

APPENDIX 1

Production in the Canadian Boot and Shoe Industry

The approximate production of the leather boot and shoe factories in Canada, as computed by the United Shoe Machinery Company of Canada, Limited, is as follows:

Canada's estimated production in pairs:—

1909.....	11,080,000 pairs
1910.....	12,980,000 "
1911.....	13,980,000 "
1912.....	17,300,000 "
1913.....	15,730,000 "
1914.....	13,950,000 "
1915.....	15,390,000 "
1916.....	20,480,000 "
1917.....	15,290,000 "
1918.....	15,000,000 "
1919.....	19,300,000 "

Includes about
3,000,000 pairs of
army shoes.

*The Census of Industry for 1918 reports the number of pairs of boots and shoes produced in 181 Canadian establishments as 14,087,865.

In a letter dated May 10, Mr. F. W. Knowlton, Manager of the United Shoe Machinery Company of Canada, gave the company's estimate of production for 1919 and added:

"The year 1919 shows quite a material increase in some of the large factories, the largest one for the year showing an average of approximately 3,600 pairs per day. We would place the number of factories as 153, the same as for the previous year, although quite a number of factories have discontinued business and have been replaced by a like number of new concerns.

"The production per factory per day shows an average of a little over 500 pairs, the total production per day a little over 77,000 pairs, these figures being made up on the basis of 250 days' operation."

APPENDIX 2

To make a comparison of wages in the boot and shoe manufacturing industries at the present time is not easy. Operations, methods of payment, and working conditions differ in many respects. Some general idea of the situation is afforded, however, by the following memoranda supplied by the Employment Service of Canada, Dominion Department of Labor, Ottawa. It will be seen that average wages in the United Kingdom in the week ended January 24, 1920, were only the equivalent of \$11.33 (at par of exchange) per week. If allowance be made for depreciation of English currency the amount will be still lower. Taking 42 weeks as the average working time per year, the wages would average less than \$500, as compared with a present average in Canada very much higher. Comparison of the minimum scale in the United Kingdom with rates in Canada is also instructive:

Boot and Shoe Trade, Great Britain, 1920

(Furnished by the Department of Labor, Ottawa, Canada.)

	Number of Work People.	Total Wages Paid to all Work People.
	Week Ended 24th Jan., 1920.	Week Ended 24th Jan., 1920.
England and Wales:—		
London.....	2,162	5,394
Leicester.....	11,470	29,463
Leicester Country District.....	2,749	6,056
Northampton.....	7,746	19,922
Northampton Country District.....	8,082	18,165
Kettering.....	3,671	9,126
Stafford and District.....	2,781	6,166
Norwich and District.....	4,327	9,190
Bristol and District.....	1,573	3,311
Kingswood.....	1,851	3,312
Leeds and District.....	2,239	5,025
Lancashire (mainly Rossendale Valley).....	4,222	9,755
Birmingham and District.....	878	1,699
Other parts of England and Wales.....	3,238	6,517
England and Wales.....	56,789	133,101
Scotland.....	3,085	6,598
Ireland.....	648	1,205
United Kingdom.....	60,522	140,904