

JAMAICA AGAIN SHAKEN

Violent Earthquake Throws Down Newly Erected Walls.

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says: A violent earthquake occurred at 1.20 a.m. here on Thursday. It was the first in six weeks and came from the southeast. It was especially severe at Port Royal, destroying the walls of the temporary buildings under construction.

The violent shaking caused a panic among the troops there, and in the dash for the open forth men of the Royal Garrison Artillery and Royal Engineers were injured. Eleven of them were seriously hurt and fifteen are in the hospital.

The panic was intensified by a curious turbulence of the sea near the coast, er prices, three extra fine steers, weighing were injured at Uppack camp in a similar dash to the open. No casualties are reported among civilians.

A despatch from Santiago, Chile, says: A severe earthquake was experienced on Thursday at Valdivia. Several buildings and the railroad bridges there were destroyed and five persons were killed. Valdivia is on the seacoast, about 500 miles south of Valparaiso. It has a population of 10,000.

LEADING MARKETS

Toronto, June 18.—Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white winter, 90c to 91c; No. 2 red or No. 2 mixed, 90c to 90½c. Wheat—Manitoba—Lake ports, No. 1 hard, 95c; No. 1 northern, 93½c; No. 2 northern, 91½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 44½c to 45c, outside; No. 2 mixed, 43½c to 44c. Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 62½c to 63c Toronto basis lake and rail, 63c to 63½c all rail Toronto basis. Barley—No. 2, 55c; No. 3 extra, 54c; No. 3, 53c. Peas—No. 2, 81c. Buckwheat—60c. Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent patents, \$3.60 bid, \$3.80 asked; Manitoba first patents, \$4.75; seconds, \$4.15 to \$4.20 bakers, \$4.75. Bran—\$19 to \$20; shorts, \$21 to \$22, outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Market is easy and unchanged. Creamery, prints 20c to 22c Dairy, prints 17c to 19c Cheese—13c to 13½c for large and 13½c for twins, in job lots here. Eggs—Quotations are 17½c to 18c per dozen, in case lots. Honey—Pails, 11c to 12c lb; combs, \$1.50 to \$2.50 per dozen. Beans—\$1.50 to \$1.55 for hand-picked, and \$1.35 to \$1.40 for primes. Potatoes—Delawares, \$1.25 to \$1.30, in car lots on track here, Ontario, \$1.10. Baled Hay—Quotations are firm at \$14 to \$15 for No. 1 timothy and \$13 to \$13.50 for No. 2, in car lots on track here. Baled Straw—Firm at \$7 to \$7.25 per ton, in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—\$9.75 for light-weights and \$9.25 for heavies, farmers' lots. Pork—Short cut, \$23 to \$23.50 per barrel; mess, \$21 to \$21.50. Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 13½c to 16c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; backs, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 10½c to 11c; rolls, 11½c; out of pickle, 1c less than smoked. Lard—Steady at these prices: Tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12½c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, June 18.—Hay market is steady. Prices are quoted from \$16 to \$17 for No. 1, \$15.50 to \$16 for No. 2 and \$14.50 to \$15 for clover mixed. Oats—Market is easy again to-day. Manitoba No. 2, 49½c to 50c; Ontario, No. 2, 49½c to 50c; No. 3, 48c to 49½c. Corn—Prices are unchanged at 63c to 66c; market dull. Butter—Townships was quoted at 20½c to 20¾c, Quebecs at 20½c to 20¾c, and dairy at 18c to 18½c. The English market for cheese was weaker in tone to-day. The cable for colored declined 6d to 1s, but the local market was unchanged at 11½c to 12c for Ontario, 11½c for townships and 11½c to 11¾c for Quebecs. Eggs—Small lots are quoted at 18c to 18½c, and wholesale lots at 17½c. Provisions—Barrels of short cut mess, \$22 to \$22.50; half-barrels do, \$11.25 to \$11.75; clear fat backs, \$23.50 to \$24.50; long cut heavy mess, \$20.50 to \$21.50; half-barrels do, \$10.75 to \$11.50; dry salted long clear bacon, 10½c to 11½c; barrels plate beef, \$14 to \$16; half-barrels do, \$7.50 to \$8.25; barrels heavy mess beef, \$10; half barrels do, \$5.50; compound lard, 10½c to 10¾c; pure lard, 12½c to 12¾c; kettle rendered, 13c to 13½c; hams, 14c to 16c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14½c to 15c; Windsor bacon, 15½c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$10; alive, \$7.25 to \$7.40.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, June 18.—Flour—Dull. Wheat—Spring, dull; No. 1 northern, 99½c winter, easier; No. 2 white, \$1.02. Corn—Easier; No. 2 yellow, 58½c; No. 2 white, 58½c. Oats—Dull; No. 2 white, 48½c; No. 2 mixed, 45½c. Barley—Nothing done. Rye—Firm; No. 1, c.i.f., \$2½c. Canal freights—Unchanged.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKETS.

New York, June 18.—Wheat—Spot

closed weak; No. 2 red, 95½c elevator No. 2 red, 96½c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, \$1.05½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, \$1 f.o.b. afloat.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, June 18.—Rising prices were again the feature at the Western Cattle Market to-day, with heavy offerings of cattle, it would seem that values would at least remain steady, but the demand was considerably greater than on Tuesday, hence sales were made rapidly and at good figures, indeed. Hogs were steady. The offerings were 110 loads, containing 1,756 cattle, 650 sheep and lambs, 700 hogs, and 515 calves. Exporters' cattle were strong in price, and the supply was not too plentiful. Good exporters, \$5.50 to \$6; medium and light, \$5.30 to \$5.50 per cwt. In butchers' cattle competition among dealers was brisk, especially for the better classes of cattle; \$5.65 to \$5.90 was paid; good to choice butchers' cattle sold at \$5.40 to \$5.60; fair at \$5 to \$5.40, and good cows and mixed lots at \$3 to \$4.75 per cwt. Light stockers were in increasing demand at \$3.50 to \$4 per cwt. For feeders, 1,050 to 1,100 lbs, \$4.75 to \$5, and even more, was paid. Sheep and lambs were steady. Grain-fed lambs sold at \$6 to \$6.50 per cwt; spring lambs at \$3 to \$5 each; export ewes at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt; unshorn and shorn, \$4.75 to \$5; bucks, \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt. Hogs were unchanged at \$6.90 for select, and \$6.65 for lights and fats.

A COLD-BLOODED CRIME.

A Buffalo Man Shoots His Wife and Telephones for Police.

A despatch from Buffalo says: Frank E. Jackson walked up to the door of his house on Sunday and rapped. His wife opened the door and Jackson stepped inside. Then he shot the woman three times, and she fell dead at his feet. Locking the door to the room in which the murder occurred, so that his little children could not come upon their mother's body, Jackson went to a neighbor's house and telephoned to the police that there was trouble at his house. Then he walked out to meet the officers, who were hurried over, and gave himself up. Jackson told them: "It was either myself or her; one or the other had to go." The police say the man had been quarreling with his wife for some time. As Jackson was walking to the telephone from which he reported the killing to the police he passed his wife's father. He bowed and continued on his way as if nothing had happened.

27 HOUSES DESTROYED.

Conflagration at St. Raymond—Whole Village Was Threatened.

A despatch from Quebec says: The Parish of St. Raymond, County of Port Neuf, about thirty miles from this city, was on Wednesday afternoon visited by a conflagration which, for a time, threatened to wipe out the village. A fire started at one end of the village about 3 p.m., when three houses were destroyed and 21 horses, while this fire was still burning another fire started about half a mile further west, on the main street of the village. A detachment of the Quebec fire brigade was sent by special train to St. Raymond and succeeded in controlling the fire, but not before 21 private residences were completely destroyed. For a time great fear was anticipated for the safety of the church, as the second house from the Presbytery fell a prey to the flames. The Quebec and local fire departments remained at work all night.

CANADIAN CATTLE SHOT.

Outrage by American Sheep Ranchers on Alberta Boundary.

A despatch from Medicine Hat, Alberta, says: Sergt. Allen, of the R.N.W.M.P., has reported from the Willow Creek detachment on the boundary line that a large number of Canadian cattle have been shot down by American sheep ranchers south of Wild Horse Lake. A link to the number of 150 were the last victims. They were shot on Milk River. The outrage has been reported at the R.N.W.M.P. headquarters where active steps are being taken to inaugurate a thorough investigation.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Toronto Street Railway earnings for May were \$279,773.12.

Plans are being prepared for a new wing to the Provincial Parliament buildings.

Hamilton Board of Education has increased teachers' and caretakers' salaries.

Ex-Judge Henderson of Vancouver has been appointed Commissioner of the Yukon.

The I. C. R. will hereafter be known as the "I. R. C." Intercolonial Railway, Canada.

The Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg Railway has begun erecting its bridge across Rainy River.

Eighteen restaurant keepers at Winnipeg were fined \$1 and costs each for selling on Sunday.

Dr. R. W. Bell, Provincial Health Inspector, reports many cases of smallpox in Leeds and Grenville counties.

The Montreal Street Railway Company will give the poor of the city free rides in special cars during the hot months.

It is said that an offer well up in the millions has been made the Government for the mineralized portion of the Gillies limit.

The United States schooner Fannie E. Prescott has been seized by the cruiser Canada for fishing within three miles of the Nova Scotia coast.

The earnings of the London and Port Stanley Railway for 1906 total \$148,736.06, and London receives ten per cent, on all receipts above \$80,000.

Mrs. William Albright, "prophetess," has warned the Mayor of Vancouver to "come out and bring the people, as there will be a tidal wave and mountain eruptions."

A hobo fitted himself quarters in a small steam yacht shipped on the C. P. R. from Montreal to Seattle and rode across the continent unnoticed.

Dr. Falconer formally accepted the Presidency of the University of Toronto at a meeting of the Board of Governors on Friday.

It is proposed to store some 60,000 tons of coal in Saskatchewan during this summer to prevent another famine next winter.

The O'Boyle Brothers' Construction Co., of North Bay, have been awarded the contract for the Temiskaming Railway stores building at that place.

The Frontenac Grand Jury was refused permission to inspect the Kingston penitentiary, and asks that the case be laid before the Minister of Justice.

The bodies of Samuel Rankin and Mrs. Patterson, both old residents of Stratford, were found in the water on Thursday. Both had committed suicide at different places and times.

A number of hay dealers of Montreal have entered suit in the Exchequer Court to collect \$340,000 for hay shipped by them to South Africa during the war and not taken by the Government.

Three Lehigh Valley freight cars plunged through the steel arch bridge at Niagara and dropped 200 feet into the river below on Saturday. A couple of tramps are believed to have gone down in the wreck.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The retirement of Lord Dundonald from the British Army has been announced.

Crop reports from Europe indicate that the wheat yield will be greater than at first expected.

The first reading of the amendment to the British North America act rendered necessary by the agreement to increase Provincial subsidies was passed in the British House of Commons on Thursday.

UNITED STATES.

The operators of the Western Union Telegraph Company are threatening to strike.

The longshoremen at New York have decided to return to work on the best terms obtainable.

Japanese in the United States blame the German Emperor for the race troubles in San Francisco.

A big white cat is the loving foster mother of four Dalmatian puppies in a New York fire station.

John M. Parker, who says he is from Toronto, has confessed to the Philadelphia police that he is a burglar.

At Winstead, Conn., three cows ate heartily of grass on which had been emptied some Paris green. They died. Two women were killed and three other persons were seriously hurt in an automobile accident in Indianapolis, Ind.

The United States Government has offered Britain the same trade concessions as were given Germany by the recent agreement.

Carrie Nation, after haranguing a crowd in front of a down-town saloon in Washington, was arrested for being disorderly.

Official statements from the Iowa crop service place the Iowa crops from 17 to 18 per cent, behind their condition a year ago at this time.

Because his mother had spanked him, Calif McCoy, aged eleven years, shot and instantly killed her at their farm, nine miles north of Bassett, Neb.

MUTINY OF RED HUSSARS

Serious Disaffection in the Czar's Favorite Regiment.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: What technically was a mutiny, closely resembling the mutiny of the Preobrazhensky Regiment just before the dissolution of the Duma last year, has occurred in the ranks of the Life Hussars, better known as the "Red Hussars," at Tsarskoe-Selo.

The existence of serious disaffection came to light when Colonel Molostvoff, commanding the regiment, ordered the punishment of several soldiers, but the other soldiers refused to inflict it. They also refused to shout the usual salutation to the commander on parade.

The upshot of the affair was the arrest on Monday at Tsarskoe-Selo of the commander of the "Red Hussars," General Petrov Solovov, aide-de-camp to and personal friend of the Czar. The General was conveyed to St. Petersburg and placed under domiciliary arrest in the Winter Palace.

The fourth squadron of the regiment has been deprived of the privilege of carrying the regimental colors. All the officers have been arrested, and the regiment will probably be transferred to Metviet, where the Japanese prisoners lived, and where the Preobrazhensky Regiment was sent last year by way of punishment. A series of courts-martial will follow in due course.

From personal investigations it is concluded that the mutiny was not caused by direct political agitation, but was the result of the loosening of all the bonds of discipline due to the present long-drawn crisis. The soldiers are vaguely dissatisfied, but they don't know exactly what they want. Hence anarchy is more probable than a swift, clean-cut military revolution. The singular fact about these mutinies is that they occur in the regiments most closely connected with the Czar. The Hussars are even dearer to him than was the Preobrazhensky Regiment, for the Czar served in the sixth squadron, and at the last regimental fete spoke most feelingly of how proud he felt at being entitled to wear the uniform of the famous regiment.

NAVAL MUTINY THREATENS.

A despatch to a London news agency from Sebastopol says that Vice-Admiral Wren, who recently was appointed successor of Admiral Skrydloff, in command of the Black Sea fleet, has sifted out and arrested the disaffected seamen at that port and placed 600 of them on board a cruiser, under a strong guard of the Pragski Regiment. Additional arrests are being made, and it probably will be necessary to fit out another penal cruiser. The seamen of the fleet are exasperated, because no charges have been preferred against the arrested men, and it is said that a mutinous outbreak is likely to occur.

DUMA DISSOLVED BY EMPEROR.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Emperor Nicholas affixed his signature on Sunday morning to an Imperial ukase abolishing the Duma, and ordering that the election of members to its successor, which is to meet October 14, must be held under the new election law, which provides against the "submergence of the educated classes by the uneducated masses." This act constitutes a virtual coup d'etat, and overrides the specific provisions of the fundamental laws of the realm, solemnly proclaimed by his Majesty on the eve of the convocation of the first Duma, which declared that the electoral law could never be changed without the consent of Parliament itself.

POLICEMAN KILLS A MAN.

Arrested the Wrong Man First, and a Free Fight Occurred.

A despatch from Dalhousie, N. B., says: A shooting affray took place on Thursday morning in St. Maure, when Peter Fontaine was shot dead by Policeman Sealy, from the town of Dalhousie. Sealy and Constable Gallop left Dalhousie early on Thursday morning with warrants for the arrest of Andrew Fontaine and Peter Fontaine, charged with assault. On arriving at the home of Andrew Fontaine they placed him under arrest, and George Sealy left alone to go to the next house, where Peter Fontaine made his home. On Sealy's arrival there he met George Jalbert, with whom Peter Fontaine lived. He arrested Jalbert, by mistake for Peter Fontaine. Jalbert, not having committed any offence, was surprised to find himself in the hands of the law, and, not knowing who Sealy was, and seeing he had a revolver in his hand, he says he mistook him for a burglar, and made a fight, as he was very much afraid. Meanwhile he called on his wife and Peter Fontaine for help. Fontaine came downstairs undressed, and, seeing a stranger with a revolver, a general row occurred. The policeman noticing his mistake, let Jalbert go and made an attempt to arrest Fontaine. Jalbert, having received a severe blow, made for the woods. Meantime Gallop came on the scene and took part in the scuffle, which resulted in Fontaine receiving several shots, one ball lodging in his liver and another just above the heart, death ensuing in a few minutes. Sealy surrendered himself to the County Sheriff.

DRAWN UNDER TRAIN.

Mr. George Wright, of Gordon Lake, Loses His Foot.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: Mr. George Wright, a merchant of Gordon Lake, was returning from the Soo on Thursday by the afternoon train, and in attempting to alight at Desbarats while the train was in motion was drawn under the wheels, his left foot being ground to a pulp. He was brought back to the Soo and his foot was amputated at the General Hospital.

J. Pasuth, an Italian, was killed on the Algoma Central Railway through the collision of a handcar on which Pasuth was riding, and No. 3 engine. The car and engine met in a rock cut. The noise of the approaching engine was not heard until too late.

REVOLVER WAS HANDY.

Qu'Appelle Woman Chases a Burglar and Secures His Arrest.

A despatch from Regina says: In the Supreme Court, on Thursday, Mathias Gruenstein was found guilty of burglariously breaking into the house of Mrs. Ambler of Qu'Appelle on May 25. Mrs. Ambler stated that she had slept with a loaded revolver under her pillow for twenty years. When Gruenstein's presence in the house was detected she chased the man out of the house at the point of her revolver. She followed him into the street, and succeeded in rousing Constable Glass, who arrested the man. Sentence was deferred.

CHAMBERLAIN AT BIRMINGHAM.

Comparative Helplessness Was a Great Shock to His Friends.

A despatch from Birmingham, England, says: Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain arrived here on Thursday from London. The health of Mr. Chamberlain is improving, but his comparative helplessness was a great shock to his friends who assembled at the railroad station to meet him. All hats were raised in respectful silence as his carriage drove away.