adopted by the Ontario Government and scarried out before many yeass were over. Strong pressure should also, he thought, be brought to best on the Dominion Government to aid in carrying out the recommendations made.

Other resolutions favored the reorganization of Penetanguishene Reformatory, that a farm be bought and the cottage system introduced, and that the reformatory should be placed on the same footing as the Industrial School as regards liability of municipalities for maintenance of boys. A resolution was a less recommendations and the control of trial School as regards liability of municipalities for maintenance of boys. A resolution was also passed endorsing the recommendation of the Prison Reform Commission with regard to the industrial school of the Prison Reform Commission with regard to the industrial school of the Prison Reform Commission with regard to the industrial school of the Prison Reform Commission with regard to the industrial school of the Prison Reform Commission with regard to the industrial school of the Prison Reform Commission with mendation of the Prison Reform Commission with regard to the indeterminate sentences and parole system, making refractory children wards of the State during minority, and recommending the organization of branch associations to take the supervision of such children. It was resolved to ask the Dominion Government to place the pardoning power in the hands of the Provincial Government in regard to youths committed to the refuges and reformatories of Ontario. The meeting also favored the establishment of a special reformatory for young men between the ages of 16 and 30. For the purpose of keeping first offenders from associating with hardened criminals, the meeting asked that an industrial reformatory be established where prisoners between the ages of 17 and 30 convicted for the first time could be kept under indeterminate sentence. A resolution proposing the establishment of homes for inebriates was also passed. Tramps, it was resolved, with regard to the indeterminate sentences

A BRIDE ELOPES.

Leaves Her Husband Twenty-Four Hours After Marriage.

A Martinsville, Ind., despatch says: The ttle city of Odon was thrown into a flurry little city of Odon was thrown into a flurry the other night when it becsme known that a bride of but twenty-four hours had eloped with a former admirer. On Saturday aftermoon Miss Anna Harman and Ella Borders, both of Odon, went to Washington, where they me't Adam Ingalls and a Mr. Arthur, of Worta ington, to whom they were married, respectively. All returned to Odon in the evening. The following evening Mr. Borders gave an informal supper in honor of the newly married couples, to which a host of friends of all parties were invited. Among those invited was Bert Lowry, a highly respected young man of Odon, who was a former admirer of Miss Harman. He was seen to have a brief conversation with her former admirer of Miss Harman. He was seen to have a brief conversation with her just before the guests were ushered into the dining room. While all were seated at the festal board Mrs. Ingalls suddenly excused herself, saying to her husband that she was sick, but would return in a moment. Little was thought of the matter until some minutes had passed, and the groom began to grow apprehensive that he might be needed. He and others wen to inquire into her condition, but she was nowhere to be found. The entire party began diligent search, but to no purpose.

The entire party began diligent search, but to no purpose.

Finally it became known that she had departed with young Lowry in a vehicle is secured at a livery stable. She had in her possession all her husband's ready means, and it is said that Lowry had replenished his pocketbook by borrowing all the money he could from his friends. The irate groom, accompanied by William Neeriemer, a brother-in-law of the woman, and many others, were urged on by the girl's father and gave chase, but the night was blackness itself and the runaways easily gave their pursuers the slip. Nothing has since been heard of them.

Brains and Beauty.

"Is Jack's sweeheart pretty?"

"I don't know; but I've a notion that ahe is plain."

"Why so?"

Hall was crowded last evening. Local Salibury and party were received with great enthusiasm on entering the hall. After thanking the audience for the warm reception accorded him, Lord Salisbury proceeded to deliver an address on the political topic of the day. "Home Rule in the hands of the Gladstonians," said Lord Salisbury, "appears to me like a rastr the Fresdenk from S. H. Blake. Thest behaviors were partitioned by the parties for abose own received from the Freynold ly fit. J. J. Koles, and secondary of the provided from the Freynold ly fit. J. J. Koles, and secondary of the provided from the Freynold ly fit. J. J. Koles, and secondary of the provided from the Freynold ly fit. J. J. Koles, and secondary of the provided from the Freynold ly fit. J. J. Koles, and secondary of the fit of the provided from the provided from the fit of the provided from the fit of the provided from the provided from the fit of the

Turning to Ireland, Lord Salisbury said that in that country two great influences were prominent, blackthorns and priests. (Laughter.) Nothing in modern history equalled the influence of Archbishop Croke and Archbishop Walsh in the recent history of Ireland. They had turned the whole of the vast organization which seemed to embarrass and baffle the English Government clear away from the man whose hand had swayed it with the ease with which a man could turn a boat by leading the rudder.

AN ORANGE REBELLION.

After remarking that he believed the Irish Archbishops were defying the Pope, Lord Salisbury proceeded to dilate upon the results of giving every institution in Ireland into their hands, and said: "It will be only by rebellion that the Irish Protestants will defy such power. I do not dispute Mr. Gladstone's opinion that they are powerful enough to overbeat tyrannay. It will be a terrible resort, and will cause unnumbered the processor of the said AN ORANGE REBELLION. was also passed. Tramps, it was resolved, of the terrible religion should have to work for their board, and County Councils should be compelled to build sportby sees. We shall be bound to interfere to reconquer the country, and the long, dreary roll of seven centuries will recommence. Mr. Morley talks of the Irish spectre stalking in Parliament and taking the majority by the throat. He may be assured, if he has his way, that the spectre will be as lively as ever, only his garments will be orange and not green. Mr. Gladstone demanded that if we would not recognize the justice of his claim, we at least should recognize that it was inevitable. With the greatest respect I fling the adjective back into his face. The inevitable is on our side, not on his. not on his.

Nailing the Platform Bown.

Finally it became known that she had departed with young Lowry in a vehicle secured at a livery stable. She had in her possession all her husband's ready means, and the possession and the possession

He Was a Dude

**Why so?*

**Because she is said to be brainy."—New Tork Press!

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**Because she is said to be brainy."—New Seen.

**Perdita—That's nothing! My father wants me to marry a man I have seen.

**Perdita—That's nothing! My father wants me to marry a man I have seen.

**Thirty thousand Causdians served in siture the poem for the world's father to more the same and portuguese languages, and at present inroads are being made on the Italian.

**The judges of the Queen's Bench yester-day granted a mandamus to compel the risk to America next week, expects to do America next week, expects to do America next week.

**The judges of the Queen's Bench yester-day granted a mandamus to compel the risk to A

THE TALE OF SLAUGHTER.

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

He Says That Michael Davitt is Ireland

Most Capable Leader.

have not been at all as serious as they were represented to be on this side of the water that, in fact, these differences have been ex aggerated, that the worst is now over, and that union in the Irish ranks is only a ques-tion of a very short time."

A YOUNG SHOPLIFTER. A 15-Year-Old Girl Cannot be Punish Under Illinois Law.

THE RAZOR IN CHURCH

A Careful Wife.

A Careful Wife.

Northwest Magazine: "I've a great notion to go and jump into the river," said Mr. N. Peck at the end of a little domestic discussion, as he picked up his hat and started out. "You come right back here," said his wife. "If you intend any such tricks as that, just march upstairs and put on your old clothes before you start"

Privates in the army of the United States are paid \$20 a month.

Over five months have passed, and yet no word of the Prohibition Commission.

Maud—I don't see you at Dr. Flipsley's church any more. Madge—No, the colors the sun throws through those new stained glass windows were too trying to my complexion, so I was cobliged to sever my connection with the church.

Ninety wars ago I are cent. of the popu-

Privates in the army of the United State

Bonne, where he devoted himself especially to the study of modern languages. He was appointed attache at Washington when under 18 years of age. Three years afterwards he was transferred to Florence, and in 1854 was removed to Paris. Atter the peace of 1856 he was for years attache at the Hagus. He afterwards served in the same diplomatic capacity in St. Petersburg, Constantinople and Vienna. He was secretary of the legation at Copenhagen and at Athens, secretary of the embassy at Viennas and Paris, and held several other diplomatic positions. On his father's death in 1873 he succeeded to the title as the second Baron Lytton, and in 1874 he was appointed ambassador at Lisbon. One year afterward he was appointed Viceroy of India by Mr. Disraeli. During his viceroyalty occurred the Afghan war. His resignation was tendered and accepted at the same time that the Earl of Beaconsfield resigned the Premiership. In 1880 he was created Earl of Lytton and Viscount Knebworth. In 1887 he was appointed ambassador to Paris in succession of the late Lord Lyons. The Earl of Lytton was married in 1864 to Edith, the second daughter of the Hon. Edward Villiers and niece of the Earl of Glarendon.

Under the assumed name of "Owen Meredith' he has published several volumes of prose and verse, the chief of which are "Clytempestra and Other Poems," "Lucile," "Tannhauser, or the Battle of the Bards," "Tables in Song," and "Glenaveril." He also published, with prefatory memoir, the speeches and political writings of his father, Edward Lord Lytton, and "The Life, Letters and Literary Remains of Edward Bulwer, Lord Lytton."

Austin, his wire and five children lived at 1,005 Eleventh street. One by one the children died, until one remained. The father and remaining child are now reported to be dying. In each case the symptoms have been exactly the same. A slight fever, accompanied by vomiting and severe pains in the stomach, was the first indication. Then the patient grew rapidly worse, and in a day or two death would ensue. In each case the regular physician gave typhoid fever as the cause of death. Each child which died had been insured, and the money was paid by the insurance company

Dr. Smith told a reporter that the case looks very suspicious. He said: "My diagnosis of the symptoms displayed by the child does not favor typhoid fever. It most certainly looks as if arsenic had been administered to the child, and from what I have been able to learn the same symptoms were displayed by all the children."

The coroner will be asked to have the remains of the Austin children exhumed and an analysis of the stomachs made. Dr. "with-is fire" y convinced that arsenic has been used in every case. The fact that Austin could live so long after poison had been administered may be explained by the fact that the quantity given was not sufficient to cause immediate death. The mother is alive and well. The insur-

cient to cause immediate death.

The mother is alive and well. The insur-ance policies were all made out in her name.
She refuses to talk.

A BAD PITCH-IN. in Engine Crashes Into a Passenger Cas With Fatal Results.

With Fatal Results.

A Toledo despatch says: The Lake Shore was the scene of a serious run-in accident last evening on the Boston and Chicago special going east, which left Chicago at 10.30 a.m. On the edge of the city the road runs under the Miami and Erie Canal. The tunnel is some sixy-seven feet long. Some hundred yards east of the tunnel is a target. The Lake Shore train passed through the tunnel, but not getting the signal at the target to come ahead put on brakes and slacked up. The southbound express on the Flint & Pere Marquette road, which goes over the Lake Shore tracks to the Union depot, came through the tunnel immediately after the Lake Shore train, and plunged into the rear coach. The Lake Shore train was vestibuled, but an ordinary coach for the accommodation of way passengers was attached to the rear, and it was that one that suffered. The F. & P. M. engine ploughed its way through the coach until the pilot was more than midway. The seats and floors were through the coach until the pilot was more than midway. The seats and floors were torn up and the unfortunate passengers, bruised and maimed, were also badly scaled by escaping steam from the broken pipes. The crash is described by those who heard it as terrific, and was followed by screams of agony from the wounded. The time of arrival of the F. & P. M. train is 4.53; that of the Lake Shore train 4.55, thus giving but two minutes between them. The former train seems to have been a couple of minutes behind time. From the list of casualties so far reported it appears that one woman and her infant were killed instantly, that some three or four received injuries which will probably result fatally, and that some 18 persons were more or less severely hurt.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted pledging the conference to resist the proposal to disseatablish the Church of Wales.

The foll-wing was also passed: "That having regard to the extraordinary disproportion in the representation of England, Scotland, Wales and Ireland in the Imperial Parliament, it is most desirable that steps te taken to redress these irregularities."

Viscount Fielding offered, and the Conterence adopted, the following resolution: "That this Conference is of the opinion that when the question of representation of the people is re-opened by Parliament serious consideration should be given to the claims of women to be admitted to the franchise when otherwise entitled by ownership or occupation."

Mr. H. S. Neal offered the following resolution: "That in the opinion of this conference, the attitude of the Conservative party towards bona fide labor candidates a should be one of sympathy and encouragement."

This resolution did not exactly meet the views of some of the delegates, and after some debate the word "unionist" was inserted before "labor," and as so amended was adopted.

MERICAL THE PLANT OF THE AND SLIDE.

Twelve Men Instantif Killed And Several Others Lâjured.

DEATH-Dalling Landseveral Others Lâjured.

DEATH-Dalling Landseveral Others Lâjured.

**The That this Conference is of the opinion that when the question of the constitution of the social for That of That of the constitution of the sociality of the disaster to repair the recent washout on the road, and while thus employed at the base of a high bluff extending from the river, several thousand yards of bluff suddenly tymbled on those beneath, killing twelve outright, carrying 200 yards for railroad track and two men into the river and burying several others, some of the disaster and two men into the river and burying several others, some of whom it is thought may be rescued alive. Relief trains have been sent from both sides of the disaster and were at last report working hard to rescue the buried men.

That is Not All.

OLD COUNTRY POLITICS.

Mr. Gladstone's Trenchant Reply to Lord

LIBERALS READY FOR BATTLE.

that he should remain altogether slent, because such silence might be misconstrued. The ambiguities of the position of the so-called Liberal Unionists were now lifted. The last shred of their pretext of Liberalism had been removed by Lord Hartington's frankness. This left the battle to be manfully and good-humoredly, he hoped, fought out between Liberals and Tories, and now that the field was cleared for action, he might say that the Liberals had no reason to shrink from the fight. Referring to Mr. Salisbury, Mr. Gladstone said, while affecting sympathetic consideration of the Newcastle programme, he had tried to swamp the "one man, one vote" question in the larger question of women's suffrage. He condemned parish councils altogether—that was his sympathetic consideration of the programme. Then he cited the tendency of a nation to centralize as an argument against granting Home Rule to Ireland. He said the unity of Spain was 400 years old. Lord Salisbury might just as well have cited the union of the seven kingdoms of England with the Heptarchy. In regard to France, continued Mr. Gladstone, every wise man thought that country was over-centralized. Lord Salisbury had better ground in the case of Italy, but the Liberals did not dare sak for Ireland what every State in the German Empire now enjoyed. Mr. Gladstone declared that Lord Salisbury sermed ignorant of what was going on in the British Empire. When he was a young man all the colonies were governed in Downing street. Since then all the colonies had been given local autonomies infinitely more than Ireland had asked for, yet their hearts beat warmly in unison with the mother country. Lord Salisbury had occupied himself by predicting what would happen when a Home Rule Bill was passed. He had talked of coming measures and cruelty in Ireland. Did und predictions proceed from the brain of the Premier or did he hear them in bedlam! They were engaged in the cause of justice. They must be patient till Lord Salisbury gave them an opportunity of deciding the question, were immediately, upon the receipt of information regarding the trouble, despatched to the scene of the disturbance.

Advices have been received from China to the effect that the Government has decreed that the printing and publishing of anti-foreign placards is a capital offence, and has ordered those already convicted of this offence to be beheaded forthwith and without waiting for formal Imperial authority. It was hoped that these stern measures would have a deterrent effect and convince the powers that the Government is in carnest, as under ordinary circumstances a period of two months would elapse before the executions.

The outhreak in the North, officially described as a raid of Mcagolian robbers, proves to be an insurrectionary movement of serious dimensions. Despatches received at Tien Tsin to-day state that in Mongolia and some northern districts nearer the capital the revolutionary feeling is spreading rapidly, and the number of rebels is becoming alarming. An insurgent force, consisting of several aquadrons of Mongolian cavalry, besides infantry, is reported to be advancing on Pekin, where the utmost alarm prevails. The population of a large area, actuated partly by inclination and partly by fear of the rebels oldiery, has joined the movement, together with several mandarins. Imperial troops have started to meet the rebels. The entire Christian population of Kinchow was massacred with the Belgian priests.

AN AWFIL TRAGEDY.

A Merchant Convicted of an Unnatural Crime Suicides in Court.

A London cable says: A fearful tragedy occurred yesterday at the Newcastle assizes. A man named Baker, who has heretofore held a respectable position in society, was convicted of an unnatural crime. The prisoner had shown great agitation during the trial, and when the verdict of guilty was announced he seemed utterly downcast. Mr. Justice Lawrence, who presided, sentenced the prisoner to ten years' penal servitude. The prisoner's relatives were in the court room, and they, too, manifested deep emotion, which seemed to have an additionally depressing effect on Baker. As the latter was leaving the dock in charge of the warders he waved a farewell to his relatives, quickly drew a bottle from his pocket, and, swallowing a dose of poison, almost instantly fell unconscious into the arms of one of the warders. Medical aid was instantly summoned, but it was too late. Baker died almost instantly, before he could be carried from the court room. The greatest excitement reigned in the court room, and the judge ordered proceedings to be stopped for a time to give time for the sensation to subside. The jury which convicted Baker were witnesses of his suicide, and some of the dead man's relatives did not hesitate to denounce the jury as having convicted him wrongfully, and thereby driven him to his desperate jury as having convicted him wrongfully and thereby driven him to his desperate deed. Most Capable Leader.

A Boston despatch says: The Earl of Aberdeen, who has been traveling in this country for some time, is now in this city, accompanied by his wife, the Countess of Aberdeen, and her daughter, Lady Marjorie Gordon, all of Scotland.

In an interview to-day the Earl says, referring to the Irish question:

"I cannot imagine a better man to take the lead in reconciliation than Michael Davitt. He has earned respect, because of his zeal, his high-mindedness and his unswerving integrity. He recognized, though not without sorrow, that Parnell was no longer possible as a leader, but now that Parnell's death has made that no longer a question to be decided he would be in an especial sense the man to act as mediator. Not being a member of the Parliamentary party he is not an active participant in the quarrel on either side. He has friends in both, and I think he would be pre-eminently the man to heal the dissension and put an earl test to the side of the control of the cont

A DOUBLE LIFE.

Suicide of an "Eminent Religious Philanthropist" Leads to a Revelation.

A London cable says: The business men of this city were shocked when they Darned of the death of Mr. G. B. Taylor, a noted merchant, who shot Binnelf in his office. It appears that he had suffered severe business losses through the perfidy of a trusted relative, and this had preyed on his mind. Mr. Taylor was the son-in-law of a prominent solicitor of Blackburn, Mr. Whalley, of anti-Popery fame, with whom he had business relations of a confidential nature. Whalley had the reputation during his lifetime of being an eminent religious philanthropist. His death a short time ago, however, revealed the fact that under the guise of a Christian worker he had been leading a life of protracted swindling, and that many persons had been made the victims of his wiles. Mr. Taylor was among the many persons plundered by Whalley. He had intrusted to the care of the solicitor large sums of money, the misappropriation of which led to his failure and subsequent suicide. A Galena, III., despatch says: The attempt to commit Kate Steel, a girl of 15 years, who had been indicted for larceny by the grand jury, brought the prosecuting attorney of this county face to face with an alleged oversight in the law, which resulted in the dismissal of the defendant. The statutes of Illinois make provision for the punishment of male malefactors over 10 years of age, but prescribe no punishment punishment of male malefactors over 10 years of age, but prescribe no punishment for females less than 16 years of age, the implication being that individuals of that class are incapable of crime. When Kate Steele's case came up the attorney for the defence had affidavits to prove that the defendant was not 16, and the prosecution nolle prossed the case. The lawyers here have debated the matter, and they think that to guard against shoplifters the statutes should be amended. A Colored Minister Butchered in the Palpit by a Brunken Tough.

A Wilmington, Del., despatch says: The Rev. Samuel Ambrose, of Newcastle, was murderously assaulted in a colored Methodist church at Deleware City, on Friday night, by George Porter, jun., a drunken negro, who entered the church and walked up to the pulpit where Ambrose was preaching. He drew a keen-edged razor from his pocket and made a lunge at the colored divine, inflicting a terrible wound over the heart that will prove fastal. Ambrose fell prostrate upon the platform, and during the excitement his assailant escaped. The affair has caused great excitement among the colored beople. A posse of men are in pursuit of Porter.

THE BENZINE EXPLODED

And Two Deaths from Burning are the Result.

A New York despatch says: Minnie Hoffman and her 2-year-old son Willie were probably fatally burned last night in her husband's paintshop. In measuring some benzine for a customer, Mrs. Hoffman stood close to a lighted gas-jet and the vapor ignited. An explosion followed, and the womah was thrown violently back, her clothing all afire. Burning benezine ran in every direction, and soon the store was a seething furnace. Willie, two years old, stood at his mother's side. She picked him up and ran from the store. A fireman pursued and overtook the fiame-wrapped mother and child, and, throwing a coat about them, extinguished the flames. They were removed to Bellevue hospital in a critical condition. Mrs. Hoffman has since died, and the boy is not expected to live till morning.

died, and the boy is not expected to live unimorning.

After the Lottery Men.

A New Orleans despatch says: President Conrad, Secretary Horner and eight emuloyees of the Louisians State Lottery Co. ppeared before United States Commissioner Wright to-day to answer an indictment found against them at San Antonio, Tex., upon a charge of violating the anti-lottery postal law. They gave bail in the sum of \$1,000 each to appear at the next term of the United States Court in San Antonio.

Eps and Bewns.

He—They had a lover's quarrel, parted, and she married her father's coachman for spits.

She—What became of her lover?

He—Oh, he married her sister and hired

Charlotte, the new Queen of Wurtemberg, is a handsome young woman of spirituelle expression, still under thirty and fond of gayety. She is likely to brighten and anlivan the Aull life of the Wurtemberg

THE EXPRESS COMPANIES.

WHAT THE ONTARIO COMPANY WA

mpany. The case has attracted or rable attention in railway circler, ggarded as a test of the power of rai o do as they please with express to ir. Mackenie Bowell presided, and ere also present Sir John Thompson

Trunk Railway to give the Ontario Express Company. He reviewed the litigation that had been carried on and produced copies of the original agreement between the Grand Trunk Railway and Canadian Express Company, of the recent agreement between them, and of an agreement which the Ontario Company had tendered to the Grand Trunk Railway.

Sir John Thompson held that the committee could not interfere with any agreement between company had tendered to the Grand Trunk Railway.

Sir John Thompson held that the committee could not interfere with any agreement between companies. All it could do was to compel the Grand Trunk Railway to give the Ontario Company has same rights and powers as the Canadian Company.

Mr. John Bell replied on behalf of the Grand Trunk Railway. It was, he said, true that there had been a contract-between his company and the Canadian Express Co, but it had lapsed many years ago, and the business had been since carried on from day to day and without renewal. The railway company became disastisfied with this arrangement, and determined to take over the express business themselves. Mr. Bell produced a copy of a letter written some years since by Mr. Chadwick (the new manager of the Ontario Express Company) to the Grand Trunk people, suggesting that the railway company ould make more money by taking over the express business. The sum of \$312,000, to which the Ontario Company objected as excessive, was the exact stup paid by the Canadian Company to the Grand Trunk Railway in the previous year, and the agreement was a bona fide one. He contended that the Ontario Company had not the proper status of incorporation, and that of its capital of \$500,000 only 10 per cent. was paid up. After further discussion it was decided to post-pone the case until Wednesday next, when witnesses will be heard.

A Strange Series jof Fatalities Befalling a Nebraska Family.

A Chadron, Neb., despatch says: The death of Chas. Barnett, a farmer aged 40 years, living about four miles south of here, is the end of a chapter of fatalities which is out of the usual run. Ten years sgo the Barnett family numbered eight people. They were Charles and his wife and five children, and Miss Martha Barnett, his sister. One after the other these have all died, and to-day not a soul remains of the family. The youngest child was the first to be taken. Diphtheria of a malignant form attacked the babe, and it died within two days, followed by the next child with the same disease, one day later. The other children were attacked, but all recovered with the exception of the oldest, who was slow in convalescing. He took cold just when it was thought that he was getting well and died. The next day one of the remaining children fell from the loft of the barn, and when found its neck was broken. On returning from the funeral of this child the team ran away and threw Mrs. Barnett and her sister-in-law from the waggon, killing the latter instantly and inflicting such injuries on the former that she died three days later. Two weeks ago the remaining child was trying to light a fire in the cook stove when her clothing caught fire, and before assistance could be rendered she was so badly burned that she died from the injuries received. A week ago Barnett was working in his stable when he received a kick from one of his horses, from the effects of which he died the next day, this death completing the round of fatalities and wiping a family out of existence, for they had no relatives that are known. The farm will revert to the State unless it can be shown that there were other members of the family. A FAMILY WIPED OUT. Lunatic Shoots Three Times at Rev. D

alfour Swears Ireland Will Never Have A Glasgow cable says: Mr. Balfour was the first speaker at a Conservative meeting held here to-day. He declared very positively that Ireland would never attain her desire to have a Parliament sit in Dublin. The differences which separate the Conservative and Liberal parties are more profound at the present time, he declared, than they have been before in the memory of two generations of British statesmen. Before the last five years the Unionists had had to footh for principles which heretofore have been before in the memory of two generations of British statesmen. Before the last five years the Unionists had had to fight for principles which heretofore had been supposed to be under the guardianship of both parties.

The Unionists would ever be found on the side of order and loyalty. They would deal with crime promptly and effectively. They believed that society was founded on certain principles of law and morality, and that if in obedience to political inducements they relayed their hold on these principles, they

of man and man, to look to heart and conscience as well as appetite and ambition for a solution of these difficulties—above all to look to the Providence that shapes our end, and recollected the sacred words, "Behold how good and pleasant a thing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity."

A DOUBLE LIFE.

Suicide of an "Eminent Religious Philanthropist" Leads to a Revelation.

A London cable says: The business men of this city were shocked when they harned of the death of Mr. G. B. Raylor, a noted merchant, who shot himself in his office. It appears that he

What is Tammany?

The New York Herald thus describes it:
"The society of Tammany, or the Columbian order, is a secret organization—that is, it conducts it business in private, has passwords, uses a peculiar and satilted nomenclature for ordinary things, labels its officers with high sounding titles and indulges in more or less mystical and imposing—or grotesque—ceremonies at initiations, etc. This society owns the building known as Tammany, Hall. The political organization whose headquarters are in that edifice is distinct from the society, but is controlled by members of the Columbian Order." What Is Tammany?

They Buried the Dead. They Burled the Dead.

In England, a rich man died recently and 400 invitations were issued to his "intimate friends" to attend the funeral. Only 29 came. Eight days afterward, these 29, faithful till death, received a letter to call on the deceased's lawyer. They did so, and each received, according to the will, £320 if a lady, and £200 if a gentleman. The testator further directed that the names of those who received his bequests should be published in the journals, to punish those who had not put themselves out of their way to attend his funeral. What a Woman Can Appreciate.

It takes a woman can appreciate.

An indulgent word when she is peevish and "out of sorts."

A tender word when she has failed in some undertaking.

A gracious word when she has made some light mistake.

A generous word when she is tired out. slight mistake.
A generous word when she is tired out with petty worries and says something unkind. An ingenious word when she asks advice upon some important event—Music and Drama.

John G. Whitter will be 84 years old on December 17

The fine house which Mrs. Chandler, widow of the Michigan Senator, has built in Washington will be one of the show places of the capital. It has cost \$150,000 exclusive of the decorations.

piaces of the decorations.

There are 10,000 children in Chicago unable to attend school because of insufficient clothing

The cheapest rate of postage in Europe is that of France.

A dog will stick to his drucken master, but he will not drink whiskey with him.

Annie Abbott, a Georgia woman weighing 105 pounds, is astonishing Londoners with her magnetic feats after the manner of Lulu Hurst. Sandow, the strong man, is going to try to lift Mrs. Abbott on a wager, and Sandow lifts a small herse every night with one hand while he flourishes a 280 pound dumbbell with the other.

A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

the gas in the cellar of a shop under the Crown Hotel. The establishment was blown up, and the report of the explosion was heard all over the town. It was not the market, but only a cheap goods bazaar that was wrecked. The loss of life and property is less serious than was at first reported. The work of extricating the victims proceeds slowly. So far five persons have been recovered more or less injured, and one woman has been taken out dead. Much delay arose from the difficulty encountered in cutting the gas main, it being found necessary to excavate the street in order to believe the compliant the cutting.

A Cruel Joke Which Will Probably Cost

A Creel Joke White Will Probably Cost a

Busman Life.

A New York despatch says: Jacob
Beboer, 47 years old, of No. 71 Thorne
street, Jersey City, Heights, is a lamplighter in the employ of the New York and
New Jersey Globe Gas Light Company,
which has a contract to furnish light for
the parts of the city which are not lighted
by gas or electricity. His duty is to clean
the lamps in the day time and light them at
night. A short ladder is part of his equipment. About 11 o'clock on Wednesday
morning Beboer was standing on his ladder
polishing a lamp at the corner of Nelson
avence and Zabriskle street, when
Patrick Mulvihill and some friends happened along. Mulvihill is a plasterer,
25 years old, and he lives at No. 129
Terrace avenue. When he looked at the
lamplighter cleaning the glass he thought
the would have some fun. He took hold
of the ladder and began to shake it
violently. Beboer was frightened, and
threw his arms around the lamppost to keep
from falling. Mulvihill and his friends
laughed at the lamplighter's fright, and the
ladder was shaken again. Beboer remonstrated, but it was of no use. He pleaded
with Mulvihill to go away, but the latter
seemed to think he had struck an inexhaustible source of amusement, and he continued
shaking the ladder. Beboer finally became
angry, and dropped down to the sidewalk.
There were some words and then blows.
The lamplighter was getting the better of
the fight, when Mulvihill picked up a stone
and, striking him on the head, knocked him
senseless. Not satisfied with that Mulvihill
seized the ladder and beat the prostrate man
on the head with it, only desisting when
the ladder broke in two. Policeman Hogan
arrested Mulvihill and had Beboer taken to
the city hospital. It was said at the hospital last night that Beboer would probably
die within twenty-four hours. His skull is
fractured, and he has not recovered consciousness. Mulvihill is now very penitent.

FIRED AT THE FBEACHER.

A Lunatic Shoots Three Times at Rev. Br.
John Hall.

A New York despatch says: As Dr.
John Hall, pastor of the Fifth Avenue
Presbyterian Church, was passing from the
church to the parsonage adjoining just after
the close of the morning service to-day, a
man named Jno. G. Rath, a German, 45
very old stepped from behind a waggoon on the close of the morning service to-day, a man named Jno. G. Rath, a German, 45 years old, stepped from behind a waggon on the opposite side of the avenue and fired three shots in quick succession at the rev. gentleman as he was about ascending the steps of his residence. The first shot struck the stone stoop of the doctor's house, the second perforated one of the glass panels of the front door, and the third flattened itself against the side of the house. The shooter coolly put the pistol, a 5-chambered revolver, of the pattern known as the Young America, in his pocket, while Mr. A. E. Dick, a member of Dr. Hall's church, and the sexton jumped upon him and held him until the arrival of an officer. He made no resistance whatever, and was led away to the 51st street station-house and was locked up. Shortly afterward Dr. Hall went to the police station and preferred a complaint against the prisoner. Rath is a heavy, well-built man, well dressed, and bears the appearance of a well-to-do business man. He gave his business a that of a real estate He gave his business as that of a real estate dealer. A great crowd was present when the shooting occurred, and for a while the the snooting occurred, and for a while the most intense excitement prevailed. About fitty people followed the officer to the station and saw that the prisoner was safely landed behind the bars. The prisoner was evidently not in his right mind. He muttered about a conspiracy which he imagined existed against him, and papers found on his person showed the bias of his imaginings.

A London Blackmatler Of Many Alias

Convicted. A London cable says: Charles Grande, alias a dozen other names, who has been on trial in this city on charges of black-mailing, was to-day found guilty and sentenced to twenty years penal servitude. Grande had been pursuing his nefarious practices for a long time and numbers among his victims several titled ladies. It was his habit to write letters to these ladies. It theratening them with his venceance. It was his habit to write letters to these ladies, threatening them with his vengeance unless they complied with his demands for money. Many of the ladies were so badly frightened by the rascal's threats that they paid him money. When Grande was arrested the police found in his possession a forged bill of exchange. This afforded an opportunity for another charge to be made against him in addition to the charges of blackmail. The prisoner was convicted on this charge also, and on this conviction he was sentenced to an addition term of seven years' penal servitude.

AFIER TWENTY-NINE YEARS.

A New York despatch says: Two remarkable deaths were reported at the Bureau of Vital Statistics yesterday. One was that of Sergt. John H. Whituey, who died on Sunday of septicesmia or bloodpoisoning. This was the result of a gunshot wound in the pelvis, received at the battle of Antietam on September 17th, 1862. For 29 years the wound remarned unhealed, and at last caused the death of its victim by blood-poisoning. The case of Sergeant Whitney is considered a remarkable one by the medical profession. The other death was that of Bartholomew Buckley, a private in the war, who died yesterday of paralysis of the right side, where he was shot during the war, the paralysis being the effect of the wound.

"Mamma, I want some water in a bowl, am going to christen my doll."
"No, little dear; that would be trifling with a sacred subject."
"Then give me some wax to waxcinate her with. She's old enough now to have something done to her."

something done to her."

The City Treasurer of Toronto has brought down a return showing that of the year's taxes, \$3,127,969, as much as 83 per cent. had been collected by way of the regular instalments. The amount unpaid is \$490, 38.

Women would do better work against the devil if they got down on their knees less for the men and stood up more for the women.

The less sense a man has the more he has to say when he falls in love and gets

women.

Daniel C. French, the New York sculptor, is now in Paris working on a colossal statute of the republic for the Chicago World's Fair. It will show a female figure

SWEARS HIMSELF A BLACKGUAR

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nything ex
s, and to vin

ing the facts.

(Sgd.). WALTER P. NELSON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23rd day of November, A. D. 1891.

(Sgd.) JNO. M. GLEESON, NOTARY PUBLIC, St. Clair County, Mich.

The French Population.

The French Population.

The French population returns for 1890 show an excess of deaths over births, namely, 876,000 against 838,000. A similar excess occurred in 1854 55, owing to the cholera and the Crimean War, and again in 1870-1 owing to the Franco-German war. One of the causes last year seems to have been the influenza, for the mortality was 81,000 above the previous year, but the births fell off by 42,000 last year, being lower than in any year since 1870. The marriages are decreasing about 1 per cent. and the divorces in 1889 were 4,786 and in 1890 5,457.

To Make a Target Out of Casada.

Detroit News: Gen. Proctor's project of building a modern fort at Detroit will suit Detroit people. They will be pleased over the possession of a lot of guns: that can shoot across the river into Canada, for, although they do not want to pepper their Canadian brethren, it will make a nice attraction for the town, a good thing to exhibit to visitors and will hurt nobody. A whole regiment of troops here will be another thing to tickle our vanity, a regimental band, an artillery corps and a squad of well-groomed officers being always a valuable addition to the prestige of an ambitious city.

The Friends' Yearly Meeting at Richmond, Indiana, adopted a strong ples for prohibitory legislation, declared opposition to the legalized liquor traffic, and urged the to the legalized nquor traine, and urged the churcks to educate all people up to the standard of total prohibition for the state, and total abstinence for the individual. Its committee on temperance reported who among the members had any complicity with the use of, ortrade in liquor or tobacco, showing two who sold liquor, as a beverage, twelve who raised tobacco, twenty-four who sold it, and five hundred and sixty who used it.

Eligible. Puck: "I don't see how you ever got into the New York Yacthing Association. You have no yacht."
"No; but I've got a wine cellar and a yachting cap.' Advice to Parents.

Ram's Horn: If you want your children to love the Sabbath, don't make a practice of washing them Sunday morning.

Likely to Die

New York Herald: Ribbon Clerk—When you are at liberty I wish you would come down to the office and witness my will.

Hamburg Clerk—Do you expect to die soon? Hamourg Cerasoon?

Ribbon Clerk—Life is uncertain at the best; besides, the floor walker's best girl was in a few minutes ago, and I told her he had gone out with a wheelbarrow to deliver some goods.

deliver some goods.

THE World's Fair committee of the Agricultural and Arts Association which met in Toronto yesterday to consider the best means to secure a creditable exhibition of Canadian cattle at the fair, adopted the following resolutions:

1. That the Dominion Government be asked to provide all expenditures in connection with the transportation, care and maintenance of all the exhibits from the time of shipping until the return of same.

2. That the Dominion Government be asked to provide for the insurance of the live stock from time of shipment to return.

3. That the Other of the following a complete exhibit in every department, and why shall represent the Province at Chicago.

4. That the Ontario Government be asked to appropriate at least \$19,000 the offered as prizes to live stock and the dark of the following classes in the same proportion as at the last Provincial Exhibition.

5. That the Ontario Government be asked to confirm the appointment of a sub-commissioner to be divided amongs the various classes in the same proportion as at the last Provincial Exhibition.

5. That the Ontario Government be asked to confirm the appointment of a sub-commissioner sub-commissioner to be selected from this case of the following classes, viz. Horses, cattle, sheep hogs, provincial exhibition.

5. That the Contario Government be asked to confirm the appointment of a sub-commissioner to be selected from this board or s me of the existing live stock associations, all expenses incurred by the sub-commissioner in their duties to be paid by the Ontario Government.

6. All entries to be made through the Secretary of the Agricultural and Arts Association on forms provided for the purpose. Ten pure bred Western buffaloes have arrived in England from America, and their future home is to be in the park at Hagger-ston Castle, Mr. Lelland's place in North-umberland.

to be exhausted within five years.

The less sense a man has the more he has to say when he falls in love and gets religion.

Much destitution is feared along the coast of Cape Breton, owing to the fai'ure of the shore fishery, due to the extraordinarily stormy weather.