Brick Presbyterian Church at Stratford, on Wednesday 20th February at ½ past 6 in the evening.—The object of it, is to help to defray the cost of the finishing of the building.—There will be the refreshments, and also several addresses on religious subects.—There will be vocal and instrumental music, relig ous pieces.—From the laudible exertions made by the congregation, it is hoped that this Soiree will be encouraged. The Rev. Thomas McPherson, in the Chair.

ABSTRACT OF HON. DR. ROLPH'S SPEECH AT THE QUEBEC AND RICHMOND RAILWAY CELEBRATION.

From the Quebec Gazette.

We have great pleasure in laying before our readers the speech of the Hon. John Rolph, at the late Railway celebration.—We were unfortunately preven ed from attending, and consequently had to avail ourselves of the *Chronicle's* report, which did not contain the Honorable Gentleman's remarks:—

Gentlemen, I very much regret it is not in my power to adress you in the finest language in the world, the French language; but I am not sufficiently master of it to justify the attempt, or most happy should I be to make it on this interesting occasion. This day is cold and stormy; still the living scene before me exhibits a goodly concourse of fellow countrymen to enliven the present and cheer the future. My friends say to me, "you are too thinly clothed;" but truly can I say, that I am warm enough. The occasion warms me inside and out. I catch something from the ardent feelings of those about me. I share the glowing expectations which animate the whole crowd before me, in a work second to none in the country in importance, though it is in extent. Gentlemen, you have had well and eloquently unfolded to you the value and importance of the present undertaking, by the Hon. Mr. Hincks, to whom has been paid a tribute of praise (certainly not too great) for his zeal and perseverance in the improvements,—by the Hon. Mr. Cartier and the Hon. Mr. Tache, who both enlivened and instructed us over the various grounds travelled by them. I shall not pass again, though the theme would be a welcome one to me. In conclusion, I feel bright hopes and determined resolution in the work. I fly on them. No more away, indeed, have I been by the eloquent appeals to the present and delusions of the future, that fancy has already treated me, far to take a view than ever shown to our western friends, and through the U. S., and here I am again! And although it has been an illusion, almost as great as fancy, yet the spirit pervading the assembling the country and the city, and the certain usefulness and practicability of the undertaking, inspire me with full confidence, that I shall, before long, enjoy the happy reality. Gentlemen you and I leave the commercial advantages, vast as they are, and dwell up on those social and moral advantages, which will be diffused far and wide from the fruits of this day's celebration. How few of our western friends we have here to-day! But let us make the work, and I promise you, that Quebec and the surrounding country shall not have hereafter all the jubilee to themselves. It was too often said to me, when we were about to Quebec in the winter?" Let us finish the road and we will show you the way and be secured, they will thankfully travel in for business and for pleasure. They will come to see and hear and admire for themselves. Distant and almost estranged regions will be brought near each other. The term "United Provinces" will soon fade away, under a congenial intercourse and be merged in the welcome name of CANADA. But do not suppose I value less than the gentlemen who have all looked to you, the commercial advantages being usually so high. Great will be my satisfaction to see them realized, and find Quebec rewarded for her enterprise, taking her proper place among the cities of the continent and of the commercial world. Gentlemen, we have turned to-day the first sod; we must resolve to turn the last on the day of consummation. This must be regarded, indeed, as only the first step, which must be followed with undaunted energy, by step after step, till we ride triumphantly along the line. Accept my hearty wishes for your prosperity and success—and I shall be proud individually or collectively, with my friends, to aid your achievement.

A BEAR CAPTURED BY CHLOROFORM.—A paper published at Mountauban, Spain, gives an account of the capture of a huge bear, by chloroform, which is somewhat amusing. His bearship had long been the terror of the district, entirely defying all attempts at capture. Even the most daring hunters dared not approach him sufficiently near to give him a death wound, and so the bear was left to his glory, making predatory excursions continually among the sheep and cattle of the surrounding farms. At length a Dr. Pegot hit upon a plan for securing the monster by the use of chloroform. Early one morning he proceeded to the cave where the bear slept, accompanied by a party of peasants, and having made sure by the snow just fallen that the animal was within, the peasants ran up and fastened the entrance with iron bars, which prevented the bear from coming out. Over the bars they stretched blankets to prevent the ingress of the air, and now all being ready, the operation of putting Monsieur Le Bear under the influence of chloroform commenced.

The Doctor took a large syringe, and having filled it with the somnolent liquid, discharged it, through an aperture in the blanket into the interior of the cave. This being several times repeated, the bear soon fell into a deed sleep, when the Doctor marched in and secured his paize in triumph. In the evening, the village was illuminated in rejoicing, while the praises of science and Dr. Pegot fell from every lip. This is the first instance of the capture of a wild animal by chloroform.

MEXICO AND CALIFORNIA.

Much excitement was occasioned at San Francisco previous to the departure of the Mail Propeller "Daniel Webster," in consequence of the receipt of information from San Diego of a cotinuance of Indian disturbance. Volunteers were hastily enrolled, and some portion of them even embarked. The receipt, subsequently, of better intelligence, as follows, altered the position of affairs:—

"On Tuesday, December 9th, the Fitzgerald Volunteers returned from an expedition against the Agua Caliente Indians, bringing three prisoners, two Indians and one American, named Bill Marshall. On the 10th, a court was convened, and a jury appointed from the Fitzgerald Volunteers, to try the prisoners. Marshall was accused of having instigated the Indians to murder four Americans, and the Indians of being parties to the murder. At the time of the steamer's departure the trial was not finished, but the general opinion was that the men would be condemned to death. The public feeling was very strong against the prisoners and they would propably have been hung by the people had not the court been organized. A gallows was erected early in the morning, on the Plaza, for the purpose of executing them."

ARRIVAL OF THE "ARCTIC."

The *Arctic* arrived at quarantine this morning. She brings 34 passengers.

ENGLAND.

Lord Grenville will continue the mission of his predecessor, and at the same time will avoid all acts, calculated to wound the susceptibility of other Governments. Lord G. and all the Ministry will persist in that liberal and progressive course which reconciles to England the sympathy of all civilized nations, and constitutes the civil basis of that moral authority, and by the collateral influence which she exercises on the Continent.

The *Niagara* reached Liverpool on the 7th instant.

A correspondent of the London *Morning Chronicle* writes under date, Vienna, Dec. 31, "It was reported that tears were shed in Hungary when Lord Palmerston's retirement became known. Letters from Belgrade mention disputes arising between Mr. Pogbaque, the British Consul, and the representatives of other powers. The new Russian Consul fancies himself neglected, the English Consul having sent Kossuth instead of paying him the usual visit.

It is said that the Sovereigns of Europe, though well pleased at the success of Louis Napoleon, have notified him that they are ready to enforce the treaty of Vienna, which excludes the ultimate descendant of the Emperor Napoleon from proceeding to the throne of France. This would be, tantamount to a declaration of war, if the President attempted to usurp the Imperial Crown.

As the President was coming out of the Elysee, he was shot at by a soldier, belonging to the Grenadier Company of a regiment of Lancers. The man was arrested, tried and shot in a corner of the Elysee.

The political status of liberty, which had been placed in front of the Chamber of Deputies in 1848, has been taken down by order of the Government.

FRANCE.

The *Moniteur* publishes a decree ordering that all coins in gold, silver or copper, shall hereafter bear on the face the effigy of Louis Napoleon.

Several changes had been made amongst the Admirals in command of the different stations of the French Navy.

Ball and fete, in honor of the President, continue to take place.

Paris Bourse dull.

It is said that an early number of the *Moniteur* will contain the new Constitution and the first article will be, "The President shall take the title of Emperor."

The French papers contradict the statement that the President had received an autograph letter from the Czar of Russia, congratulating him on the success of his coup d'etat.

Some minor representatives had been set at liberty, but there still remain in prison those who were prominent in the Assembly as the personal and inveterate enemies of Napoleon.

General Castellan has closed all the fraternal association at Lyons.

A grand ball was given on Saturday night by the Prefect of the Seine, and the new Ministry and Council in celebration to the re-election of Napoleon.

The promulgation of the Constitution originally proposed for Monday, the 5th, will not take place till Thursday, the 8th. Louis Napoleon has invited a large party to dine at the Tuileries on Monday and Tuesday. The delegates from departments, who arrived at Paris on the occasion of the *Te Deum* and the receptions of the 1st January have received invitations for the occasion. The president had dined at the Hotel de Ville with 200 guests. There was to be a representation extraordinary at the Opera, on Tuesday, to which the president had invited the delegates of the departments, in reply to the representation of M. de Persigny.

The King of the Belgians has expressed his willingness to expel from Belgium such of the French refugees as have been condemned by a legal tribunal, but no others. The prisoners of Ham has been offered their liberty on condition that they exile themselves from France, for a year, and shall not reside for that time in Belgium. A Russian paper of the 30th ult. states that the Emperor of Russia will probably spend part of the Winter in Vienna. The French Patrol and Pontifical *Gens d'armes*, which traverses the City of Rome, at night, had been considerably reinforced, and several domiciliary searches had been made, but without important results. We have received Paris journals of 5th Jan. General Baraguayd Hilliers is about to proceed on a special mission to Petersburgh, and General Delfanfoal, on a similar mission to Madrid and Lisbon. The election of the representatives it is believed will not take place on the 11th instant. It is believed that the Legislative Corps, will not be convoked until May, and in the interim, the organic laws will be proposed. The President being invested with nearly 8,000,000 votes, considers himself almost invested with the Legislative power, he therefore reserves to himself the framing of the organic laws intended to develope fundamental basis of the constitution.

AUSTRIA.

The Constitution of the 6th March is abolished and the privileges then announced are abrogated. The foundation of the future organization of the State is defined. The Constitution is to be altered in a Conservative sense, and in due consideration for all preponderating interests. A civil and penal code will be gradually introduced into the Crown Lands. The district functionaries and government will appoint Conservation, selected from the landed proprietors and the commercial classes.

ITALY.

Count Galline, Sardinian Minister at Paris, had demanded his recall, it is said that his successor will be a veteran of Italian liberalism.

THIS MORNING'S MAIL!!

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

HALIFAX, Jan. 24.

The *America*, from Liverpool January 10th, arrived half an hour since, having experienced a succession of severe gales.—She brings eighteen passengers for Boston.

ENGLAND.

It is said that the Premier will be compelled to give way. The accounts from the Cape of Good Hope, are of a very unsatisfactory nature. An engagement had taken place between the natives and the English troops, in which the lattar were defeated, with a loss of several officers and several hundred men. Extensive preparations were making on the part of the troops to retrieve their disaster, but they had not resulted in any satisfactory manner, but on the contrary, in some slight skirmishes, in which the natives were again victorious.

A report had arisen that a misunderstanding had occurred between the English Ambassador, Lord Normandy, and L. Napoleon, which had resulted in the former declaring his intention to take a formal leave of the French Government. This report caused a decline at the Bourse, but afterwards soon rallied, and at the close the market was firm.

In Hungary things wear a quiet aspect and several political arrests have been made.

A Cabinet Council was held on the 8th, after which Lord John Russel proceeded to Windsor to confer with the Queen.—It was admitted on all hands that the Whig Government could not hold together much longer, and many believe that it will fall before the period for opening Parliament arrives. The Duke of Newcastle and Sir J. Graham, the great free trader, have arrived in town, and the former has paid a visit to Her Majesty.

The Customs reform Committee from Liverpool had an audience with Lord J. Russell, who promised that the subject of their complaint would receive immediate attention of the Government. At the same time a deputation of Spanish Bond Holders opposed to coercion had an interview with the Foreign Secretary.

Baron Kerney, one of the Hungarian Committee died in London of a broken heart, caused by remarks from a correspondent in the *Times*.

The *Times*, of the 9th, says the attempt to strengthen the Ministry, by an alliance with the Peelites, has signally failed, and that the Prime minister would meet Parliament without seeking any farther addition to his strength, provided he was not compelled to retire in the meantime.

Another severe reverse has been sustained by the English troops at the Langos, on the Coast of Africa, in an attempt to chastise the native King for Slave stealing. The force consisting of 260 officers and men were repulsed with much loss.

A dissolution of the English Cabinet appears inevitable.

FRANCE.

The President gave a grand banquet at the Tuileries on the 5th, to 400 delegates of the Department.

The stock of the Paris and Lyons Railway was much sought after since the disposition of it to a public company by the Minister of Public Works.

By a decree of the Minister of the Interior, the Republican mottoes had been erased from the public edifices and the ancient historical ones restored.

Later advices say, that a further delay of ten days will take place, before the promulgation of the new Constution. This delay was variously accounted for; one opinion being, that the President contended for liberalising, and another for re-constructing the guarantees of the Constitution,—Considerable progress had been made in the constitution of the Senate. The President had determined to resist family influence and political intrigue, by filling up the blanks that remain, with names commanding public confidence and respect.

Report has it that the absence of the English Minister from France would be only temporary, and would only extend to a few days.

Several Government prisoners have been liberated from St. Palagie, and it is stated 900 of the prisoners recently arrested on political grounds, were removed on Saturday morning from the forts of Becetre and Suery to be conveyed to Havre, thence they were to proceed to Brest with a view to their transportation to Cayenne.

France continues quiet.

The new Constitution has been deferred for ten days.

The President still continues to meet with decided approbation from nearly all classes.

ITALY.

The Neapolitian State trials were proceeding. On the the seventh day, the public was kept out of earshot of the prisoners, and no notes were allowed to be taken. Recent events in France, would hasten the fate of the accussed, who it was thought would be sent to the galleys for life.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.

A deputation of Irishmen, 250 strong from Baltimore, arrived to-day to memorialize President Fillmore, to apply for the release of Smith O'Brien and his exiled associates. Dr. Chaslay presented a memorial from Baltimore with 15,000 signatures. Dr. C. also delivered a speech pleading the same cause, in which he referred to the release of Kossuth as a case in point. The President and the Government could not interfere. The case of Kossuth was not similar to this application. He was subject of Austria, and our government applied to Turkey, where he was held a prisoner. The President, however, promised to do all he could personally to meet the prayers of the petitioners. The President briefly replied that while he could not deviate from our national policy, he could say that his feelings were as warm for O'Brien and his associates in captivity as those of the gentlemen themselves.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 22.

Kossuth and suite arrived to-night, Kossuth was quite ill last evening and this morning. Arrangements had been made for a great reception, but uncertainty as to the time of his arrival prevented any display. He will stay here a week. There is much enthusiasm here, and the Kossuth festival on Tuesday will probably bring much of the material aid promised.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

It is announced that the Austrian Government have granted an amnesty, which includes many Hungarians who have always been in discord with Kossuth. Among these are Count Batthyany, who has resided some time in Paris, where he was treated with much consideration.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.

BUFFALO, 18th January.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock, yesterday, a fire was discovered in the recess of David Dicks, in the basement of a brick block, corner of Main and Eagle streets. The night was bitter cold, and before the fire department could get at work, the flames had gained so much headway, as for a time to defy their best efforts.

The block, together with the wooden building adjoining, was entirely consumed. The brick building on the corner store belonged to the estate of John Patterson; the corner store was occupied by G. P. Vangit & Co., druggists; the next store was occupied by Mrs. Young, as a millinery shop. We record with pain the death of Mr. Bean, who was in firm, and in saving the life of his child, was suffocated in the smoke. When taken out he had ceased to breathe. Mr. B. had just lost a child, whose corpse was in the house at the time of the fire. The fire communicated to the wooden stores adjoining, occupied by E. A. Palmer, as a grocery. We are pained to announce in connection with this fire, the death of A. M. C. Smith, one of our most respectable and useful citizens. He was almost instantly killed by a falling wall. He had been for several years agent for the Hartford Insurance Company, and has been usually among the first at fires, to look after property &c. He leaves a large family to mourn his untimely end. Loss estimated at between $12,000 and $14,000.

A CONSERVATIVE AS IS A CONSERVATINE.—Mr. Thompson, a member of the Legislature of Tennessee, declared himself opposed to all railroads. As regards them as injurious to the country and to the morals of towns, and was in favor of a law directing the Attorney General to prosecute the traveling orators who go about the country to advocate them.

GODERICH MARKETS.

GODERICH Jan. 29, 1852.

FLOUR—Superfine per 200 lbs	£0 15	0
Fine per barrel,	0 00	0
WHEAT—Fall per bus	0 2	3
Spring ...do	0 0	0
BARLEY—Per Bushel of 48 lbs	0 2	0
PEAS—Peas per bushel of 60 lbs	0 1	6
OATS—Per bushel 34 lbs	0 9	0
INDIAN CORN—Per Bush 56 lbs	0 2	6
RYE—Per Bush of 56 lbs	0 2	3
PORK—Per cwt	0 0	0
HAMS—Per lb dried	0 0	5
Hams salted	0 0	4
SHOULDERS—Dried per lb	0 0	4½
Green per lb	0 0	4
BUTTER—Butter per lb	0 0	9
LARD—Lard per lb	0 0	5
POTATOES—Potatoes —new	0 2	6
WOOL—Wool per lb	0 1	1

Married,

At Goderich, on the 28th instant, by the Rev. A. Mackid, Mr. Henry Taskey to Miss Caroline Taskey, both of the Township of Kincardine.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the *Huron Signal* Office, either by Note of hand or by Book account, at this date, will oblige the Subscriber by acknowledging their liabilities, and obtaining a settlement of the same with Mr. Horace Horton of Goderich, at their earliest convenience.

THOMAS MCQUEEN.

Goderich, Jan, 28, 1852. v5n1

FOUND on the Huron Road at my place, A basket Containing Clothing, the owner can have it by proving the property and paying Charges, Lot 28 Huron Road Concession Tuckersmith.

ALEXANDER HYSLOP.

January, 27th, 1852. v5-n1

NOTICE.

THERE is an excellent opening for a TINSMITH in the Town of Stratford, County of Perth, one who understands the business would find as good an opening in Stratford for country business as any where in Canada West.

Stratford, 22nd Jan. 1852. v5n1

HURON BUILDING SOCIETY

THE next Meeting of the Shareholders of this Society will be held at the BRITISH EXCHANGE HOTEL, Saturday evening, the 31st Instant, for the receipt of subscriptions and sale of three or more Shares.

WM. BENNETT RICH, T. & S'y. H. B. S'y.

Goderich, Jan. 31st 1852. 5v-n1

A TEACAER WANTED

FOR No. 1 School, Colborne, holding a Certificate from the Public Board of Instruction, apply to Trustees of said school on or before the 10th February.

Colborne, 22nd Jan. 1852.

GODERICH, 22nd January, 1852.

NOTICE.

PARTIES whose Accounts of 1850, remain unpaid are hereby notified, that unless those Balances be immediately settled, the undersigned will, without any distinction place them, in the hands of their Solicitors for Collection.

Grain of all sorts, of a marketable quality will be taken in payment.

50-4i M. B. SEYMOUR & Co.

GODERICH, 22nd Jan. 1852.

THE Subscribers' Stone Warehouse, situated on the Harbour Quay, having been completed, the Public are respectfully informed, that the same is now open for the Storing of Produce, Merchandize, &c. &c. on the most reasonable terms

50-6i M. B. SEYMOUR & Co.

NOTE LOST.

THE Subscriber lost in the Town of Woodstock or neighborhood, in December last, a small pocket book containing some money, and a Note dated 12 November 1851 by Mr. Francis Fishleigh for £5 3 7½, to the Subscriber.—Whoever has found the same, will please communicate with Mr. Peter Reid, Stratford.—Payment of the Note has been stopped.

JOHN McDONALD.

Stratford 26 Jan. 1852.

HURON DISTRICT. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Society, will be held at the Colborne Inn, on Tuesday the 10th day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Office Bearers' &c. &c. for the ensuing year.

By Order,

R. G. CUNINGHAME, Sec'y.

Goderich, 20th Jan. 1852.

N.B.—The Directors are requested to meet at 11 o'clock of the forenoon, on the day and place abovementioned.

R. G. C., Secy.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

THE Subscriber will pay CASH for good clean merchantable WHEAT delivered at Mr. Crabb's Storehouse. He would also intimate that he has on hand and for sale, at the Huron Hotel, a complete assortment of Ready made Clothing, consisting of Coats, Vests, Pants, &c., together with a lot of cheap Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, all of which will be sold remarkably cheap. As his stay in Goderich will be very limited, great bargains will be given.

JNO' GORDON.

Goderich Jan. 21st, 1852. v4n50

ROWLAND WILLIAMS,

AUCTIONEER, is prepared to attend Sales in any part of the United Counties, on the most liberal terms. Apply at the First Division Court office, or at his house, East Street, Goderich.

N. B.—Goods and other property will be received to sell either by private or public sale.

January 6, 1852. v4n47.

WANTED.

A TEACHER for the Male School, Section No 1. Town of Goderich. None need apply but those holding a First Class Certificate. Salary £90. Application to be made to James Campbell, Chairman, or George Bisset, Secretary of the Board of Trustees. All applications must be post-paid.

Goderich, Dec. 31, 1851.

WANTED,

FOR No. 3 SCHOOL, Goderich Township, a Teacher holding a First Class Certificate, to whom a liberal Salary will be given.

Apply to the Trustees.

Dec. 6th, 1851. 43 4

SHEEP.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber about the first of November, three Sheep. The owner is hereby requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JOHN BROADFOOT.

Tuckersmith, Mill Road, Dec. 23rd '51.

WANTED.

TWO good BOOT and SHOE Makers, who will find constant employment and good wages, by applying at the Shop of the subscriber, West-street, Goderich.

BUSTARD GREEN.

Sept. 9th. 1851.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Stratford P. O. to Jan. 6th 1852.

Arroll Thos.	Murray Danl.
Bellingham Jas. 2	Martin Donald
Brown Miles	Malony Michl.
Ballantyne Jane	Murray Jno.
Bannon Patk 2	M. McDonald Widow
Ballantyne Robt. Sen	McKay David 2
Brogden Matthew	McTavish Alex.
Burk Michl.	McLelland Josh.
Barnard Robt.	McNaughton Wm.
Curchin Jno. 2	McKellan Duncan
Campbell Stewart	Patrick Mr.
Conner Jno.	Phelan Ml.
Clothier Alba	Pomeroy Thos.
Charnock Jno.	Quick Timothy
Coulton Richd.	Quipp Johnathan
Chowan Wm.	Robertson Jas.
Connelly Peter	Rankin Chas.
Cottrell Wm.	Rene Jno.
Campbell Archiba'd	Robertson Wm
Carey James	Redford James
Frack Theodore	Ryan Jno.
Hynn Thos.	Roughridge Jno.
Grenel Wm.	Smith Peter
Hamilton Hugh	Sebbins Jno.
Heighson Jas.	Sargent Thos
Harrison, Esqr.	Tanner Elizur M.
Kean Jas. L.	Verner Moor
Keays Robt. S.R.H.	Wicker August
Moore Mrs. E	Wilkinson or Foster
Mattherall Henry	Ann

A. F. MICKLE, P. M.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, on or about the First of December last, Lot 62, North line Kincardine, a Red Cow with a white face, and over the fore shoulder a white spot with a bell on, also a Red Steer with a white face and hollow back; also a Black Steer, with line back, and white spot on his hind quarter; also a Black and white Steer with A. S. on his horns, rising six years old.

NATHANIAL BRADLY.

Kincardine, Jan. 12th 1852. v4n49

SAW MILL & PARK LOT FOR SALE.

THE above Mill and Lot are situate on the North side of Kincardine Street, in the fast improving Village of Penetangore. For particulars apply to

WM. RASTALL.

Penetangore, 24th Nov. 1851. 41tf

STRACHAN AND BROTHER.

Barrister and Attornies at Law, &c.,

GODERICH C. W.

JOHN STRACHAN Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer.

ALEXANDER WOOD STRACHAN, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer.

Goderich, 17th November, 1851.

STRAYED from the subscriber on or about the 5th day of May last, a Large Yoke of Steers—one a Dark Red, with long wide horns, and a small lump on the right fore leg; the other White, with light red spots through the body, each four years old. Also, three Heifers, one dark red with white stripes through the body, three years old—one White with red spots on her body, one year old—the other Brindled, with a white face, one year old. Any person giving such information as will lead to their recovery, will receive a Reward of $3.

DUNCAN McKENZIE.

Township of Stanley, 4th con. lot 24, 10th Nov. 1851.

NOTICE TO PARTIES IN ARREARS FOR TAXES.

LESSEES OF LANDS under the Canada Company in the United Counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce. The Collectors of the various Townships of the same are hereby informed, that the Canada Company will discharge all arrears of taxes, which the said Lands may have been liable to at the date of each Lease respectively.

Goderich, November 28th, 1851 v4n41

NOTICE.

TWO Hundred Barrels of Lake Huron Herringe, for sale. Also,

25 Chests Superior Y H Tea. Boxes Superior Cavendish Tobacco—and Loaf Sugar by the case.

HORACE HORTON.

December 4, 1851. v4n52

WANTED.

A SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 1, Wawanosh, he must produce a Second Class Certificate.

Trustees, { ROBERT TAYLOR. WILLIAM MALLOUGH, KENEDY McKEAG.

Wawanosh, Dec. 2, 1851. v4n42

A DISTILLERY TO SELL OR LET.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Public that he will sell or let his Distillery, situated on Con. 1st, Lot 43, of the Township of North Easthope, about one mile from the flourishing Town of Stratford. For particulars apply at the Post Office or the owner on the premises.

ALEXANDER SCRIMAGER.

North Easthope, Nov. 18th, 1851. v4n41

LOST in the beginning of July, a French Pony about 11 years old, grey face and shoulders, the rest of the body more white than grey, on the right shoulder a long cut and on the left bain another cut, it was left to pasture at the Sable river, any information relative to its being stolen or strayed from there will be thankfully received by PROSPER TESSIER.

P. S.—If any one should find and bring the said animal either to Bayfield or the Sable River, will receive three dollars or more if requisite for his trouble.

French Settlement near Bayfield, November 27th, 1851. v4 n41

THOROUGH BRED BULL FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to dispose of his Thorough Bred, Durham Bull, and will do so on reasonable terms. The animal is an excellent specimen of his kind—strong and well formed. He is two years old, and has taken the first premium each year, at the Exhibition of the District Agricultural Society. He is faultless, and the owner desires to part with him merely with the view of changing the breed. A good Devonshire or Ayrshire Bull will be taken in exchange.

JOHN SALKELD, Bayfield Road, Goderich.

Dec. 24, 1851. v4n46.

FARM AND SAW MILL FOR SALE.

THAT excellent Lot of Land, Lot No. 7, 4th Concession, Eastern Division, Township of Ashfield, will be sold cheap for Cash. This lot is situated in one of the most prosperous settlements in the Huron Tract, and has the best water privilege in the locality. A Saw Mill of the best description is in full operation on the lot, and the water power is sufficient to propel any amount of machinery throughout the whole year. The Lot contains over 100 acres of the best quality of land, about five or six acres of which are cleared, and has a good substantial dwelling-house on it.

For further particulars apply to the Editor of the Huron Signal, or to the proprietor, John McCarron, on the premises.

Ashfield, Dec. 24, 1851. v4n46

NOTICE.

THE Business heretofore carried on in Stanley, under the title of Hunt and Briggs of the New Bayfield Tannery has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

D. H. Ritchie, Witness. { JACOB HUNT. EDWARD BRIGGS.

From and after this date, the above business will be carried on under the title of Hunt and Luton.

Stanley, 8th Dec., 1851. v4 n43 3t

GODERICH AUCTION ROOMS.

THE subscriber having rented the Rooms next Mr Horton's Saddlery, Market Square, begs to intimate that they are ready for the reception of Household Furniture, Goods, Produce, and property of every description, which parties may wish to offer by Auction or Private Sale.

DAVID H. LIZARS

Goderich, Jan. 1852.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber, about the 11th December, a Pale Red Steer one or two years old—large horns. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JAMES MURRAY,

Lot No. 5, 1st con, Hay, London Road.

JOHN RALPH,

TIN AND COPPERSMITH,

Next door to the Victoria Hotel, West Street, Goderich, has constantly on hand a choice stock of TINWARE, COOKING & BOX STOVES &c., which he will sell at considerably reduced prices for Cash or Merchantable Produce.

Goderich, Dec, 23, 1851. v4n46

the place where once stood the ... was once a beaver, 'that look of your beautiful eye thanked me for both'

marriage was made to her by a respectable ...