ITALIANS OPEN BIG DRIVE ON HUNS

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GENERAL MAUDE, THE BRITISH MESOPOTAMIAN LEADER DEAD

BRITISH AND FRENCH GUNS ARE HERALDING NEW WEST DRIVE

COLES DROPS OUT AT LAST MINUTE; LEAVING RACE TO G. S. GIBBONS AND CRONYN

Soldiers' Nominee Switches and the Local Nominations Close With Only Two Candidates in Field for Federal Election.

LONDON.

George S. Gibbons, Labor-Liberal.

Major Hume Cronyn, Unionist.

E. MIDDLESEX.

J. M. Ross, Liberal.

S. F. Glass, Conservative.

George S. Gibbons, Labor-Liberal candidate, and Major Hume Cronyn, Unionist, will contest the city of London in the coming election. Lieut.-Col. W. G. Coles, the choice of the Great War Veterans' Association, dropped out of the race this morning and has transferred his support to the Union Government candidate, despite his assertion made time and again that he was in the fight to a finish.

Mayor Stevenson, who it was stated would get into the ring at the last moment, decided that it was not up to him to participate in the election, and declared that his name would not appear on the ballot paper.

The nomination meeting was as quiet as a funeral. Reporters and Deputy Returning Officer Richard Bayly were in the majority for some time after 12 o'clock, when Mayor H. A. Stevenson finally drifted in with his statement that he was out of it for the present.

It was not until 1:37 that Major Cronyn, accompanied by J. P. Moore and Ed. Johnston, the two "ditched" candidates of the Conservative machine, and James Flock made their appearance in the city council chambers. Mr. Flock handed over the $200 election fee at ten minutes to two. Mr. Gibbons' papers had been handed to Mr. Bayly earlier in the day.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the nominations were declared closed with the two above mentioned men in line for London honors.

Chauncey Jarvis was declared official representative for Mr. Gibbons, with N. Clarke Graydon as Major Cronyn's choice.

EAST MIDDLESEX.

The East Middlesex nominations were held at Byron Village. The two candidates, J. M. Ross, merchant, of Lucan, and S. F. Glass, arrived at the hall shortly before the hour of closing.

Among those who signed Mr. Ross' nomination papers were: W. E. Grieve, A. J. Blakie, J. S. Cousins, Wm. Marr, E. B. Hunt, D. Anguish, Wm. Oldham, Adam Nichol, G. E. Johnston, George Ardy, James House, Jos. A. Dale, Ed. Winter, Angus Beattie, J. B. Nichol, W. Simpson, J. W. Laidlaw, Rowland Stephens, E. W. Kelly, Wm. G. Pack, J. B. Ring, Geo. Lind, Robt. Marr, Louis Kerridge, G. A. Routledge, Geo. E. Marr, Wm. Taylor, Thos. Ramsay, W. F. McGuffin, S. Demaray, Colin Campbell, J. A. Hughes, Ed. Hughes, Jos. Winters, E. Dunn, J. Fortner, J.

Continued on Page Three.

DROPPED FROM RACE AT LAST MINUTE BY WITHDRAWING CLAIMS

Advertiser Illustrations

LIEUT.-COL. W. G. COLES, who, until this afternoon was regarded as a certain candidate in the local field for the Federal House, but who has dropped out, leaving the race to the two other candidates.

BACKING CANDIDATURE OF LABOR-LIBERAL IN FORTHCOMING ELECTION

The men who signed the nomination papers of George S. Gibbons, Labor-Liberal candidate, were:

Joseph Dean, 635 Elias; J. E. Secker, 713 Richmond; George Terry, 68 Colborne; R. H. Hessell, 60 Pipe Line; J. Maudsley, 206 Richmond; C. A. Berthwick, 643 Lorne avenue; George Jackson, 256 Wellington; Henry Pearse 442 Central; R. L. Kelly, 611 Simcoe; A. Spalding, 684 Queen's; C. Scoyne, 80 Pipe Line; George A. Wakeling, 256½ Dundas; Wilfred H. Buchanan, 10 Rathgar; Alex. Henderson, 4 Leslie; L. Fisher, 491 Central; O. Ellwood, 229 Burwell; L. Rosenthal, 200 Adelaide; Val. A. Glede, 185 Mill; Walter Ellis, 20 Alexander; William Dobson, 244 Adelaide; W. H. Hadfield, 57 Askin; J. McKenzie, 549 Quebec; Jos. Ryan, 495 Quebec; Chas. C. Edwards, 525 Quebec; Jos. Halsall, 444 Dorinda; C. Tuckey, 37 Becher; Geo. L. Bristol, 566 Pall Mall; V. J. Nichols, 17 Euclid; Ernest Powell, 37 Clarence; Fred Powell, 15 Chester; A. F. Vinen, 733 Princess; Chas Mottashed, 725 King; W. Stinson, 908 Princess; J. G. Hussey, 241 Colborne; G. Frank McKay, 412 Rectory; H. S. Bentley, 135 Wortley; John M. McQuire, 766 Maitland; W. A. Cox, 358 Simcoe; E. Dinsmore, 79 Blackfriars; Martin F. Rowan, 16 Moir; J. K. McDiarmid, 508 William; A. McPherson, 32 Grosvenor; H. T. Reason, 518 Waterloo; W. F. Jarvis, 111 Elmwood; Ed. E. Reid, 837 Talbot; W. N. Manning, 525 Queen's; R. C. Eckert, 434 Queen's; W. Heaman, 540 Queen's; E. S. Little, 960 Wellington; Fred C. Wright, 329 Richmond; R. M. Burns, 504 Wellington; Alex. Tytler, 251 Hyman; A. M. Masuret, 585 Colborne; W. Simson, 315 Wolfe; J. F. Nolan, 322 Queen's; John N. McLeod, 15 Evergreen; R. G. Fisher, 90 Albert; James McCormick, 83 Duchess; Charles H. Ivey, 256 Central; John S. Moore, 265 Oxford; Ed. H. Nelles, 274 Huron; A. T. Little, 83 Central; T. H. Purdom, 383 King; C. W. McGuire, 799 Hellmuth; Stephen E. Pocock, 336 Princess; George M. Reid, 262 Central; Thomas Rowe, 270 Ridout; H. E. Boomer, 512 Colborne; A. Talbot, 470 King; W. W. Gammage, 761 William; A. A. Campbell, 794 Wellington; T. S. Hobbs, 530 Ridout; S. Stevely, 520 Dundas; F. G. Mitchell, 618 Wellington; S. K. Manness, 622 Waterloo; F. W. Robins, 124 Wortley; J. N. Griffiths, 355 Dundas; E. O. Graves, 256 Oxford; Jose Gaste, 86 Ridout; Ald. O. T. Keene, 761 Richmond; John Banks, 755 Queen's; W. M. Patten, 247 Dundas; C. E. Trebilcock, 579 Colborne; Ruben North, 328 St. George; Alex. W. Fraser, 77 Stanley; Lew. A. Keenleyside, 487 King; F. H. Ranahan, 762 Maitland; Jared Vining, 32 Marley Place; C. G. Jarvis, 611 Talbot; Thos. Gillean, 417 Dufferin; A. M. Hamilton, 546 Wellington; John Ferguson, 189 Dufferin; J. G. Steele, 142 Duchess; Nathaniel Mills, 98 Elmwood; A. Tillmann, 443 Colborne; George H. Belton, 834 Richmond; Dr. Norman H. Beal, 477 Dundas; Dr. W. J. Stevenson, 391 Dundas; H. C. McBride, 549 Waterloo; D. M. Mills, 335 St. James; John A. Croden, 293 Central; J. K. Campbell, Sydenham; R. C. Struthers, 508 Wellington; W. J. Laut, 502 Colborne; Dr. R. Ferguson, 143 Wortley; John H. Hambly, 340 Adelaide; Dr. J. McWilliams, 419 Dundas; N. K. Wanless, 564 Dundas; G. H. Andrews, 800 Maitland; Lee Turner, 274 Regent; Thomas W. Copp, 51 Wortley; F. E. Harley, 966 Richmond; C. W. Summers, 556 Hamilton; Thomas Shaw, 670 Dundas; Sam Munro, 59 Ridout; Dr. Septimus Thompson, 484 Park; James C. Duffield, 313 Queen's; George C. Raymond, 2 Erie; E. S. Crawford, 18 Evergreen.

DECISION MADE LATE TODAY IS COLES' STORY

Soldiers' Nominee Declares Withdraway Was Not Premeditated Move.

In an official statement given out this afternoon, Lieut.-Col. W. G. Coles, whose withdrawal from the local federal election field was the surprise of nomination day, declared the retirement was not a premediated move.

"It was not until 1 o'clock that we decided, for patriotic reasons, to withdraw," declared Col. Coles, who had announced his intention of contesting the seat as the choice of the Great War Veterans. "We believe that we could have won, but we took no chances on causing a wedge. We will accept the platform o. the Union Government, which is almost identical with that of the soldiers."

DEATH TAKES MAUDE, CHIEF IN TURK WAR

Commander of British Forces in Mesopotamia Is Dead.

AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS

One of Most Successful of the British Generals in Great World War.

London, Nov. 19.—Gen. Maude, British commander in Mesopotamia, died yesterday.

An official announcement issued today says Gen. Maude died in Mesopotamia yesterday evening after a brief illness.

A Brilliant Commander.

Major-General Frederick Stanley Maude, the captor of Bagdad, was rated as one of the most brilliant commanders of the war. After a series of British defeats in Mesopotamia, General Maude was placed in command late last year, and won an unbroken series of successes. Advancing from the Babylonia plains, he captured Kut-el-Amara, where General Townshend's army had been compelled to surrender. He continued his drive up the Tigris, advancing 90 miles in two weeks, and last March captured Bagdad. With the opening of the new campaign this fall he pushed up the Tigris more than one hundred miles beyond Bagdad, his operations being designed primarily to defeat the expected attempt of the Germans and Turks to recapture the city.

A Distinguished Career.

General Maude was 53 years of age. He had a distinguished military record before the war. He took part in the Sudan campaign in 1885, and received the medal with clasp and the Khedive's Star. He served with distinction in the South African war, where he won the Distinguished Service Order and the Queen's Medal with six clasps.

Prior to taking command in Mesopotamia, General Maude saw service in France, where he was wounded. He was mentioned five times in the dispatches and made a commander of the Bath.

From 1901 to 1904 he was military secretary to the governor-general of Canada and later private secretary to the secretary of state for war.

WEST ONTARIO LIST OF LATEST LOSSES

Of 1,158 Names Issued On Sunday Night, 214 Were Canadians.

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—In a casualty list of 1,158 names, issued from the record office of the militia department Sunday night, 214 Canadian soldiers are reported killed in action, 47 died of wounds, 2 died, four missing and the balance wounded, gassed or ill. One prisoner of war is reported to have escaped. The list in Western Ontario follows:

INFANTRY.

Killed in Action.

663366 J. H. Elliott, Campbellville.
513330 Wm. Evey, Almonte.
649168 Amedie Holle, Bonfield.
648453 E. J. Jones, Hamilton.
730507 Harold Lumb, Hespeler.
862895 R. N. Olsen, Falkenberg.
39478 S. J. Symons, Dunnville, Ont.
192870 Sergt. F. A. Carter, Rockwood.
839045 T. H. Meyer, Owen Sound.
2044040 Mervyn Miskelly, Merrickville.
649450 Roderick McDonell, Copper Cliff, Ont.
401118 Corp. Frank Tarr, Monkton.
875213 Corp. W. B. Manary, Holstein.
126775 Sergt. C. A. Card, Elora.

Died of Wounds.

401163 James Dixon, 767 York street, London, Ont.
730358 P. O. Gothorp, Hespeler.
657180 G. L. Ford, Burk's Falls.
739096 W H Duff, Sayuga.
406535 Geo. Greer, St. Catharines.
412627 Wm. Roszel, Hamilton.
772246 Ernest Ladd, Brantford.

Wounded.

174718 Corp. J. T. Woods, 80 Barnesdale avenue, Hamilton.
211014 H. A. Yager, Welland.
773112 Chas. Long, Brantford.
603223 W. C. Fleming, Guelph, Ont.
781342 E. E. Gardiner, Rodney.
425329 A. G. Smith, Pendleton, Ont.
175012 Adam Murray, 109 Gertrude street, Hamilton.

WAR'S FREAKS.

With the American Army in France, Nov. 18.—(By the Associated Press)—The experience of an American sergeant in a support trench has demonstrated that a shell can go within a few inches of a man and not hurt him. Recently the sergeant was standing back of the lines holding his rifle out of the mud by the sling. Suddenly there was a rush of air and the rifle was almost pulled from his hand, followed by an explosion in the mud 30 yards in the rear. The sergeant was knocked down, and when he scrambled to his feet he discovered that the shell had clipped off the rifle stock, leaving only the barrel in his hand.

Fifteen Loved Ones Overseas, Widow Buys a Bond

Advertiser Illustrations

Mrs. Mills, Hill and Clarence streets, one of the Victory Bond purchasers today, who has a unique record of relatives in overseas service. She has three sons, five grandsons and seven nephews in France.

CANADA NOMINATES FOR GREAT BATTLE OF POLLS DEC. 17TH

Early Reports From Ontario, Quebec and Other Provinces Indicate Contest Assured In Almost Every Constituency.

WEST MIDDLESEX.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, Nov. 19.—Duncan C. Ross was today nominated Liberal candidate for West Middlesex, and George Elliott, Conservative.

EAST ELGIN.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Aylmer, Nov. 19.—East Elgin nominations: Unionist, David Marshall; Liberal, W. Charlton.

WEST ELGIN.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Dutton, Nov. 19.—The following were West Elgin nominations today: Unionist, Hon. T. W. Crothers; Liberal, W. Tolmie.

EAST LAMBTON.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Alvinston, Nov. 19.—Nominations for East Lambton resulted as follows: Liberal, Neil McDougall; Unionist, J. R. Armstrong.

NORFOLK.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Simcoe, Nov. 19.—Nominations today for Norfolk were. Liberal, W. A. Charlton; Independent Opposition, J. Alexander Wallace.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Westmoreland—A. B. Coppe, Liberal; Y. O. B. Price, Conservative; S. C. Chapman, Unionist.

York—Nelson Brown, Liberal; Col. H. F. McLeod, Unionist.

ONTARIO.

Kingston—W. F. Nickle, K. C., Unionist; Dr. A. W. Richardson, Liberal Winthe-War.

Frontenac—Dr. J. W. Edwards,

(Continued from Page Three).

BATTERIES BUSY IN NIGHT FIGHT IN MEUSE BANK

French and German "Heavies" Very Active—Foe's Thrusts Fail.

Paris, Nov. 19.—Heavy artillery fighting is still in progress on the Verdun front east of the Meuse, says today's official report. The announcement follows:

"On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery fighting continued actively during the night, especially on the front of Chaume Wood. An enemy raid against one of our works northeast of Hill 344 was without success. Another effort against small posts southeast of Malancourt, on the left bank of the river, also was repulsed by our fire.

"The night was comparatively calm on the remainder of the front."

THE MARIPOSA LOST.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 19.—The steamer Mariposa, which grounded on the rocks in the narrow passage of Sumner Strait, Southeastern Alaska, slipped from its perch and sank at a late hour last night, according to word received here today. The 265 passengers were picked up by steamers and landed at Wrangell.

KAISER REFUSES TO TALK PEACE WITH SOLDIERS

Will Treat Only With Imperial Government or Constituent Assembly.

Petrograd, Nov. 19.—Emperor William, according to Petrograd news papers, has informed the Russian Soldiers' and Workmen's deputies that he will treat for peace only with the legal successor to the Imperial Government or with the constituent assembly.

JORDAN CHANGES TUNE

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 19.—David Starr Jordan, chancellor of Leland Stanford University, and for some time leader in the peace movement in this country, declared in a sermon here yesterday that it was plainly America's duty to go "full speed ahead" with the present war program. The kaiser, he said, had viewed the rise of internationalism and social democracy in Germany with alarm, and realizing that the movements were turning his people away from war had ordered the crushing of democratic France.

ITALIANS OPEN OFFENSIVE AGAINST TEUTONIC HORDES AND TAKE SOME OBJECTIVES

Diaz Forces Driving Upon Austro-Germans In Asiago Plateau Occupy Advanced Elements of Enemy's Trenches—Germans Are Bttacking In Great Strength On Monte Monfenara and Monte Tomba Lines.

Rome, Nov. 19.—Italian forces have begun an offensive on the Asiago Plateau and have occupied advanced elements of trenches, the war office announced today.

Further attempts of the Austro-German troops to cross the Piave have been stopped.

On the front west of the Piave, south of Quero, great numbers of Austro-German troops are attacking the Monte Monfenera and Monte Tomba lines.

THE BERLIN CLAIMS.

Berlin, Nov. 19.—Via London.—Quero and Monte Cornelle, on the Northern Italian front, have been taken by storm, and the Italians have been driven from Monte Tomba, the war office announced today.

BITTER BATTLE RAGED FOR DAYS IN MOSCOW CITY

Thousands of Innocents Killed As Factions Struggle Over the Kremlin.

"RED" FORCES MERE BOYS

Civil War At Ancient Capital More Sanguinary Than At Petrograd.

London, Nov. 19.—The fighting in Moscow between the Bolsheviki and troops of the provisional government has been far more serious than anything that has occurred in Petrograd, according to special despatches received here from the Russian capital. The Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says he talked with a member of the Moscow City Council who came to Petrograd to appeal for help. He was besieged for four days in the council building, from which he made his way to the railroad station through the Bolsheviki lines. He said the real fighting began on November 10, when the Bolsheviki forces seized the Kremlin. They were expelled by a party of cadets, who, in their turn, were killed by the Bolsheviki. The revolutionists later were again driven from the Kremlin.

Battle For Kremlin.

From November 12 onward, the despatch adds, the councilman reported that the military operations were concentrated in the centre of the city. The Government force consisted of about 3,000 military cadets and a hastily organized white guard of students. It had three guns, a plentiful supply of rifles and a number of machine guns. Of the 100,000 soldiers forming the Moscow garrison not more than 15,000 supported the Bolsheviki. Most of the regiments remained in their barracks, but thousands of soldiers escaped from Moscow by train and on foot. The Bolsheviki red guard in Moscow was composed mostly of boys from 12 to 18 years of age. It had about fifteen field guns, with which the Kremlin was bombarded continuously from Sparrow Hill. From other points their firing was very bad, the shells falling wide of the mark, smashing private houses and killing the inmates.

Innocent Killed.

Three thousand persons, chiefly members of the peaceful population, had been killed or wounded up to Wednesday, the councilman said, and as there was no means of collecting the bodies they lay for days where they had fallen. There had been continual firing in many parts of the city from windows and roofs and the population was terrorized and afraid to move. It was impossible to get food supplies to the centre of the city.

The National Hotel, where there were many British and French visitors, was under fire for several days, and the upper part of the hotel was destroyed by a shell. On Tuesday shells began to fall on the city hall, where the committee on public safety was sitting, and the committee decided to move to the Kremlin.

When the councilman left Moscow the Kremlin was well defended by machine guns manned by cadets, and there was an abundant supply of ammunition and food. A violent bombardment was concentrated on the Kremlin last Wednesday, the day the councilman left Moscow.

Cathedral Destroyed.

On Wednesday the cathedral of the Assumption within the Kremlin, with the famous Tower of Van Veliky, was destroyed, and the church of St. Basil caught fire. This wanton destruction of national shrines, the correspondent says, shrines which even Napoleon spared, seems to have stimulated both sides to conclude peace. He adds:

"The fantastic church of St. Basil is a priceless treasure and one of the wonders of Oriental architecture, while the Cathedral of the Assumption was the glory of the Kremlin. The news will send a shudder throughout Russia. M. Lunacharsky, Bolsheviki minister of education, was so shocked that he resigned, but has since withdrawn his resignation. He has issued an appeal to the people to preserve the national treasures. On all sides one hears the exclamation, "Even the Germans would not have done this!'"

A Poor Peace.

The peace concluded in Moscow, the correspondent says, is a poor one—a peace of exhaustion and fear that means victory for neither side.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Petrograd reports that the art treasures from the Hermitage Palace, Petrograd, which were sent to the Kremlin for safe keeping, have been destroyed. It says also that the Hôtel Metropole was attacked. The guests, including a number of foreigners, were rescued unhurt at the instance of foreign consuls.

Petrograd, the dispatch adds, was perfectly quiet Sunday, although the populace is becoming increasingly anxious concerning the future. The food ration will be reduced on Monday to three-quarters of a pound every two days. It is hoped by this action to avert famine for twelve days.

THE WAR SITUATION

Austro-Germans Checked—British and French Raiding—Jaffa Taken by British—Russia's Civil War.

In the Trentino and along the Piave the Italians have the Austro-Germans in check and there are indications of a reawakening of fighting activity on the western front, especially in Flanders and around St. Quentin, east and northeast of Ypres, the British are now well established on the Passchendaele Ridge. These positions have been under heavy bombardment by the Germans for several days, apparent evidence that the Germans are nervous and hope by their artillery fire to check a new British thrust.

Raids Near St. Quentin.

Around St. Quentin, north northwest of the Ailette, where the French gained a notable success recently, German and allied patrols have been busy. North of St. Quentin both the British and Germans carried out raids. French artillery has been shelling heavily the German positions south of the town for several days and a thrust by French troops, evidently as a feeler, was repulsed by the defenders, Berlin reports.

Although the Teutonic pressure from Asiago east to the Piave continues very strong, the Italians hold valiantly to their positions and the invaders have been unable to make much progress. On the Asiago Plateau the Italians repelled violent attacks and near Casera recaptured an advanced position, taking 100 prisoners. Between the Brenta and the Piave the invaders have occupied positions from which the Italians withdrew.

Invaders Held Back.

Austro-German efforts to force the Italians back from the western bank of the Piave and Fagare have failed.

The invading force which crossed at Fagare has been driven back across the river, while efforts to debouch from the bridgehead at Zenson were repelled by Italian counter-attacks. On the right bank of the Piave the Italians have taken nearly 1,300 prisoners in two days.

Another army is reported marching on Petrograd to oust the Bolsheviki from control there. The vanguard, which is said to be near Gatchina, 30 miles southwest of the capital, already has had several brushes with the Bolsheviki forces. It is rumored that Premier Kerensky is returning with the new force. All the reports lack confirmation.

At Russ Capital.

There apparently is internal dissension in Petrograd between the Maximalists and the less extreme Socialists, who have protested against acts of the Bolsheviki regime. A report received in London says there has been a split in the Bolsheviki ranks and that some of the ministers have resigned. In Moscow the revolutionists and the provisional government forces have reached a truce, after days of fighting in which several thousand persons were killed and some of Russia's religious shrines within the Kremlin were damaged or destroyed by the artillery of the revolutionary forces. The American embassy in Petrograd has asked for a special train to take 300 Americans to Harbin, Manchuria, whence they can reach either Dalny or Vladivostock to take steamers home.

Jaffa Occupied.

Jaffa, the ancient Joppa and the seaport on the Mediterranean for Jerusalem, has been occupied by the British. The Turks gave up this important point without resistance and are retiring northward under pressure. Jerusalem is 35 miles southeast of Jaffa, and its occupation by General Allenby's troops probably is a matter of only a few days.

Premier Lloyd George's recent utterances of the necessity for an allied war council will be debated in the House of Commons today.

GLORIOUS ACHIEVEMENT FOR ITALIAN SOLDIERS.

Italian Headquarters in Northern Italy, Sunday, Nov. 18.—By the Associated Press.—The Austrians who forced their way across the Piave River above Zenson, have been thrown into the river, drowned, bayonetted, killed or captured, until now not an enemy remains on the west bank at that most threatened point. The fight was one of the most fearful chapters of the war and one of the most glorious.

Details of the fight have been gathered from eye-witnesses who saw the fearful struggle through Friday and Saturday, and who say the whole west bank was cleared except for the corpses.

Foe Staked All.

The wounded were so numerous that many have not yet received succor. The enemy had staked everything on getting to the west bank of the river and the Italians staked everything on keeping him on the eastern bank. This nerved both to desperation. The Austrians had the first move Friday in two separate crossings a short distance above Zenson, first at the village of Fagare, and then an old mill called the Sega Mill near Follina.

Several circumstances enabled them to pass. They chose a place where a sand bar ran in mid-stream, giving them a landing and dividing the main stream into two small shallow currents Also there was a heavy mist screening their movements. They carried material for an improvised bridge with uprights and iron plates for flooring. This was about 5 o'clock in the morning, and in the mist at that early hour they got across the second narrow channel to the west bank. The last ten feet the men waded across in water above their waists. In their first rush they swept past four Italian machine gun batteries, capturing their guns and driving the Italians back into the village of Fagare.

The Real Fight Begins.

Here the real fight began as the Italians had now recovered from the surprise, and fought like demons. It was a hand-to-hand fight through the streets of the town with no place for artillery or machine guns, and the Italians using bayonets, hand grenades, knives and gelatine torpedo. The Austrians held part of the town near the bank with the Italians on the land side. The Austrians tried to throw a line around the town and succeeded in part on one side until the Italian batteries to the north, got the range of the line outside the shelter of the streets. This line was the first to be demolished and then the Italians on this side of the town advanced, cheering, hewing their way. The enemy held at first, then began to seek cover and finally broke as the Italians push-

Continued on Page Two.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 32; lowest, 30.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 44; lowest, 28.

TOMORROW—MILDER.

Toronto, Nov. 19.

Forecasts.

Fresh west to south winds; fair and cold today, a little milder on Tuesday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather
Victoria	56	42	Fair
Calgary	66	34	Clear
Winnipeg	34	34	Cloudy
Port Arthur	28	20	Cloudy
Parry Sound	40	14	Fair
Port Stanley	48	22	Cloudy
Buffalo	48	26	Fair
Toronto	42	22	Fair
Kingston	42	14	Snow
Ottawa	40	18	Fair
Montreal	46	22	Fair
Quebec	38	18	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

A depression which developed in the St. Lawrence Valley is now centred near the west coast of Newfoundland, causing moderate gales over the Gulf of St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces. Light falls of rain or snow have occurred from the peninsula of Ontario to New Brunswick, while fine mild weather has prevailed in the west.

BULLETS WIN BATTLES---MONEY WINS WARS---BUY VICTORY BONDS