

## INSECTS OF THE NORTHERN PARTS OF BRITISH AMERICA.

COMPILED BY REV. C. J. S. BETHUNE, M. A.

*From Kirby's Fauna Boreali-Americana : Insecta.*

(Continued from Vol. vii, p. 113.)

## COLEOPTERA.

By an unfortunate oversight, descriptions of the following Coleoptera have been omitted. They should have preceded the family Cleridae on p. 109 of the present volume. In the reprint which we are preparing they will appear in their proper place.—ED. C. E.

## [240.] FAMILY DIRCÆIDÆ.

326. *XYLITA BUPRESTOIDES* Payk.—Length of body 3 lines. Taken in Canada by Dr. Bigsby.

Body narrow, black-brown, very minutely and thickly punctured, sprinkled with short decumbent pale hairs, not glossy. Head inserted; eyes hemispherical; palpi rufous; antennae nearly as long as the prothorax, ferruginous, a little embrowned at the apex; prothorax not wider than long, anteriorly narrowest, posteriorly obsolete trilobed; sides rounded; scutellum transverse; elytra very little wider than the prothorax; tarsi ferruginous.

[Taken by Agassiz's Expedition to Lake Superior.]

## FAMILY ANTHICIDÆ.

327. *NOTOXUS MONODON* Fabr.—Length of body  $1\frac{2}{3}$  line. A single specimen taken in Lat.  $65^{\circ}$ .

[241.] Body hairy with pale hairs. Head blackish; mouth, palpi, and antennae testaceous; prothorax testaceous; horn convex above, margin denticulated; elytra testaceous with a blackish band near the apex which rises upwards at the suture, and three blackish spots; two at the base, and one between the band and the apex, the last very faint; legs testaceous; postpectus and base of the abdomen embrowned; the remainder of the prone part of the body is testaceous.

[Not uncommon in Canada. Described and figured by Say (Am. Ent., i, 21, plate 10).]