bush., 95c. to 98c.; Spring Wheal, 90c. to 91c.; Oats, 55c. to 55c.; Barley, \$1 to \$1 10c.; Peas, 75c. to 80c. Hay per ton, \$17 to \$20. Tarmps, per bus., 12c., to 14c. Eggs per dezen, 11c. Inter, dary, per lb., 20c., to 25c., do, store packed, 15c., to 25c., do, in rolls, 17c., to 25c. Apples per bug, \$1 25c. Intersal Hogs, \$1 to 25c. Apples per bug, \$1 25c. Intersal Hogs, \$1 to 59. Iblatoes per bug, \$1 to \$1 12]c. Sheepkins, e.c.h., 80c., to \$1 0c. Illudes, per cut., \$5 to \$5 50c. Ineff, per cut., \$5 to \$5. Matten, per lb., 4c. to 6c. Illum, per lb., 10c. to 124c.

Hamilton, May 4 — Fall Wheat, 95c to \$1; Spring Wheat, 85c, to 85c - Barley, \$1.10c, to \$1 15c. Gats, 51c, to 50c. Peas, 65c, to 80c. Carn, 62c. Polatoes, | er bag, \$1.

Gall, May 4 — Fall Wheat, per bushel, 95c to \$105c Spring Wheat, per bushel, 85c, to 90c Burley, per bushel, \$1, to \$1 Dc Oate, 48c, to 50c. Peat, 7cc to 75c. Potatoes, 75c to 80c.

Barrle, May 4.—Fall Wheat, 9ac, to 95c, Spring Wheat, S5c, to 95c Barley \$1.20c, to \$1.25c Peas, 9c, to 95c, Oats, 60c, to 55c, Patholes, 75c, to 95c, Oats, 60c, to 55c, Patholes, 75c, to 95c to \$9.50c Barley, \$10.810, Beef, per 100 lbs, \$8.50c to \$9.50c Barley, per 10, 25c, to 50. Figgs, per dozen, 10c, to 12c. Hens, per 100 lbs, \$5.5c, Index per ton, \$18.10c \$20. Sheepskins, \$1.10c Gelfskins per 10s, 8c, to 9c.

Milwaukes, May 10, noon—(Wm. Young & Co.'s Report). Bhoat—Receipts 49,000 onsh. Shipments, 50,000 bush, No. 1 unsettled, at \$1 IS, No. 2 unsettled at \$1 II. Flour quiet and unchanged. Pork, nominal and unchanged.

Advertisements.

THE MEXICAN

EVER-BEARING STRAWBERRY.

This new variety of Strawberry, now attracting so much attention, was brought in a hand-satchel from Jalapa, Mexico, in the fall of the year 1858. But one of the plants survived the journey. From this one plant the present extensive plantation of Messrs J. P. WHITING & CO., has been propagated. Four years ago, Mr Fencion Scranton, of Dundee, Monroe County, Michigan, had a patch about two rods square, when Mr. S. B. French, (who is a practical nurseryman) first saw them, and immediately made a contract with Mr. Scranton to propagate the plant for the purpose of introducing it to the public. J.P. WHITING & CO., now have a large plantation of thrifty plants, which are offered to the public for the first time, with full confidence that they will be found all that is required in a good strawberry, either for the home garden, the market garden, or the more extensive plantation.

ITS HARDINESS.

The plant came from the mountain range in the State of Vera Cruz, Mexico, in the immediate vicinity of Jalana, which is some five thousand feet above the level of the sea, and a few miles west and north from the City of Vera Cruz. Many of the mountains in this region are perpetually covered with snow. This will account for the extreme hardiness of the plant, and shows why it has succeeded so well in this Northern State. It does not winter kill, being entirely unlike most, if not all familiar varieties of the strawberry, while the Mexican shows green and thrifty fruit-stalks and leaves when the snow goes off in the Spring, the others show scarcely any signs of

ITS PROLIFIC QUALITIES.

The single plant, or crown, forms a stool, similar to the garlic, the potato-onion, and plants of that nature. While the parent crown is flowering and hearing fruit, new crowns are being formed, sending forth new fruit stalks, which, in their turn, blossom and hear fruit. These stools or cr 'ns often covers surface of from twelve to fifteen inches in diameter. The stools may be readily separated, as the roots are nearly tuberous. They may also be propagated by runners, which form stools and hear fruit the same season.

THE FRUIT.

The plant is hi-sexual, very perfect in its blossoms, and each blossom perfects a herry. The size of the fruit is rather above the average, being neither

small, nor yet a mammoth. The fruit stalks stand erect, are of a great length, and staunch enough to erect, are of a great length, and stanuch enough to support its burden of finit without per niting it to droop into the dirt. The flavour is lich and aromatic in a remarkable degree. The superior excellence of this variety was first discovered to it. French by the grateful fragrance of the fruit, the flesh is solid, inciting but firm, and as a berry for transportation it has no superior. Its form is an irregular conical, its colour a bright scatlet, the cally parts readily from the fruit; in this respect it is nearly as free as the inspherry vs free as the taspberry

A CONTINUOUS BEARER.

It does not bear fruit periodically, or monthly, but It does not bear fruit periodically, or monthly, but contanuously. Hip bettres have been picked as early as the twenty-eighth day of May, and continuously from that time until the eighth of November. It would be regarded as very productive if it yielded but one crop (like other plants) and ing theseason, but in beating continuously, it has decided advantages over all other known varieties.

Soil seems to make but little difference with the Soit seems to make that fittle difference will the plant. It has been successfully cultivated on saidy land, on gravelly loam, and on nearly pure clay land; the better the soil the more thrifty the plant, and the more abundant and better the fruit

It may be transplanted at any sensor with eatisfactory results. When a bed is once set, there is no need of disturbing it for years. The steels are constantly enlarging and will cover the troug completely, without interfering with the productiveness of the plant,

TESTIMONIALS.

A large number of persons, whose testimony is unimpeachable, have expressed the most favourable opinion respecting this remarkable fruit. A few only of these need be cited. The

EDITOR OF THE WESTERN RURAL,

in its issue of April 15, says:-

in its issue of April 15, says:—

"One of our editors recently visited Dundee and Petersburg, Michigan, where the Mexican Kverbearing Strawberry has been propagated for a number of years, for the purpose of eliciting information in regard to it. His enquiries, as far as practicable, were directed to disinterested parties. The fruit has been grown by anumber of persons, some of them residing at Dundee and others at Petersburg, merely for family use The testinony of every one conversant with this fruit coincides as to its characteristics. They agree that it is a vigorous grower, hardy, forms new crowns throughout the senson, seeds out a large number of runners, that it is a proflit bearer, and bears continuously throughout the season from early Juneum til the snow falls or frost cuts the vines.

Its continuous fruiting habit was corroborated by Its continuous fruiting habit was corroborated by every person we questioned about it, and among them a prominent gentlem in at Petersburg, whom we have known for a number of years, who has no interest in it, and who would not, under any circumstances, misrepresent it. The fruit is represented by these parties to be of good sire, sub-sent due that the frost came lost fail, at they stood when the frost came lost Fall, attested to its late bearing habit."

MR. SAWTELL'S TESTIMONY.

A well-known and prominent Canadian agriculturist, Mr. R. W. Sawiell, Secretary of the North Riding Agricultural Society of Woodstock, Canada, recently visited lunder, Michigan, for the purpose of investigating the history of the Mexican Ever-bearing Strawbert, and obtaining information in regard to it, and, by request, furnished the result of his investigations for publication. He states that when he first saw the pistes and testimonials exhibited by the agent, he, with others, looked upon it as a doubtful affair. Subsequent examination and observation, however, led him to a different conclusion. He says that having ascertained the standing and position of the propretors, he was satisfied that they were not parties to a conscious awindle.

conscious awindle.

Beferring to his personal inspection of the plants, Mr Sawtell asys:—"On removing the snow, I found very many berries, of all sires, as they had been when the frost destroyed them last fall; also, blossoms dried on the vines, In the hot beds of MrWhiting, at Betroit, they were in full bloom, from the root to the top of the fruit stalk, six or seven inches high. It has a small leaf and blossom, which does not indicate large fruit; but nearly all who have seen them in the gacden state that the fruit is of medium size and delicious. I have been thus minute to show you on what grounds I am satisfied that there is no humbug, and I will add, what I learned from strangers, that such men of wealth, position in society, intelligence and long citizenship, cannot possibly be parties to a scheme that would victimize thousands, and which can speedily be brought to the test—as the liabit of the plant is to blossom as soon as it fairly takes root, and the runners also bear fruit the same season. If I am then deceived in this instance. I shall scarcely ever have confidence in any one again."

HON. C. W. CLINTON'S CERTIFICATE.

Mr. G. W. CLINIUM'S CERTIFICALE.

Mr Gillman, of Detroit, in a communication to the Western Rural, writes. A few days ago, the plant was placed by me, at the request of J. P. Whiting, Esq., before the Society of Natural Sciences, Buildo, of which I have the honour of heing a Corresponding Member. After a thorouga examination, the President of the Society, Hon ti W. Clinton, so well known to science in both the old and new worlds, in consultation with D. F. Day, Eq., the acute and critical botandst, pronounced it a new species, and named it for me, as having been "the first to indicate its cisims to specific rank," giving it the botandeal name of Fraganta Gillmari. the botanical name of Fraganta Gillman.

Hon G W Clinton, we tage to Mr Gillman, or caves—"The evidence of its excellence and productiveness is conclusive, and leaves no doubt in my mind that it will be exgerly sought by all judicious hortfullmists, and prove the chief among the favourite strawberries of our land. The young plant you have given me is beautiful exceedingly. In aspect it differs from any and every strawberry 1 ever saw, and 1 believe it to be hitherto undescribed. Can be able to be able to the which I have tainly it is not described in any book to which I have access."

OPINION OF DR. J. M. BICELOW.

OPIAIGN OF DR. 3. M. BIGELOY.

Mr. Gliman adda.—Fatther testimony might we be considered nunecessary, yet we will add that by J.M. Bigeloa, the celebrated botanest of the North cast Bounda y Survey, and of the Pacific R. R. Exploration, arrived at conclusions similar to the above, and, in a letter to me (in reply to mine, giving him description of plant, etc.) after regretting his not having the ripe fruit to establish the position of the achenia, expresses himself thus:—

"The most remarkable and distinctive feature of our plant is the racemose four of the scape, the case."

your plant is the racemose form of the scape, the cy-mose being so constant that Dr. Gray makes it a generic distinction. Your plant will therefore oblite-rate that characteristic distinction. In this respect your strawberry is different from all others that I have seer. The question whether your plant is a hybrid, is difficult to determine; but the appearance of the growing plant would seem to indicate that it is a true species and not a variety.

Experienced horticulturists having already testified to its merits as a valuable fruit, the circle of evidence is therefore complete by the addition of these scientifity outsides. scientific opinions.

The plant is for sale by J. P. Whiting & Co, and cannot be obtained anywhere in Canada or the United States except from them or their Agents. Persons desiring the best Strawberry, in every particular, to be found in the country should purchase the

MEXICAN EVER-BEARING.

Agents are being rapidly appointed in each county throughout Canada; but orders can be addressed to the undersigned, who is General Agent for the Strawberry throughout the Dominion of Canada. Circulars giving full particulars as to mode of planting culture, price, de., will be sent on application (post paid) to the undersigned.

GEORGE W, ALEXANDER,

GENERAL ACENT, WINDSOR, ONT.

CHINESE GARDEN POWDER—Destroys Insects, sings and caterpillars on currant bushes, fruit trees, and garden plants. Use it early in Spring and you will save labor, money and disappointment. Pure 22c per package, prepared in Canada only by HUGH MILLER & Co., 167 King St. Lett, Toronto. v1-5-1t.

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Is warranted to make butter as good as any other churn in from 7 to 15 minutes without fail. Being made entarely of tin it is easily kept clean.

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Dy being ventilated at the rear of the lives, which
does away with the necessity of drepping the bottom board when the Rees are too warm. No extra
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it should be in the hands of every Bee-keeper, Price,
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