## Canada.

### Common School Act.

AN ACT to repeal certain Acts therein mentioned, and to make provision for the establishment and maintenance of Common Schools throughout this Province.

WHEREAS the laws now in force for the maintenance and regulation of common schools are insufficient, and it is necessary to make provision for the establishment and maintenance of such schools throughout the Province:-Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, constituted and assem bled by virtue of and under the authority of an Act passed in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and intituled, " An Act to re-unite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the Government of Canada;" and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that the act of the Legislature of the late Province of Upper Canada, passed in the fifty-sixth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Third, and intituled, "An Act granting to His Majesty, a sum of money to be applied to the use of common schools throughout this Province, and to provide for the regulation of the said common schools;" and the Act of the said Legislature, passed in the sixtieth year of the reign of his said late Majesty, and intituled, "An Act to amend and continue, under certain modification, An Act passed in the fifty sixth year of His Majesty's reign, entituled," An Act to grant a sum of ney to be applied to the use of common schools throughout this Province, and to provide for the regulation of the said common schools;" and the Act of the said Legislature passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled, "An Act to make permanent and extend the provisions of the laws now in force for the establishment and regulation of common schools throughout this Province, and for granting to his Majesty a further sum of money to promote and encourage education within the same;" and a certain act of the Legislature of the late Province of Lower Canada, passed in the second year of the reign of his late Majesty King William the Fourth, and intituled, "An Act to repeal certain acts therein mentioned, and for the further encouragement of elementary schools in the country parts of this Province;" and all other acts and parts of acts of the said Legislature, repugnant to, or inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it enacted, That for the establishment, support,

and maintenance of common schools in each and every town-ship and parish in this Province, there shall be established a permaneut fund which shall consist of all such monies as may accrue from the selling or leasing of any lands which by the Legislature of this Province, or other competent authority, may hereafter be granted or set apart for the establishment, maintenance and support of common schools in this Province, and of such other monies as are hereinafter mentioned; and all such monies as shall arise from the sale of any such lands or estates, and certain other monies hereinafter mentioned, shall be invested in safe and profitable securities in this Province; and the interest of all monies so invested, and the rents, issues, and profits arising from such lands or estates as shall be leased or otherwise disposed of without alienation, shall be annually applied in the manner hereinafter provided, to the support and ement of common schools

III. That for the establishment, support and maintenance of common schools in this Province, there shall be granted to Her Majesty, annually, during the continuance of this act, the sum of fifty thousand pounds, currency, to be distributed among the several districts in the manner hereinafter provided, and such sum shall be composed and made up of an annual income and revenue derived as aforesaid, from the said permanent fund, and of such further sum as may be required to complete the same, out of the unappropriated monies which are now raised and levied, or which may hereafter be raised and levied, by the authority of the Legislature, to and for the public uses of this Province; and the said annual grant shall be, and be called

IV. That it shall be lawful for the Governor of this Province, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal thereof, to appoint from time to time, one fit and proper person to be superintend-ent of education in this Province: and such superintendent shall hold his office during pleasure, and shall receive such yearly salary not exceeding the sum of seven hundred and fifty pounds as the Governor may appoint: and the duties of the

said superintendent shall be: Firstly: - To apportion in each and every year, on or before the third Monday in January in such year, the money annually granted by the Legislature as aforesaid, among the several Mu nicipal Districts, in the ratio, of the number of children over five and under sixteen years of age, that shall appear by the then last census of the Province, to be resident within such districts respectively: - Secondly: - To turnish the Receiver General of the Province,

for his rule and guidance with a certified statement or list of the apportionment of the money granted by the Legislature, under the provisions of this act as aforesaid, among the several

Thirdly:- To certify the apportionment of the public money as aforesaid to the treasurer of each and every of the said districts respectively who shall lay the same before the district conneil to the end that such district council may direct, and they are hereby authorised and required to direct, such a sum to be raised and levied for the purposes of this act, and within their respective districts, over and above all rates levied for ned from the provincial treasury

Fourthly:—To prepare suitable forms for making reports and conducting the necessary proceedings under this act, and to cause the same to be com nunicated to all such persons as shall be employed in carrying the provisions of this act into effect: and to address to the said persons such suggestions as may lead to the establishment of uniformity in the conduct of the common schools throughout this Province:—and the said superintendent shall submit annually to the Governor of the Province, on or before the thirty-first day of December in each year a report on the actual state and condition of common schools throughout the Province, shewing the monies expended on such schools, and from what sources derived, with plans for their improvement, and stating such other matters respecting education generally as the said superintendent may deful and expedient, in order that the same may be laid before the Legislature at the meeting thereof then next following.

V. That the district council of each district shall be a board of education of such district and their duties as such board shall

Firstly :- To divide the several townships and parishes within their district into school districts, to be designated by numbers, as one, two, three, and so on: [provided always, that no such school district shall be established in which there shall be fewer then fifteen children between the age of five and sixteen, residers therein,] and forthwith to furnish a full report of such division of the district with a proper description and designation of boundaries to the superintendent of education; and also to furnish a specification of the school districts, in each parish or township, to the school commissioners to be appointed for the same in the manner hereinafter provided:

Secondly:-To apportion and distribute to each of the said school districts its share of the school fund which share shall be portioned to the number of children between the ages of five and sixteen, resident in such shool districts respectively.

Thirdly: — To apportion and cause to be assessed on the in-habitants of such school district, a sum not exceeding fifty pounds, for the erection of a school-house in each school district in the terms and conditions following, that is to say: - Such sc which none exists.

Fourthly: -To apportion to each township and parish, a sum not exceeding ten pounds, in any one year, to be expended in Common School Commissioners for distribution among the

Fifthly: - To report their proceedings in matters relating to common schools, and the state of such schools within the District, to the superintendent, annually on or before the first Monday in December in each year.

VI. That if the District Council of any District shall at any time refuse or neglect to comply with the foregoing requirements of this Act, such District shall not be entitled to receive any sum of money out of the Common School fund, until such requirements shall have been duly complied with, or a good and sufficient cause for non-compliance shall have been shewn to the satisfaction of the superintendent of education.

VII. That at the annual township or parish meetings to be held in the month of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty two, and at each succeeding annual meeting, for the election of township or parish officers, there shall be elected in the manner prescribed by law for the election of such officers, ners for each and every township and parish entitled to elect one District Councillor, and seven co ers for each and every township entitled to elect two District Councillors; and the said Commissioners shall be called 'Com-

mon School Commissioners,' and their duties shall be :-Firstly :- To choose, and whenever funds shall be provided for that purpose by the District Council, to acquire a site for a common school-house in each school District in their township respectively be, to the Receiver General of this Province, and, or parish in which no such school-house shall exist at the time this Act shall come into force, and to make an estimate of the cost of such site, and of the expense of building a schoolhouse, and of keeping the same in repair, and an estimate of

that the inhabitants of the respective school Districts may be

sessed accordingly.

Secondly: -To appoint for each of the school districts within the township or parish one or more of their number to superintend the building and repair of the common school-house in such school District, and the furnishing it with fuel and other necessary things and generally to manage the concerns of the school and report to the Board of school commissioners, once in three months, that is to say : on or before the first Monday in each of the months of March, June, September and December, the state of such school, the amount of monies received for it, the manner in which such money has been expended, the number of children above five and under sixteen years of age taught in it, and the number of days that each child has

Thirdly:-To agree with and appoint, from time to time, teachers in the said common schools, and to remove such teachers when they shall find just cause for so doing: Provided always, that no person shall be appointed a teacher in any of the said chools unless he be a subject of her Majesty by birth or naturalization, of good moral character, and shall have been examined fore the said Board of commissioners as to learning and ability; The Freres a la Doctrine chretienne exempted herefrom.

Fourthly:—To regulate for each school respectively the course of study to be followed in such school, and the books to be used therein, and to establish general rules for the conduct of the schools, and communicate them in writing to the respec-

Fifthly:-To hear, and determine all disputes which may arise out of the proceedings of the managing or visiting Commissioners hereinafter mentioned or other matter of dispute in respect to common schools within their township or parish.

Sixthly:—To appoint two or more of their number to visit

each common school in the township or parish, once at least in each month, and to report the state of such school, whether the rules and regulations established by the Board of Commissioners are duly observed, the number and proficiency of the scholars, the character and abilities of the teacher, the conduct of the managing Commissioner, and all other matters connected with the management and well being of such school.

Seventhly:—To grant warrants, from time to time, upon the
District Treasurer for such sums of money as may be required

for paying the teachers and defraying the expenses of the several on schools within the township or parish; Provided always that such warrants shall be signed by a majority of the com-missioners, of which the chairman shall be one; and that the sums of money to be paid under the same shall in no case exceed the amount then appropriated by law for the said schools

Eighthly:—To exonerate such poor persons as they may deem fit, not exceeding 10 in each school District, from the payment of the wages of teachers in this Act established and quired to be paid for each and every child attending any com-

Ninthly :- To record and preserve all their proceedings in a book to be provided for that purpose, the proceedings of each meeting, with the names of the commissioners present being authenticated by the signature of the chairman; and such book shall be delivered over by the commissioners to their successors in office; and it shall be the duty of the town clerks to attend all such meetings for the purpose of making such record.

Tenthly:—To report all their proceedings, and all matters

connected with the several common schools in the township or parish, to the District council annually on or before the third Monday of November, such report being in the form to be furished by the superintendent of education.

Eleventhly:—It shall be the duty of the said common school

ommissioners, within ten days after the expiration of their espective periods of service to deliver to their successors in office, any and all books, accounts, vouchers, papers, reports and other documents in their possession as such c and they may in case of default be thereunto constrained by all VIII. That the said commissioners shall remain in office

until the annual parish or Township meeting next following the time of their appointment, and until others shall be ap-pointed in their places; and in case the office of one commisoner shall be vacated by death, refusal to serve, removal out of the township or parish, or incapacity, the vacancy shall be supplied by an appointment to be made by the remaining comers at their first meeting after such vacancy shall occur.

IX. That the common school houses in each township o parish, with the ground whereon they are situate, and all the appendages and furniture thereof, and books and other things thereunto appending, shall henceforward vest in and be held and possessed by the commissioners of such township or parish, and their successors in office for ever as trustees, for the purposes of this act; Provided always, that no such school-house or other thing thereunto appertaining, shall be sold or disposed of, or the seite of any school changed, otherwise than by the consent of a majority of such commissioners of which majority

X. That it shall be the duty of the township or parish collector, to collect within the several school districts respectively, all such rates as shall be assessed for the support of the several common schools within his township or parish; and also the sum of one shilling and three pence as additional wages for the teacher for each and every child attending any school, save and except for those children whose parents shall by reason their indigence have been exempted from the payment of such sum; and such rates, and the said sum of one shilling and three pence for each child, may, if not paid, be recovered by the collector or his successors in office in any Court of competent civil jurisdiction; and the collector shall pay over all such sums [after deducting therefrom such fees as may be by law allowed] mto the hands of the district treasurer, and shall at the same time deliver to the said district treasurer, a copy of the assesssuch school districts respectively, within his township or parish; and the said district treasurer shall keep separate accounts of all monies so paid in, and of all other monies appropriated to the

overal school districts respectively.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, that whenever any number of the inhabitants of any township or parish professing a religious faith different from that of the majority of the inhabitants of such township or parish, shall dissent from the clerk of the district council, with the name or names of one shall be pleased to direct. or more persons elected by them as their trustee or trustees, for the purpose of this act; and the said district council shall for the purpose of this act; and the said district trea-forthwith furnish a certified copy thereof to the district trea-surer; and it shall be lawful for such dissenting inhabitants, surer; and it shall be lawful for such dissenting inhabitants, must be concurred in, it shall be understood that such act may shall hold and exercise all the rights, powers and authorities, be validly performed by any majority of the members of the and be subject to the obligations and liabilities hereinbefore signed to and imposed upon common school commissioners, to establish and maintain one or more common schools in the manner and subject to the visitation, conditions, rules and obligations in this act provided with reference to other common schools, and to receive from the district treasurer their due proportion, according to their number, of the moneys appropriated by law and raised by assessment for the support schools in the school district or districts in which the said inhabitants reside, in the same manner as if the commo schools so to be established and maintained under such trustee or trustees, were established and maintained under the said common school commissioners, such moneys to be paid by the

district treasurer upon the warrant of the said trustee or trustees. XII. That no common school shall be entitled to any appornment of money out of the common school fund, except on shall have been open for at least nine months during the year then last past, and shall have been during same term, and shall continue to be at the time such appointment is made, regularly the purchase of such books as may be recommended by the attended by at least lifteen children, between the ages of five and sixteen; -The reports hereinbefore required shall have been regularly made with regard to such common school; -and the sum paid by the inhabitants, by assessment or otherwise, towards the support of such common school, for the period for which the apportionment shall be made, shall have been at least equal to the sum apportioned; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the school commissioner in each township or parish, with the approval of the district council, to exempt in whole or in part any number of school districts, not exceeding two, from payment of such sum towards the support of their comm schools, on account of the poverty of their inhabitants; and the school districts, so exempted, shall nevertheless receive their apportionment from the school fund: And provided also, that nothing in this section contained shall prevent, or be construed to prevent, the appointment and payment of monies under this Act, towards the establishment and maintenance of any common

school for the first year after the passing of this Act. XIII. That if any monies, having formed part of the annual grant made under this Act out of the public funds of the Province, shall by reason of any non-compliance with the requirements of this Act, or from any other cause, remain unapplied to any of the purposes for which they are granted, a band of lawless and unprincipled men.—It has been the after the expiration of the time during which they ought to be custom from time immemorial to raise monuments for the purso applied, such monies shall, on demand, be returned and gether with all monies forming part of the annual grant aforesaid, which shall remain in his hands unapplied to purposes of this Act, after the expiration of the time during the cost of furnishing each common school in the township or parish with the necessary fuel and appendages; and to transmit forming the permanent fund for the maintenance and support mouldering hand of time, and stood more than two thousand represents the Clerk of the District Council in order. which they ought to be so applied, shall be invested by him in such estimates to the Clerk of the District Council, in order of common schools, and shall form part of the said fund.

XIV. That if any common school commissioner, or other ration, at their grandeur, magnificence and durability. All erson, shall make a false certificate or report, by means whereof y monies shall be fraudulently obtained from and out of the said common school fund, such commissioner, or other person, shall not only restore the money so fraudulently obtained, but shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds currency, them durable in regard to the object for which they were erected, for the benefit of the said fund, to be recovered at the suit of but the sincere gratitude and esteem of those that erect them. the District Clerk, or of the City Clerk, as the case may be, on the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and if not paid, to be levied with costs by distress and sale of the defendant's goods and chattels, under the warrant of such two justices, or of

XV. That in each of the cities and towns corporate in this Province, all and every the powers, rights and duties conferred and imposed by this Act upon district councils, with respect to a schools in their districts, are hereby vested in and shall be henceforward exercised and performed by the corporation of each of the said cities or towns respectively, subject to all the conditions and regulations hereinbefore established, with

o appoint from time to time, in each of the cities and towns orporate therein, not less than six nor more than fourteen perns, (one half of whom shall in all cases be Roman Catho and the other half Protestants) to be a board of examiners for each city or town corporate; of which said board the Mayor shall be chairman, but shall have no vote other than a casting vote; and the said board shall be divided into two departments, one of which shall consist of Roman Catholics, and shall exercise the duties hereafter assigned to the board of examiners in and over the common schools attended by Roman Catholic children only, and shall in such case appoint their chairman, and the other department shall consist of Protestants, and shall exercise their duties in and over the common schools attended by Protestant ildren only, and shall in such case appoint their chairman; and in all cases in which the said common schools are attended by Roman Catholic children and Protestant children together, the said duties shall be exercised in and over the same by the whole board of examiners; and the duty of the said board and of the said departments thereof, in the several cases above menned, in and for the said cities and towns corporate respectively, shall be to examine the persons recommended as teachers the corporation, and reject them if unqualified on the ground character or ability, and to regulate for each school separately the course of study to be followed in such school, and the books to be used therein, and to establish general rules for the conduct of the schools, and communicate them in writing to the respective teachers: in addition to which duties the board of examiners in any city or town corporate shall be visitors of the ommon schools in such city or town corporate, and as such visitors it shall be the duty of the board to appoint two or more of their number to visit each of the common schools in such city or town corporate at least once in every month, and to report to the corporation upon all matters connected with each

authority and controul, and hereinbefore enumerated in the seventh section of this Act, under the first, third, and eighth division of the said section, shall in each of the said cities and towns corporate, and with respect to the common schools sooner drop a tear of sympathy over the remains of a brave towns corporate, and with respect to the common schools therein to be established, vest in and be exercised and performed thereto, are hereby empowered to appoint such and so many persons as they may deem fit, severally, to do and perform for and with respect to the common schools in the said cites and towns corporate respectively, all and every the duties, matters and things hereinbefore by the seventh section of this Act required to be performed by one of the common school commissioners, with reference to the common schools under their authority and controll, and specified in the first and second divisions of the second section, and to provide, by by-law, such rules and regulations for the conduct and guidance of such

person as they may respectively deem expedient.

XVIII. That the said cities and towns corporate, respectively, shall be entitled to an apportionment of monies from the father, belonged to the Grenville Militia, and contributed, common school fund, upon the same terms and conditions as are hereinbefore prescribed with respect to district councils, and upon no other; and any monies so apportioned shall be paid to
the city treasurer or other officer performing the daties of
treasurer in the said cities and towns corporate respectively, and be paid over by him upon such authority and subject to such regulations as are provided in the said several cities and towns but as to a certain mark of the estimation in which he was held corporate respectively, for the payment of monies belonging to corporation in other cases, or as may be hereafter provided

XIX. That the said corporation shall, on the first Monday of December, in each and every year, report to the superintendent of education all matters and things relating to common schools within the said cities and towns corporate respectively, respective districts and townships.

XX. That any person chosen or appointed to any office

under this Act who shall, without sufficient cause, refuse to duct. And let me beseech you as far as in your power, to disserve therein, shall forfeit the sum of twenty-five shillings currency, and every person so chosen and appointed, and not day's assembling and the source of all our troubles, and have been having refused to accept, who shall neglect to perform the duties of his office, shall forfeit the sum of

such forfeitures shall be paid to the treasurer of the district,

They have made this once happy country a scene of strife, conment roll or other statement, shewing the amount collected for city or town, as the case may be, in which they are so forfeited,

by making fraudulent reports and certificates as aforesaid. XXI. That the several sums hereby granted, or apportion under the provisions of this Act to the several districts of this Province, shall be paid by the Receiver General, for the time being, to the treasurer of each district respectively, in discharge of such warrant or warrants as shall from time to time be issued regulations, arrangements or proceedings of the common school | by the Governor of this Province, and shall be accounted for to commissioners, with reference to any common school in such township or parish, it shall be lawful for the inhabitants so Commissioners of her Majesty, her heirs and successors, through the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury, for the time being, in dissenting collectively to signify such dissent in writing to the such manuer and form as her Majesty, her heirs and successors

XXII. That whenever no special provision is made by this Act, as to the particular members, or as to the number of members by whom any act required to be done by any board of

XXIII. That a solemn affirmation may be made instead of any oath, in every case where an oath is required in this Act, if the person making the same be one of those persons authorized by law to make an affirmation instead of an oath; and that any false statement, wilfully made on oath or affirmation. in any case where an oath or affirmation is required by this Act, XXIV. That the word 'Governor,' whenever it occurs in this

Act, shall be held to mean and include the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and person administering the government of this province, and the words 'Parishes' and 'Townships,' wheresoever they occur in this Act, shall, for all the purposes thereof, be held to mean and include reputed parishes and townships, and unions of parishes and townships, and of reputed parishes and townships, in and for which meetings of the inhabitant householders now are or hereafter may be by law appointed to be held; and the words 'Town Clerk' shall be held to mean and include as well the clerks of parishes as the clerks of townships; and the word 'Corporation' shall be held to mean the common council, or other body, or municipal authority, by and through

whom the powers of the corporation are exercised. XXV. That this Act shall come into operation and have force and effect from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and not before.

ADDRESS OF THE REV. B. BLAKEY, ON THE ERECTION OF A MONUMENT TO LIEUTENANT DULMAGE. (From the Brockville Statesman)

The following Address was delivered by the Rev. Robert Blakey, Rector of Prescott, on the 13th ulto. at a public meeting of the Grenville Militia, held in Augusta, to erect a Tomb Stone, over the mortal remains of the late Lieut. John Dulmage, who gallantly fell, in defence of his country, 13th November

"Officers and brave men of the 2nd Grenville Militia! "You are here met to day to erect a monument, in order to ecord the meritorious conduct of Lieutenant Dulmage, who fell in the defence of his country when it was attacked by custom from time immemorial to raise monuments for the purpose of commemorating remarkable events, or interpositions of Divine Providence as is manifest from the page of both Sacred and Profane History.-When the Patriarch Jacob fled from his brother Esau into the wilderness and was assured of the Divine protection, he raised a pillar as a monument of the Almighty's kindness in averting from him his brother's fury.traverse those ancient Kingdoms of Rome, Greece, and Egypt, ages, which even now impress the mind with wonder and admi- Toronto, Sept. 18, 1811.

brated men. Yet it is not the stateliness or magnificence of public monuments which gives them their value, or makes If we turn to our own native land we find in almost every town and city, ancient monuments, or such as have been either re-cently erected, or about to be erected, to perpetuate the fame of men who have been renowned in science, arts, literature or war, and have deserved a country's gratitude. They are looked upon as marks of a Nation's grateful remembrance, and are intended to signalize the names of individuals who have benefited their country or died in its cause. Thus the city of London is now on the point of raising a second memorial in honor of the deeds of a Hero who has the singular good fortune of being a living witness of the gratitude and enthusiasm of his country-men in regard to himself. Liverpool, Bristol and Hull, are vying with each other in order to testify their appro respect to the said district councils.

AVI. That it shall be lawful for the Governor of this Province,

While Scotland and Ireland are going to extend the fame of of the conduct of their most valued Statesmen and Heroes: their various favourites in a similar manner. Even Canada cannot be said to be destitute of works of this description. Quebec boasts the monument of General Wolfe, who, unlike Wellington, died in the arms of victory. Montreal has a like tribute to the memory of the fearless Nelson. And the Heights of Queenston will ere long be once more crowned with a splendid testimonial of the heroic deeds of General Brock-once more did I say! It is already crowned not only to immortalize his heroism, but also the Gothic barbarism of our neighbours; who in their own estimation are the most enlightened, the bes educated, the most learned, and the freest people in the world. I wish not at present to contest with them the palm of victory, -but view their sacrilegious demolition of the asylum of the dead; and contrast their conduct with that of other nations, and it will demonstrate that they have made a very poor im-provement of their talents. Sir John Moore fell at the battle of Corunna, and at midnight his brother officers and fellow soldiers folded his body in his military cloak, buried him on the ramparts, and the next day evacuated the place. The French immediately took possession; and what was their conduct on this occasion; had they emulated the conduct of our free and enlightened neighbours, they would have sought out his remains, not for the purpose of honouring—but of mutilating them, as they did those of Lieut. Johnston, who fell in the same glorious field in which our brother fell. But the conduct of the French was very different; they sought out the place of his interment, not for the purpose before mentioned, but in or der to honour the name of a great and brave man; who, although he was their enemy in life, yet in death they respected him; they sought and found his grave, and erected a monument And can we do less over that of a friend and brother who fell in such a cause? this day's assembly answers no! But or the said common schools, in detail, as fully as common school commissioners and the visitors by them appointed are bound to report to the district councils under the provisions herein-before contained. again; what was the conduct of the English after the captur with every honour worthy the remains of a brave and gallant man. And such generous and humane feelings will ever actuthis Act, conferred and imposed upon the common school commissioners, with respect to the common schools under their authority and controll and havinted. our country, demands the sacrifice. The man of real courage man than mutilate them or descerate his tomb. But to return from this digression, to the subject more immediately in hand. ourable to those who perform it, as to him for whom it is performed, and testifies to the country, that the Grenville Militia will not be backward to stand up in their country's defence, should occasion again call for their services. It is a monument which, when the present generation shall have passed away, your children and children's children will point to this spot with honest pride, unless the blight of democracy shall com-over them, which God forbid! and say, my father, or grand not only in defraying the expences of this testimonial, but assisted in defending their country in the hour of danger the loyalty, courage and patriotism of their lamented father, by his brethren in arms and comrades in the field of battle. Go on then my friends to cherish in your breasts and in those of your children that true patriotism which will rouse your spir at your country's call, should she be under the necessity making the appeal, to drive her enemies from your soil, and never to permit the standard of democracy to rear its hydra head! and although many of our brave men fell in the struggle, which made many widows and fatherless children, and deprived manner and as fully in all respects as the District Boards of Education, and common school commissioners are by this Act bound to report with respect to common schools within their cause is a just, a righteous one. Erect then this monument as a token of respect for the dead, to embalm his memory, and as an inciter to the living to emulate his loyal and devote courage those republican principles which are the cause of this tention and bloodshed. Then avoid them! flee from them!for the benefit of the common school fund, and may be recovered and the God of peace and harmony will be with you."

## Advertisements.

# SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE PRESS, and speedily will be published, (by J. Ruthven, Hamilton.) A System of Practical Arithmetic, to which is added a set of Book-teeping, by single entry, and a practical dissertation on Mental Arithmetic, Federal Money, Receipts, Bills of Exchange, Inland and Foreign; Explanations of Commercial terms, &c. adapted to the circumstances of this country and the present state of commerce By G. & J. Gouinlock, lately British teachers, of long experience and extensive practice. This is the first of a scries, which they intend to publish for the use of Schools in British America.

They have other three nearly ready for printing, viz:—1. A Reading Book for Beginners, containing progressive lessons from the Alphabet to words of four syllables, arranged in the most natural and simple manner.

and simple manner.

2. AN EXPLANATORY INTRODUCTION TO ENGLISH READING, to succeed this initiatory one, and prepare pupils for the highest departments of reading or speaking.

3. A PRONOUNCING AND EXPLANATORY VOCABULARY, upon an improved plan. This will be an indispensable book in all schools, for three important elements of a good education.

Their fifth will be a Geography, and will be proceeded with as gouistly as possible.

nickly as possible. Hamilton, 3rd September, 1841.

THEOLOGICAL WORKS. Taylor's Holy Living and Dying
Essays on Romanism, by the Author of Essays on the Church
Luther and his Times, by Rev. J. E. Riddle
Fox's Popular History of the Protestant Reformation
Sketch of the Reformation in England, by Rev. J. J. Blunt
Stephen's Life and Times of Archbishop Sharpe
Nelson's Life of Bishop Bull
Life of Adam Clarke, 3 vols.

— 1 vol.

Bishop Burnet's Lives, Characters, &c. edited by Bishop Jebb
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DR. PRIMROSE,

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