

HIGHLAND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—We perceive, from our recent Scottish exchanges, that this important society, the first that was formed in Great Britain, and which has done so much for the advancement of Agriculture, not only in Scotland but in various parts of the world, continues in a flourishing condition. The monthly meetings of members, held in Edinburgh, have become still more attractive, and the chemical department of the society is in a promising condition; although it has not as yet received that degree of support which is requisite for the full realization of its important objects. Dr. Anderson, the Society's chemist, has performed during the year a considerable number of analyses, some of them involving extremely complex and minute investigations. He is actively engaged in a series of analyses of the turnip, grown on different soils and with various kinds of manure. Another series of analyses has been commenced of the wheat soils of different districts of Scotland, with a view of determining the standard constitution of such soils. The exhibition for 1850, will take place in Glasgow; and an effort is making to have the meeting of 1851, at Perth. We are glad to see that the society is likely to be able to resume its annual exhibitions.

DRAIN TILES.

Sales for the above, if required, \$6.26 per 1000, largest size
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GOOD FARMING.—Mr. John Johnston, near Geneva, has on his farm a cow, which probably gives more milk than any other cow in the United States. Through the month of June, 1848, she gave forty-two quarts per day, which is probably without any parallel in this country. From the cream only, they made fourteen and a half pounds of butter per week. Had they churned from the milk, they would have got more butter. The cow was milked three times a day. The only feed she got was grass in the pasture. She is of a roan color, half Durham and half native breed, and is seven year old.—*Journal of Commerce.*