

Church being too cold and numb to walk, and unable to ride, it was agreed that he should remain where he was while the driver rode to McLeod for assistance. When assistance came they found him frozen to death.

Held, that the insured met his death as a result of an injury effected through external, violent, and accidental means within the meaning of the policy, and that the plaintiffs were entitled to recover.

Sinclair v. Maritime Passengers Assurance Co., 7 Jur. N.S. 367, distinguished.

Howell, Q.C., and *Mulock, Q.C.*, for the plaintiffs.

J. D. Cameron for the defendants.

*REGULATIONS OF THE JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT OF
JUSTICE RESPECTING THE WEEKLY COURTS AT
LONDON AND OTTAWA.*

(1) The sittings of the weekly court at Ottawa and London under 57 Vict., c. 20, shall be held on Tuesday at 10 o'clock a.m. in each week, or on such other day or hour as the judge appointed to take such court may fix.

(2) Information shall be given to the registrar of the Chancery Division at Toronto by telegram on Saturday as to what business has been entered for the ensuing week.

J. A. BOYD.

January 12, 1895.

Obituary.

MR. WILLIAM EDWARD HALL.

Mr. William Edward Hall, the well-known writer upon international law, died on November 30th at his residence, Coker Court, in Somersetshire. At the unusually early age of seventeen he matriculated at University College Oxford, and on taking his B.A. degree in 1856 obtained a first class in the School of Law and History. He was called to the Bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1861, but preferred the study of history to the practice of the law. He had amassed materials and had formed plans for ambitious works upon such topics as the history of civilization and the history of the British colonies. He was a considerable linguist, and his place among amateur artists was a very high one. He was also thoroughly acquainted with the history of art. He was an enthusiastic climber, and one of the earliest members of the Alpine Club. He devoted much attention to questions of strategy, and wrote a pamphlet on army organization. Soon after leaving college, he went out to sea, and, indeed, took part in, the Danish war, and in later years was under fire with the British forces in the neighborhood of Suakim. He was, however, most widely known for his masterly book upon "International Law," first published in 1880, of which a fourth edition is now in the press. He had before this written a treatise upon the "Rights and Duties of Neutrals," in 1874, and last year had produced a most useful treatise upon a difficult, because unsettled, department of the law of nations, which he describes as the "Foreign Powers and Jurisdiction of the British Crown."—*Law Journal.*