devoted his remaining time and strength almost entirely to the study of the natural sciences. In 1869 he commenced the publication of the Naturaliste Canadien, and, notwithstanding many discouragements, completed in 1891 the twentieth volume, when its issue had reluctantly to be abandoned, through the Ouebec Government refusing to continue the scanty annual grant it had received. As early as 1858 Provancher published an elementary treatise on botany, and in 1862 his Flore du Canada. Subsequently he devoted his attention specially to entomology, and in 1874 commenced his Faune Entomologique du Canada. Vol. I., treating of the Coleoptera, was completed in 1877, with three supplements in 1877, 1878 and 1879. Vol. II. was commenced in 1877 and completed in 1883, and contains the Orthoptera, Neuroptera and Hymenoptera. In 1885-1880 he published Additions aux Hymenopteres, and issued Vol. III. upon the Hemiptera, which was completed in 1890. He was also an enthusiastic conchologist, and his last publication was a treatise upon the univalve molluscs of the Province of Quebec. His writings include the account of a pilgrimage to Jerusalem, an excursion to the West Indies, treatises on agriculture, etc. He will be best known, however, by his entomological work, and as he described a large number of new species and genera, particularly of Hymenoptera and Hemiptera. it is sincerely to be hoped that his collections may be placed where the types will be carefully preserved and be accessible to students of entomology.

There is a disposition on the part of some American students to ignore the work of Provancher, and to accuse him of want of care, etc., in the determination of genera and species. The enormous disadvantages under which he laboured must, however, be considered, for he was remote and isolated from libralies, collections and fellow-workers, and in his writings he often laments the fact that so few could be found to take any active interest in his pursuits, or to assist him in his labours. entomological work would have been more exact and complete had not the publication of the Naturaliste greatly interrupted his investigations. and forced him to spend much of his time in other directions. labours had the result of starting natural history collections in some of the colleges in the Province of Quebec, but our French citizens do not appear to have any special leaning to the sciences he loved, and he has left behind him no entomological student of any distinction. Above all Provancher was an ardent Canadian, strongly imbued with love of his race, language and religion, and often in his writings he impresses these sentiments upon his readers. A few years ago he was elected a Feilow of the Royal Society of Canada, and he was also a member, active W. H. H. or honorary, of many other societies.