WANTED:
Everyone to give our GRASSY ISLAND COAL a trial and be satisfied.
CONGER COAL CO.—6 KING EAST.

The Toronto World.

COX & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS,
26 TORONTO-ST.
Continuous market quotations by direct wires.

SIXTH YEAR FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 15, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT

GREAT LIBERAL GAINS.

THE ROSS GOVERNMENT DEFEATED IN QUEBEC.

A Terribly Bad Dose for the Tories to Swallow—The Riel Question Evidently a Big Factor—Thirty Constituencies Yet to Hear From.

QUEBEC, Oct. 14.—The returns of the Provincial elections so far as heard from are as follows, seven Conservatives and two Liberals having previously been returned by acclamation:

County.	The Elect.	Cons.	Libs.
Bagot	Pilon	—	1*
Bonaventure	Cyr	—	1*
Brome	Lynch	1	—
Bellechasse	Langelier	—	1*
Champlain	Trudel	—	1*
Chaffevoix	Morin	—	1*
Compton	McIntosh	1	—
Jacques Cartier	Boyer	—	1*
Kamouraska	Dionon	—	1
Levis	Lemieux	—	1*
L'Islet	Duchene	—	1*
L'Assomption	Dr. Forest	—	1*
Maskinonge	Caron	1	—
Montmagny	Bernatchez	—	1*
Montreal, Centre	McShane	—	1
" East	David	—	1*
" West	Hall	1	—
Napierville	Lafontaine	—	1*
Ottawa Co.	Cormier	1	—
Pontiac	Poupore	1	—
Quebec Centre	Rinfret	—	1
Quebec West	Murphy	—	1*
Quebec Co.	Casgrain	1	—
St. Maurice	Duplessis	1	—
St. Hyacinthe	Mercier	—	1
Three Rivers	Turcotte	—	1*
Vaudreuil	La Pointe	1	—
Total		9	18

All those marked thus * are Liberal gains.

To these have to be added 7 Cons. and 2 Libs. previously elected by acclamation, making the parties as far as heard from stand 16 Cons. and 20 Libs. The wires being down owing to yesterday's storm prevented more returns from being given. So far the Liberal gain is 14, showing that in spite of assertions to the contrary, the Riel question has been a very great factor in the elections.

RUSSIA'S INTRIGUES REJECTED.

Turkey Declines to Listen to Muscovite Overtures.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Diplomats believe that Russia has selected Prince Alexander, of Oldenburg, as her candidate for the Bulgarian throne.

General Kaulbars, the Russian military agent, has been ordered by his government to abandon his proposed journey to Roumelia.

The Austrian official journals warn Bulgaria against electing a prince until the powers have agreed upon the most suitable person to select. They also counsel her to abstain in every way from provoking Russia.

The complicity of Karaveloff and Tzanoff in the plot against Prince Alexander has been confirmed. They will be tried, but will not be punished, in view of their exclusion from a political career.

General Kaulbars left Varna this morning on a special train for Rustchuk. His departure was sudden and unexpected. Orders were sent to Rustchuk to have supper prepared for him, and to have horses in readiness for an immediate journey. It is believed he is going to Tirnova.

The Election of the Sobranje.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 14.—The Journal De St. Petersburg denounces the manner in which the elections in Bulgaria for members of the great sobranje were conducted. It accuses the Government party of terrorizing the minority with stone and cudgel, and asserts that the regency prevents the circulation abroad of news showing the true situation of affairs. This, however, and the results of Gen. Kaulbars' mission, the Journal says, will be eventually known, and it will be shown that Gen. Kaulbars has acquitted himself with his devotion and self-abnegation worthy of the cause whose triumph he seeks.

Reached an Acute Stage.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Lord Iddlesleigh had a prolonged interview to-day with the Russian Ambassador. It is undeniable the crisis in Bulgaria has reached an acute stage.

A Pure Invention.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Lord Iddesleigh has authorized a denial of the report published in the Journal de St. Petersburg of a public meeting alleged to have been held at Rustchuk. This report said that at the meeting a telegram from Prince Alexander was read announcing that he would return to Bulgaria if reelected. The report further said that the British consul advised the meeting to resist the demands of Russia. The British consul at Rustchuk reports that no such meeting was held and Lord Iddesleigh is assured that the report in question was a pure invention.

Russia's Intrigues Rejected.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—Turkey has rejected Russia's overtures for joint action against England and Austria. The inducement offered was the reoccupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Turkey and Russia to proclaim a protectorate over and to occupy Bulgaria; Egypt to be occupied by a mixed French and Turkish garrison under the superior command of a French general, and Greece to be given back her lost territory. The proposals also referred to a Russian campaign against India. France strongly supported Russia and offered financial assistance to Turkey.

SOCIALISM IN BELGIUM.

An Appeal to the German Police for Aid in Its Suppression.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—The Belgian Government has asked the aid of the detective agents of Berlin, Leipsic and other Socialist centres in tracing the ramification of Socialist plots discovered in Brussels and Antwerp. The Belgian authorities accuse the German Anarchists of inciting the workmen in Hainaut and Charleroi to further outbreaks. The miners at Charleroi have ceased working. They demand the pardon of the workmen who were sentenced for complicity in the recent riots, threaten reprisals.

Made Sure of Their Work.

ALTO, Ill., Oct. 14.—At 1 o'clock disguised men overpowered broke into the jail and took ...ery Wildman, the wife-murderer, ...d him to a shade tree near the jail. ...nging him they shot him eleven times ...ke sure of their work. Wildman cut his ...s throat on July 30, and has been in jail ever since.

Killed His Crippled Father.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 14.—Abram Hadden, who shot and killed his aged and crippled father at Byron Tuesday night, was pursued by a crowd yesterday and narrowly escaped lynching. The officers barely succeeded in hurrying him to jail at Corunna. He is a quarrelsome fellow and shot his father five times deliberately, after a dispute which he had himself provoked.

Boys' stylish winter suits, all sizes, now in stock at Petley's.

CABLE NOTES.

Scarlet fever is raging in Memel, Prussia. The schools have been closed.

Additional arrests have been made in Vienna in connection with the Anarchist plot to burn that city.

Lord Kenmare's mansion, situated on the lower lake of Killarney, is reported to be burning.

The steamer Saale, which sailed from Southampton yesterday for New York, has on board $1,720,000 in gold.

The Arabian paper Afret is informed from Massowah that the King of Abyssinia has ordered his vassals to prepare for war.

Archbishop Croke writes to the Dublin newspapers that it would be deplorable if the temperance societies in Ireland, under a pretext of political neutrality, should succeed in impeding the progress and retarding the triumph of the national cause.

RELIEF FOR THE LOCKED-OUT.

Action Taken by the Knights of Labor Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 14.—The Executive Board of the Knights of Labor resolved to send money for the relief of the locked-out cotton workers of Augusta, Ga., the curriers and tanners at Salem and Peabody, Mass., and the journeymen plumbers in New York City. Mr. Powderly held a conference last night with several colored delegate to the general assembly who represent colored assemblies of Virginia, Georgia, Florida, Mississippi and other Southern States. The object was the formation of a bureau of colored knights throughout the Southern States for the purpose of procuring accurate statistics relative to the condition of the colored people and their relation to the white laborers wherever they are employed together.

The entire morning session was consumed in balloting for members of the General Executive Board. Thomas B. Barry, John W. Hayes and William H. Bailey were elected.

Inclined to be Defiant.

ALBANY, N.Y., Oct. 15.—One Cohoes manufacturer said this morning, if the mills close their doors they will not be opened again until the knights concede the right of the mill owners to conduct their own business, and as to the threat that a general advance in wages would be demanded, he said it might be granted if the volume and prospects of business warranted it, but it would not be at the demand of the organization, nor at all unless the manufacturers could be free to make contracts for the season without fear of being interrupted and cancelled by the frivolous interference of labor agitators.

A VERITABLE SHE-DEVIL.

A Woman Shoots Her Husband, Chops His Head Off and Makes Mincemeat of His Body.

ALBANY, Oct. 14.—The trial and conviction of Mrs. Roxalana Druse for the killing of her husband, William Druse, December 18, 1884, while he was eating his breakfast in Herkimer County, was reviewed before the Court of Appeals to-day. This murder was one of the most cold-blooded that has occurred in this locality in many years. After Mr. Druse began to eat his meal Mrs. Druse procured a revolver, concealed it under her apron, and then sent Frank Gates, her nephew, and George Druse out of doors. A rope had been procured and placed in readiness for the daughter, Mary Druse, to aid in the horrible crime. This was thrown about the father's neck and held him down while Mrs. Druse shot her husband three times. Then the boys came in and the mother commanded Frank to shoot. He did so, and Mrs. Druse shot again. The wife then chopped the husband's head off. At the first blow the victim cried: "Oh, Roxy, don't." The head was rolled into a paper and carried into the parlor. Druse's body was then chopped up by the mother and daughter and burned in the stove, as well as his clothing and a steamer wheel, so as to throw off suspicion.

"CUT THEIR HEARTS OUT."

Terrible Treatment of Salvationists in an Illinois Town.

FREEPORT, Ill., Oct. 14.—Captain T. Mills, who has been in charge of the Salvation Army meetings at Foreston for three months, came here yesterday on foot, nearly all the way through the woods, having run away from Baileyville for fear he would be killed. He arrived here half scared to death and almost worn out with fatigue. The army meetings at Foreston have been interfered with more or less for several weeks and Sunday night a crowd of young fellows entered the barracks and made so much disturbance that the meeting had to be dismissed. On Monday three of them were arrested and taken to Baileyville for trial. After the suit was adjourned on Tuesday a crowd of excited people from the surrounding towns broke into a wild mob and some of them yelled "Cut the hearts out of the salvationists." Some of the crowd fired a revolver and Captain Mills fled to the timber, being chased some distance by the mob.

EXASPERATED ANARCHISTS.

Threats Against Officers of the Law at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Judge Gary, State-Attorney Grinnell and Police-Captain Schaack, are constantly receiving threatening letters. The last one received by the State-Attorney was written in French and signed "Robespierre." In it the writer, in polite language, informed Grinnell that he would cut his throat at the first "convenience." Within the last two days Judge Gary has been favored with two particularly wicked epistles. Preceding these Mrs. Gary was sent a polite note informing her of her husband's impending death. Yesterday Mrs. Schaack received a similar letter relative to her husband. Messrs. Ingraham, Walker and Furthman, Grinnell's assistants, and Detective James Bonfield, as well as his brother, the inspector, have been given occasional promises of a violent fate. A number of arrests will probably soon be made.

THE POTATO CROP.

Abundance in Canada, but a Shortage in New England.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—The potato crop of the Eastern states and provinces, the section from which Boston, New York and the tributary markets derive their supply, averages upon the whole about as last year, according to 600 reports received by the New England Homestead this week. The crop of New England and New York is considerable less than last year, and is not large at the West, but this deficit is largely made up by the big yield in Canada. All through the potato-growing sections of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where the crop was almost a total failure in 1884 and but half a crop in 1885, the production this year averages 92 per cent. of a full crop, or about 165 bushels per acre, against 85 last year.

A Rather Unpriestly Priest.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—Rev. Father Lawrence W. Murphy of Cleveland, a Catholic priest, was arrested to-day for the larceny of a $3 coat. He acknowledged having been on an extended spree, and that a woman's sack found in his possession had been taken by him out of revenge from a strange woman, with whom he had stopped at the Boston Hotel last night, and who had tried to beat him out of $10. Father Murphy said he had been suspended by the Archbishop, but did not state on what ground. He had letters from priests in Buffalo. Two weeks ago he jumped a two weeks' board bill of $50 at the Quincy House. He is supposed to be the man who has been victimizing Catholics here by selling hospital tickets and pocketing the money.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The late Chief Justice Chase will be buried to-day at Cincinnati.

Wm. K. Vanderbilt's new steel steam yacht Alva was successfully launched at Wilmington, Del., yesterday afternoon.

A special to the New Orleans Picayune from El Paso reports the assassination of ex-President Gonzales in an interior town of Mexico.

Mollie Hoey, a noted shop-lifter of New York, escaped from the city jail in Cleveland last evening by digging a hole through a brick wall. She was probably aided by her husband, Jimmy Hoey.

Mr. Abram S. Hewitt has agreed to accept the Tammany nomination for Mayor of New York, and has written a letter announcing that fact. Mr. Hewitt stipulates, however, that the balance of the ticket shall be satisfactory to him.

John G. Caville, general auditor of the Knights of Labor, was nominated last evening by the workingmen of Brooklyn for Congress in the fourth district. In the second district James Donovan was nominated on the labor ticket against Felix Campbell.

Late advices from Indian Territory state that the most extensive and destructive fires ever known in that territory are sweeping over the prairies. Millions of acres of rich grazing lands are now barren, charred wastes. Large numbers of cattle have been burned to death and immense quantities of fodder destroyed.

SAM SMALL'S CONVERSION.

AN ELOQUENT STORY OF HIS RELEASE FROM THRALDOM.

The Georgia Revivalist Carries 3500 People With Him From the Press to the Pulpit—A Terrible Arraignment of Whisky's Wickedness.

The Georgia revivalists spoke to more people yesterday and last evening than on any previous day since their arrival in Toronto. The gatherings in the morning and afternoon would of course have been much larger but for the disagreeable weather. The main feature of the services was Sam Small's very able dissertation on the lessons of his own life, as told to 3500 people at the Rink—beg pardon, at the "Tabernacle"—last night. Four services in all were held, the revivalists equally dividing the work. Mr. Jones preached to about 1000 people at the "Tabernacle" in the morning. He spoke from Rev. ii:

2 I know thy works and thy labor and thy patience and how thou canst not bear them which are evil; and thou hast tried them which say they are apostles, and are not, and hast found them liars.

Mr. Jones let loose his dogs of war against wickedness in general, but more particularly against liars, for whom he had no mercy whatever.

In the afternoon about 600 ladies wended their way through the mud and rain to the "Tabernacle" to hear Mr. Small preach from Acts xix., wherein is contained a record of St. Paul's sublime work in the rostrums of Ephesus. Mr. Small told in eloquent terms how the beloved apostle had visited the great city—the "Eye of Asia"—and followed in the wake of Apollos; how he had been confronted with the disciples who "had not so much as heard whether there be any Holy Ghost;" and how, after preaching for twenty-four months his teachings spread throughout the whole of that country and the people saw the light. Mr. Small's sermon was scholarly and interesting throughout.

At 7.30 in the evening the great "Tabernacle" was filled to its utmost capacity and the doors were closed. Rev. Dr. Potts made a few explanatory remarks about the work of the revival. He said the Methodist Church was responsible for its management, but no person who attended and was converted need do so under the ban of that church. Every convert could have their name written on their card and send it to any clergyman in the city. "We will send it," said the Doctor, "to St. James' Cathedral, or to Archbishop Lynch, if you like. It makes no difference to us as long as you are saved." This announcement was received with much approbation by the vast congregation.

Every eye in the "Tabernacle" was on Bro. Small when at 7.40 he advanced to the front of the platform to tell a plain, unvarnished tale of his own life and conversion on Sept. 14, 1885. One of the chief successes of these Georgia gentlemen lies in the fact that they never spin their sermons or "talks" out to a tiresome length. They are great on anecdotes. All revivalists are. Their native State of Georgia, the home of the succulent watermelon, furnishes them with more parables than all the other States put together that they have visited, and the number for Mr. Jones is twenty-eight. The quaint and unconscious theological logic of the Georgia negro is the theme for many a sentence in the twin Sams' sermons, and according to them, the Georgia negro has said some very instructive and amusing things about religion, revivals and camp-meetings.

Mr. Small began by reading from Acts iii.:

16 And his name through faith in his name hath made this man strong, whom ye see and know: yea, the faith which is by him hath given him this perfect soundness in the presence of you all.

This was the precept chosen by Mr. Small on which to base the story of his own life—"From the Press to the Pulpit." After an allegorical allusion to the sweets of liberty on this earth, the preacher depicted, in soft, smiling but effectual language the history of his childhood as his Southern home. He told of the tender and Christian care he enjoyed upon his boyhood by a precious mother and a God-fearing and honorable father. Up to the day he left that home everything to him was bliss and he knew not aught of the vice and infamies of the world.

Then he drifted into college. Here he struck the first step of the flight of stairs that led him to the verge of damnation. He left college a full-fledged graduate in the curriculum of vice, passion and appetite. He drifted to the capital city of one of the great Sates of the Republic. Here he met men who were fighting the battle of ambition. He joined in with them. They plunged into ribald dissipations. It was part and parcel of their ambition to associate worldly pleasures with their professions. It was the proper thing, quite in the fashion and was looked upon as the only short cut to fame, opulence and station. Time only deepened the fascination, and Sam Small found himself keeping up with the procession. The death of the precious mother and honored father did not suffice to call a halt. Marriage with a beautiful and Christian woman did not stand up as a barrier on the rapid road to ruin. The pattering of three pair of dimpled feet about the home did not command a halt. Position, means and influence only served to tighten the chains of Satan around its struggling victim. A wife's burning tears and the pleadings of friends who would not give up a hope of reformation were of everyday occurrence, but of no avail. Down, down the seductive path of destruction he went—the pace was fast and quick. Every known human remedy was sought to curb and bridle the terrible passion. The skill of eminent London and Paris physicians was elicited, but their diagonis of the case gave no hope. Sam Small had a through ticket, with no lay over check, for hell!

Successful in law he became successful in journalism. Friends continued to plead and while they pleaded the pace quickened. Insanity, delerium and a drunkard's death drew nearer and nearer. The spectacle of wife and children thrown into the street and upon the cold charity of the world stared the luckless drunkard in the face, but salvation came not.

In eloquent and passionate language did Sam Small depict all these horrors, and hundreds of moistened eyes were noticed all over the "Tabernacle." At last, when he had almost reached the end of the broad road, he was induced to go and hear Sam Jones. Mr. Jones was preaching in his native town of Cartersville. He listened to Mr. Jones' famous sermon on Conscience. He returned to Atlanta that night with an indescribable feeling all over him. The whisky bottle, always his surcease for sorrow, was resorted to once more. But the fiery liquid refused to act as it formerly had done. It deadened the body but not the mind. That mind was one seething cauldron of remorse. At last, in sheer desperation, Sam Small sank upon his knees and opened his soul to God. For four mortal hours he wrestled with his Maker and prayed for salvation. The prayer was answered, and Sam Small arose with the first gleams of that glorious salvation hovering about him. A serene calm had taken possession of the miserable drunkard. When he presented himself to his wife she mistook it for the first stages of the long-looked-for insanity, and she would not believe what he told her. But his children did. The next day he fought another great battle. Every fibre, muscle and nerve was calling for whisky. Down on his knees sank Sam Small, and for three hours he remained there. He conquered! That very night he preached before 2500 of his fellow-citizens. They gathered around him to see and hear what new drunken freak had taken possession of his mind. They were amazed at the terrible earnestness of the new life. And so, on Sept. 14, 1885, Sam Small was thoroughly and completely converted to Jesus Christ. Ever since that day he had not known the slightest tinge of his former bondage. Ever since that day he had been preaching about it to his fellowmen.

Mr. Small wound up his eloquent story with probably the most powerful arraigument of whisky and its work ever heard in a public hall in Toronto. He was uncompromisingly opposed to compromise in any shape with it. It was ravaging and pillaging the fair domains of the Republic and the Dominion and leaving its terrible blight on all sides.

"Who are the men," he asked, "that are engaged in the traffic? Why, they are the Communists of the past, the Socialists of the present and the Nihilists of the future!" He predicted that within another decade it would be a criminal offence to make, manufacture or sell whisky in the United States. The people, from Maine to California, were rising up in their might against it. They were not going to let politicians settle the question. The Church of Jesus Christ was going to do that. "Who else but the church should do it?" he asked. He had no sympathy with a clergyman who would not denounce the traffic from the pulpit. From the pulpit it should come, and from the pulpit it would come.

"I don't know how the question stands with you here in Canada," said Mr. Small, "but I know how it *should* stand."

Dr. Potts—"We are just on the verge of asking for prohibition!"

Mr. Small—"I thank God from the bottom of my heart for that." [Applause and cheers.]

When Mr. Small had finished his terrible denunciation of whisky and its wickedness he asked everyone to stand up who would promise to use their utmost endeavor to stamp out the terrible curse. Almost as one man the great audience jumped to their feet before he had the words out of his mouth.

"That shows you," broke in Dr. Potts, "what sort of a vote we may expect on prohibition."

The usual after meeting followed, and was as successful as ever.

Sam Small to Young Men.

Sam Small will hold a special service for young men before he leaves the city, probably next Sunday evening. He will repeat his famous story of his own life, which he delivered with so much effect before 3500 people, over half of whom were ladies, last night.

The First "Overflow."

The first "overflow" meeting in connection with the revival was held last night in the Metropolitan Church. There was a good Sunday evening congregation present. Rev. Sam Jones preached an earnest sermon directed chiefly to professing Christians, but giving the openly wicked occasional hard rubs. The majority of the singers belonged to the church, while Ald. Boustead knocked melody out of a small organ. Prof. Excell sang a solo, but his voice is still on the sick list.

The audience was dismissed as early as 9.15, but those who could do so were invited to stay for the enquiry meeting. Mr. Jones invited contrite sinners to come forward, and after a little urging about twenty did so, mostly women. A service will be held in the Metropolitan every evening this week. Rev. Sam Small will be there to-night, and the big organ will assist.

The Pay of the Evangelists.

The World has received a number of enquiries about the pay of the two revivalists. In answer to these questions this statement, made by Dr. Potts at the Rink yesterday afternoon, will suffice: "We take up a collection at all the services; our expenses for rent, light, etc., are high. When we wrote to Mr. Small and asked him his terms he said that the only guarantee he required was a return ticket home so that he would not have to walk." It may be further stated that it is left entirely to the committee who are managing the revival to settle with Mr. Jones and Mr. Small. There is no danger that they will have to walk back to their Georgia homes.

A Reply to Canon Worrell.

Editor World: In your impression of today you publish a letter from J. B. Worrell respecting Sam Jones and his preaching, which is a disgrace to your paper and to the world itself. Who would think such a person as the writer of that epistle would be admitted to holy orders? He finds fault with the Mail for quoting its pages with Jones' jokes, slang, etc. But what can we do? Of common sense will not see at a glance that Jones' slang, etc., is purity itself compared with the deep-dyed, devilish spirit manifest in that letter. From the spirit of that man "God Lord deliver us." Jesus Christ is kind and loving, whatever words he uses. But J. B. never lived within a thousand miles of 1 Cor. 13 chap., or he would manifest, not only towards Mr. Jones but everyone else, a great spirit of love.

Toronto, Oct. 14. W. CALVARY.

Sam's Wisdom Being Felt.

Editor World: So the Reverend Sam is making some of the obdurate debtors squeal. More power to him and the cause he represents. "Manufacturer" is evidently hard hit, as he meekly admits hiding behind his wife's petticoats. Would "Manufacturer" be willing to allow such of his creditors as refuse him a settlement present their side of the matter before Mr. Jones is asked to give a reply to what in its present shape is an incomprehensive question. Am inclined to think, from my experience, that creditors are much too easy, and unless glaring fraud is shown settlements are often obtained when they should not be granted. My contention always has been that any man failing twice should not get a settlement under any circumstances, and the honest trader would then have a fair chance. Trading in another name should be an indictable offense, or so considered by the general public.

Toronto, Oct. 14. MORALITY.

No old styles or shoddy, but nobby, stylish good fitting boys' clothing, now on sale at Petley's.

Now in Canada.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 15.—Jacob Weller & Co. have failed with liabilities of $100,000. The failure was caused by the forgery of their confidential clerk, R. M. Doll, who is now in Canada.

Found Dead in His Boarding House.

HAMILTON, Oct. 14.—Edward Kleinsdienst, aged 34, a boarder at the Stone House, 121 Rebecca-street, was found dead to-day. He had shot himself in the mouth and was found lying across the bed, where he had laid since yesterday afternoon. General wonder is expressed that nobody heard the shot. He was of Swiss birth and had no relatives nearer than Berne.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The Royal Grenadiers did not hold their regular weekly parade last night, owing to the bad weather.

"Turtle" Clow received his hundredth turtle of the season yesterday, which will be served up to-morrow, Monday and Tuesday.

Yesterday Judge McDougall sentenced P. Tebo and Geo. Vanzant to two months in jail for setting fire to a haystack on the farm of James Burney, Georgina.

The big iron case of Bertram against Massie was continued in the Assize Court yesterday before Chief Justice Cameron and a jury. A great deal of expert testimony was heard. The case will be continued to-day.

Free Public Night Schools open on Monday in the Parliament, Elizabeth, Jessie Ketchum, Niagara, Bathurst and Mabel-street schools. Classes for males will be on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and for females on Tuesday and Thursday evenings.

The dead body of Jane Clark, an old and dissipated woman, was found in the bay at the foot of Jarvis-street yesterday morning. As it is thought the woman may possibly have been thrown into the water, Coroner Duncan will hold an inquest.

Daniel Maroney and John O'Connell were arrested early yesterday morning as two of the parties who brutally assaulted Thomas H. Smith at Queen-street and Beaconsfield-avenue on Tuesday night with steel knuckles. In the Police Court yesterday they were arraigned and remanded.

Police Court yesterday—Before Mr. Love, J.P.: Twenty-five drunks, vags and disorderly persons were disposed of. John Dolman was bound over to the peace for having threatened to kill Wm. Vogan. For breaches of the cab law James Hogg and James Vouche were each fined $1 and costs. For allowing unlicensed dogs to roam at large George Wilson, Wm. Nutt, Jas. Massinghan, Wm. Reid, John Williams, William Thomas and James Longhead were each fined $1 and costs. A number of cases of petty larceny were adjourned.

Recognition of Columbus.

The parade of Italians in New York on Tuesday called attention to the fact that the memory of the discoverer of America has been allowed to sink into oblivion. Feeling ashamed of this inexcusable neglect quinn, the shirtmaker, has decided to name one of his noblest style of fall hats Christy Columbus.

LOST IN THE GREAT LAKES

A SCHOONER FOUNDERS DURING THE STORM IN ERIE.

A Steam Barge Goes to the Bottom Owing to a Collision—Three Lives Lost off the One and Five off the Other.

PORT COLBORNE, Oct. 14.—The schooner Geo. M. Case of Chicago foundered about 1 p. m. when six miles off the harbor. She was bound from Chicago laden with 23,000 bushels corn. The vessel sprung a leak this morning and thinking they could make here they pointed her for this harbor, but she went down before reaching here. A heavy gale from the southwest and a terrific sea was rolling when she went down. The river tug, W. A. Moore, which was on her way to Buffalo, was in sight of the vessel when she went down and made immediately for her. Capt. Ames said he found four men clinging to the rigging and with difficulty rescued two of them. The vessel went down in about seven fathoms of water. She is owned in Chicago by Capt. McDonald, who formerly sailed her. She registered 327 tons. The names of the saved are Mate Jno. Prendergast, sailors Chas. Peterson, C. McCarthy, Ole K. Nysted. Those drowned are Capt. Wm. Daily, Sailor Ole Greene and a woman cook, said to belong in Detroit, and her christian name was Maggie, other name unknown. The last three went down with the vessel and never came up.

Run Down and Sent to the Bottom.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 14.—M. A. Bradley of this city received a despatch from the captain of the steamer Selah Chamberlain at 1.30 this morning, informing him that the Chamberlain had been run down by a New York Central boat and had gone to the bottom six miles east of Sheboygan on Lake Michigan. The despatch states that the second engineer and four deck hands were drowned. The Chamberlain was bound from Milwaukee to Escanaba and had a crew of sixteen men on board. She was owned by the Bradley heirs of Cleveland and was valued at $60,000.

Capt. Greenley of the lost barge says he does not know the names of the men who lost their lives. The unfortunates were the second engineer, fireman, and three deck hands. The Chamberlain was struck in the port bow and was cut down below the water line. She immediately began to sink, and Capt. Greenley ordered the boats lowered. The five men who were lost jumped into one of the boats when the davits broke and they dumped into the lake and drowned. The Chamberlain lies about three miles east of Sheboygan point.

The captain of the steamer, John Fridgeon, Jr., says the boats came together during a dense fog and a heavy gale about 9 o'clock and immediately separated. He did not know the name of the steamer she collided with, nor did he know anything concerning her fate until he arrived here. He cruised about in the vicinity of the scene of the collision until 12 o'clock last night but could not discover anything, so he headed for this port. The members of the Fridgeon's crew saw the Chamberlain's Consort Fayette Brown drift off in the darkness after the collision.

STORMS ALL OVER.

The Wires Down Generally—Great Destruction of Property.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Western Union officials report that the storm which prevailed in Texas and Louisiana yesterday and the day before is now traveling in a northeasterly direction, and is cutting off telegraphic communication as it progresses.

New Orleans reports that it has no wires West and that the whole coast territory from New Orleans to Galveston is cut off. As the storm is still raging in the southeast it will be some time before any details of the disaster at Sabine Pass can be obtained.

Detroit reports that a cyclone is now prevailing in Indiana and Michigan. Nearly all the telegraph wires have been blown down.

A Yacht Race off Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 14.—All the wires between here and Chicago and St. Louis are blown down or grounded and fearful storms prevail west of here. There is a big yacht race for $1000 on Lake Erie to-day and great fears are expressed for the safety of the yachtsmen. The judge's boat and the steamer Waite put into Monroe. The yachts have not been heard from for several hours. The wind is blowing forty-four miles an hour here and at least sixty on the lake.

9 p.m.—The four yachts have arrived safe at Munroe, Mich.

A Cyclone at Fort Wayne.

CINCINNATI, October, 14—A Fort Wayne despatch says the cyclone has unroofed many business buildings and destroyed a large amount of property. A fire broke out and five buildings had been destroyed when the despatch was sent at 8½ p. m. No communication since.

At Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct 14—Very severe and growing in intensity. Meagre reports are being received, as the wires are down in all directions. The city streets are deserted. A number of houses in the suburbs have been torn down by the high wind.

The telegraph officials state that the storm has given more trouble than any for five years.

Destruction of Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Oct. 14.—The most terrific gale known for years set in this afternoon, and at midnight the wind was blowing 65 miles an hour. "The Island," inhabited by squatters, is completely flooded and huge waves are now rushing over it. Twenty-nine houses are wrecked, rendering 100 persons homeless. The family of Chas. Lambert were drowned before the eyes of a party of rescuers. Several others are reported missing. The people are moving their household effects to the main land. The basements of all the houses on Canal-street are flooded and the inmates are taking refuge in the saloons on the upper floors. All the lumber-yards on the Island are wrecked. The damage to shipping is very great. Barges are floating over Evans' dock. A number are reported gone to pieces. The roof of the Western Transportation house is blown off and the blocks of the Lackawana track, on Main and Michigan-streets, are flooded 700 feet from the dock. Ohio-street, is completely flooded. The damage will be enormous and it is feared the loss of life will be greater than already reported.

Notes of the Blow.

At Eastport, Me., yesterday evening, a fearful fire was raging. Five sardine factories and several dwellings and stores had been burned. The whole business part of the town was in danger of being destroyed.

RECEIVING THE MEDS.

The Y. M. C. A. Extend Their Good Offices to the Students of the City.

Medical students generally have the reputation, whether deserved or not, of being slightly Bohemian in their tendencies. Probably this is because they go in tooth and nail for enjoyment. Under the circumstances it is not surprising that such a philanthropic association as the Young Men's Christian Association should be filled with a laudable desire to influence them for good. Last night a reception was held in Shaftesbury Hall for the students of Trinity and Toronto Schools. About 250 young men availed themselves of the invitation. They were greeted by such men as President S. H. Blake, J. J. Maclaren (Chairman), Dr. Powell, John Harvie, Rev. Dr. Clarke, Rev. B. F. Longley, Charles Joselin, John Anderson, L. C. Peake, Drs. Aikens and Geikie and Secretary Wm. McCulloch. Hon. Mr. Blake in a short address gave them a fatherly welcome in the name of the association and the citizens generally. Several other gentlemen spoke briefly. The parlor was fittingly decorated, and some works of art and antique furniture recently imported from Dublin were on exhibition.

Men's strong winter suits, all wool, at $4.50, $6, $7.50, $10 and up at Petley's.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS AT EASTWOOD.

Marriage of a Railway Magnate's Daughter and a Chicago Merchant.

The little village of Eastwood, up near Woodstock, was in high excitement yesterday on the occasion of the marriage of Miss Lizzie Openshaw, sixth daughter of Mr. Fred Broughton, General Manager of the Chicago and Atlantic Railway, to Mr. Robert Thin, commission merchant, Chicago. At an early hour in the morning carriages containing guests began to arrive from Woodstock and surrounding towns, and as the hour for the ceremony approached Eastwood presented a more animated appearance than at any time in the history of the village. Out of respect for Mr. Broughton and family the villagers had arches erected and a great display of bunting. Exactly at 12.30 the bridal party entered the church, which by that time was filled to its utmost capacity. The bride, who looked charming, was attired in a rich costume of white corded silk. She also wore a beautiful diamond necklace, the gift of the bridegroom. The bridesmaids were the Misses Fannie Broughton, Bessie Kemp, Jessie and Annie Parker and Belle Scott. They also were the recipients of handsome presents from the groom, and wore dresses of pink surah, with bonnets to match. The ceremony was performed by the Ven. Rev. Dr. Freeman, the parish minister. The groomsmen were John White, R. Probes, M. Wyld, E. A. Cameron and Chas. Broughton. After service the party returned to "Openshaw," the summer residence of Mr. Broughton, and partook of a sumptuous wedding breakfast. The happy couple left for New York en route to Europe, where they intend spending their honeymoon.

Nice fine all wool blankets from $2.50 to $7.50 per pair at Petley's.

AMUSEMENTS.

Barry and Fay at the Toronto Opera House—Other Attractions.

It is difficult to imagine a more genuinely amusing play than Barry and Fay's "Irish Aristocracy." It is no wonder, therefore, that the Toronto Opera House, on the occasion of its re-appearance in this city, was crowded to the doors. On the ground floor there was hardly a seat vacant and upstairs the jam was terrific. And then the gaiety that prevailed all through! Why there was not a dry eye in the whole crowd when the curtain fell on the inimitable three-hand-reel. There is something so intensely realistic in the humor of the principals that one cannot help but laugh. Asked why, you could scarcely tell, and for that very reason it is all the more enjoyable. The laughter is like the fun, spontaneous and bubbling. There is nothing broad and vulgar, there is nothing that can disgust the most high-strung Irishman. One feels that the acting is not a caricature. It is racy and of the soil. It is clever, witty and sparkling. It is more—it is natural. But if "Billy" Barry and Hugh Fay are good, their company is likewise. The members are hardly all star comedians but they do what they have to do well, and more need not be expected. The ladies are vivacious and good-looking, but the two Muls on skates will, in its excruciating ludicrousness, make you forget even them. A word as to the setting. The wood scene in the last act is one that reflects infinite credit on the theatre. For sylvan beauty, in a small way, it really could hardly be excelled except by nature itself. Messrs. Barry & Fay, with their company and donkey, cart, fancy figures, skates and other oddities will occupy the stage to-night and to-morrow afternoon and evening. 'Tis the best dyspeptic cure in the world to see them.

But three chances remain to see "The Ivy Leaf" at the Grand Opera House—to-night, to-morrow afternoon and to-morrow evening. Miss Rose Coghlan will undoubtedly score a big success at the Grand Opera House next week. Says the San Francisco Post of her Suzanne in "A Scrap of Paper": "The wise ones who have viewed her performance have been well repaid, for hers is comedy of a most charming kind. Evidently a born actress, from the cloak of naturalness which envelops her in every role. She has a wealth of dramatic grace and a personel that makes her a picture ever pleasing to contemplate. There is an art in her work, a style that comes of the best of training brought to bear on natural fitness that is not often seen here, and is all the more pleasing from that fact. Thoroughly charming as a comedienne, her pathos has an amount of soul in it that equally captivates."

Manager Shaw is fostering great expectations regarding the success of "The World" at the Toronto Opera House next week. He thinks he'll just about catch everybody in spite of the luxuriously beautiful Miss Coghlan next door, and if preparation, talent and care are any criterions it is just possible he'll get there.

Big drives in new dress goods all this month at Petley's.

Our ordered clothing department is second to none in Canada. Petley & Petley.

Funeral of the Late Mr. Capreol.

The remains of the late Fred. C. Capreol were laid in his grave in St. James' Cemetery yesterday afternoon. A large number of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the family residence in Clarence-square before 3 o'clock, at which hour the funeral procession left for the Church of St. John the Evangelist. Here the rector, Rev. Alex. Williams, read the Episcopal burial service and commented on the great loss his church had sustained by Mr. Capreol's death. At the conclusion of the service the procession moved off to the cemetery. The pallbearers were Robert Hay, M.P., John Kay,