

# NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE

## Waterbury & Rising Limited.

Three Stores  
Easter Sunday  
April 4th



SHOP  
EARLY.

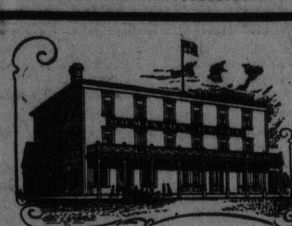
## Women's Popular Priced BOOTS

### \$3.00 a Pair.

This season we are able to offer our customers a range of really high class boots at the popular price of \$3.50 a pair, that for style, fit and general appearance compare favorably with goods sold elsewhere at a much higher price.

Made in New Brunswick on lasts the exact duplicates of the finer lines, from excellent materials. They are certainly beautiful goods. All the popular leathers in Button and Lace.

Ask to See Them



P. CAMPBELL & CO., Acetylene Headquarters.

Summer Hotels and Cottages  
No modern hotel or country residence, church or store is complete without a modern lighting system.

Our "Scientific acetylene generator" are used in hundreds of buildings and are highly recommended and fully guaranteed.

Send for circular or call and investigate.  
73 Prince Wm. St.

## Stomach Troubles Due To Acidity.

SO SAYS EMINENT SPECIALIST.

So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, wind, and stomach-ache are in probably nine cases out of ten simply evidence that fermentation is taking place in the food contents of the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acids. Wind distends the stomach, and causes that full, oppressive feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates and inflames the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the fermenting food. Such fermentation is unnatural, but may involve most serious consequences if not corrected. To stop or prevent fermentation of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and render it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of bisulphated magnesia, probably the best and most effective corrector of acid stomach known, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water immediately after eating, or whenever wind or acidity is felt. This stops the fermentation, and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments. Fermentation wind and acidity are dangerous and unnecessary. Stop or prevent them by the use of a proper antacid, such as bisulphated magnesia, which can be obtained from any druggist and thus enable the stomach to do its work properly without being hindered by poisonous gas and dangerous acids.—M. F. P.

### PROBATE COURT.

Estate of Elizabeth Bell, widow of John P. Bell, postal clerk. The deceased made a paper writing purporting to dispose of her property, but in consequence of the same not being witnessed she is deemed to have died intestate. The deceased had no children, but left her surviving two brothers, George B. Smith and John A. Y. Smith, foundrymen; six sisters, namely Margaret Knowles, Isabelle Campbell, Frances Smith, Jane Malcolm, Phyllis Malcolm and Eleanor Grace Pratt; the six children of a deceased sister, Mary Annie McAndrews, and the three children of Bessie Smith, a deceased daughter of the said Mary Annie McAndrews. On the petition of the brothers and sisters resident in St. John the above named brother, John A. Y. Smith, is appointed administrator. No real estate. Personalty, \$5,124. Messrs. Barnhill, Ewing & Sanford, proctors.

Estate of George Noble, commercial

### HOTEL ARRIVALS

Royal.  
H E Ellard, Toronto; W T Hall, Peterboro; G E Nutter, Fergus; A Leslie, E J Robinson, Montreal; J J McCafferty, F P Robinson, Fredericton; A B Connell, W Stock, A W Meahan, St Andrews; C D Sutherland, Ottawa; Dr Hayes, J C Douglass, Halifax; M J Walsh, E Linscott, H V Freeman, Toronto; J C Snell,rove, H Jodin, Montreal; J P Scott, Eden, Vt.; J Parker, F L Jarvis, H L Jarvis, Portland; F E Martin, Fort William; M J Jonah, Fredericton; O F Cassidy, Chicago; W H Bird, F T Alden, Boston; I B Andrews, Portland; A McLean, the Misses McLean, Bathurst; Miss I B Schryer, Ottawa; H C Read, Sackville; J E Barry, Moncton, F P Bent, Halifax; G M Read, W New-march, Montreal; Miss H S Black, Halifax.



## For You-

if you enjoy a cup of  
Tea of a particularly  
rich mellow flavor.

KING COLE will produce a lasting  
glow of satisfaction.

"You'll like the flavor."

## U. S. GOVERNMENT'S WAR RISK INSURANCE HAS HAD FEW LOSSES

Premium income shows  
more than \$1,000,000  
surplus over losses paid.

Washington, March 24.—Premiums have been paid to the government war risk insurance bureau to date, amounting to \$1,750,000, and losses have aggregated only \$670,663, according to an announcement tonight.

The loss may be considerably reduced through salvage of cotton in the cargoes of some of the steamers lost. The bureau had outstanding tonight policies aggregating \$13,000,000 out of a total of \$66,000,000 written since the war began. Its earned premiums to date amount to about \$1,250,000. Several ships insured with the bureau have gone to the bottom recently from other causes than those incident to war, so the bureau has earned premiums on these ships, despite their sinking. In the last few weeks comparatively few policies have been written.

## NOVA SCOTIA SAILORS REACH BOSTON AFTER THE GERMANS SUNK THEIR SHIP

Boston, Mar. 24.—The British steamer St. Ronald arrived here today from Buenos Aires with Captain Cyrus Parks and three men of the crew of the British schooner Wilfred M, which was sunk on January 15 by the German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm, while bound from St. John, Nfld., to Bahia, Brazil, with fish.

After the officers and crew, consisting of seven men, were taken off the schooner, she was sent to the bottom by the Germans, who later also captured and sank the British steamships Highland Brae, Hemisphere and Porta and the Norwegian bark Samantha. In all about 200 men were prisoners aboard the Kron Prinz Wilhelm.

The four men landed here today, all of whom are British subjects, were held prisoners aboard the cruiser for five weeks. They were later transferred to the German steamer Holger, and those who signed agreements not to bear arms were landed at Buenos Aires.

The Wilfred M was a three-masted vessel, 116 feet long and registering 119 tons net. She was built at Lunenburg, N. S., in 1900, and hailed from Barbadoes.

## THICK, GLOSSY HAIR FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Girls! Try it! Your hair  
gets soft, fluffy and lux-  
uriant at once.

If you care for heavy hair, that glimmers with beauty and is radiant with life, has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Dandruff.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and thin, faded, dry, straggly or too oily, get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Dandruff at and drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Dandruff. It eventually—why not now?

### UNCLE SAM WANTS TO KNOW.

Washington, March 24.—Secretary Bryan announced today that the United States would call the attention of Germany to the report from The Hague, that a German aeroplane had dropped a bomb which endangered the Belgian Relief Commission ship Eiland, near the Dutch coast.

## BORDEN GOVERNMENT'S WISH IS TO GET ALL INFORMATION CONCERNING WAR CONTRACTS

Every facility afforded to Public Accounts Committee to secure all facts — More evidence that there is no "Blockers Brigade" at Ottawa — How General Hughes saved thousands of dollars to Country.

### Special to The Standard

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 24.—The remarkable feature of the meetings of the Public Accounts Committee of the Commons, which has been delving into the war contracts, has been the facility the government has afforded to all the members, both Liberal and Conservative, to get every possible detail of information.

The members of the government have assisted the members of the committee in every way with the result that the most complete details have been handed to the committee with regard to all transactions inquired into.

When the committee met today, Hon. Dr. Reid emphasized this and said: "We don't want to shield anyone. If there is any information that wants to be ferreted out that's what we want." This aroused comment amongst the members to the effect that not until this government came into power has such a disposition been shown by a government. The late government balked every attempt of the then opposition to secure facts regarding the transactions of members of the government and their friends. This government, on the other hand, has had nothing to hide, and welcomes investigation into everything which it has done.

General Sam Hughes was also present today, and he assisted the Liberal members constantly to get the information they required.

Integrity, Government's Motto  
The obvious comment is that the Conservative Government has conducted its business, with integrity, and it suits its purpose to have the public learn every detail of its administration. The evidence adduced has reflected the utmost credit upon the Minister of Militia. It was brought out in today's evidence that by appointing experts to secure the necessities for the contingents for the front, General Hughes had saved much of the money of the Canadian people, and prevented patriotic Canadian firms from jumping up their prices when they found that certain commodities were scarce.

### A Case in Point

There have been one or two spectacular examples of this astuteness on the part of General Hughes. For instance, when he learned that the

British authorities would not allow the export of binoculars he saw that Canadian and American firms which had a supply of these would hold up the government for big prices, named a firm which he could trust, the P. W. Ellis Company of Toronto, asking them if they would help him in the matter.

Mr. M. C. Ellis immediately got busy. He asked a number of Canadian firms their prices. He would not say what they asked. He went across the border, and secured prices far below what the Canadians wanted for the same articles. The binoculars he was offered in Canada were from the same firm from which he got the lower prices. He came back to Canada and broke the prices in this country. He saved the government over twelve thousand dollars on this one transaction. The patriotic way in which the Toronto firm acted, was borne out by the fact that they only charged ten per cent, which did not pay them, and by cutting down prices they lessened their own commission. They wanted, as Mr. Ellis said in evidence, to help out the Minister of Militia in this war time in a line in which the government could not help itself.

### Where \$180,000 Was Saved

The same policy pursued by the Minister of Militia in the case of the binoculars was fruitful of much saving, also in the case of trucks, carriages and the like. He employed an English-American expert named Thomas, whom he secured in New York and saved the country on the purchase of these articles \$180,000. Mr. Thomas got everything at twenty-five per cent. under the list prices and Canada is the only country outside of France which has been able to get such satisfactory terms with the American and Canadian manufacturers. Great Britain gets only ten per cent. off.

It should be said that the action of the ministers in facilitating enquiry into every detail has been also carried out by Mr. H. B. Morphy, who has been acting as chairman of the committee in place of Mr. Middleboro, appointed chairman of the boots committee. On more than one occasion he has intimated formally that it is the desire of the government and the committee to find out everything and shield nobody.

## MARITIME PROVINCE TROOPS TO DO THEIR SUMMER TRAINING AT ALDERSHOT AND KENTVILLE

Ottawa, Mar. 24.—The Minister of Militia and Defence and the militia troops have been ordered to mobilize in each militia division, as soon as possible, troops for training and rifle practice. Camps will be established at suitable points throughout Canada for this purpose. A suitable point will be chosen in British Columbia. An Indian reserve near Calgary will be utilized and probably a local camp near Medicine Hat, both for the province of Alberta. For Manitoba, the existing camp at Sewell will be used, while in Ontario, it is probable that camps will be established at Niagara, London and Barrie.

In Quebec troops will go to Valcartier, if it is ready in proper time. The difficulty there is, that there is so much snow that it may not be ready until the beginning of May.

In the Maritime Provinces, the troops will be trained at Amherst and Kentville.

It is realized by the militia council that during the long winter months the troops have not had the opportunity to get into the training necessary for active service and above all things have not had the opportunity of being trained in rifle work. Owing to the late spring at Valcartier, there still being two feet of snow in that place, it is recognized that the troops cannot well be mobilized there until well on in May.

As time is the main thing in the present mobilization and in the training of the men, the plan of training the men in divisional camps has been decided upon. It is probable that the troops will be moved into these camps at an early date.

### NO MORE PIES FOR GERMANS

London, Mar. 25 (1.55 a.m.)—A Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says it is reported that the German government has prohibited pastry-making from Saturday next, under heavy penalty.

TRYING TO RESTORE  
GOOD ORDER TO CHINA

Peking, Mar. 24.—President Yuan

## IS AMERICA SUPPLYING SUBMARINES TO EUROPE?

Washington to hold another investigation to determine this point.

Washington, Mar. 24.—Another investigation to determine whether American shipyards are building submarines for European belligerents was ordered today by Secretary Daniels.

Naval officers stationed at private plants on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts were directed to make inquiries and report to Washington.

This action was taken on account of published reports that the Fore River Shipyard at Quincy, Mass., was building submarines in sections, and shipping the parts to Montreal for the British navy.

Secretary Daniels said tonight that a similar investigation made some time ago failed to disclose any work in progress for belligerent powers. At that time representatives had been made by the German embassy.

## "BREAD OR PEACE", NOW GERMAN CRY

London, March 24, 8 p. m.—A despatch from Copenhagen to Reuters Telegram Company says:

"Red posters inscribed 'Bread or Peace' are continually appearing in towns in the Province of Schleswig-Holstein, and in Hamburg and Lubeck, according to a telegram from Woyens, on the German frontier, published in the newspapers of the Danish capital.

"The police remove the playcards, but they have not succeeded in arresting any of the persons responsible for them."

## HOW CANADA HAS GAINED BY THE WAR

London, March 24.—An official memorandum regarding war orders states that at least ninety-five million dollars worth of war materials and equipment has been ordered by the allies from Canada, and that this expenditure does not include that incurred on behalf of the Canadian contingents, which exceeds twenty-five millions. Seventy-two Canadian companies have been given orders for machining shrapnel shell and sixty-seven are engaged in making the various parts required. The orders placed in the United States amount to more than a billion dollars.

### MISSING SHIPS.

A most interesting contribution to the literature on the subject of missing and foundered ships was contributed to the transactions of the Liverpool Engineering Society, a few weeks ago, in the form of a lecture delivered by W. S. Abell, Chief Ship Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping. In his paper Mr. Abell endeavored to show the various reasons for the disappearance of vessels. In the past it has been the custom, whenever an agitation was on foot for new legislation, for the person in charge of the agitation to state that the reason every vessel was missing or foundered was the want of that particular legislation. Mr. Abell, on the other hand, approached the subject impartially, with the aim to find a reason for the disappearance of vessels without a previous bias in any direction. He showed that from July, 1899, to June 30, 1913, 208 British steamers, of over 100 tons gross, were reported to have foundered or were missing, of which 23 were in ballast, at anchor, or engaged on special services. Of the remaining 185 vessels, 102 were over 1,000 tons gross. Taking vessels of 1,000 tons as representing foreign trading vessels, it is interesting to note from the tables given that the greatest percentage of losses under the head of foundering or missing occurred in steamers between 2,000 and 3,000 tons, which had a percentage of .340 per cent. per annum. The tables also show that when the size of a vessel exceeds 4,000 tons gross the chance of casualty in the open sea is reduced to a very small quantity—about 1 in 2,000. In steamers of between 1,000 and 2,000 tons the average age of loss was 21 years, and steamers of between 2,400 and 2,000 tons were lost mostly between 12 and 17 years. About 75 per cent. of the losses occurred in winter, which, of course, shows that bad weather is largely responsible for the losses. Mr. Abell gives the causes, in his opinion, for the loss of 54 vessels of over 1,000 tons gross, 23 being lost through leaks, 17 through damage to hatchways, ventilators, deck casings and stress of weather, 13 through cargo shifting, and one through improper loading. Of the vessels which foundered 35 were loaded with coal, or, or bulk cargo, and averaged 20 years of age. Although Mr. Abell does not give definitely his view as to the principal cause for missing vessels, he seems to be



### MOST PERFECT MADE

THE INCREASED NUTRITIVE VALUE OF BREAD MADE IN THE HOME WITH ROYAL YEAST CAKES SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT INCENTIVE TO THE CAREFUL HOUSEWIFE TO GIVE THIS IMPORTANT FOOD ITEM THE ATTENTION TO WHICH IT IS JUSTLY ENTITLED.

HOME BREAD BAKING REDUCES THE HIGH COST OF LIVING BY LESSENING THE AMOUNT OF EXPENSIVE MEATS REQUIRED TO SUPPLY THE NECESSARY NUTRIMENT TO THE BODY.

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD.  
TORONTO, ONT.  
WINNIPEG MONTREAL

## AFRAID SHE WAS DYING

Suffered Terribly Until She Took "Fruit-a-lives"

St. Jean de Matha, Jan. 27th, 1914.

"After suffering for a long time with Dyspepsia, I have been cured by 'Fruit-a-lives.' I suffered so much that I would not dare eat for I was afraid of dying. Five years ago, I received samples of 'Fruit-a-lives.' I did not wish to try them for I had little confidence in them but, seeing my husband's anxiety, I decided to do so and at once I felt relief. Then I sent for three boxes and I kept improving until I was cured. While sick, I lost several pounds, but after taking 'Fruit-a-lives,' I quickly regained what I had lost. Now I eat, sleep and digest well—in a word, I am completely cured, thanks to 'Fruit-a-lives.'"

MADAM M. CARBONNEAU.  
"Fruit-a-lives" is the greatest stomach tonic in the world and will always cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, "Heartburn," Dyspepsia and other Stomach Troubles.

of opinion that improper loading leading to shifting of cargo and bad weather are principally responsible for the losses.



### Painless Dentistry!

We extract teeth free of pain.  
Only 25c.

We do all kinds of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,  
537 Main St.—245 Union St.  
Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor,  
Tel. Main 688.

Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

## MONEY

Your money will pay you  
big dividends at our going-  
out of business sale.

### ENAMEL WARE SALE

Wash Basins . . . 9c, 15c  
Saucepans . 8c, 10c, 12c, 14c  
Covered Saucepans . 22c, 25c  
Preserving Kettles, 10c, 14c, 18c,  
29c, 32c, 45c  
Teapots . 15c, 25c, 29c, 32c  
Dish Pans . . . 15c, 35c

### CHINA

10c Plates, reduced to . . . 5c  
12c Plates, reduced to . . . 7c  
15c Plates, reduced to . . . 8c  
Above plates are white with  
gold lines

20c Sugar and Cream Sets . 10c  
10c Mugs . . . . . 5c  
25c Berry Bowls . . . 15c  
Earthen and China Plates . . . . . 5c, 6c, 7c  
Bowls . . . . . 4c, 5c, 6c  
Soup Plates, reduced to . . . 5c  
Large Berry Dishes . 5c, 7c, 9c

### SALE OF GLASSWARE

ARNOLD'S  
Department Store  
83-85 Charlotte St.

### WHEN YOU WASH YOUR HAIR DON'T USE SOAP

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain multifid coconut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.