

situation so far as Mr. Marshall is concerned. I claim he took money under false pretences when he did what he did. He is still working for the Tory party in Saskatchewan, and giving affidavits to my hon. friend from Saskatoon who apparently is badly in need of them.

Then, we have another man here—another Marshall. They are not brothers, but they might as well be, so far as that is concerned. This other Marshall of business profits tax delinquency reputation makes an affidavit in which he tells about certain timber limits. I want to say that for this man Marshall to take an affidavit against Sibbald who had frequently protected him was one of the most dastardly tricks ever done by any man.

What are the facts? They are that this man, who was a painter, had to get out of North Battleford. He went north, and is still there. He went into the store business; time and again he was almost bankrupt, owing his wholesalers and other people large sums of money, and if it had not been for the contracts he got from Hett and Sibbald he would have been driven to the wall financially. Yet, after being saved from the financial gallows through the contract after the contract, that man comes forward and, in order to build up Tory propaganda in Saskatchewan, maliciously gives an affidavit which is said by those who know the facts to be a complete falsehood from the first line to the last. I should like to support what was said by my hon. friend from West Edmonton (Mr. Stewart); I should like to see this tie question in Saskatchewan investigated to the hilt. Further I would say that my hon. friend can get an investigation started immediately by getting in touch with the provincial government, which now owns the resources in Saskatchewan. Let him bring on this investigation; let him find out the men who are straight and the men who are crooked, and he will find that all the crooks if any are on his side of the political fence. This man Marshall has been doing work for the present government, and Hett and Sibbald have done work for this government and the provincial government with regard to unemployment relief. As I understand it, there was no publicity; there was no competition. The contracts were handed over *holus bolus*, without regard for the public interest. That is the situation under the present order of things.

I should like to refer to the stand taken by the hon. member for Saskatoon (Mr. MacMillan) in 1930. The hon. member compared the urban and rural votes in the riding of North Battleford. When the election

[Mr. McIntosh.]

campaign was on in 1930, according to a statement of Doctor A. MacGillivray Young of Saskatoon, my hon. friend's opponent, as reported in the *Leader-Post*, Regina, July 17, 1930, the hon. gentleman did his level best to secure the Mennonite vote in the riding of Saskatoon. He and his political machine promised grants to the Mennonite schools and hinted that land under the control of the province would be parcelled out to the Mennonites if they would break away from their former political faith with the Liberal party and support the Conservatives. My hon. friend was supported by the provincial government; both did their best to get the Mennonites to change their vote. In one case, in the Gruenthal school, the provincial government promised a special grant of \$1,000 for the salary of the teacher and \$500 for school equipment for a second room of the same school in another building, while in another case they promised free school seats. In other words they were out to buy those votes; they were also trying to besmirch the Liberal party in the eyes of the Mennonites.

Mr. MacMILLAN (Saskatoon): On a point of order, Mr. Speaker, I would say that the statement the hon. gentleman is now making is entirely without foundation.

#### THE ROYAL ASSENT

A message was delivered by Major A. R. Thompson, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, as follows:

Mr. Speaker, His Honour, the deputy of His Excellency the Governor General, desires the immediate attendance of this honourable house in the chamber of the honourable the Senate.

Accordingly, the house went up to the Senate,

And having returned,

Mr. SPEAKER informed the house that the deputy of His Excellency the Governor General had been pleased to give in His Majesty's name the royal assent to the following bills:

An Act respecting the boundary between the provinces of Alberta and British Columbia.

An Act to authorize an agreement between His Majesty the King and the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

An Act to amend the Criminal Code (summary trials).

An Act to amend the Criminal Code (conveyance of prohibited articles).

An Act relating to the submission to parliament of certain regulations and orders in council.

An Act to amend the Admiralty Act.

An Act to amend the Marriage and Divorce Act.