Robert McNichols, of Kincardine, has been appointed a collector of Customs at that port.

The first sitting of the Supreme court of Canada has been fixed by the Judges to take place on the 17th of January next.

The stock of Mr. John F. Brown, of Gibbsville's Mills, near Goderich, was destroyed on Thursday night of last week by fire. Insured for two-thirds of goods.

Mrs. Hastings, of Hamilton was on Thursday morning found dead in her bed. It is understood Mrs. Hastings's neighbors suspected foul play.

A Reformed Episcopal clergyman of Toronto, named Sowden, was before the court last week for tying drunk; and was fined $20 and costs.

An old man named Edward Kelly, a tailor, was found to death by a piece of cloth while sitting his supper on Saturday evening in a house near Welland Junction.

The ship Calcutta, from Quebec for Liverpool, was wrecked on Grosse Isle, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, on Sunday week last, and twenty-two of the crew and one lady passenger were drowned.

On Thursday evening James Hambly, while standing on the platform of Union station, Toronto, waiting for some friends from the west, had his pockets picked of $62.

A collision occurred on Thursday forenoon near Sherbrooke, between a Grand Trunk freight train and International passenger train No. 1. Both engines were badly smashed.

The large brick mill situated beside the Great Western Railway, at Woodstock, owned by T. J. Clark, caught fire about one o'clock on Saturday morning from a hot journal, while running, and was completely gutted. The insurance was light.

There was a large bear killed at Maobeth on Thursday by a party of hunters from Rigaud. There were three bears seen, but the hunters only succeeded in killing one, which was very large. It took two men to load him on a train. The bears had killed a number of sheep the day previous.

A man named Jas. Stephenson arrived in Toronto from England about a year ago and got an engagement in one of the restaurants. He fell in love with a waitress at the same place, and married her. Six weeks ago a woman arrived from the old country, and claimed Stephenson as her husband. Stephenson speedily left the city.

It is now authenticated that it was a Canadian steamer that was first to cross the Atlantic. She was named the Royal William, was built at Three Rivers, fitted up at the St. Mary's foundry, Montreal, with engines made in England, sailed from Quebec on the 18th of August 1833, and arrived at Gravesend on the 11th September following, having been detained two or three days coaling at Picton, Nova Scotia.

On Friday night a fire was discovered in the dry goods store of A. McBeth, Wallacetown. The store had been closed for the night about half an hour before the fire was discovered, and when the doors were broken in the fire was so intense that nothing of any account could be saved from the store, and in a few minutes the whole building was wrapt in flames, communicating to the Post-office, which was quite close. At this stage the excitement of the crowd became intense as the village was apparently doomed; men, women, and children, rushed aimlessly about, some lamenting the loss of their homes, and others trying to save all that could be removed from the buildings in the greatest danger. Duncan McTavish's boot and shoe store, and the Ontario House, were burned, and the Anglo American hotel, Love's cabinet rooms, R. Isdor's stove depot, and R. Blackwood's jewellery store were thought to be beyond help, but by almost superhuman efforts the fire was confined to the block in which it originated, the calmness of the night and the heroic efforts of the women, who formed a relay for carrying water, averted a greater calamity. The total loss cannot be much less than $20,000. The burnt area will be speedily rebuilt, and probably brick will take the place of wood. The mail matter was saved, and the post office was opened next morning in another building.

Chancery Court.

The fall sittings of this court opened on Friday last before the Hon. V. C. Proudfoot.

CAMPION vs. GRACE—Mr. B. L. Doyle, Solicitor for Piff., Mr. Garrow, Counsel; Messrs. Davison & Johnston, Solicitors for Deft., Mr. Boyd of Toronto, Counsel. Decree for pliff. for redemption. Costs to pliff. provided amount tendered prove sufficient on taking account by Master. If insufficient plaintiff will get costs occasioned by defendant's contention as to payment of $133.15, and defendant to get costs as of an ordinary redemption suit.

MARTIN vs. BRYDEN—Mr. Garrow for pliff. Mr. McLennan for deft. Decree ordered to reform the deed in question so as to make incumbrances payable out of the purchase money. Order for payment into court by plaintiff of purchase money less amount paid to defendant Campaigne which he is to pay into court in one month. Order for payment out of amount due to incumbrances and in on balance to defendant Bryden. No costs. Deed taken by consent subject to Munroe claim. Plaintiff to have a reference as to title if he so desires, subject to his necessary costs.—If plaintiff does not pay money into court as above the Bill to be dismissed with costs.

KENNEDY vs. BROWN—Messrs. Cameron & McFadden for plaintiff. Mr. Doyle and Mr. Garrow for defendant.—Decree in term sought for on payment of what is due. On that being done defendant to reconvey. Plaintiff entitled to costs which are to be set off.—Reference to Master to take account of what is due if parties differ about the same.

CURRIE vs. CURRIE—Mr. McLennan, Q. C. and Mr. McFadden for plaintiff, Messrs. Garrow, Squier and Boyd for defendants. Decree made declaring will void and ordering sale of lands and payment of $1400 to Elizabeth A. Currie in full of her share and of all claims against estate. Reference to Master to ascertain parties entitled to residue and their shares. Residue to be paid out to them. Costs of all parties as between party and party to be paid out of estate after payment of $1400 to E. A. Currie, but to include costs of making husbands parties.

MCKENZIE vs. MCKENZIE—For pliff. Mr. McLennan Q. C., and Mr. McFadden, and Mr. Garrow for deft. Decree for specific performance of agreement as set up in the Bill. Deft. to deliver possession to pliff. No costs. All parties consenting to above decree. This to be in full of occupation rent and in final settlement of all matters relating to the land.

RUMORE vs. COE—Mr. McFadden and Mr. McLennan Q. C. for pliff. No one appeared for deft. Notice of hearing and admission of service put in. Decree for recision of agreement. Reconveyance by defts. to pliffs. of pliff's land conveyed to Coe. Reference to master to enquire as to amount of damages. Delivery of the promissory note to pliff. Defts. to pay cost of enquiry as to damages which is reserved. Master to settle reconveyance.

FORSYTH vs. MCKERNAN—Mr. Garrow for pliff. Mr. Holmstead of Seaforth for defts. Decree made with reference to Master to enquire as to execution of the two mortgages in question and amount due, and declaring defts. entitled to redeem. Master to enquire whether sale or foreclosure most beneficial to infants and proceed accordingly. Costs as usual, pliff. to pay infant's costs and add them to his own.

MCLEOD vs. CAMPBELL—Mr. Boyd for pliff. Consent to minutes.

The court closed on Monday evening after disposing of all the cases with the exception of one which was withdrawn.

Grand Trunk Railway

TRAINS WILL LEAVE GODERICH AS FOLLOWS:

No. 1 Express, 7.00 a. m., for Toronto, London and Buffalo.
No. 7 Mixed, 9.15 a. m., for Stratford.
No. 3 Mail Express 12.45 p. m., for Toronto, Buffalo and Detroit.
No. 9 Mixed, 3.45 p. m.,

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AS FOLLOWS:

No. 8 Mixed, 8.10 a. m., from Stratford.
No. 2 Mail Express 2.00 p. m., from Toronto, Detroit and Buffalo.
No. 10 Mixed, 6.00 p. m., from Stratford.
No. 4 Express, 10.00 p. m., from Buffalo.

We shall be glad at all times to receive items of local news, reports of meetings, accidents, or any incident of interest either in the locality where it occurs or to the county at large. Such matter may be sent at the rate of one cent per oz. if marked Printer's Copy and not sealed. To ensure publication in any particular issue it should reach the office not later than Monday evening.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, and S. M. PETTINGILL & Co., 37 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

CLUB RATES

We are getting up a County Club with the Weekly Globe, and hope all desiring to subscribe will send in names at once. Call and see our club rates with other papers also. All subscribers to the Signal will get the Globe and other papers at here cost free of postage. New subscribers (cash liberal by wish. Those subscribing now will get the Globe to January 1st, 1877, thus getting the balance of this year free. Terms cash in advance.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, NOV. 17, 1875.

THE GUIBORD FUNERAL.

A SMALL ATTENDANCE.

GENERAL GOOD ORDER.

SCOWLING FACES.

"YOU MAY BURY HIS ACCURSED REMAINS, BUT YOU CANNOT KEEP THEM THERE."

(Special per Dominion Line.)

MONTREAL, Nov. 16th, 1875.

Guibord's remains left the Protestant cemetery at 10.30 A. M., followed by about half a dozen carriages containing members and officers of the Institute. The hearse was preceded by a strong detachment of police in charge of Chief Penton, and was followed by the military, who walked four abreast.

At 11 o'clock a large crowd of French-Canadians were loafing around with scowling faces, and were heard remarking—"You can bury his accursed remains but you cannot keep them there."

At 11.30 the funeral procession arrived at the gates of the cemetery, without opposition. There was a considerable crowd in rear of the procession, who walked to the grave in an orderly manner.

The grave was encircled by a strong force of police; the hearse drove into the circle and three laborers lowered the coffin into the grave and proceeded to cover it in with a compound of Portland cement and scrap iron. At the request of the Institute, Mayor Hingston ordered a guard of Police to watch the grave until further orders.

Political Notes.

After a severe examination last week, the election of Mr. McCraney to the Commons for Halton was sustained by Justice Patterson. Some fifty witnesses were subpoenaed to sustain the plea of the Conservatives, but nothing in the way of corrupt actions was proven against Mr. McCraney or his agents—even the two witnesses in whom the Tories put all their trust, the Robbins family and a man named Macdougall, proving myths. The former, it will be remembered, gave evidence in the case of Mr. Barber which resulted in his disqualification, but during the examination in this case it was evident that their veracity was not to be relied upon as the testimony in reference to the circumstances of the visit of Messrs. McCraney and Barber during the canvass differed greatly from that given in the first case. McDougall was to prove that he had received from Mr. McCraney a cheque to vote for him, but was so frightened at being caught in circulating falsehoods that he endeavored to escape the summonses in give evidence, and when examined his statements were so wild and improbable as to leave no doubt in the minds of the court of the untruthfulness of his story, and the judge declared his statements as well as those of the Robbins family as perfectly unreliable. Mr. McCraney was complimented upon the party of his election, and saddled the petitioners with all the costs.

On she 9th inst., the unseated member for East Northumberland, Mr. Ferris (Ministerialist) was re-elected by a majority of 125 votes, quite an increase since the last election.

More Inconsistency.

As we expected, our town contemporary has grasped at the extract reprinted last week from the remarks made by Mr. Gibson, M. P. P. for West Huron, at Mt. Forest some time ago in which he used the words to the effect that political sympathy would influence him in case the question of making Mt. Forest a county town should be legislated upon, to sustain its strictures upon that gentleman. No consistent person can scan the language of the article and call it manly or honorable, for the bigoted party spirit which dictates it comes out too plainly. Not accustomed to the belief that politicians whilst canvassing can speak honestly, the plain language used by Mr. Gibson appears to our contemporary as an incautiously expressed, thought cunningly devised one; and it will not publicly confess that an adherent of a party can be actuated by sympathy for it, although its own expressions show that its sympathy for its party is so strong as to deserve the name of bigotry. It does not do justice to Mr. Gibson by giving the whole of his remarks, but by culling a few words makes a hollow attempt to substantiate the charge. It is useless to carry the refutation further—the abuse is only to be regarded with contempt.

At a meeting held in Mt. Forest a few days ago, when a resolution was adopted denying the charge made, Mr. Gibson made use of remarks of which the following is an extract, in speaking of his address on the occasion to which the charge refers, which every one will confess are honest and straightforward:—

"He was known to be entirely opposed to the new county movements, and had said so at the meeting. His friends in Huron were not in favor of any change so far as they were concerned; but if legislation was desired on any new footing of the kind, he thought it not unfair to say that so far as he was individually concerned one which would be in accord with his political sympathies would be preferable to one which was not. All things being equal a scheme which generally suited the convenience of the people interested, and which affected certain county towns one way or another, would have greater probabilities of success than one which did not possess these qualifications."

The charge has been fully denied, and the persons accused have shamed their enemies; yet the public may rest satisfied that the accusers are not honorable enough to confess that they misjudged. The origination of the story was a man, as Mr. D. D. Hay said, of "bad repute," and the fellow brought an action of libel against Mr. Hay for using the expression, but after a short examination the case was dismissed. From such a being has this scandal come, which thus appears all the more disgusting when so readily supported by persons who ought to have better sense. If our contemporary thinks Mr. Gibson worthy of the abuse thrown at him for speaking as he did, what is its estimation when an influential and intelligent deputation waited upon him for the purpose of laying the claims of their constituency for certain Government assistance before him, rudely cut the interview short by exclaiming, "What the h—l has Strathroy done for me?"

A Grand Enterprise.

During the past season every one who has visited the dock has had occasion to pass wondering remarks upon the immense quantities of lumber which have been handled there, while not a few expressed the opinion that more lumber was being brought to the place than could be disposed of inside of a year. But our lumber merchants are men fully alive to their business, and the vast quantities which have been stored in the yards here only constitute a well-assorted and complete stock for the winter and spring trade. Messrs. Secord, Cozzens & Co. last year selected Goderich as a good centre for doing a wholesale lumber business, and this year they have laid themselves out to do a large trade. As soon as navigation opened, vessels began to arrive from the Midland Mills, and during the season three vessels were kept constantly employed, whilst two or three others were pressed into use as occasion required. Between thirteen and fourteen million feet of lumber have thus been transported to this port by them, being a little over the half of the product of the mills. Difficulty was experienced in getting a convenient yard wherein to store the lumber, but by expending a considerable sum in grading and laying a track of about 1400 feet, the "old gravel pit" which overlooks the Maitlandville bridge has been converted into one of the finest yards in Ontario. The Grand Trunk Company furnished cars with all possible promptitude, and the rather limited dock room was kept sufficiently clear not to discommode the vessels wishing to unload. At the present time the lumber is pretty well cleared from the dock, and will soon be all in the yard at the "old gravel pit." Next year the Grand Trunk Co. will extend their deck and the basin will be dredged up to the new breakwater, so that much more room will be given to unload lumber. We were hardly aware that so great a business was being done in our midst, and already this season has this firm disposed of about six million feet of various kinds of lumber, between seven and eight million feet are now in the yard piled up in stately heaps like rows of houses two deep on each side of the railway track, and upon which between 40 and 50 men have been employed all summer in unloading from the vessel and transporting to the yard. A considerable quantity of lumber has been shipped by this firm to the Eastern States, but the present low state of the market there which does not give American dealers a profit and the duty of $2 per m., make the profits too small to encourage trade in that direction; but a sufficiently large market is found nearer home, and shipments are made throughout Western Ontario in large quantities. The lumber supply of Ontario is fast depleting, and Mitchell, which supplies annually about twenty million feet will not continue to produce for much more than three years, and the supply in the near future is looked for from the vast fields on the shores of the Georgian Bay. Each year the number of mills are increasing in that locality, and very soon Goderich will be as important a lumber mart as it promised to be famous for salt. We understand that a Guelph company which has erected a mill on the shores of Georgian Bay; of 15,000,000 feet capacity per annum, will make its headquarters here in the spring, and if their business is one-half as important as that of Messrs. Secord, Cozzens & Co.'s, they will be a great acquisition to the place. The principal members of this firm are shrewd, pushing and experienced men, and men whom our citizens will be pleased to welcome as permanent residents. We wish them every success and prosperity.

EXAMPLES are being brought to light of the tricking which is resorted to by the Tories to aid their cause. In the West Toronto election they endeavored to work up a religious feeling by placarding the walls with green posters calling on Catholics to vote for Mr. Turner because he was the nominee of Archbishop Lynch. In North Wentworth also a similar dodge was tried by the opponents of Dr. McMahon (who is a Catholic) by issuing a bogus letter expressed in language tending to arouse sectarian passions and cause Protestants to lend support to the Tory Candidate; but in this case they overstepped the bounds of cunning, and by the violent expressions used in the circular satisfied the public of its lying nature. Such despicable acts are we hope not under the approval of honest Conservatives; no act could more successfully rob a victory of its glory than this.

IN THE examination of the witnesses in the Halton election trial last week, Nathan Robbins, who gave evidence some time ago which caused the unseating of Mr. Barber for having promised Mrs. Robbins "something nice" if she got her husband to vote for him, testified that he received from Col. Clay, the Conservative and unsuccessful candidate in the election a few days ago, the sum of $10 for his vote. The Wall at the time of Mr. Barber's disqualification paid this Robbins family a high compliment for their honesty and veracity; but we doubt if under the present circumstances they will not are long find out something which will give their characters the shade of Egyptian darkness.

Says the Stratford *Beacon*: We have at last discovered a gentleman who has seen the "creature"—the editor of the Toronto *Telegram*. He puts his experience briefly on record, thus:

Having heard, during Saturday afternoon, a great deal about the Conservative "reaction" we were anxious to see it. Well we did see it, on Saturday night 6th inst., at about 11 o'clock. It consisted of Sir John A. Macdonald, J. B. Robinson, and a few others, in a carriage, preceded by an Orange Band playing the "Protestant Boys," and accompanied by a motley rabble of about one thousand roughs, who were shouting for John A. and J. B, and crying "no Dogan votes."

DUNGANNON.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—The regular meeting of the Dungannon Teachers' Institute will be held in the Dungannon School house on Saturday, Nov. 27th, commencing at 10 A. M., sharp. The programme of the day's work will be as follows:—I. Method of teaching Writing, by Mr. C. Bowerman; II. A Reading, W. J. Hogarth; III. Grammatical Analysis, R. E. Brown; IV. Reading, S. J. Kirkpatrick; V. Grammar, III. Form work, Wm. Lane; VI. Reading, Richard Treleaven. Messrs. H. I. Strang and J. R. Miller are expected to be present during the afternoon session.

D. E. MUNRO, Sec'y.

Local News.

ABOUT TOWN.

COUNTY COUNCIL meets on Wednesday Dec. 1st, for its last session.

READ Mr. A. Smith's "Ease onto Human progress."

GENERAL SERVANT wanted in a small family. Particulars at this office.

TENDERS WANTED, from parties having teams, to haul 200 loads of clay soil. Particulars at Signal office.

MONTHLY MEETING.—The monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will take place at the rooms on Thursday evening next. All members are requested to attend.

ANOTHER AUCTIONEER.—Mr. Jas. Caldwell has opened an office on Hamilton street, and is prepared to attend auction sales in any part of the county. See his adv. in another column.

MR. A. ADAM's grocery store on Victoria street is a perfect sample of the wholesome, neat and well conducted Glasgow groceries, and say who bestow their patronage upon him will receive perfect satisfaction. See adv.

MR. W. T. WELSH has established a good reputation as a jeweler, and keeps on hand a well selected stock of everything in his line. As the holiday season is approaching, our friends would do well to give him a call before purchasing presents.

HARPER'S MONTHLY for December is to hand as replete as ever with interesting and instructive sketches, essays, tales, poetry, &c. Some beautiful illustrations appear in connection with an article entitled "Up the Ashly and Cooper."

PENNY READINGS.—The second entertainment of this course will take place on Thursday evening next, in aid of the Silver Cornet Band. An excellent programme has been prepared, which none should miss hearing rendered. Be sure to attend.

BALD HEADS are uncomfortable now that the winter storms are visiting us, but there is no occasion to be left out in the cold any longer when our enterprising druggist, Mr John Bond, manufactures the best remedy yet discovered to grow a luxuriant crop on such soil.—Read his adv. in another column and call on him at once and get a bottle of his "Hair Restorer."

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—Rev. Mr. McTavish, of Woodstock will preach the opening services in this church next Sabbath, at 11 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. in Gaelic. He will also conduct services in Knox Church in English in the evening, at which a collection will be taken up to assist in paying off the expenses in improving St. Andrew's Church.

MARINE.—Among the arrivals last week was one cargo of coal to J. C. Detlor & Co., and one to Wm. Seymour & Co. A cargo of salt was shipped by International Co to Chicago per barge Tecumseh; and one by propeller Sovereign, shipped by Mr. Wm. Campbell, to Windsor. Wm. Seymour & Co. shipped to Walkerville 4,000 bushels barley per scooner Nemesis.

PERSONAL.—By announcement in another column it will be seen that Mr. W. R. Squier has taken into partnership with him Mr. A. J. McColl, of Chatham, a young man who has recently passed with honors his law examinations. The firm title will be Squire & McColl, the latter gentleman having his office at Brussels.

TWA HOURS AT HAME.—By advertisement in another column our readers are informed of the proposed visit of the famous Scottish vocalist Kennedy, and his talented family, to this place on Dec. 1st (Wednesday). After a period of seclusion Mr. Kennedy returns to the stage greatly improved in voice and with the assistance of a talented family. Those who have heard him before will not fail to be present, and those who have not yet had the pleasure should avail themselves of this opportunity.

A WHEEL-OF-FORTUNE MAN'S LUCK.—Alfred Howard, a good looking colored man was brought to jail last week, having been arrested in Guelph by Chief Constable Kelly on several charges. Whilst associated in business with a barber in Clinton, it is alleged that he appropriated a watch belonging to his employer, and during the latter's temporary absence abstracted $15 from a letter entrusted to him to post by his employer's son. He also stole a coat in Guelph, it is said; and many people in Huron have become familar with him as the owner of a wheel-of-fortune, who has relieved many a young man of his spare cash.

AXE-IDENT.—Our esteemed Clerk of the Peace, Mr. Lewis, has come to the conclusion that splitting kindling wood over a clothes line can't be successfully accomplished, as his efforts in that line completely failed last Wednesday, thereby causing a vacancy in his office. We are glad to see him out again, barring a black eye. We suggest the following stanza to his intelligent perusal:

Why stoop to servile toil,
Why chop your kindling wood,
Why coax your blood to boil
In carving billets rude,
While on your neighbor's fence
Pine pickets loosely hang,
And shavings in the joiner's shop
Are cheap. O, toil, g'lang.

ACCIDENT.—On Sunday afternoon Mr. F. Robertson met with a painful accident. With a party of friends he was returning from a walk on the new breakwater, and in coming down off the breakwater near Finn's boat house, on the temporary steps made of beards stuck between the timbers, one of the boards broke, and he fell upon the stones beneath. The fall was about four feet, and Mr. Robertson fell upon his side on a large stone. He was carried to Craig's Hotel, whilst suffering great pain, and Dr. McMicking was called, who found no bones broken, the wound being just between the ribs and hip. Under the doctor's care, Mr. Robertson will soon be about.

THE GLOBE.—We need say nothing of this journal, further than to reiterate the popular verdict that it is the "first paper in the Dominion." This year it opens the campaign with special inducements to subscribers, and announces that after January 1st. it will appear as a 16 page paper (14 by 20 inches), printed from stereotype plates on a new press built for the purpose. A four page supplement is promised, when there is a press of important news. The subscription price still remains at the low figure of $2 per annum in advance, free of postage; and those subscribing now will receive the paper until the end of 1876 for $2. We are prepared to receive subscriptions, and parties calling on us will find it to their advantage. Send in your subscriptions at once. The *Globe* and SIGNAL in club to new subscribers for $2.50 a year.

THE CENTENNIAL.—The following is the additional list of entries from Goderich accepted by the Advisory Board, for the Philadelphia exhibition:—Sam'l Platt, millstone and four samples of salt. Tomlinson & Smith, machine for making barrels. H. H. Smith, four suits of clothes (Canadian goods). D. K. Strachan, combined drill cultivator, double mould-board plough, and turnip seed machine. Harrison & Evans, barrel butter salt, barrel common salt, two barrels fishery salt. Knox & Rothwell, single open buggy. E. L. Johnson, views in Goderich and vicinity. John Bond, vegetable tonic bitters, pulmonic syrup. A. F. Armstrong & Bro., fanning mill (self-feeder), with thirteen sieves and screens. James Tomlinson, cheese box, with ends double, and cover on new construction.

IN WINTER QUARTERS.—Last week the *Jennie Rumball* was put into winter quarters, after a fairly successful season. On her last trip she experienced rough usage, whilst bringing 6,200 bushels of wheat from Bayfield shipped by Messrs. Keays and Routledge to the Goderich Harbor Mills. The gale on the 31st ult. broke off the upper cribs of the Bayfield breakwater and the stone and gravel which had filled them was washed into the channel forming a bar. The tug *Minnie Walker* attempted to tow the Jennie out when she stuck on the bar, the tug becoming disabled, and for four hours the heavy sea pounded against her threatening to send her to pieces. The Vixen was brought along side, and having lightened the schooner of about 1,000 bushels, she lifted from the bar and was towed back. Capt. Bogie, who was in charge, telegraphed for Capt. Dunlop but when he arrived he found the vessel safe and sound and not a pound of wheat lost. She was lightened over the bar next day, and she arrived in Goderich in due season. The same tug in towing the yacht Vixen into Bayfield, broke her wheel some time ago. The Jennie will have a new centreboard box put in this winter.

GODERICH TOWNSHIP.

COUNCIL MEETING.—The Council met at Holmesville, on November 8th, pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. The Clerk read the reply of the Solicitor to the Trustees of the L. H. and B. R., respecting the application made for the matured coupons attached to our debentures, the material portion being as follows:—"Having disposed of these debentures ($5,000) first detaching all the coupons which matured before 11th August last, these coupons are now in the Bank of Commerce here subject to the order of the Trustees, who will cancel them and return them to the Township so soon as the next business meeting of the Trustees is held." This reply was quite satisfactory to the Council. The Clerk then read a by-law he had prepared by order of the Council, appropriating the surplus fund coming to this Township to the liquidation of the railway debt, and the balance to be equally divided among the school sections for the erection of school houses in the several sections. The by-law was approved of, and the clerk was ordered to communicate with the trustees of said railway, offering them ninety seven cents to the dollar and purchase the entire debentures given by this Township, and should the offer be accepted, to submit a copy of the by law for the approval of the Governor in Council and submit the correspondence to the Council at its next sitting. The sum of $335.11 was paid out by the Treasurer, but as it will appear in detail in the auditors' report, the Council considered it useless to now publish the names of recipients. Jacob Miller was granted $20.80, he being indigent. The clerk was given instructions in several minor matters, when the business being concluded the Council adjourned to meet again on the second Monday in December.—JAMES PATTON, Clerk.

EXETER AND VICINITY.

From the *Times*. The Exeter Y. P. C. A. has decided that "Shakespear's works are not fit to make extracts from to read before the association."

A few days ago, as Mr. W. Pomworthy was working in Mr. Pickard's saw mill in the village, he slipped, and was in the act of falling when he threw out his arms to protect himself. While doing so his left hand came in contact with the large circular saw, which was in motion, cutting it deeply in the palm. He is now doing well.

Rodger Northcott, of the 3rd con. of Hay, on Tuesday evening, the 2d inst., was getting out of his wagon, when he slipped and fell to the ground breaking his collar bone.

On Monday the 8th inst., as Mr. F Green was turning his horses in front of Mr. Broderick's store, one side of the wagon being on top of the high crossing at that place, his wife, who was sitting on the seat at his side, was thrown out over the front of the vehicle, and struck on her head on the road, cutting her face severely. Had the mud not intervened, she might have been killed on the hard road beneath.

On the 7th inst., the friends of the late Mrs. Small, 7th con., Usborne, followed her remains to the B. C. church cemetery at Elimville, and on reaching the gate they found that it had been closed and one of the trustees disputed their entrance. The deceased had been a believer in the religion of the Latter Day Saints, and on the ground of her religion the rite of burial was refused, it is said. After some disputing the gate was opened, and the ceremony allowed to go on. It is known, however, that the husband of the deceased had no property in the cemetery.

BRUSSELS AND VICINITY.

PERSONAL.—Rev. John Ferguson has arrived safely at home from his missionary trip into the Western States.

A GOOD SALE.—Mrs. George Hanna, lot 16 con 6, Morris, disposed of eighteen tubs of excellent butter in Brussels a few days ago, at 20 cents a pound. The price amounted to $183, and was paid at the time in hard cash.

Mr. John White, of Brussels, last week sold his farm of 50 acres on the 5th con. Morris, to Mr. David Kippen, of North East Hope for $1,250 cash.

AN ESCAPE.—While working in his sand pit on Monday of last week, Mr. Robt. Burns was partly buried by the bank caving in. He was dug out without any serious injury.

PROLIFIC.—This year Mr. Geo Crooks of Grey, got the large amount of 30 bushels of apples from two trees They were of the Lombard variety.

SHOOTING MATCH.—The Ainley family, five brothers, a short time ago challenged any five members of the Brussels Volunteer Company to a shooting contest, and a match took place on the 4th inst., when the former were defeated by 33 points.—*Post.*

CLINTON AND VICINITY.

IMPORTED GEESE.—Mr. Wm. Stewart of the 8th con. Hullet, has imported a pair of Australian Geese.

ACCIDENT.—Robert Jones, a young man of this place, while at a chopping bee in Hullett, a few days since, cut his ankle very severely by his axe glancing.

DECAMPED.—We understand a subcontractor for the railway fence building, named Timanus, took French leave of his creditors in this neighborhood, and made a bee line for the land of the free, the latter parties suffering to the extent of $300 or $400, some of them, for boarding, being ill able to bear it.—*New Era.*

LUCKNOW.

THERE is a man in Lucknow who asks if "money is the root of all evil," and is doing his level best to find out the truth of the proverb by a practical test.

CUT HIS FOOT.—On Tuesday the 9 th Mr. Neil McKay cut his foot severely with an axe.

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday the 6th inst. Mr. McLelland of the steam saw-mill Con. 1 of Huron had the index finger of one of his hands nearly cut off.

FAREWELL SUPPER.—Messrs. Switzer and Jeffries, previous to their departure from Lucknow, were entertained by their friends at an oyster supper, and given a hearty "good speed."—*Sentinel.*

SEAFORTH AND VICINITY.

PRETTY GOOD.—Mr. A. G. McDougall, butter dealer of Seaforth, bought and shipped in the last four and a half-mouths, 4,529 packages of butter, weighing 270,630 lbs., and costing $48,605.10

A NARROW ESCAPE.—On Tuesday of last week, as Mr. Charles Whitney was engaged in placing eave troughs on the new oat meal mill, which is close to the railway track, the end of the ladder on which he was standing was resting on the track. Mr. Whitney was so engaged in his work that he did not notice in time that a train was coming along the track on which the ladder rested. He got down the ladder to within about 15 feet of the bottom when the wheels of the cars struck the ladder, knocking it down and throwing Mr. Whitney across the rail in front of one of the car wheels. With remarkable presence of mind, he rolled off the track, when the ladder was again struck by the cars, bringing it against his body and again showing him between the car wheels. This time also, he got out of the way before being caught by the wheels, but he does not know how. He was struck on the back by one of the wheels, and slightly, but not seriously, injured, and he is able to attend to business. He had a narrow escape and a gallant fight for life, and may feel truly thankful that he is not to-day numbered among the dead.

WAWANOSH.

LARGE YIELD.—John H. Taylor threshed for E. Grant on Lot, 17, con. 22 West Wawanosh 407 bush. of oats, the white poland variety, the produce of 6½ acres being over 70 bushels to the acre.

BARN BURNT.—Mr. J. Nixon of the 6th con. East Wawanosh had his barns burned by lightening on the 28th ult. A large amount of grain was consumed.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

—Mr. Goften, of Wroxeter, killed two fine deers the other day, back of the narrow gauge station. Two other sportsmen of the same place came in on a buck fox and a number of partridge.

—Mr. Wm. Ainley, of Brussels, boasts of having a cabbage stalk bearing six heads—four of them fully developed. This must be the "wicked ogre" of Cabbage Land.

—A young lady and gentleman were weighed together at Exeter the other day, and brought down the beam at 384 lbs.

—On the eve of the departure of Rev. John Logie, of Rodgerville, for North Carolina, the congregations of Rodgerville and Exeter presented him with a flattering address, accompanying it with a purse containing $400.

—Mr. Alex. Thomson, of Kansas, late of Tuckersmith, lost his left arm whilst working with a threshing machine on 8th Oct.

—Seaforth merchants are making a move towards getting a night watchman.

—Mr. Jas. A. Cline is the new captain of the Seaforth fire department.

—Miss Logie, of Rodgerville, who for some time past has been leader of the choir in the Presbyterian church, was a short time ago presented with a gold watch and chain by the members of the choir.

—Men wishing to get some "little job" put through the approaching session, are very friendly toward the M. P.'s. just now.

—Mr. George Lemon, veterinary surgeon, says the London *Free Press*, writes to us from Stratford that the statements in a paragraph published by us a few days ago, stating that he had levanted from Goderich with $50 belonging to his sweetheart, are entirely untrue.

—The Mayor of Clinton, on Monday evening last entertained the members of the School Board and Council at an oyster supper. Our "high officers" here are anxious to impress the Mayor with the wisdom of emulating so liberal an example.

—The Montreal Telegraph Co., have commenced the work of running wires along the line of the L. H. & B. R. from Clinton to London, and expect to complete the work by December.

—One excellent feature of the L. H. & B. R. is that openings under the road have been made, so that cattle can freely pass without risk. The track throughout is laid with steel rails, and ties of large size, 2,640 to the mile.

—A young man from Seaforth started from Barns with two teams, and in the effort to manage them they both ran away damaging the waggons considerably.

—Mr. Chas. Logan, of Stanley, on the 8th inst., was thrown from his waggon by his horses running away and received some painful bruises.

Communications.

We wish it to be strictly understood that we do not hold ourselves responsible for the expressions of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the Huron Signal.

DEAR SIR,—In your last issue of the SIGNAL, I find your man Consistency "Looking in on the Irishman from near Kerry." If he had contented himself simply by looking in it might have been all right, but he has been pitching into him. Now Mr. Consistency, I hope, for the honour of the old sod, that you and your friend "Kerry" live in the same pair of breeches, as it is scarcely fair for two Irishmen to be pitching into one, for even should they vanquish him, it would be only half a man to each, so they would have to divide the victory, which would considerably diminish their laurels; besides it is not complimentary to Mr. Kerry, as he must yet be equal-ed. In fact it is as much as to say, I am spoiling for a fight, or that I am afraid my friend Kerry will get thrashed by "The Irishman from near Kerrry" unless I come to the rescue. But to be serios, the questions in dispute are questions between truth and error, and I do not care so much to gain the victory as to arrive at the truth, for truth should always be victorious. In the first place, Consistency says: "It would be too great a tax on the time of your readers to follow your Irishman from near Kerry in all the mixed questions of which he treats." Well, since Consistency has not narrowed the ground but rather widened it, I beg to be allowed a like excuse; and in the second place, referring back to Kerry's letter when speaking about the Toronto riots, he says "This outburst of lawlessness is a fresh evidence of what we many times have had proof of, the *inconsistency of secret societies with freedom of opinions.*" And further on he says "Are we to be ridden over by the dialoyal *bandits, &c.*" Now to this wholesale condemnation of secret societies I take exception, and hence my remarks about the secret society of Jesuits which appears so much to annoy Consistency. "That they were like canker worms, gnawing at the roots of civilization, more subtle than the Serpent, more deceitful than Judas Iscariot." When he asks me the questions, "What is a secret Society? what is civil, and religious liberty, what is Jesuitism?" First what is a secret society? That is a secret, therefore I cannot say. Second what is civil, and religious liberty? Well these two questions are too well defined in every Protestant country to require much explanation; they are rights dearly gained and I hope they will be as dearly defended. And lastly comes the question what is Jesuitism? Now as it is a secret society I do not profess to be able to exactly say what it is, therefore I am compelled to appeal to history, for "by their works ye shall know them." Here we find them described as a religious order of Roman Catholic Priests, calling themselves (but I think profanely so) the society of Jesus. Jesuitism is commonly understood to mean craftiness, an intriguer, cunning deceitful, hypocritical, to effect a purpose. They have been banished at various times from Portugal, Spain, Naples, Parma and Modena. Pope Clement, by his famous bull July 21st, 1773, expelled them from all the christian states of the church, (see Chambers' Encyclopedia), and also borne out by Macaulay's History of England, page 49 and 50, vol. 2nd, where the historian says, "They glided from one Protestant country to another under innumerable disguises, as gay cavaliers, as simple rustics, and even as *Franian Preachers,*" &c. But with their self-devotion (which was characteristic of their society) great vices were mingled. It was alleged, and not without foundation, that the ardent public spirit which made them regardless of their ease and of their lives, made them also regardless of truth and mercy, and that they were engaged in the most atrocious plots recorded in history.—We learn they left Rome when Pope Pius IX. was driven out, and returned back with him when he returned; and are now members in good standing in the *infallible* church. So much for Jesuitism. And I hope this will satisfy "Consistency," that what I said in my last about them had something more than simply my word to support it.—Now, in regard to the supremacy of St. Peter, "Consistency" says, "Now that the power of the keys was given to St. Peter from Christ, is demonstrated from the words of Chist himself," (see St. Matthew 16 chapt. 18 and 19 vers., "and I say to thee thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will build my church, and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it, and I will give unto thee the keys of the kingdom of heaven; and whatsoever thou shalt bind on earth," &c.) From this we are told we must conclude that the rock which is the foundation of the church is Peter himself. Well let us go on to the 23rd verse of the same chapter which reads, "But he turned and said unto *Peter*, get thee behind me Satan; thou art an offence unto me; for thou savourest not the things that be of God but those that be of men." I ask who but one with a preconceived theory could believe that such language could be addressed to him who had been constituted the *infallible* foundation of the church of Christ? and least there should be any perversion in this matter Christ himself has given the meaning—Cephas. John 1st chap. 42 verse, which says "Thou shalt be called Cephas which is by interpretation (not a rock) a stone."—Farther, if Peter was the rock and not Christ, why did he not say to him, Thou art Peter and upon thee I build my church? In fact Peter had fallen, he had denied his Lord. The spirit of self-reliance so characteristic of Peter, led to his fall, and the loving Saviour had compassion on him and restored him to his pastoral position as an equal among his brethern, hence he says, "I have prayed for thee that thy faith fail not," (that it may not finally fail). Again our Lord's own supremacy as the King and Head of the church, standing forth in solitary grandeur and glory, forbids the idea of a second Head of the church whose existence would be a usurpation of Him who is King in Zion, Head of the church, Head over all things in the church; and who in all things