

ESTABLISHED IN 1838

**FULL LINE**

OF

**Charter Oak Stoves**

AT

**R. CHESTNUT & SONS.**

**A. F. RANDOLPH & SON,**

**WHOLESALE**

**GROCERS,**

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

**TEAS**

AND

**WEST - INDIA - GOODS.**

A FULL LINE OF

**HEAVY GROCERIES**

AND SUNDRIES IN STOCK.

CORNER QUEEN STREET  
AND PHENIX SQUARE.

**Queen Hotel,**

**FREDERICTON, N. B.**

**J. A. EDWARDS, Proprietor.**

**FINE**

**SAMPLE**

**ROOM**

IN CONNECTION.

Also, a First-class Livery Stable.

COACHES AT TRAINS AND BOATS.

**FACTS TO THINK ON.**

**THE REPORTER IMPARTS SOME INFORMATION WHICH HE HAS LATELY ACQUIRED.**

**D**URING a call on DR. LUNN, at his office over Lemout & Sons variety store on Queen Street, the reporter got the following facts: The Dr. believes that people ought to know something about the teeth, and the proper way to care for them; and that it is to his interest to make them acquainted with some important points.

A complete and perfect set of teeth is a thing not to be lightly esteemed, because of the service they perform in the mastication of the food; the important part they play in assisting vocalization-speaking and singing; and the way in which they affect the personal appearance, being necessary for the maintenance of the natural symmetry of the features. No one will deny that matters of less importance receive far more attention, and yet there is scarcely an organ of the body the neglect of which entails more serious results.

It has been established by careful observation that the dental organs of man have been deteriorating through successive generations. Dental caries, and other harmful tendencies, are becoming more and more prevalent; and the neglect of these is the fruitful cause of many other serious troubles.

Teeth which have rough edges, where they have been broken or have become decayed, will irritate and often injure the tongue and the inner lining of the cheeks, and should be promptly attended to.

No more common cause of indigestion and dyspepsia can be found than the imperfect mastication of food which very often is due to the loss of some of the teeth or the inability to use them. There is no question that in many cases an increase in longevity is fairly attributable to the improved facilities for mastication secured by proper attention to the natural teeth, or in case of their loss by the use of artificial teeth.

A tooth consists of enamel, cementum, dentine, and dental pulp. The enamel is the cap or covering of the crown. The cementum is a layer of hard tissue covering the roots of the teeth. The dentine constitutes the bulk of the tooth; while the pulp, commonly but incorrectly called the nerve, occupies a cavity in the centre of the tooth. The different parts of a tooth are, of course, nourished like any other part of the body; but there is no sufficient nutriment supplied to the enamel for its repair or renewal, and consequently when it is once destroyed, either by disease or accident, it cannot be restored. When the enamel is injured the tooth is more liable to decay. It should then be frequently examined that any such decay may be at once stopped and removed.

The reader is already aware that DR. LUNN has had a long experience as a dentist, has a complete outfit for performing the varied operations required in keeping the teeth in proper condition, and has acquired a reputation for performing all such operations in the most satisfactory manner. Remember these facts when you need a dentist.