you want to know what is going on in the city or the world.*

VOL. II.---WHOLE NO. 350. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

LANSDOWNE THEATRE

MICAWBER CLUB, Lessees.

E. A. McDOWELL, Manager.

And New York Company.

Every Evening at 8. Saturday Matinees at 2.30.

To-night, July 10, Last Performance of The Powerful Drama in Four Acts by NELSON WHEATCROFT.

GWYNNE'S OATH!

Thursday, July 11, a Grand Scienic Production of

LITTLE EM'LY.

PRICES—General Admission, 25 cents, Reserved Seats, 35 and 50 cents.
Seats in advance at the Bookstore of A. Morrisey, head King street.

1690. 1889.

L. O. A.

EXCURSION TO GAGETOWN.

THE ORANGEMEN OF ST. JOHN have chartered the large and commodious

Steamer "David Weston,"

and will celebrate the 12th of July, by an EXCURSION TO GAGETOWN.

THE ARTILLERY BAND has been engaged and will furnish music for dancing on board the steamer.

REFRESHMENTS will be provided by an efficient committee.

Steamer leaves Indiantown at 8 o'clock, a. m.; returning, leaves Gagetown, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

TICKETS 75cts. Each,

which can be procured from members of the order, and at the steamer on the morning of the excursion. RICHD. O. MAGEE, Sec. to Com.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wants, Sales, Found, Lost, To-Let, For Sale etc.; 3 Lines and under inserted for

10c.

each insertion

—OR—

50c.

per week. Cash in advance.

FOUND.

FOUND—On Britain street, a small sum of money, which the owner can have by applying at 98 St. James st.

WANTED.

*Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each time or fifty cents a week. Payable in advance.*

SUMMER BOARD may be secured in a very pleasant locality on the west side of Kennebecasis Bay, one mile from Chapel Grove steamboat landing. Address John S. Edward, Whitehead, Kings Co.

TYPEWRITING—A lady will copy legal and other documents for lawyers, architects and others at moderate terms. Address A. GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—To buy a good Milch Cow. Apply to 157 Brussels st.

WANTED—Board and Lodgings for people who will visit the Carnival. Every person having unoccupied room or rooms should apply at once to MR. H. H. DISTIN, secretary of reception committee at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. Blank forms will be supplied on which to furnish information as to accommodation for visitors.

BOARDING.

*Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each time, or fifty cents a week. Payable in advance.*

BOARDING—A few single gentlemen can be accommodated with board at 49 Mecklenburg street, pleasant rooms, nice location. Apply on the premises.

TO LET.

*Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each time or fifty cents a week. Payable in advance.*

HOUSE on Wright street, Portland, lately occupied by W. P. Dole; now being placed in thorough repair. Suitable for one or two families. Apply H. V. COOPER, 19 Dorchester street.

TO LET—Two Houses, on King St. East, Nos. 219 and 221; containing all modern improvements. Will be let at a moderate rent for the present year. Apply to CHAS. PATTON, corner of Princess and Pitt street.

TO LET—A pleasant and convenient Flat, six rooms, 218 Duke st. Apply at premises.

TO LET—The residence of the late Mrs. Robert Jardine, on the Marsh Road, one mile from the city, known as Woodside, with Stable, Barns, Garden and 25 acres land. Apply to JOHN BOYD, Market Square.

TO LET—In the Domville Building, large and small ROOMS, centrally located remember, pleasant and comfortable small families can be accommodated. Enquire of A L SPENCER, on the premises.

TO LET—From first of May next, the commodious premises, No. 165 Germain street, at present occupied by W. Malcolm Mackay, Esq. This is one of the best finished and most centrally located dwellings in the city; has hot and cold water, gas and other conveniences. May be seen on Tuesday and Friday afternoons from 3 to 5. Apply to W. J. DAVIDSON, 87 Water street.

TO LET—From first of May next, the premises on Sydney street, at present occupied by Chas. G. Turnbull. May be seen on the afternoons of Wednesday and Thursday of each week. For rent and other particulars apply to W. J. DAVIDSON, Water street.

TO LET—Brick Store, Corner Portland and High sts., Portland. A good stand for grocery store, provisions and country produce. John Connolley, Corner Portland and High sts.

R. J. WILKINS,
House, Ship, and Sign Painter,
*Haymarket Square, St. John, N. B*

Orders left at the National by telephone or otherwise promptly attended to.

WATERPROOF CLOTHING.

We have in Stock and continually opening the newest and most desirable styles of

WATERPROOF CLOTHING

for Ladies, Gents and Misses, Youths and Boys.

ESTEY, ALLWOOD & CO.,
68 Prince Wm. St.

JUST OPENING,

A fine assortment of

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

Styles, Quality and Prices warranted to suit. Give us a call before purchasing.

HUTCHINGS & Co.
Mattress and Bedding Warerooms,
101 to 107 Germain Street.
Agents for the Celebrated Ideal Washer.

WEATHER INDICATIONS—Shower, warmer, variable winds.

A PENNY FOR YOUR THOUGHTS!

They're worth more than a Penny; but here they are.

The first of July with its half yearly bills sets me thinking and wondering whether it would not be better for us both, seller and buyer alike, if all merchants did as Hunter, Hamilton & McKay, and rendered their bills monthly. I am sure, when buying my spring goods in April and May, with the 1st of July seemingly so far away, I am inclined to buy more goods than I would, did I expect the bill the 1st of the following month. And I suspect shrewd merchants understand that as well as I do! Why else would they be so anxious to charge the goods; will allow no discount for cash; say they would rather wait for their money.

I can see no other reason why they would "rather wait;" and on the other hand, why will H., H. & McK. steadfastly refuse to do any such thing? Wherein do they make up for the loss of trade arising from not catering for the six months accounts? Only here I imagine; by being sharp and prompt in their collections, they avoid the losses entailed by those running longer time, and do not therefore have "to even up," as it were, by making extra profit from those who pay their bills, for the losses on those who do not.

WALL PAPERS.

I have just received another large lot of new Goods of all grades, borders to match, also, a large variety of plain and decorated window shades.

F. E. HOLMAN, - - - 48 King Street.

HOUSE FURNISHERS HOUSE FURNISHERS

NICE AND COOL.

We have a full line of
Victoria Lawns, Hamburg Allovers,
Swiss and Oriental Flouncing,
Cream and White Muslins,
Swiss Muslins in spot and spray,
Edgings and Insertions to match.

Daniel & Robertson,
Cor Charlotte and Union.

GRAND DISPLAY
—OF—
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.
See our Show Window.
KEDEY & CO.,
213 UNION STREET.

DR. SHARP'S ENGLISH TONIC BITTERS.

These well known and unrivalled BITTERS, are given in a peculiar and elaborate Chemical process, from rare plants and herbs, and entirely free from all mineral, acid, and other noxious ingredients, have been found the most useful in Dyspepsia or indigestion, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, and Irritability of the Bowels.

In all cases of Debility; whether arising from illness, fatigue, or other causes, they prove eminently serviceable and afford *incalculable benefit;* and, being devoid of all spirituous and other injurious stimulants, may be given with happiest effects to *young children*, correcting in them the tendency to the generation of worms, and other Bowel complaints.

FOR FEMALES these Bitters are peculiarly suitable, giving tone and vigor to the system, and imparting new strength to the frame, which *protracted nursing* or other exhausting causes may have impaired.

They have been extensively and successfully used by the Medical Faculty, many of whose most distinguished members in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, the United States elsewhere, have given ample testimony in their favor.

These Bitters produce a feeling of buoyancy, removing depression or melancholy, and hence are of great value in the treatment of Mental and Nervous affection. They produce a healthy flow of the secretions, and should be used by all who suffer from

*DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS, NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS. LOSS OF APPETITE,*

And all kindred complaints.

Everybody knows that Sharp's Balsam of Horehound and Aniseseed is the best cough medicine ever offered to the public.

Everybody ought to know that Sharp's English Tonic Bitters cannot be too highly commended for the diseases they are recommended to cure.

The sick should not delay a moment in procuring and using these bitters. Sold wholesale by T. R. Barker & Sons, St. John, and at retail by all druggists. The price is reduced, so as to come within the means of all, to 75 cents per bottle. PREPARED BY

*Sharp's Balsam Manufacturing Company, St. John, N. B., to whom orders may be addressed.*

F. W. WISDOM,
Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating supplies.
Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies

## SECOND EDITION.

### GERMAN INTOLERANCE.

**Is Driving American Business From the Marshall Islands.**

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—News from the Marshall Islands shows that American traders there are being treated with great injustice by the Germans, and that the recent complaints from Americans and English at Samoa are trifling compared with what the merchants on the Marshall Islands are compelled to suffer from German greed and intolerance. The German company is backed by the German consul and practically rules the Islands. Foreigners are at the mercy of the Germans and the American firms are gradually being driven out by them. The natives are much dissatisfied but are powerless. The natives claim that the United States promised them protection and are surprised they are not treated with same consideration as the Samoans.

### THE JOHNSTOWN RESERVOIR BURSTS.

**A Bridde is Swept Away and Other Casualties are Feared.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

SCHENECTADY, N Y, July 10.—It is reported that the bridge was washed away near Fonda owing to the bursting of the reservoir at Johnstown. Some say there has been loss of life but Amsterdam reports state it is believed there was no lives lost. There are washouts between Amsterdam and Fonda. The Associated Press has sent reporters from Albany, Utica and Schenectady to scene of disaster.

**Loss of Life at Johnstown.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y. July 10.—It is reported with some evidence of truth that 15 persons were killed at Johnstown. No telegraphic communication.

### EAST AFRICA.

**Doings of the German Forces on that Coast.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, July 10.—A special from Zanzibar to the Herald says, the German Gunboat Pfiel arrived here Tuesday morning from Pangoni; reports that place was shelled yesterday by five German men-of-war. After the bombardment, Lieutenant Wissmann's force, numbering over one thousand men, landed, supported by 400 German sailors. All the Arabs and black men had retired and Germans declared they had no losses which is improbable. Lieut. Wissmann and his force have occupied Pangani. No German was killed there, in the recent outbreak, and his ruthless destruction of the place seems unwarranted. Mombasa is not unlikely to feel the effect of this and the British ship Turquois is stationed there permanently with her crew under arms day and night.

**To Prosecute Cronin's Murderers.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CHICAGO, July 10. At special secret session of the Executive committee of the Citizens' Association last night it was decided to raise a large fund to aid in prosecution Cronin's murderers.

**Strange Suicide.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

SANFRANCISCO Cal, July 10.—Louis Caplin once Register of this city, committed suicide yesterday, because of the discovery of a shortage of $2000 in the accounts of the Police court clerk.

**The Weather.**

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Indications.—Showers, warmer, variable winds.

### HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

**Queen's Bench Division.**

This afternoon Mr. T. Carleton Allen, as Registrar of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, is taking evidence under a commission issued to such Registrar from the High Court of Justice, Queen's Bench Division, in a suit brought by William Price and others as owners of an iron sailing vessel called the "Aphrodite," versus The North China Insurance Company in which the plaintiffs claim a total loss.

The vessel put into Capetown, was surveyed there and as the estimates of the cost of repairs were so excessive the vessel was ordered to be sold. She was bought by Capt. Geo. Morrisey, well known here, and she is now called the "Wimslow." Partial repairs were made and she went to Barbadoes and thence to this port where she now is.

The evidence of Capt. Nicholsen, Capt Morrisey and the Portwardens of this port will be taken to show the extent of the repairs that have been made and the present condition of the ship.

The evidence is being taken on behalf of the defendents. The underwriters are endeavoring to establish that the abandonment was unwarranted and that they are not liable for a total loss.

**Equity Court.**

The case of Francis L. Theall, et al vs. Lewis B. Saunders was again before the Equity Court, Judge Palmer presiding this morning. The circumstances of the matter are as follows:

The defendant has obtained a rule nisi, calling on the plaintiff to shew cause why an attachment for contempt should not issue against the plaintiffs for violating the terms of a decree of the Equity Court made July 31. 1886, whereby, enter alia the plaintiffs were perpetually restrained and enjoined from trespassing upon or interfering in any way with the defendants occupation of a lot and appurtenances on the West side of the harbor. The defendant alleges that the plaintiff maliciously cut the pipe supplying water to the premises of the defendant where it crosses the plaintiffs land and claims the same is a contempt and violation of the decree.

Messrs. A. A. Stockton and W. Watson Allan for the plaintiffs show cause, claiming they are not guilty of contempt, that they have in no way violated the decree and only did what they had a perfect right to do.

Messrs. Hannington and Wilson support the motion.

The case is still before the Court.

**"Athalie."**

St. Andrew's church did not have the crowded appearance last night it should have had, and it seems apparent that neither foreign nor local talent will draw a large audience to hear Oratorio in this city. Keeping in mind the financially disastrous failures of former years, the board of management very wisely decided on employing only local talent this year, and the local talent did not betray the confidence reposed in them.

The performance of "Athalie" as given by the Oratorio Society last evening has added another laurel to the wreathes already achieved and the board cannot only congratulate themselens on having giving the public one of the best performances yet offered, but they will have the satisfaction of not looking a large deficit in the face today, though not with much balance to the good.

Mrs. Black sang superbly, the music of this grand work being specially fitted for the display of her fine and highly cultivated voice. This talented lady achieved a success last evening that would have caused her to received an enthusiastic reception had not the sacredness of the edifice prevented the ordinary methods being indulged in. With Mrs. Black within reach the society need never go to the states for a first soprano. The other lady soloists acquitted themselves well, Mrs Gilchrist's fine soprano blending very nicely with Mrs. Black. Miss Hea was in hardly such full voice as usual but sang her difficult music with precision and accuancy.

Mrs Patton came off with flying colors for a first performance. The choruses were some of the best work the society has ever done being marked with precision and firmness of attack. If fault could be found it might be pointed out that there was hardly a sufficient attention given to the piano passages, there being a tendency to forte and fortissimo the whole evening. The orchestra deserve special mention showing up well in the Match of the War Priests, Mr Morley at the organ and Miss Bowden at the piano, and it goes without saying what was the effect of their talanted efforts on both instruments. Mr. Bristowe handled the baton well and deserved much praise, it being no easy matter to handle a chorus and orchestra that has been rehearsing under another conductor's beat. One last word of praise for the work done with the society by Mr. Morley. There is a marked improvement in the society since he undertook the conductorship and if the society continues to advance in the future as fast as in the past, St. John will soon have an organization that can render Oratorio second to none in Canada.

HELPED THEMSELVES TO BOATS.—Last night about half past eleven o'clock three or four fellows who wanted to get across the river to Pleasant Point, broke the lock of the ferryman's boat, put up the sail and made their way across, taking with them also a boat owned by Mr. Frank Jordan it being locked to the ferry boat. Another gang broke into the ferry house and stole a pair of oars which they used to answer their purpose in a boat belonging to Mr. Looney The latter has found the oars and his boat near King's mill, and the other two boats were found this morning tied to the bow of the schooner Howard Holder lying near Stetson and Jordan's mill. The ferry runs until half-past ten o'clock, and these parties who are out so late and make such free use of the boats should beware as the offence is punishable by a fine. The ferryman and Mr. Jordan each offer a reward of $5 for information as to who the parties were that broke the locks and took the boats last night.

OUT OF HER MIND AND VIOLENT.—Last evening a woman of apparently sane mind arrived in this city on the western train and put up at Smith's boarding house, Pond street. This morning the propeietor of the house found her lying in an almost insensible condition on the floor, Dr. D. E. Berryman was summoned and besides discovering that the woman was demented, learned that her name was Jemima Lottie, that she was from Maine; and that she was on her way to Shubenacadie, N. S., where her friends reside. Shortly after the arrival of the doctor, the woman became so violent that it became necessary to summon the assistance of several police officers, who, after a hard struggle, managed to iron her. Dr. Berryman has ordered her removal to the Lunatic Asylum.

EXHIBITION COMMITTEE MEETING.—At a meeting of the Electric Exhibition committee, held this morning, arrangements were made to furnish 50 additional horse power for the Thompson electric welding machine which is now entered for the exhibition. This is to many, one of the most interesting machines to be exhibited its use being so varied and numerous. With it nearly all kinds of metals can be welded tempered, forged or shaped by means of electricity. Arrangements were also made regarding the entry of floral and other decorations.

DEATH OF A WELL KNOWN CITIZEN.—Mr. John Risk, a well known broker and commission merchant, died at his home on Princess street last night at 11.30 o'clock. Mr. Risk had been failing in health since May last. He was the son of Mr. Samuel Risk, formerly a large shipmaster here. Mr. Risk was unmarried, and about 52 years of age. His large circle of friends hear of his death with deepest regret.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS AT MARINERS AND MECHANICS DIVISION, S. of T.—Wm Hofman, W P; J Stratton, W A; Joe Scott, R S; Robert Gibson, A R; S Bissett, Treas. Miss W Alice Dunham, F S; Miss Jennie Emerson, Chaplain; F Dunham, Conductor; Maud Comboy, A C; Mary McCabe, I S; Levin Bissett, O S; Abner Secord, P W P; Alice Dunham, Organist.

TAKEN TO DORCHESTER.—Fanny Godfrey the Gagetown murderess, was brought to the city last night, by the Deputy Sheriff of Queen's county. She was taken to Dorchester this morning.

MORE FISH AND STARWBERRIES SENT AWAY.—Today the Dominion Express company forwarded about a ton and a half of fresh fish to Montreal and a large quantity of strawberries to Boston.

AUCTION SALES.—Mr. Lockhart sold this morning 98 Joggins bonds of $500 each at 98½. Also one provincial 6 per cent. bond due 1895 at 110½.

**Of Personal Interest.**

F. W. Cram is at the Royal.

Wm. Richards, of Fredericton, is in town.

W. E. Bennett of the P. O. department Ottawa, was at the Victoria yesterday.

## IMPERIAL FEDERATION

**TEXT OF SIR CHARLES TUPPER'S RECENT SPEECH IN LONDON.**

**Praises for Canada and its People—Loyalty of the French Population—An Imperial Conference Suggested.**

At the annual dinner of the Imperial Federation league recently held in London, Sir Charles Tupper responded for "The Civil Service." He said; My lords and gentlemen, I think I have some reason to complain of our noble and distinguished chairman for the manner in which he has proposed this toast, so far as I am concerned it is true that he has not exhausted the merits of the army and the navy, but I would ask you what has he left me to say in respect to the

CIVIL SERVICES OF THE CROWN?

All that I need say is that I endorse in the fullest manner the able and eloquent tribute he his paid to them, and share to the fullest extent the sentiment that there is no one thing of which the people of this Empire have greater reason to be proud than of the fact that they have maintained and are today served by civil servants whose equal is to be found in no other part of the world. (Cheers). So far as Canada is concerned, the only civil servants sent from the country are the Governors-General, and I need hardly say, for it is well-known to the Canadian gentlemen here, that all Canadians without regard to party distinctions, feel that they owe a deep debt of gratitude to the various governments of both political parties in this country, for the able and distinguished men they have sent to us as our Governors-General, from the first year of our Confederation down to the present time. (Cheers,) I am also glad to be able to say in responding for this toast, that Canada has adopted, to the fullest extent the principles that have made the Civil service of this country so great, so important, and so reliable. (Hear, hear.) Canada has adopted the policy of giving the same fixity of tenure of office, of taking measures to secure the efficient discharge of the duties of civil servants, and has maintained them in their positions with the same zealous regard for the institutions of the country. (Hear, hear.)

THE EMPIRE NOT IN A STATE OF COLLAPSE.

More than this I need not say in regard to the civil services of the Crown, but I may, perhaps, be expected, before sitting down, to make some reference to the great question of Imperial federation so far as relates to the Dominion of Canada. May I, in the first place, say that no one has watched with greater pride than I have done the inauguration of this policy of imperial federation. I may not have been able to go so far as some of the zealous friends of Imperial federation. I have not, for instance, been able to go to the length of saying that this great empire is in the condition that unless some great and radical change in its methods of government are effected, it must inevitably disintegrate and go to pieces. I am not able to say that. (Hear.) And further, I believe it is not the part of wisdom in the interests of the Empire that such declarations should be made from authorative sources at any time or in any place. (Hear.) Yet the agitation of Imperial federation has, in my judgment, done a great deal for the Empire. It has concentrated public opinion, both here and in the colonies, upon the vital importance of preserving the Imperial connection—important in the highest degree to the interest of the Empire as a whole, and to every component part of it. (Cheers.) In that sense it would, I think, be impossible to over-rate the value of the stimulus given to public opinion by this movement. In Canada there are many able and enthusiastic supporters of Imperial federation—(cheers)—but I am compelled to admit that it is not the part of Her Majesty's Dominions in which the principle of Imperial federation is most required, and perhaps this is why it has not attracted the attention of the Government and the leading statesmen of both parties to a greater extent than it has done.

CANADA AND THE EMPIRE.

In the first place there is no portion of Her Majesty's dominions in which there is a deeper seated and more fervid loyalty to the Crown and British institutions than in Canada. We have also shown that the principle of Imperial federation is not necessary to stimulate us to discharge our duty to the mother country in the matter of Imperial defence. During the twenty-two years of her short life, Canada has provided a complete and efficient militia service, and a very considerable permanent military service—larger according to population than that of our great neighbor to the south (cheers), in addition to a military school, of which no less authority than Sir Andrew Clark has declared that it is second to no military school in the world. Canada has done this of herself, for the defence and protection of her country, but she has done more. She has contributed no less a sum than one million pounds sterling per annum from the first year of her existence down to the present time in a way most essential to the defence of the Empire, namely, in the construction of that great transcontinental line of railways which not only connects the various provinces of the Dominion and enables them to act as one confederation, but also furnishes a rapid transit for troops from one part of the Empire to another is only a comparatively insignificant part of its service to the Empire. With even greater pride or satisfaction can we and all subjects of the Queen contemplate the service of this line in opening up to settlement a territory of two hundred millions of acres of fertile land, where stout hearts and strong arms will form the best, the surest, and most reliable defence that this empire can have. (Cheers)

FRENCH-CANADIAN HESITATION.

These, then, are important, and, I think, gratifying reasons why the essential sentiment underlying the Imperial federation principle has not been felt to be so necessary in Canada as otherwise it might be. (Cheers.) But there is still another reason. We have in Canada a large French-Canadian population. We have a Roman Catholic population of some two millions, and one and a half millions of these are French-Canadians and you can readily understand the hesitation that section of our people would feel in taking up the question of Imperial federation or in considering any radical and important change in the constitution of their country when they know that they have in existing British institutions the greatest safeguard for their laws, language and religion that they can have under any system of government. (Hear.) I give you these as reasons why the heather has not been on fire in Canada, why greater enthusiasm has not been shown in the consideration of this question in Canada. In short, Canada is prosperous and contented, and she is eminently satisfied with the institutions under which she now enjoys the freest possible mode of government—institutions which are British in origin and in character, and which we can hand down to our children to the remotest generation. (Cheers.)

A CALL FOR AN IMPERIAL CONVENTION.

Perhaps I may further be permitted to offer a suggestion in relation to this great and important question of Imperial federation. I quite agree that nothing is more absurd than to expect that an elaborate system of Imperial federation can be devised and put before the public at the outset of the movement. We know that at this moment the question is engaging the attention of some of the foremost minds of this country; and it is in my judgment a noble and encouraging sign of the times to see the leading public men of both great parties in the state equally enthusiastic in support of the colonial connection—a circumstance which all colonists cannot but regard with unbounded pride and pleasure. (Cheers.) But, at the same time, it is not easy to keep up the necessary amount of interest in this great agitation unless some practical scheme can be devised which will be deemed worthy of serious and general consideration. I believe myself that it is most important that Her Majesty's Government, with the united support of Her Majesty's Opposition, should see the necessity of summoning, in this the heart of the Empire, the representatives of all the colonies. (Loud cheers.) It is not for the friends of Imperial federation here to say to the colonies scattered through the length and breadth of the world, "You must produce a scheme for our consideration." No progress can be made in that way—hear—though that suggestion come from a source which commands our highest respect and consideration; nor would it, I think, be wise that here, in the heart of the Empire, a cast-iron system should be devised for the consideration of the colonies, who would naturally be inclined to oppose that in which they had not been consulted. (Hear.) I would therefore suggest that means should be taken for a great convention, representing every part of the empire, to consider this question in all its length and breath of detail, and in respect to all its essential principles. (Cheers.) I will throw out one more suggestion, though perhaps I shall be in advance of public opinion in this respect. I believe that if such a convention were summoned, and this question were taken up as a practical question and examined with a view to the adoption of such measures as would give vitality to the principle of Imperial federation, a solution would be found in bringing to bear that most potent of all influences, the principle of self-interest, and that it would be seen to be perfectly practical to adopt a fiscal policy in regard to this country and the colonies, by which each part of the Empire would materially strengthen the other, renewed vitality be given to the powerful link of affection that now binds us together, and a new life be developed by which the colonies would vastly increase the power and influence of Great Britain and Great Britain, on the other hand, become of far greater importance to her colonies. (Cheers.) Apologizing my lord and gentlemen, for having occupied so much of your time, I beg to thank you for the cordiality with which you have received this toast. (Loud Cheers.)

**Situation After the Washout.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

UTICA, N. Y. July 10.—The railroad situation is summed up this morning as follows; the Central tracks are washed away at Fonda and at Aiken. Great damage is done not only at Johnstown but down the Mohawk Valley to Amsterdam. No definite information as to loss of life.

**At Chambers.**

Before His Honor, Mr. Justice, Tuck at chambers this morning in re Stults vs Cameron, on review Mr. A. B. Walker on behalf of the defendant, moved that a judgment of nonsuit be entered on the ground that the writ of summons issued out of the civil court, was irregular. Mr A. W. Baird opposed. Judgment of nonsuit was ordered as moved.

**London Markets.**

LONDON, July 10.

Consols 98 9-16 for both money and account

| | |
|---|---|
| United States Fours, | |
| Do, do. Fours and a half | |
| Atlantic and Great Western 1st | 29½ |
| Do, do do seconds | |
| Canada Pacific | 26½ |
| Erie | 29½ |
| do. Seconds | 11½ |
| Illinois Central | 113 |
| Mexican ordinary | 53 |
| St Paul Common | 58 |
| New York Central | 109½ |
| Pennsylvania | |
| Reading | 23½ |
| Mexican Central firsts | |
| Bar Silver | |
| Spanish Fours | |

Money 1½ @ 1½ p r cent. Rate of discount in open market for short bills 1½ @ 1 5 16 per cent, 3 months bill is 1½ @ 1 5-16 per cent.

**Liverpool Markets.**

LIVERPOOL, July 10.—Cotton quiet with fair enquiry. American mid'g's 6 5-16 bales; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export, 1000 bales; receipts 2,000; American 400 bales. Futures flat at the decline.

**LATE SHIP NEWS,**
**Port of St. John.**

ARRIVED.

July 11.

Schr Olivia, 117, Hatfield, Providence, ballast, V S White.

*Coasters*—Electric Light, 33, Wilson, Campobello.

Schr Mary Grace, 19, Randall, Parrsboro.
" Flora P, 70, Llewellen, do.
" Amy J, 61, Alexander, Alma.
" Lost Heir, 14, Richardson, West Isle'

CLEARED.

Schr Lottie B, 88, Scott, Boston, lumber, S T King & Son.

*Coasters*—Schr Mystic Tie, 32, Stinson, St Andrews.

Schr Arthur, 21, Outhouse, Tiverton.
" Maggie S, 83, Reed, Rockport, NB.
" Mary Grace, 19, Randall, Parrsboro.
" Merlin, 61, Brown, do.
" Electric Light, 33, Wilson, Campobello.
" Lost Heir, 14, Richardson, West Isles.
" J D Poyton, 41, Nickerson, Westport.

**Exports.**

BOSTON. Schr Lottie B, 102,936 ft spruce plank, 20,016 ft timber, 15,158 ft scantling, by S T King & Son.

**Weather Report.**

POINT LEPREAUX, 9 a. m., wind, northeast strong, cloudy, therm 59, one schooner inward, one schooner outward.

SMOKE B. & L. Planet and Neptune mixture, a fine cool smoke. We have also recived a fresh lot of Old Gold smoking tobacco and fresh Vanity Fair cigarettes. WHITEHORNE & Co., City Market Building, Charlotte street.

ONE THOUSAND dozen fresh eggs received to-day by T. William Bell, 88 Prince William street.

## SECOND EDITION.

### DRAMATIC SCENE.

**BURKE IDENTIFIED AS THE MAN WHO RENTED THE COTTAGE WHERE CRONIN WAS MURDERED.**

**No Doubt Entertained That he will be Extradited.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

WINNIPEG, July 10.—There was a thrilling scene in court yesterday in the Burke case when Charles Carlson, standing in the witness box, pointed to Burke in the felon's dock and said: "There sits the man, Frank Williams who rented the cottage from my father, in which the murder was committed. I fully identify him, as I know him perfectly" Burke turned all colors and showed much emotion. Arguments are to be given to-day and a decision reached. There is little doubt that he will be extradited.

### HORRIBLE DISCLOSURES.

**The Madrid was Blown up by Dynamite at Sea.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The Journal this morning publishes an interview with Col. Preston, son of the Haytian minister, who has just returned from Port An Prince. Col. Preston declares there is no doubt that the ill-fated warship Madrid was blown up at sea with dynamite, placed in her hold before she left New York by Gen. Contreras. Col Preston adds that Contreras had the audacity to present Legitime with a bill for $1,500 for blowing up the Madrid and other services rendered during his 3 months stay in New York, and that Legitime promptly kicked Contreras out of the service and threatened to have him shot if he remained in the country 48 hours.

**A Train Ditched by a Washout.**

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BRANDON, Vt., July 10.—The north bound sleeping train from Boston for Montreal on the Central Vermont railroad was ditched by a washout a mile north of this place, early this morning About a dozen passengers are injured; none seriously. The train hands all escaped. The engine and five cars are badly wrecked. Travel will be delayed 24 hours.

BRANDON Vt. July 10.—The locomotive was completely turned over and is now resting on its back. The escape of the fireman and engineer is almost miraculous

There were about 200 passengers on train including some sixty children sent out by the Fresh Air Fund. Most of the passengers have been transferred and proceeded to their destination. It will require all day to clear the tracks.

**Telegraphic Flashes.**

C. B. Barker, ex-M. P. for Missiquois is in Ottawa, said to be pressing his claims to a superior court judgeship for Bedford district, vice Judge Buchanan who will be transferred to Montreal. Hon. W. W. Lynch is Barker's rival.

It is rumored that Hon. Mr. Chapleau is to be appointed Minister of railways and canals.

By the disallowance of the district magistrates Court Act in Quebec, the whole business of the Magistrates' Court reverts to the Circuit Court.

Miss Sarah Tindale headed the list of those who passed the pharmaceutical examination at Montreal recently,

Mrs. Louis Trahart was preparing to go to market yesterday, at Montreal, when she fell down dead in the presence of her family without a cry or a word.

The ecclesiastical authorities at Montreal have decided that the body of the late Peter McDonnell, City Translator, cannot be interred in the consecrated portion of the cemetery.

Sir Hector Langevin was in Montreal yesterday en route for Quebec, Rimouski and Saguenay.

Heavy rains have done considerable damage to the crops on the lowlands near Morrisburg, Ont., but the hay crop will be above the average.

Samuel Shaw who served in the rebellion of 1837, and was chief of police from 1837 to 1848, was buried at Kingston, Ont., yesterday. He was 82 years of age.

Hon. Mr. Costigan who is coming to New Brunswick was entertained at a dinner in Quebec yesterday.

The funeral of the Hon. John Norquay took place at Winnipeg yesterday and was the most imposing demonstration ever seen in Manitoba.

### MONEY AND TRADE.

**Rates of Exchange—To-day**

| | Buying. | Selling. |
|---|---|---|
| London, 60 day | 9 | 9½ p. cent. |
| Do., sight | ¼ | 10½ p. cent |
| New York | ¼ dis | ¼ prem. |
| Boston | ¼ dis | ¼ prem. |
| Montreal | ¼ dis | ¼ prem. |

**New York Markets.**

NEW YORK, July 10.

| | Yesterday Closing | Today Opening | Highest | Lowest | Last | Yesterday Sale |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chi. Bur & Quin | 98½ | 99½ | 100½ | 100 | 100 | 6000 |
| Canada Southern | 52½ | 53 | 53½ | 52½ | 52½ | 1200 |
| Delaware & Hudson | | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | |
| D & Lack | 144½ | 144½ | 145½ | 143½ | 143½ | 10000 |
| Erie | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | 2300 |
| Consol. Gas | 56 | * | | | | |
| Hocking Valley | 15 | | | | | |
| L S J Central | 114 | 114 | 114½ | 114½ | 114½ | 3200 |
| K & T | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ | 4200 |
| Lake Shore | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ | 1400 |
| Lou and Nash. | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ | 5500 |
| Mis. Pacific | 49½ | 49½ | 50½ | 50½ | | |
| N Y & New England | 27 | 27½ | 27½ | 27 | 27 | 1700 |
| Northern Pacific | 63½ | 64½ | 64½ | 64½ | 64½ | 7000 |
| Northern Pacific pref | 106½ | 106½ | 106½ | 106½ | 106½ | 9000 |
| Chi. & Nor. | 32 | | | | | |
| Omaha | 32½ | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 400 |
| Oregon Trans | 32 | 31½ | 32 | 32 | 32 | 700 |
| Pacific Mail | 46 | 45½ | 46½ | 46½ | | |
| Pk & Reading | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ | 900 |
| Richmond Term | 67½ | 67½ | 68 | 68 | 68½ | 20000 |
| St. Paul | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 1200 |
| Texas Pacific | 57½ | 57½ | 58 | 57½ | 58 | 6200 |
| Union Pacific | 85½ | 85½ | 86 | 85 | 85 | 10000 |
| Western Union | | | | | | |
| Wabash | 28½ | 29 | 28½ | 29½ | 29½ | 800 |
| Wabash pref | | | | | | |
| Norfolk & W pref | 31½ | 32 | 32½ | 31 | 31 | 1900 |
| National lead Trust | 53½ | 55½ | 55½ | 55½ | 55½ | 7400 |
| Cotton Oil Tru | 38 | 38 | 38½ | 38½ | | |
| Pac & St Fe | 34½ | 34½ | 34½ | 34½ | | |
| Rock Island | 92½ | 93½ | 94½ | 94½ | | |
| Chicago Gas Trust | 58 | 58½ | 60 | 60 | | |
| E W pref | 58½ | | | | | |

**Chicago Markets.**

| | Yesday Close. | To-day Open | Highest | 1.30 Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat—Aug | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ | 80 |
| Sept | 80½ | 80½ | 81½ | 79½ |
| Dec | 82½ | 82½ | 82½ | 81½ |
| Corn—Aug | 35½ | 35½ | 36 | 35 |
| Sept | 30½ | 30½ | 30½ | 30½ |
| Pork—Aug | 11 50 | 11 45 | 11 50 | 11 30 |
| Sept | 11 55 | 11 55 | 11 57 | 11 32 |
| Petroleum |