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NO. 49

SAY GERMANY HAS LOST PRESTIGE AT ALGECIRAS

Berlin Press Very Bitter Over the Attitude of Italy and Russia

Declares the Latter Has Played the Part of an Ingrate-- J. P. Morgan Visits Pope and Will Likely Handle the Vatican's Funds in Future-- "Judge" Hamilton Reported to Have Made a Confession to Jerome About "Yellow Dog" Fund--Roosevelt Scored for Glorifying Over Moro Butchery.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

New York, March 12--A special cable today says: "Despatches from all the European capitals dilate upon the new born hopefulness regarding the outcome of the Algeiras conference, based on Germany's attitude. The leading German newspapers print interesting editorials. Some of them go so far as to say that the Algeiras conference has taught Germany to revise her whole foreign policy, feeling that Germany is isolated and sinking deep."

The Hannoverian Courier plainly says that the triple alliance has lost its power. As for Italy, despite her economic growth recently due to her alliance with Germany, she went back on her ally at Algeiras. An equally severe castigation is administered to Russia, who, the paper says, in exchange for a more than benevolent neutrality in the Russo-Japanese war, has taken the first opportunity for ranging herself alongside of France.

The Vossische Zeitung declares that it cannot get rid of the impression that important developments are proceeding in Europe which, although not directed against Germany, are being carried on without German participation.

The Berlin correspondent of the Telegraph, summarizing the spirit of the German press, says: "On the whole, the impression is widespread that the Algeiras conference has rather weakened than strengthened Germany's European position, that the principles which Germany may have championed at the conference were dearly won by loss of former friends, and by the strength and solidity given by the western powers."

A Scandal in British History. According to a cable from London, the master in lunacy has directed that the Marquess Townsend shall present a petition in lunacy within a specified time for an inquisition into her husband's mental condition.

Meanwhile Col. Townsend, the heir-at-law of the marquis, has been appointed interim receiver of the estate. The dowager marquess who declares that her son is not insane, is granted leave to be represented at the inquisition. The Townsend case has attracted much attention. The marquis, who married Gladys Sutherland, daughter of a barrister, suddenly disappeared from his habitual resorts and his friends were greatly mystified regarding his whereabouts. Last month it became known that he had been certified as insane by the lunacy commission, and had been placed under control of his wife, who, it was charged by some persons, was keeping him virtually a prisoner in his west end home.

The certificate of insanity was granted at the instigation of Mr. Sutherland, the wife's father, who was supported by certain members of the marquis' family. Her mother, however, who is a sister of the Duke of Devon, King Edward's son-in-law, maintained that the marquis was not insane, and has been doing her utmost to obtain his freedom. Among the allegations against the marquis was the assertion that he was unduly influenced by a man with whom he was closely intimate and that this man kept him from his wife.

The marquis is undivided, and is neither physically nor mentally robust. He shows signs of arrested development. It is stated that prior to his marriage to Miss Sutherland he, through an agent, advertised in American newspapers, seeking an American heiress in exchange for his title, which, by the way, is an old one, but not succeeding in this adventure, marriage with Miss Sutherland was arranged for him. Subsequently there were some legal difficulties with the agent, whose commission failed to materialize as quickly as he thought it would.

Many queer stories are told of the honeymoon of the marquis and his bride.

Portland, Me., March 12--Maine Democrats, and in fact many Republicans who are not voting on partition this year, are jubilant at the overthrow today of the Republican municipal council at Augusta for the first time since 1893, and the retention of the control of Bangor which was gained last year, for the first time in fifty years. City elections also were held at Brewer, Eddiford and Belfast. The voters but one name, a Republican in Brewer and Eddiford. The result in Belfast was not there had been a lively campaign, was not known tonight for the reason that all means of communication by wire were interrupted by the storm and not repaired.

Col. Frederick W. Plafel was elected mayor of Augusta, the state capital and home of Congressmen Burleigh, by 440 votes over Charles E. Purinton, the Republican candidate, and his party carried seven of the eight wards for aldermen.

which was spent on the continent. It is said that the marchioness seemed to take particular delight in making her husband the butt for ridicule and that she treated him more as though he were an imbecile than the man who had elevated her from the lower middle class into the peerage, giving her precedence over many other peeresses to the manner born.

Has Hamilton Confessed? "Judge" Andrew Hamilton, who acted as the legislative agent for the big insurance companies, came to the city today from Albany where he has been in seclusion since he returned unexpectedly from Europe last week. He visited the counsel to the Fowler investigating committee and spent some time at the home office of the New York Life. According to one report Hamilton has made to ex-Judge D. Cady Herrick, a full and complete statement of his financial transactions in behalf of the insurance companies, and this statement has been turned over to District Attorney Jerome by Herrick. It is on the advice of Herrick and Senator Brackett, it is said, that Hamilton came back to this country to clear the name of his dead friend, John A. McCall.

Stuyvesant Fish is to return from a western railroad inspection trip next Wednesday or Thursday. It is likely that the name of the members of his committee of Mutual Life policyholders will be given out then. It was said today that a number of acceptances had already been received, and that the committee would be a powerful one. The only name announced so far is that of Lord Northcliffe, who will represent the British policyholders.

Morgan Had to Handle Vatican Funds. According to cables, J. Pierpont Morgan is extending his financial activities to the Vatican. Mr. Morgan with H. B. Hollins, was received in private audience by the Pope today. While there was only an exchange of pleasant greetings, the Vatican audience today is accepted as proof that Mr. Morgan is to act as the financial agent for the Pope. Added significance given the visit in the fact that Mr. Hollins, who is also one of the leading bankers in New York, accompanied Mr. Morgan.

On the occasion of his last visit to Rome, Mr. Morgan, who was shown special consideration by the Pope, was said to have agreed to become the financial agent of the Vatican. Details were given then announcing that he had consented to take hold of the administration of the funds and for the support of the church that he would undertake, through wise and desirable investments, to double the revenues of the Holy See.

Just now, however, Pius X. has come to the conclusion that it is absolutely necessary for the future of the church that something be done to increase its annual income, as, because of the troubles in France, the Holy See is expected to suffer the loss to nearly \$1,000,000,000 a year, which used to be contributed to the Peter's Pence fund by the French Catholics, when the church was supported almost entirely by the government.

The withdrawal of the \$8,000,000 annually contributed by the French government for the support of the church in France before the law of separation was gradual, but is sure to be felt even this year.

It is calculated that at least \$3,000,000 more a year will now be required by the Holy See in order to provide decorously for the pressing needs of the French church and for the support of its clergy and hierarchy, and the presence of Mr. Morgan in Rome has prompted the Pope to submit to the American financier a plan through which the church's revenues took strong ground against the proposal to use the St. John river as an outflow for the sewerage system and this won them many votes. The chances are now that a change will be made in the plans.

The contract for installing the filtration plant has not yet been awarded and the attitude of the new council on this question will be watched with interest.

Ald. McGinn, who was deposed from the position of street light superintendent in May last, was returned at the head of the poll with T. H. Colter, a new man, a good second.

John S. Scott, who is elected for Wellington ward, took an active part in organizing the opposition forces and deserves a large share of the credit for the victory achieved.

The result of the poll was announced by City Clerk McCready in the city council chambers at 7 o'clock in the presence of a large crowd.

Future Queen of Spain and Where Her Conversion Took Place



King Edward VII from the King

Princess Ena from the Princess

King Alfonso XIII from the King

San Sebastian, March 12--The ceremony of the conversion of Princess Ena of 1846 took place at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning in the Miramar Chapel. Princess Ena wore a white dress and King Alfonso a general's full dress uniform and the insignia of the Golden Fleece.

Senor and Senora Moret, Signor Merry Del Val and the Daquet de Mandas were invited to witness the ceremony, also the Duke of Alba, representing the Spanish nobility. All the ladies wore the classic Spanish white mantle.

Bishop Brindley, of Nottingham, England, assisted by the Bishops of Leon, Victoria and Madrid, officiated. The Bishop of Nottingham asked Princess Ena if she relinquished her old faith and was a convert to Catholicism. She answered affirmatively. This part of the ceremony lasted twenty minutes.

Afterward baptism sub-conferred was administered and then confirmation. It is alleged that Princess Ena will not appear publicly in any church until her marriage, in order not to hurt the Protestant feelings in England.

The Royal Palace, San Sebastian, from Black & White



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OLD ALDERMEN WERE DEFEATED

Five of Fredericton's City Council Slain at the Polls Monday

MAYOR'S CLOSE CALL Only Elected by About Fifty Over D. J. Stockford--Strong Feeling Against Old Board for Their Haste to Better Water and Sewage Conditions--Other News of the Capital.

Fredericton, March 12--(Special)--Five of the most prominent members of the present city council went down to defeat in the elections here today and Mayor McNally was re-elected by the narrow majority of fifty-nine votes over Ald. D. J. Stockford. It was one of the most exciting contests the city has witnessed in recent years and the result was full of surprises.

The aldermen snuffed under were Mitchell, in Wellington ward; McKenzie, in Carleton ward; Randolph, in Queens ward; and Barbour and Chestnut in Kings ward.

The spirit of progressiveness manifested by the late council in letting a contract for a sewerage system without a mandate from the ratepayers and taking steps to install a filtration plant seems to have been the principal cause of their undoing.

A number of the opposition candidates took strong ground against the proposal to use the St. John river as an outflow for the sewerage system and this won them many votes. The chances are now that a change will be made in the plans.

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SOME OF THE ESTIMATES

Partial List of Expenditures to Be Made by Dominion Government in This Province.

Ottawa, March 12--(Special)--The estimates were brought down tonight. Among them were the following for New Brunswick: New Brunswick. Campbellton, public building, \$ 5,000. St. John dominion buildings improvements, repairs, etc., 20,000. Esquimaux, machine shop, 10,000. Intercolonial Railway Estimates. To strengthen bridges, \$225,500. To original construction, 1,500. Diversions of the line at St. Leonard's, 2,000. Drummondville, improvements, 17,750. Engine house, etc., Chaudiere Jet, 4,500. Esquimaux, machine shop, 10,000. Riviere du Loup, 12,500. To increase accommodation at St. John's, 11,000. Novascotia improvements, 25,300. Campbellton improvements, 17,250. Gibson, air compressor and reservoir, 1,800.

TO INCREASE ACCOMMODATION AT HALIFAX. To dredge "pilot rock" at deep water, 5,000. To dredge "pilot rock" at deep water, 5,000. To increase accommodation at "Truro", 84,000. Increased accommodation at St. John, 4,500. Increased accommodation at Spryhill Junction, 4,500. To increase accommodation at Sydney, 12,500. Repairs to tank and reservoir, 4,500. Pictou Landing, raising wharf, 10,000. Increased accommodation at Antigonish, 1,200. Air brake to freight cars, 21,000. To exchange drawbars of freight cars, 1,500.

New Brunswick Harbors. St. John harbor-dredging, \$100,000. Buctouche, channel through beach, 2,000. Campbellton, wharf extension and repairs, 22,000. Cape Tormentine, improvements and repairs to harbor works, 10,000. Carriquet wharf, approach breakers, 4,000. Chatham Harbor, breakwater of outer pier, 500. Chebucto, improvement of outlet river, 1,500.

WOULD EXPEL JEWS FROM RUSSIAN TERRITORY NEXT COLONIAL CONFERENCE MAY BE MARCH, 1907 Proclamation, Said to Be Issued by the Bureaucracy, Calls for Barbarous Treatment of the Race.

St. Petersburg, March 12--The anti-Jewish proclamation alleged to have been issued by the bureaucracy consists of a programme of twenty-two articles, including a demand for the expulsion of the Jews from all the cities of European Russia and Siberia into the Pale, the prohibition of higher education for Jews, the prohibition of the stoppage of work on Jewish holidays, the levying of a lump sum of money from the Jewish population in lieu of military service, the resumption of Jewish names where they have been changed, the prohibition to the Jews of certain professions, like the stage, and that none but the grandchildren of Jews who have accepted Christianity shall enjoy full legal rights.

COL. MANN INDICTED FOR PERJURY Parliament Heavily Welcomes Balfour

London, March 12--Former Premier Balfour returned to the House of Commons today and assumed the leadership of the opposition. He was heartily welcomed on all sides. The Irish members saluted Mr. Balfour with the cry of "Welcome to the stranger."

SENATE CONFIRMS CONSUL WILLRICH Washington, March 12--The senate in executive session today confirmed the nomination of Gebhard Willrich, of Wisconsin, as consul at St. Paul, Minn.

Actresses Attempt Suicide. St. Paul, Minn., March 12--Katie Ransome and Hattie L. Lorraine, actresses, are in the city hospital in a critical condition. The former is suffering from a bullet wound in the left breast and the latter is suffering from gas poisoning. Both say they were disgusted with the theatrical business and it is said, planned to end their lives.

Boston Lineman Drowned. Boston, March 12--Daniel Elsbury, a lineman employed by the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., was drowned today while repairing lines disarranged by last week's storm. Elsbury fell from a pole on the Maiden bridge into the Mystic river. Before the man could be rescued

ADDRESS ADOPTED AFTER HOT DEBATE AT OTTAWA

R. L. Borden Defends the Salary Grab of the Last Session

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Thinks Some Changes Might Improve the Bill--Premier Defends Lieutenant Governor Forget from Opposition Leader's Attack, and Commends Him for Not Calling Mr. Haultain to Form a Government--Thinks Parliament Will Finish Its Labors in Three Months.

Ottawa, March 12--(Special)--The debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne was opened this afternoon by W. E. Knowles, of West Assiniboia, who moved the address. After a few preliminaries, in which he paid a high compliment to his predecessor, Walter Scott, Mr. Knowles took up the paragraph in regard to the commission appointed to investigate life insurance.

He said that this was one of the most important subjects which parliament could well discuss. If there were any frauds existing, and he was not sure that there were not, then they should be exposed. It was essential that the man who paid for life insurance for his wife and family should be certain that the insurance was good. On the report and data, the commission would present legislation that could be framed.

The reference in the speech by his excellency to the provincial inauguration ceremonies at Edmonton and Regina was next touched upon. Mr. Knowles said that the visit of Lord Grey was as pleasing to the people of the west as his excellency had said it was pleasant to him. The men, women and children of Alberta and Saskatchewan had happy memories of his excellency's visit, but the smoke of the departing train had severely disappointed the prairie when men from the east introduced into their midst a fight of the most bitter character of race and religious discord. A fierce battle of the kind mentioned raged for three months. The west was not responsible for it.

No Religious Question in the West. The west was capable of looking after its own religious affairs. The people of the west desired to worship at their own shrine in their own way, without interference from the Eastern provinces. If the time should arrive that the assistance of the east was required, then the west would ask for it.

He made no apology for referring to this matter because although the campaign was a local one the subject discussed was a dominion one. There never was a campaign in which he saw so many legal men quoting section 91 of the B. N. A. act, and who so pathetically cast aside the opinions of great legal lights. The people of the west were asked by men from the east to rise, as in the days of old, of the Spanish Armada and of the Chumby-screw and the pack.

Mr. Knowles in eloquent terms severely handled the agitators from the east, who endeavored to rob the people of the west of that which they held dearest.

Religion was used for the most ignoble purposes. In the west they were up against what was called a provincial rights party. He had nothing to say against any party, but from provincial rights, "good Lord deliver us."

The judgment of the west was shown by only ten men out of fifty voting against the Liberal party. In Alberta there was just the leader and the whip.

Mr. Knowles spoke of the large influx of new settlers, of how the Doukhobors, Galicians, his fellow countrymen, were making good, industrious citizens, tilling the soil and adding in building up a market for the manufacturers of the east, and closed with a peroration of the great future which was in store for the new provinces.

Mr. Chisholm. Mr. Chisholm (Antigonish) who seconded the address said that the mover had so completely covered the whole subject that there was little need of his taking up much time in following.

He, however, desired to point to the great prosperity which was now prevalent in the country. Since 1898 the trade of the dominion had gone forward with leaps and bounds. For the past seven months agricultural exports were \$84,000,000 compared with \$66,000,000 in the seven months of the previous year, showing an increase of \$18,000,000. It was no wonder that the farmer wore a broad smile. For the seven months exports of manufactures showed \$13,750,000 as against \$12,000,000 for the same period of the previous year.

In mining there is an equally gratifying return. During the past ten years we find that the business of Canada has increased two-fold. The total trade of the country has grown from \$240,000,000 in 1896, to \$514,000,000 this year. For the current year Canada's trade will have gone beyond the \$600,000,000 mark.

Canada now occupies the third place commercially in the world. Mr. Chisholm then proceeded to speak of the great increase in trade at Sydney and said that was attributable to the wise policy of the local government and the generous support of the dominion government after the change in 1898.

Following the organization of the Dominion Coal Company came the Dominion Steel Company. There were more money orders issued from Sydney than from any of the old cities of the maritime provinces. Halifax and St. John felt behind in that respect.

He had no desire to be sectional in his remarks, but cited the evidence of what was taking place from one end of the dominion to the other. It is the same happy story from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Mr. Chisholm made an excellent speech and was applauded throughout.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY DEAD

Distinguished Woman Suffragist Passed Away at an Early Hour Tuesday Morning.

Miss Susan B. Anthony

Rochester, N. Y., March 13--The long and eventful life of Susan B. Anthony closed at 12:40 o'clock this morning. The failure induced by pneumonia, both lungs. She had had serious valvular heart trouble for the last six or seven years. Her lungs were practically clear, and the pneumonia had yielded to treatment, but the weakness of her heart overcame her.

Dr. M. S. Ricker, her attending physician, said Miss Anthony died of heart failure induced by pneumonia, both lungs. She had had serious valvular heart trouble for the last six or seven years. Her lungs were practically clear, and the pneumonia had yielded to treatment, but the weakness of her heart overcame her.

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