

# WORLD NEWS

## WORLD DOCUMENT

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## FOUND CORPORATIONS BROUGHT JAP HORDES

### Induced Tokio Government to Permit Their Emigration to Canada

### Represented They Were Needed as Laborers—Canadian Pacific Railway Took 900 and Governor Dunsmuir's Mine Another Batch—G. T. P. Was Willing to Employ Them Also, Finds McKenzie King—Recommends Drastic Regulations to Curb the Influx of Orientals.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Ottawa, Jan. 20.—The report of McKenzie King, the royal commissioner appointed in November last to inquire into the question of the influx of Oriental laborers to Canada, was tabled in the house of commons tonight. It is a most illuminative and exhaustive statement of the result of his most searching inquiry into the vexed problem of Japanese immigration, and throws an entirely new light on the generally accepted opinion, as to the responsibility of the Japanese government for the sudden increase in the number of the Japanese landing in British Columbia last summer.

In effect it demonstrates that the Japanese government has been all along observing the bona fides of the agreement to restrict emigration entered into when the treaty with Japan was passed, and that the departure of the Japanese foreign office in April last from the regulations, hitherto in force, practically prohibiting the emigration of laborers to this country, was made only at the instance of the Canadian Nippon Supply Company, which included Mr. Yosby, a member of the Japanese consulate at Vancouver, and other influential Canadian sources which represented at Tokio, that Japanese labor was needed and was desired in this country.

"In justice to Japan," Mr. King says, "and to the prejudice which has been aroused against her people in some quarters, it is not to be forgotten that in the regulations which were issued about April of the present year the exception permitting the immigration of companies to send laborers to Canada was made conditional upon the production at the foreign office of Japan of the duplicates of bona fide agreements with the Japanese government which agreements the Japanese government required should be certified to by her consular resident in this country."

"If there was a change in the policy of Japan it was not one which could adversely affect the interests of this country without a Canadian citizen or a Canadian corporation first placing upon it the seal of his or its approval."

In other words Mr. King finds that no malice prevails on the part of the Japanese government, or on desire to alter its policy or restrict immigration as shown during the present year, but that the charges, and that the cause of the influx that has agitated British Columbia is traceable to Canadian sources.

### 900 Under Contract to C. P. R.

Furthermore, in a detailed analysis of the character and extent of Japanese immigration of the first ten months of last year, Mr. King finds that out of total arrivals of 8,125 only 4,429 remained in Canada. Of this total 2,779 came from the Hawaiian Islands where they were under the control of the United States authorities and only 1,641 came from Japan direct. Of this latter total, again some 900 were brought out under contract as being needed by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, 151 were destined for the United States but were rejected by United States officers and allowed to remain in Canada, under medical supervision of the immigration department; 300 were persons formerly resident in Canada and 100 were mechanics, officers, students and travelers. In the last analysis only 190 could be classed as immigrants who came from Japan under the normal conditions prevailing hitherto. Nothing could more strikingly indicate the above conclusion that the Japanese government has all along been acting in good faith in seeking to observe its understanding with Canada.

### Big Influx of Orientals.

The report which covers some sixty printed pages is an unusually succinct and conclusive summary of the 870 manuscript pages of evidence taken by the commissioner. It included a resume of the immigration of the previous seven years, and chapters on the general character of the Japanese government policy in respect to controlling emigration, the relations of the immigration companies with the Canadian Pacific Railway and other corporations in this country and the methods which they employed to induce the Tokio authorities to change their emigration policy with respect to Canada, the emigration from Hawaii and the non-committal attitude up to the present of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, in respect to bringing labor out under contract.

### EXPECT VISIT OF STORK AT SPANISH ROYAL COURT

Madrid, Jan. 20.—It is semi-officially announced that the Queen of Spain is again en route. Accouchement is expected in July.

### Miltown Woman Injured.

St. Stephen, N. B., Jan. 20.—(Special.)—Mrs. Graham, wife of J. Whidden Graham, superintendent of the St. Croix cotton mill, Miltown, slipped on the ice when returning from church yesterday and badly fractured her ankle bone.

## JAPAN'S ATTITUDE THREATENING



Naoki Mivaoka, Secretary of the Japanese Emigration Commission, is shown in a formal suit and tie. He is looking directly at the camera with a serious expression.

Shanghai, Jan. 19.—The Chinese are of the opinion that the cabinet crisis in Tokio will inaugurate a more dangerous policy toward China with regard to certain outstanding questions with Japan. In Tokio the military party has gained complete ascendancy over the civil members of the cabinet. The latter were desirous of curtailing military expenditure in order to proceed with the railway and the development of Japan in Manchuria.

### THAW TRIAL WAS WIDE OPEN

### Court Room Thronged Monday to Hear Story of Former Actress

### JEROME PITILESS

Went at Young Woman in Sledge-Hammer Fashion in Cross-examination and Promises to Continue All of Today—Prisoner's Wife Was Not Pleased.

New York, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw told her story today for the second time. The repetition lacked the vitality of the first, but the great crowd in the court room where her husband, Harry K. Thaw, is on trial for killing Stanford White, listened intently to every word. Justice Dowling ruled that he found no warrant in the law for closing the doors against the public and there was a general clamor for admission from a throng which hung about the building all day long. District Attorney Jerome, having failed in his effort to exclude spectators, took occasion, when it came to cross-examination of the witness, to bring out all of the details of the first trial which Mr. Littleton for the defense had omitted in his direct examination. Mr. Jerome also sought to block Mrs. Thaw's testimony in its entirety on the ground that a conversation which occurred three years before the tragedy could not have any bearing on Thaw's mental condition on the night of the homicide. Justice Dowling overruled the objection.

Mrs. Thaw was on the stand all day long and Mr. Jerome announced when adjournment took place that he would continue his cross-examination today. Mr. Littleton took this course only to have Mr. Jerome insist during the cross-examination, on reading from last year's record, nearly every word the witness had uttered. He did this under the privilege of framing new questions.

### Jerome Had No Mercy.

Mr. Jerome made no attempt to disguise an air of utter contempt in reading the testimony. Contempt also characterized most of the questions he put to the witness. He attacked her in the loudest tones in a voice pitched in as loud a key as his own. His pitiless and aggressive questions often struck fire, and once, when he demanded if the young woman told Thaw certain things she replied hotly: "Yes, I told him, but I didn't use the language you are using."

### WILL CATER FOR LADIES DEPOSITS.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 20.—(Special.)—The Royal Bank of Canada is about setting the pace for the other banks in this city by establishing a branch in the south end of the city, at the corner of Spring Garden and Water streets. The other banks have as yet made no move in this direction, which has a branch in the north end.

### Catholic Census of United States.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 20.—There are 12,874,280 Roman Catholics in the United States, according to the advance sheets of the 1908 United States census, published in this city.

## FATE OF THE SENATE DISCUSSED IN HOUSE

### All Favor Reform and a Few Would Abolish It as Useless

### Dr. Daniel Declares Against Proposal to Wipe Out Red Chamber as Unfair to Smaller Provinces—Sir Wilfrid Laurier Would Have Each Province With Same Representation and Members Appointed for a Stated Term.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Ottawa, Jan. 20.—In the house today Mr. Foster moved for a return showing all advances to ministers of the crown and their private secretaries on account of travel or other expenses in connection with the imperial conference.

Mr. McIntyre, South Perth, moved the following resolution: "That this house deems it expedient to invite the honorable the senate, to cooperate with it by means of conference or joint committee in giving consideration to the advantages to be gained by changes in the composition of the senate, looking to: "1. An age limit for retirement and a shortened term of service for future senators."

### MORGAN REFUSED TO AID BANK

### Sovereign's President Asked in Vain for Loan of \$500,000

### WOULD HAVE SAVED IT

### New York Magnate Has \$600,000 Worth of Stock in the Defunct Institution—A Director Blames Former Manager for its Downfall—Expects Stockholders Will Get Dollar for Dollar.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Toronto, Jan. 20.—Senator Archibald Campbell, a director of the Sovereign Bank, says it was refusal of J. Pierpont Morgan to advance a loan of \$500,000 to the bank that brought about the crisis. The bank's affairs, he said, improved considerably during the last seven months of 1907, and the directors had every reason to be satisfied. More securities to cover the \$1,000,000 clearing loan had been given. "If it had been possible to borrow \$1,000,000 or even \$500,000, the bank would have been able to keep open. Mr. Jarvis, president of the bank, went to Mr. Morgan and asked him for a loan of \$500,000, but was unable to get it. The affairs of the Sovereign Bank were only a side show for Morgan and his conferees, and they refused to finance it any further."

### SWIFT JUSTICE FOR JERSEY MURDERER

### Negro Tried, Convicted and Sentenced to Die March 2, for Crime Committed December 12.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 20.—Within less than nine hours from the time he was brought into court today, George Wilson, colored, was tried, convicted and sentenced to death for the murder of Frederick R. Bremer, an undertaker, who was found dead in his room in a hotel in Orange (N. J.) on December 12 last. The jury was quickly selected, witnesses for the state testified in rapid succession and in the afternoon Wilson took the stand as the sole witness for the defense. He admitted causing Bremer's death, but said he did not attack the man until he was discovered by Bremer in his room. Wilson did not say what he was doing in the room when Bremer was killed.

### NEGRO HANGED BY MOB CUT DOWN ALIVE

### Lynchers Fired a Fusillade of Bullets at Victim Before Beating Hasty Retreat.

Dothan, Ala., Jan. 20.—The negro, Grover Franklin, who was taken away from Sheriff Butler and his deputies last night and hanged to a tree, is again in the hands of the law and stands a chance for recovery. The mob was so closely followed by the officers and law-abiding citizens, determined if possible to avert the lynching, that it did not have time to get its victim outside the corporate limits and hurriedly strung him up to the first tree and thinking they had rid themselves of the negro was still alive and he was immediately cut down and placed in the county jail.

### SCHOONER WRECKED ON N. S. COAST; CREW HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

### The Ada Mildred on Rocks at Whitehead Harbor—Captain and Men Find Safety on a Ledge.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Halifax, N. S., Jan. 20.—Exposed to the fury of a northeast hurricane, soaked to the skin, and with the temperature at zero, the crew of the schooner Ada Mildred, which went to ground at Whitehead Ledge, at the entrance of Whitehead harbor, spent eleven long hours on a narrow ledge of rock, until taken off by fishermen from the shore this morning. Late last night the schooner drove ashore in the height of a furious gale. Hope was practically abandoned by the crew, but three seamen managed to struggle to the ledge with a line, and with this a dory was hauled back and forth until the crew were landed. It was 10 o'clock before they all reached the ledge, and there they spent eleven long hours until taken off this morning by a boat, in charge of Captain Alden Munroe.

### Bark Brookside Floated.

Yarmouth, N. S., Jan. 20.—(Special.)—Bark Brookside, which was driven ashore at Tusket Wedge during a gale last week, was pulled off Saturday by a number of tugs, after discharging a portion of her cargo.