HICL OPEN EVENINGS

Location and Topography of Graham Island

RAHAM ISLAND is the largest and most northerly of the Queen Charlotte group, which consists of over 150 islands lying between parallels 52° and 54° N. The southern islands of the group form a mountain range which runs northerly along the west coast of **GRAHAM ISLAND**. Practically all the agricultural land of the Queen Charlotte group lies in the northern and eastern portions of **GRAHAM ISLAND**.

GRAHAM ISLAND may be roughly described as a broad triangle with its base formed by the northern boundaries of the island, being approximately 50 miles in width frem east to west along this base, and measuring about 80 miles from the north coast to the southern extremity. The northeasterly point of **GRAHAM ISLAND** is about 40 miles west from Prince Rupert, B. C., the terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, which city is destined to become, in the near future, one of the largest and most prosperous cities of the northern Pacific Coast.

GRAHAM ISLAND is nearly divided into two equal portions by Masset Inlet, which is navigable for the largest vessels at all seasons of the year, and forms a natural highway through the agricultural lands of the island, giving the farmer of these lands the benefit of a cheap "water haul" practically between his home, or fields, and Prince Rupert or other