### EMPIRE AIR ROUTES PROPOSED BY-BRITAIN TO FORM HIGHWAYS OF PEACE

Lopdon .- From London to Canada cabins and ample smoking and dining in two and a half days, to India in rooms

five days, to Capetown in six days, to The aeroplane and the airship were five days, to Capetown in six days, to Australia in eleven days and to New Zealand in thirteen days. These were the possibilities of the air which Sir Samuel Hoare, British Air Minister has submitted to the Imperial Con-ference. "There is to-day no technical or operational reason," Sir Samuel de-clared, "why, by aeroplane or airship Iondon should not be brought within a fortnight of the farthest cities and

territories of the Empire. Sir Samuel devoted himself to civil aviation, and proposed the organization of long-distance Empire air routes beginning in the Far East and from Australia to Capetown on the mosaic plan. "We

An the Far East and From Australia to Capetown on the mosaic plan. "We must," he said, "each of us insert our particular stone in the design." His proposal, Sir Samuel soid, in-volved no subsidy. It involved nothing more than co-operation between one Government and another, and between military and civil flying. Sir Samuel pressed that the Dominions and de-Samuel's wish was to see a commerindencies should create and maintain cial airship line started at the earlies landing grounds in good order. He possible moment between Great Bri-held that the airship would carry out the long-distance, non-stop air jour-neys of the future, and indicated that ial Conference there should be an Em-England which should, with a normal ments.

England which should, with a normal load of freight and passengers, be able to fly without refuelling in good we-ther a distance of 4,000 miles. There would be promenade decks outside the was now like taking a taxicab.

### Tommies Strip for "War" in Truck Efficiency lest

In Britain's next "little war" the British Tommy may go into battle metaphorically, "stripped to the buff" instead of carrying a load of up to eighty pounds. A combatant soldier's "baggage" will be cut down to his weapons and ammunition if a test now being carried out in divisional manoeuvers at Aldershot shows he can safely be relieved of the burden in his pack when marching to the fighting line Exercises in which highly mobile troops are engaged against larger but less mobile forces help to answer the question of whether a soldier can rely on motor transport to deliver when and where he may need them all impediments, coats, pack, haversack, rations and field dressings which formerly he carried into action. A general substitution of motor vehicles for the present horses and wagons will follow if the test is a success.

### Yorkshiremen Invoke **Old Saxon Law Defense**

A curious echo of pre-Norman England was heard in a Daresbury York shire court when three men, who were charked with damaging crops, invoked in their defense a certificate that they were "burleymen." Officers known by this title in Anglo-Saxon times, consti tuted a primitive village court, which adjusted all local disputes in accordance with Roman law, or local custom After the Norman conquest the name

was retained, but their jurisdiction merged into that of the manorial The upper photo is that of Sir Wil-fam Mackenzie, G.B.C., K.C., chairman Burleymen survive only in the north of England, where they are in f the British delegation investigating industrial relations between employsome manors still appointed to assess damage to growing crops and other minor farming matters.

# **BLOOD TESTS PROVE EVOLUTION**

Scientists Say it Shows Relationship of Man to Apes.

### THIRD EVELID OF BIRD'S IS RETAINED AS A SMALL MEM-BRANE IN THE CORNER OF THE EYE PINEAL GLAND, A RELIC OF A THIRD EVE IN THE BRAN MUSCLES THAT TH EARS AND SCALD A RELICS OF SWITLIA ONES IN ANIMALS FACIAL MUSCLES, SOLE SURVIVORS OF THE SKIN MUSCLES OF ANIMALS EUSTACHIAN TUBE, RELIC OF GILLS IN FISHES THE APPENDIK, A RELIC OF AN EXTRA STOMACH OF THE 00-EATING NGERA CLAWS OF ARCH-BONESO ONES OF A TAIL RIED IN THE BACK ME STRUCTUR RETA GRASP-

The sketch calls attention to the so-called vestigial organs in man. Evolutionists claim these are conclusive proofs of their theory of the origin of man.

## that of the man-like apes.

There are more complicated ex-amples which prove the same thing. The blood-fluid or serum of a rabbit which has human blood injected into The biologist classes Man among the primates. He believes that the man-lite apes are man's nearest reit, forms a cloudy precipitate mixed with human blood.

Neither Darwin nor any other blologist ever said that man was des-It will form almost as heavy a precended from a monkey. But the biologist insists that just as apes.

various types of mammals can be In the case of other apes there is traced to common ancestors so can only a slight reaction. In the case of man and the man-like apes. Some the lemur it is weakest of all. where thousands of years ago a divi- the experiment not only shows man's sion took place in the development of relation to the ape but his degree of a certain type of primate. One branch relationship to various types. developed into the man-like apes. The Another proof of man's relationship

other developed into man. to the animal world is the presence of In closing our survey of geology, we so-called vestigial organs

noted some of the fossil remains of anatomy. These are relics, so to man which have been found. Trinil speak, of organs which once were imman, Heidelberg man, Piltdown man, portant but which lost their importand so on. These go to prove that ance as man evolved from the primate man had ancestors who resembled the stock. anthropoid apes much more closely The best known of these rudimer

than does the present day man. tary organs is the veniform appendix. But there is no doubt in the minds In certain grazing animals it is a highly important organ. f biologists as to the relation of man Certain muscles which now perform o function but which originally the man-like apes.

The first proof of the relationship lles in the study of anatomy. Man and the man-like apes agree in a most Many mammals posses remarkable fashion. There are diferences in size and shapes. But There are vestiges of this in man there are the same bones arranged in there are the same bones arranged in Another proof of the relationship to the same fashion in each. There are the ape is the hair upon the arms and the same blood vessels and the same the same blood vessels and the same erves

Py David Dietz.

lative upon earth.

Man and apes are attacked by the hairy growth of the man-like apes. same diseases - tuberculosis for ex- man's relation to the other forms of ample

The blood of a man when transfused stages resembles the embryo of the into a dog behaves in a hostile way, fish in its early stages. Later it re-causing the destruction of the red sembles that of the reptile and still later that of other animals. corpuscles.

Name Lake After Hudson's

Bay Co. Governor. ers and the employed in Canada. The lower photo is that of Fred W. Field, tivity in Patricla district in north-Must tear to pieces all the brave re-

British government senior trade com-missioner, in Canada. The party is trading activity 125 years ago. The And **AERIAL SURVEY AS AID IN MAPPING** 

During the past two seasons planes ance must not be placed upon it; one piloted by the Royal Canadian Air must understand its vagaries, its Force have tracked paths back and forth across great stretches of north-ern Ontario, Manitoba, and Saskatche-wan, taking photographs for the mak-ing of maps which will be of the great-ect value to prospectors, foresters, geologists and others interested in the vary development of Canada's hidden rescologists and others interested in the development of Canada's hidden re-sources. The areas covered, lying just beyond the fringe of present settle-ment but within easy access of it, are destined in the near future to play an important part in the progress of the Dominion. The moduction of these mans is in

Dominion. The production of these maps is in the hands of the Topographical Sur-vey, Department of the Interior. It is necessary that the photographs cover the whole area, and accordingly, be-blot out the landscape. Photograph-fors each operation a sketch is pre-pared showing the paralled flight lines How does the aeial navigator track out these parallel lines of flight across out these parallel lines of flight across The production of the second point at which which would require several days. Travel by cance. A most disheartening condition oc-curs when, in the midst of a flight. Cours when, in the midst of a flight. Low does the aeial navigator track of returning another day and picking out these parallel lines of flight across the several days. The most disheartening condition oc-curs when, in the midst of a flight. Boot out the landscape. Photograph-lines must then be suspended and the plane piloted back to its base. The navigator is then faced with the task of returning another day and picking out these parallel lines of flight across up the exact point at which he left off these great and little known expanses? so that the work may be properly car-This ur

dertaking property falls to ex- ried on. perienced surveyors, and a Dominion Such conditions are often met v Lands surveyor therefore accompanies even though flights are made on th Such conditions are often met with each plane as navigational officer days during the summer when the Of course, he makes use of existing weather is most suitable for photo-maps but these only show a few of the graphy. That such operations have principal features which, having been been successfully carried out is atprincipal features which, having been been successfully carried out in a plotted largely from explorers' notes, tested by the fact that it has been pos-are often misplaced by many miles. sible to make maps of a sufficient or der of accuracy for the purpose rea nice discretion in their interpreta-

quired, based on aerial p tion. Although the magnetic compass covering a large part of our northern is of great assistance too much reil- country.

**DETERMINING THE DISTANCES OF STARS** cipitate with the blood of the man-like apes. In the case of other area there is **PROCESS OF TRIANGU-LATION USED IN THIS** WORK.

> Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria, B.C., **Co-operates With Other** Stations.

That the stars differ in their apparent brightness is self-evident. thoughful person might surmise that this is due either to a difference in their light-giving powers or to their being situated at different distances from us. As a matter of fact both are contributory causes and it is only when we know the distance of a particular star that we can have an idea

of its real luminosity. The distances of the nearer stars twitched the ears and the skin of the are determined by a process of tri-angulation somewhat similar to that Many mammals possess a membrane in the eye known as the third eyelid. which the surveyor uses to obtain the distance of an inaccessible mountain peak. Naturally, the base line must legs. The direction in which it grows be enormously longer than any used upon the earth and the one that best corresponds to the direction of the serves the purpose is the diameter of same bacteria and suffer many of the Embryology furnishes other proofs of small relative shiftings in the posi tions of the stars as photographed life. The human embryo in its early from each end of this 186,000,000-mile base give us data from which to compute their distances. Through the co-operation of half a

dozen observatories in Europe and America the distances of several hundred of the nearer stars had been determined by this triangulation method before the war and this number has been materially increased since. Knowing, then, their distances and their apparent brightnesses, their real or and the facts marshalled by the assolute luminosities are easily comstars have aided materially in eluciputed. It has been found that there is a great disparity amongst them, dating the structure of the atom probably a million-fold being not an

Another relatively close star is Sieus, the bright star of the winter skies, distant 9 light-years. This investigation places Arcturus and Polaris, stars tion places Arcturus and Polaris, stars used a great deal by surveyors, at dis-tances of 41 and 466 light-years re-spectively, whilst the double star Beta Cygni, at the foot of the Northern Cross, is nearly 1,100 light years dis-tant. Moreover, it is found that the stars do not extend to come data stars do not extend to equal distances in all directions; they extend to much greater distances in the direction the Milky Way than they do at right angles to that plane. The stellar uni-verse is thus not spherical but rather disc-like in form with the long diameter about ten times the shorter.

#### Value of Researches.

The main value of such researches is in this determination of the form and structure of the universe-the problem towards the solution of which practically all astronomical investigation tends. When results for the distances of the stars had to be based upon triangulation methods alone could reach out to a limited distance

only. The base line of 186,000,000 miles, enormous as if is relative to earthly standards, is, nevertheless, in adequate for all but the nearer stars and necessity drove astronomers seek some other method of attacking the problem. The newer method adopted at and enlarged upon at Victoria has the decided advantage that it is usable for matter how infinitely emote the star may be, provided only it is bright enough for its be secured. The great light gathering power of modern telescopes makes it possible to spectra of extremely faint stars.

A by-product of the work has been the aid rendered the physicist in his study of the atom. When the astronomer found that certain spectral lines were particularly intense in intrinsically bright stars the physicist was

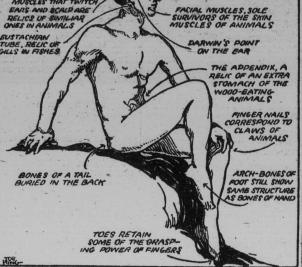


**British Delegation** 

be respected.

to demand them.

to get a good speech.



Secrets of Science.

# Human blood mingles freely with

when

### A Lamp of Remembrance.

In a long wide corridor that leads to the "Chief's" room at Scotland Yard stands a lamp that is always alight It is the "Yard's" memorial to its Civil Servants who fell in the war.

he does not buy. This lamp, not unlike one of Old London's street lanterns, has been alight for months. In daytime it is send as well as by what comes home. only when you approach close to it that you realize it is still burning, agement if we want good service but it will burn day and night for as tice in the courts. long as Scotland Yard remains. Inseribed on it are the words: "In law

nemory of those members of the Civil Service staff of the Metropolitan Police Force who laid down their lives."

Violet Rays for Eyes.

Surgeons have succeeded in restoring sight to diseased eyes and by standardizing the method treatment have opened the way for a new attack on blindness, said A. J. M. Tarrant. secretary of Moorfields, London, the biggest eye hospital in the British Empire. A year's experiment with a tiny mercury vapor lamp throwing out ultra-violet rays, has been successfully concluded.

The secretary said the violet-ray treatment had been successfully used in cases of threat nod total blindness. -----

Danes to Make Milk.

stillcial milk, which is asserted to possess all the qualities of fresh cow's milk, is to be manufactured in Den-mark. The product is said not to be merely a substitute for milk as the butter fat is replaced by vegetable fats and the addition of vitamine France and

gives it character of fresh milk. ----- A ----Smile.

Sulle and the world smiles with you; face, which have the result of silm- sented with green stockings. These Where the frown is never known. salons.

British government senior trade com-missioner in Canada. The party is also gathering information on the great map of Canada made by Aaron Arrowsmith 1795-1802, from informamethods in which trade disputes are Arrowsmith, 1795-1802, from informa- If only what is rotten can be art, settled in the United States.

pany shows the lake by name with Red Lake House upon it. The present It Is Very Important-Gulrock lake on Chukuni river bears -To treat a customer well even if the name "Prince of Wales" lake. Pakwash lake on the same river is

To judge a college by what we shown "L' Paquash" and Lac Seul as "L. Sal." The latter lake, by the way, -To give the railroads some encouris shown on the map of Peter Pond date 1790, as lake "Alone," the -To see that the rich also get jus- translation of the French "Seul." West of Lac Seul on English river in the To enforce all laws if we want any position of present Barnston lake is shown "Gov. Weggs" lake, evidently To deserve cur rights if we expect

smart! At all that men hold sacred, and disdain

vere,

pocket's gain; If brilliance means an utter lack of heart,

smart! commemorating Samuel Wegg, who If to be clever means that I must see was Governor of the Hudson'

-To give good attention if we want Company from 1782 to 1799. The Geo. graphic Board of Canada has recently approved of the name "Wegg" being applied to the lake adjoining Barnston

lake, sometimes called Sandbar lake.

#### Stocking Lore.

There are many quaint superstitions connected with the stocking. It is extremely lucky if a stocking is accident ally put on inside cut, and on no account should it be taken off and

changed. The luck is all the greater if the stocking is the left legged one. Another quaint idea is to place a stocking under the pillow when sleeping the first night in a fresh bed; to worn on the right leg during the day-

Whatever the sleeper dreams that night is sure to come true.

She-"How dare you try to kin in some parts for the unmarried sis-

He "Well, I'd been in the war in too, I know not, but rather suspect the Mirrors That Deceive

former, because in Scotland the elder Mirrors with a slightly convex sur- unmarried sisters are sometimes pre-

Frown and you frown alone. ming down the person using them, are are sent anonymously by some so-For the cheerful grin will let you in said to be popular in American dress called friend, as a gentle hint that the and wolf-dog. recipient is "on the shelf."

tion supplied by the Hudson's Bay Com- Lord, keep me from the sin of being If to be clever means that I must jest

If To Be Clever.

If to be clever means that I must sneer

others which are designated "giant The simple teachings telling what is stars.

Must serve the passions for my

Lord, save me from the sin of being

All that is base and vile and call

that real. And finding henor, swear it cannot be

If wit must tear all gentle worth apart, Lord, save me from the sin of being away a star of such known brightness

-Edgar A. Guest. A Good Reporter.

Was Helen then so starry-eyed? Was Troy so very tall? And were the windy plains so wido? Was there a Horse at all?

Perhaps they told old Home Things were of different size. be quite correct, I believe, the stock- Perhaps a returning roamer ing has to be the one that has been Told tales for blinded eyes.

> But the blind man heard them, yearning. So he raised his lyre and sang,

When a young girl marries before And the toyless towers were burning. her older sisters, it is still the custom And the plains with battle rang. ters to dance in stockinged feet at the And Helen's face went launching ships

wedding. Whether this is an act of The young died, and the hoary, humiliation or to bring them husbands, And Troy is down in dust and chips And Homer got the story.

-Rollin Kirby. Old Egypt's Dogs.

The Egyptians had several kinds of domestic dogs, including the hound traverse the distance and consequent-

extreme ratio. Our own star, the sun, Where Christmas of 1927 while 100 times brighter than some Has Been Reached Already that are reached by our telescopes, is nevertheless outshone 10.000 fold by

There is a factory in Bradford, England, where they have already reached Christmas-not Christmas 1926, but Christmas 1927

An examination of the spectra of The mystery is explained by the fact analyzed light of these stars of differ- that the factory in question is devoted ent real luminosities revealed pecu-liarities by which it was possible to cards. It maintains a staff of 200 or reverse the process and predict the so in a constant atmosphere of peace corresponding real brightnesses. That on earth and good will to men from is to say, if we were to secure the January 1 to December 31. The spectrum of a star the distance and Christmas card output for the coming real brightness of which was unknown season was completed during micsumand finding henor, swear it cannot be Because I've known some men to Ee ties, determine the absolute brightness, well above 80 in the shade, and since simple calculation to find out how far greeings for Christmas, 1987.

away a star of such known brightness must be to appear of the brightness we see it in the sky re see it in the sky. It is in the search for these tell-tale ada, New Zealand and Australia. we see it in the sky.

peculiarities in the spectrum that the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory, Department of the Interior, at Victoria, British Columbia, has taken a leading part among the observatories of the world. Many new lines in the spec trum have been found which are specially sensitive in this regard and the added material has greatly improved the accuracy of the method. A list of over 1,100 stars the distances of which have been thus determined has been issued as a publication of the observa tory.

Predict the Luminlosity.

The distances cannot be quoted in miles but a popular standard of measurement is the "light-year" which is simply the distance light will travel in a year at the rate of 186,000 miles per second. At this rate light reaches us from the sun in eight and one-third

minutes yet the distance of the nearest of the fixed stars is such that light

, ly we say it is 41/2 light-years distant. the dance."

The Better Anatomy Class. "That medical student is more often found at the dancing class than the

requires four and one-half years to anatomy class, I hear. "He says he gets better anatomy st



