## Che Dominion Presbuterian

IS PUBLISHED AT

323 FRANK ST., - OTTAWA

AND AT

## MONTREAL AND WINNIPEG

Terms: One year (50 issues) in adnoe, \$1.50.

SPECIAL OFFER-Any one sending us FIVE new names and \$6.00, will be en-titled to a FREE copy for twelve months.

The date on the label shows to

months to a transfer of the months to the time date on the label shows to what time date on the label shows to what time date on the label. Planer is continued until an order is sent for discontinuance, and with it, payment of arrearages.

When the address of your paper is to be changed send the old as well as new address.

Sample copies sent upon application.

Send all remittances by cleck money.

Send all remittances by cleck, money rder or registered letter made payable of THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN.

ADVERTISING RATES—15 cents per agate line each insertion, 14 lines to the inch, 11½ inches to the column. Letters should be addressed:

THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN, P. O. Drawer 563, Ottawa.

C. BLACKETT ROBINSON Manager and Editor.

OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 29, 1907.

The attendance at the Synod meeting at Brockville was fairly good. Many city ministers did not enter an appear ance. This is true of the country districts also. From Ottawa there were present Drs. Ramsay and Armstrong, and Messrs. Turnbull, Anderson, Milne, McIlroy and MacLeod; from Montreal, Drs. Campbell, Scrimger, Patterson, MacKay, Heine, Reid and Ross. It is but fair to add that members from the cities-ministers and elders-took an important part in the transaction of business.

The Board of Management of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, has decided to make two nominations for chairs at the approaching Assembly, the Rev. Dr. Welsh of Toronto for that of Apologetics and Church History, and the Rev. A. R. Gordon for that of Old Testament Literature and Exegesis. As these additions will call for an increased revenue of from \$2,500 to \$3,000 per annum, which has been as yet only partly provided for, the board has decided to ask the Rev. J. G. Inkster, B.A., to devote the next six months to presenting the claims of the college in the congregations of the church and to canvassing for an increased endowment of \$50,000. Mr. Inkster is a Canadian, a graduate of Toronto University, who took his theological course in Scotland and was induced to give a few years to mission work in the city of Bristol, under the auspices of the Presbyterian church of England, but has now returned to Canada and is applying to be received as a minister of our church at the approaching General Assembly. We bespeak for him a cordial reception and a sympathetic consideration of the claims of the institution which with its completed staff will offer exceptional advantages to students.

## IMPORTANT GATHERING IN

A World's Students' Conference has just been concluded in Japan, at Tokyo, which in many respects is considered to have been one of the most important gatherings in the world's history. The numbers, the enthusiasm, the generosity, the hospitality, were astonishing. The number of delegates enrolled was 627, and these came from 25 countries, over 400 being from Japanese institutions and 76 from universities and colleges in China. India sent 19, Korea 5, and the other 122 were from practically every nation on the globe. The personnel of the convention was even more remarkable than its enrollment, there being present such well-known leaders as John R. Mott, Bishop Cranston, Sir Alexander Simpson, Bishop Nicolai (of the Greek Church), and professors from Cambridge, Oxford, Leyder and Upsala. Telegrams were read f: n President Roosevelt, King Edward, King Haakon and the Crown Prince of Sweden. A note from the Marquis Ito inclosed a cheque of \$5,000 toward the expenses of the meeting. Delegates were entertained by American Ambassador Wright, Viscount Hayashi, Count Okuma, Baron Goro and other influential statesmen and diplomats, and courtesies were freely extended visiting delegates by repre-sentatives of the imperial family. The newspapers of Japan were with scarcely an exception friendly, and the citizens of thirty-two cities about Tokyo convenof thrty-two cities about Tokyo conven-ed in overflow meetings which were ad-dressed by visiting delegates. The tone of the meeting was joyful yet profound-ly spiritual, and there was no mistak-ing the deep religious purpose which had brought together such a notable as-sembly. Some of the hymns were stage in six different languages at the same in six different languages at the same time, and prayers were heard in more enguages than in the day of Pentecost. Perhaps no one address made a deeper impression than that of Professor E. J. Bosworth, of Oberlin, upon "Jesus 'hrist our Lord," and the paler of Bishon languages than in the day of Pentecost Bosworth, of Oberlin, upon "Jesus Brists our Lord," and the payer of Bishop Nicolai upon "The Scriptares and the Christian Life" was just what one would have expected from this warm friend of missions. President J. F. Goufriend of missions. President J. F. Gou-cher, of Baltimore, showed in his ad-dress how the churches in America gained in their membership last year 3.41 per cent. upon the population, swollen as that was by immigration, and told his hearers that Christians in the United States gave last year \$257,000,000 to philanthropies, while 16,000 churches were built.

The sin of swearing was denounced in scathing terms in St. Patrick's church, Toronto, last Sunday, by Rev. Father Sheehan. Among other things he said: "The nationality of a man is known by the language he speaks. The language of ball is consing and these when of hell is cursing, and those who curse are on the road to hell. How would you are on the road to hell. How would you like to have the names of your sister, your wife or your mother bandied around by street corner toughs! To Christians, Christ's name should be more sacred than the names of family, and its abuse should not be tolerated. You of the abundance of the heart the mouth the roads the last way to the should not be stored. speaketh,' and the user of profane lan-guage is stamped by sensible people as e people as guage is stamped by sensible people as an essentially bad man. The profane man cannot succeed in this world, for he will not be tolerated by polite so-ciety." Profane swearing is becoming terribly prevalent over the land. Drastic measures must be taken to suppress it. Let every pulpit and every newspa-per help to stamp out this vice. LAPSING FROM CHURCH MEM-BERSHIP.

We note in the Northern Ensign of Wick, Scotland, of a recent date, an address on "Lapsing from Church Membership," the importance and gravity of which is not by any means confined to Scotland. The address was given before the "United Free Church Office-Bearers' Association of Wick, and the speaker, a Mr. Davidson, dealt with facts which he had gathered by personal enquiry and otherwise from wide field. The startling fact which he presented was that in the first five years of the United Church, the number struck off the communion rolls without certificates amounted to 50,119-or 10,000 a year! These figures include persons struck off through neglect of ordinances; but the vast priority is made up of those who lapse when they change their places of abode, many of whom do not ask for a disjunction certificate. Many of them leave home without any definite plans; their min-ister's dismiss them with a simple request to let them know when they get settled, which congregation they will join. In too many cases this is the last they hear of them, or they only hear of them again after they have been laid hold of by some other denomination, more on the alert to secure derelicts than Presbyterians are. (This is an interesting and suggestive fact that might be noted in the latitude of Canada.)

A very significant comment on these figures is the fact ascertained by the strangers' committee of Edinburgh Presbytery, that during the five years when 50,119 members lapsed, that committee received just twenty-three intimations of change of membership!

Mr. Davidson then told of his experience in seeking by personal and epistorary enquiry with many people over a wide extent of country, the causes of this state of things. He found that the opinions of these people coincided very largely with his own, and he grouped the results of his correspondence under the following three headings:

"1. Inefficiency of ministers; 2, laxity of office-bearers; and 3, adversity among members. Now when speaking of the inefficiency of ministers I wish it to be clearly and distinctly underit to be clearly and distinctly under-stood that I am not throwing broadcast indiscriminate censure on the whole body of ministers. There are among our ministers men of whom our nation and race may justly be proud. But, while we make that most willing adwhile we make that most willing ad-mission, we have at the same time to admit that there is a minority. I fear we must say a large minority, who are not worthy of the office they hold, and because of the inconsistency, the last-ness, the indiffer-noce and deadness which the people see in these men they get careless, irregular in attendance and then lapse altogether."

## Inefficiency of Ministers.

Some of the replies received by Mr. Davidson in answer to his inquiries are sufficiently interesting to be almost startling. Here are a few of them:

"Members remove too far from church and ministers encourage them to keep up their old connection, thus they be-come 'paper members.' The distance makes regular attendance impossible, then non-church going sets in, and fin-ally lapsing." "Expense of church